NOMENCLATURE OF DISEASES

DRAWN UP BY A

JOINT COMMITTEE

APPOINTED BY THE

ROYAL COLLEGE OF PHYSICIANS

OF

LONDON.

(SUBJECT TO DECENNIAL REVISION.)

FOURTH EDITION,

BEING THE

THIRD REVISION.

LONDON:

PRINTED FOR HIS MAJESTY'S STATIONERY OFFICE, By DARLING & SON, Ltd., 34-40, Bacon Street, E.

And to be purchased, either directly or through any Bookseller, from WYMAN AND SONS, LTD., FETTER LANE, E.C., or OLIVER & BOYD, EDINBURGH; or E. PONSONBY, 116, GRAFTON STREET, DUBLIN.

1906.

Price One Shilling.

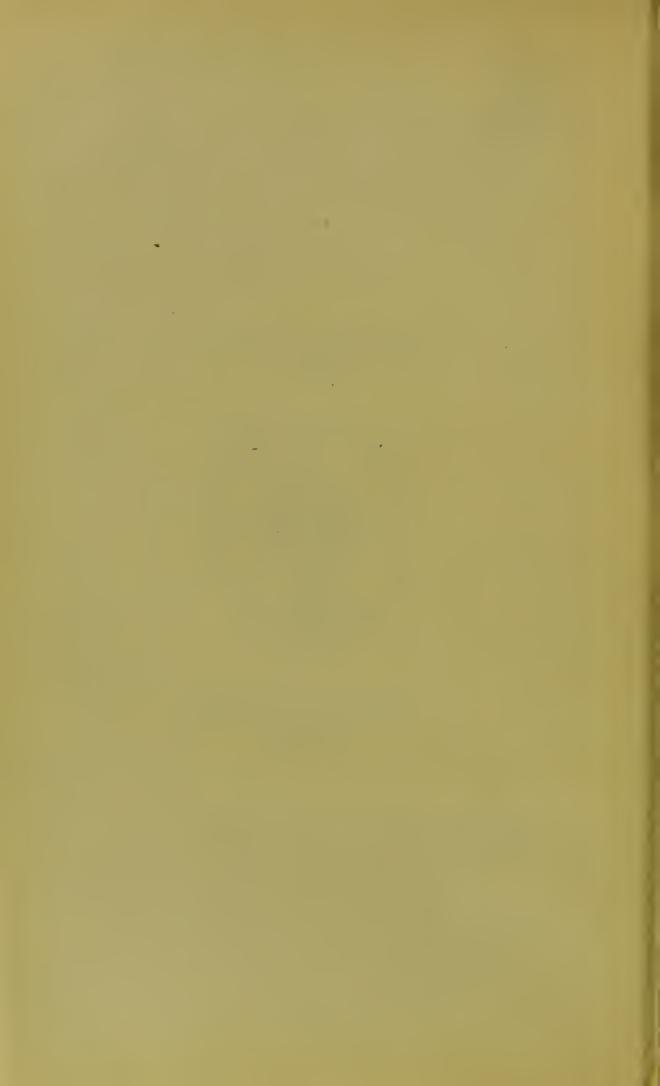
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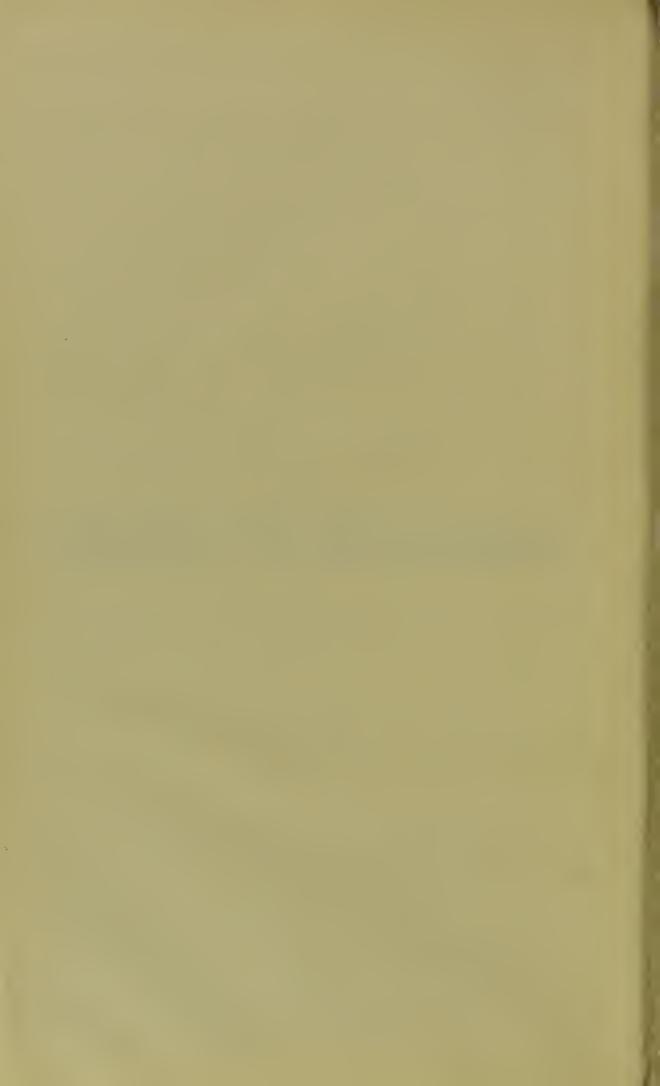
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PREFACE TO THE FOURTH EDITION.

The preparation of the first edition of this work was begun in 1859, Dr. Mayo being then President of the College, and was completed in 1869. Sir Thomas Watson was Chairman of the Committee, Dr. Sibson was Secretary and Editor.

The second edition was begun in 1880, during the presidency of Sir Risdon Bennett; Dr. Barclay was Chairman of the Sub-Committee on Classification; Dr. Ord was Secretary and Editor.

The third edition was begun in 1892, during the presidency of Sir Andrew Clark, and was published in 1896; Dr. Bristowe was Chairman of the Sub-Committee on Classification; Dr. Payne was Secretary and Editor.

Full lists of the names of those who took part in the work will be found in the Prefaces to these, the previous, editions.

The present edition is the fourth edition of the book, and constitutes the third revision of it. It was begun in 1902, during the presidency of Sir William Church. At a meeting of the Royal College of Physicians held on July 31st, 1902, it was resolved to commence the Decennial Revision of the Nomenclature to be issued in 1906, and a General Committee was appointed on the nomination of the President (Sir William S. Church) to carry it out.

The names were as follows:—

The President, Sir WILLIAM S. CHURCH,
The Registrar, Dr. E. LIVEING,
37500 Wt 9572 10/06 D&S 32 13332r

The Director-General of the Medical Department of the Navy, Sir Henry F. Norbury, M.D., K.C.B.

The Director-General of the Medical Department of the Army, Surgeon-General Sir William Taylor, M.D., K.C.B.

The President of the Indian Medical Board, Surgeon-General W. Roe Hooper, C.S.I. (now Sir W. Roe Hooper, K.C.S.I.).

The Medical Superintendent of Statistics, General Registry Office, Dr. John F. W. Tatham.

The Medical Officer of the Local Government Board, WILLIAM HENRY POWER, Esq., C.B., F.R.S.

The President of the Royal College of Surgeons of England, Sir Henry G. Howse.

The President of the Royal College of Physicians of Edinburgh, Sir Thomas R. Fraser, F.R.S.

The President of the Royal College of Physicians of Ireland, Sir Christopher Nixon.

The Regius Professor of Physic, University of Cambridge, Dr. T. CLIFFORD ALLBUTT, F.R.S.

The Professor of Pathology, University of Cambridge, Dr. SIMS WOODHEAD.

Dr. PYE SMITH.

Dr. PAYNE.

Dr. F. J. ROBERTS.

Dr. ALLCHIN.

Dr. CHAMPNEYS.

Dr. J. A. ORMEROD.

Dr. G. H. SAVAGE.

Dr. RADCLIFFE CROCKER.

Dr. SIDNEY MARTIN.

Dr. ARCHIBALD GARROD.

Dr. H. D. ROLLESTON.

Dr. F. W. ANDREWES.

Dr. JAMES TAYLOR.

Dr. J. R. Bradford.

Mr. HOWARD MARSH.

Mr. WATSON CHEYNE.

Mr. PEARCE GOULD.

Mr. CHARLES TOMES.

Mr. George P. Field.

Mr. MARCUS GUNN.

Mr. SHATTOCK.

The General Committee met on November 21st, 1902, and appointed Dr. Pye Smith to be Chairman, Dr. Ormerod to be Secretary.

A "Sub-Committee on Classification" was appointed, consisting of the following members:—

Dr. Pye Smith, Chairman.

Dr. Ormerod, Secretary.

Sir HENRY NORBURY.

Sir WILLIAM TAYLOR.

Dr. John F. W. Tatham

Dr. WHITELEGGE.

Dr. PAYNE.

Dr. SIDNEY MARTIN.

Dr. ROLLESTON.

Mr. PEARCE GOULD.

Mr. SHATTOCK.

The following Sub-Committees were appointed to revise the classification of Local Diseases:—

For Diseases of the Nervous System, Dr. CHARLES BEEVOR, Dr. JAMES TAYLOR.

For Mental Diseases, Dr. George H. Savage, Dr. Percy Smith.

For Diseases of the Eye, Mr. MARCUS GUNN, Mr. J. B. LAWFORD.

For Diseases of the Ear, Mr. G. P. FIELD, Mr. A. E. CUMBERBATCH.

For Diseases of the Nose, Mouth, and Throat, Dr. DE HAVILLAND HALL, Sir FELIX SEMON.

For Diseases of the Circulatory System, Professor CLIFFORD ALLBUTT, Dr. CLIFFORD BEALE.

For Diseases of the Respiratory System, Sir DYCE DUCK-WORTH, Dr. FREDERICK ROBERTS.

For Diseases of the Digestive System, Dr. ALLCHIN, Dr. SIDNEY MARTIN.

For Diseases of the Teeth, Mr. CHARLES TOMES, Mr. MUMMERY.

For Diseases of the Lymphatic System, Dr. Perry (now Sir Cooper Perry), Dr. Rolleston.

For Diseases of the Urinary System, Dr. ARCHIBALD GARROD, Dr. ROSE BRADFORD, Mr. HENRY MORRIS.

For Diseases of the Male Organs of Generation, Mr. JACOBSON, Mr. CLUTTON.

For Diseases of the Female Organs of Generation, Dr. GALABIN, Dr. CHAMPNEYS.

For Diseases of the Breast, Mr. WATSON CHEYNE, Mr. BUTLIN.

For Diseases of the Organs of Locomotion, Mr. Pearce Gould, Mr. Edmund Owen, Dr. Frederick Taylor.

For Diseases of the Skin, Dr. RADCLIFFE CROCKER, Dr. PRINGLE.

For Injuries, Mr. HOWARD MARSH, Mr. GOLDING BIRD.

For Surgical Operations, Mr. CHARTERS SYMONDS, Mr. MAKINS.

For Tumours, Dr. Andrewes, Mr. Shattock.

For Malformations, Mr. SHATTOCK, Dr. J. W. BALLANTYNE, Mr. WALSHAM.

For Poisons, Dr. THOMAS STEVENSON (now Sir THOMAS STEVENSON), Dr. VIVIAN POORE.

For Animal Parasites,* Dr. PAYNE.

For Vegetable Parasites, Dr. SIMS WOODHEAD, Mr. ALEX-ANDER FOULERTON, Dr. JAMES RITCHIE.

The Latin translation was undertaken by Mr. Shattock; the French translation by Mr. George Pernet; the German translation by Dr. Bertram Abrahams.

The entire work has been edited by the Secretary, Dr. Ormerod.

The following changes took place in the personnel of the various Committees during the course of the revision.

Sir Henry Norbury resigned in 1904, and his successor in the office of Director-General of the Medical Department of the Navy, Mr. Ellis, took his place.

Sir William Taylor resigned in the same year, and was succeeded by Major T. McCulloch, M.B.

On the decease of Mr. Walsham, Mr. T. W. P. Lawrence undertook his share in the revision of the section on Malformations.

Mr. Butlin and Mr. Watson Cheyne having resigned before the completion of the work, the Sub-Committee on

^{*} Dr. Payne desires to acknowledge the important help received by him in the revision of this section from Sir Patrick Manson and Dr. G. H. F. NUTTALL.

Classification became responsible for the final form of the section on Diseases of the Breast.

Mr. Tweedy took the place of Sir Henry Howse on the General Committee, on succeeding him in the office of President of the Royal College of Surgeons of England.

The Committee have to lament the removal by death, during the progress of the work, of Mr. Walsham and Dr. Vivian Poore.

MEMORANDUM OF THE SUB-COMMITTEE ON CLASSIFICATION.

The principal changes in the plan of the present edition are as follows:—

- (1.) The "Enumeration of Morbid States and Processes" has been placed in the Appendix instead of at the beginning of the book, since it is not intended to be used for the purpose of making returns.
- (2.) The large and heterogeneous section, headed "General Diseases" in the third edition, has been broken up into the following groups:—
 - 1. Infective Diseases, p. 3.
 - 2. Intoxications, p. 9.
 - 3. General Diseases not included in the two preceding groups, p. 11.
 - 4. Certain morbid conditions incident to various parts, p. 13.

This fourth group embraces certain conditions such as new growths, injuries, &c., which do not necessarily affect the whole organism, but which it is desirable, for purposes of registration, to return under a general heading rather than as local affections.

- (3.) The translations of the section "Surgical Operations" have been omitted.
 - (4.) The Latin Index has been omitted.

MEMORANDUM BY MR. SHATTOCK, THE REVISER OF THE LATIN SYNONYMS IN THE FOURTH EDITION.

In the fourth edition a certain number of new terms have been introduced in correspondence with the addition of certain newly-described diseases.

Some of the expressions in the previous edition, devised apparently for the purpose of obviating the use of terms not found in classical authors, have been simplified; no words, however, have been newly formed to effect this simplification. Some terms used in the previous edition, again, though strictly classical in source, have so little correlation with modern usage that others have been substituted for them.

One object kept in view has been to select, as far as possible, Latin equivalents which will be generally and readily understood, should the Latin language be again used as a medium for international communication.

In the case of diseases which have received names after the authors who have first, or more particularly, described them, no attempt has been made to Latinize the authors' names, although when this has already been done the Latinized name has been sometimes retained as a synonym. The purpose of this new departure is to obviate any obscuration of an author's name that might arise from giving it a Latin termination; the name in short has been treated as indeclinable.

EXPLANATIONS.

The following Explanations are offered for the guidance of persons using the Nomenclature for purposes of registration of diseases:—

The name of the disease to be registered should first be sought in the Alphabetical Index at the end of the book.

It will be observed that the names in the Index are printed, for the most part, in Egyptian type, a smaller number being printed in *Italics*. The Egyptian type denotes names which are recognised in this Nomenclature; the *Italic*, names which are not recognised. To the names in *Italics* are added references showing under what recognised name the disease should be returned. The numbers not included in parentheses show the page where the name occurs under which the return should be made. The numbers included in parentheses show other pages on which the name is recorded, for cross-reference, but not for ordinary returns.

In referring from the Index to the body of the book it will be observed that the name of every disease is accompanied by a number, and that some names are printed in Roman type, others in *Italics*. The names printed in Roman type, with the numbers which precede them, are to be returned just as they stand. The names in *Italics* indicate, for the most part, local manifestations of general diseases. It is desirable for the purposes of registration to return such local manifestations under the general heading, and after each of the italicised names follows a number included in parentheses which marks the position of the proper return.

Where it is thought necessary to mention varieties or special forms of disease, they are usually indicated by their being "indented"—i.e., printed below and somewhat to the right of the principal heading. Such lists are given by way of example, and are not to be regarded as exhaustive.

Diseases should only be returned under such general names as "Convulsions," or "Paralysis," when the morbid conditions upon which they depend are unknown, but when the cause has been ascertained, the case should be registered under the head of the primary disease, the secondary affections being also specified.

New Growths are to be returned under Nos. 79 and 80. For the subdivision of New Growths the List of Tumours at page 335 is to be consulted,

^{*} For example, in the list of diseases of the Stomach, on page 135, Malignant New Growth of that organ is included, but is printed in *Italics*. In making return, it should be placed among other Malignant New Growths, to which the number (80) in parentheses refers it.

and the return should always include the particular New Growth and its anatomical position.

Cysts are to be returned under No. 81. But when they form part of a New Growth or of a Congenital Malformation, or are due to a Parasite, they must be returned under the corresponding head of New Growth, Nos. 79, 80, Malformation, No. 78, or Parasite, No. 82, respectively.

Surgical Operations, Malformations, the list of Cysts and New Growths (Tumours), Poisons, Parasites, and a list of morbid states and processes (used as the basis of arrangement of local diseases), are placed in an Appendix.



CONTENTS.

								F	AGE
INFECTIVE	E DIS	EASES	S	•	• • •	••	•	•••	3.
INTOXICA	TION	S	••	•	• • •	••	•	•••	9.
GENERAL	DISE	EASES	NO'	T II	NCL	UDE:	D II	N T	HE
TWO]						• •		•••	11
CERTAIN	MORI	BID C	OND	ITI(NS	INC	IDE	NT	TO
VARIO	OUS P	ARTS	••	•	• • •	n (•	• • •	13.
DISEASES O	F THE	E NERV	ous	SYST	rem	•••	•••	•••	15.
SUB-SECTION SUB-SECTION							 S OF	 Un-	15-
DETERMI				• • •	• • •		•••	•••	27
SUB-SECTION	N 3—Мн	ENTAL DI	SEASES		•••	•••	• • •		35
DISEASES C	F THE	E EYE						•••	41
Diseases o	an mura (YONITTINIOM	T 77 A						41
	(CORNEA		•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	45
"	" s	SCLEROTIO			•••	•••	•••	• • •	47
"	′′ т	RIS		• • •	•••	• • •	•••	•••	49
,,	"	CHOROID	• • •			 	•••	• • •	53
"	"	OPTIC NE				/		•••	57
"	- 11	LENS AND				•••		•••	61
"	• • •	VITREOUS				•••	•••	•••	63
A FFECTION	**					•••	• • •	•••	65
DISORDERS						• • •		•••	65
41		MOTOR N					 Л. Мп	SCLES	69
AFFECTION	* *							DOMES	71
DISEASES O						•••			73
,,		ORBIT AN							77
DISEASES (•••	•••	81
				•				•••	01
DISEASES O				•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	81
"	_ ′′	Middle 1		•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	83
"	,,]	INTERNAL	EAR	•••	• • •	•••		•••	85

									\mathbf{P}	AGE
DISEAS	ES OF	'TH	E NOSE		• •		••	• • •		87
Dran	ACIPO OM	mirro	ACCESSORY	STATE	TP CI					89
			NASO-PHA		ES	•••	***	* * *	• • •	91
DISE	ASES OF	11115	NASO-PHA	N I N A	•••	•••	• • •	•••	•••	91
DISEAS	SES OF	TH	E CIRC	ULAT	ORY	SYST	rem		•••	93
Dise	ASES OF	THE	HEART			•••				93
			HE PERICA	***				•••		93
	77	22	Endoc	CARDIUN	M.		•••	••	• • •	93
	"	13	MYOCA	RDIUM				•••	•••	95
Dise	ASES OF	THE	BLOOD-VI	ESSELS	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	99
n	DISEASES	OF T	HE ARTER	RIES				•••	•••	99
	"	,,	VEINS			•••		•••	•••	101
	,,	,,	CAPIL	LARIES	•••		• •••	***	•••	103
DISEAS	SES OF	F TH	IE RESI	PIRAT	ORY	SYS'	TEM	•••	•••	105
Drgn	ASES OF	THE	RESPIRAT	ORY SY	ZSTEM.	NOT S	TRICTL	Y LOCA	AL	105
			-			•••			•••	105
	"	11	TRACHEA				•••	•••	•••	109
	"	"	LUNG	•••	•••			•••	•••	111
	"	77	PLEURA			•••	•••	•••	•••	113
	"	"								
DISEA	SES O	F TE	HE DIGI	ESTIV	E SY	STE	1	•••	•••	117
Disi	EASES OI	F THE	LIPS		•••	•••	•••	• • •		117
	"	22	Mouth	•••	•••	•••		•••	• • •	110
	;;	"	T.							119
	"	"	Jaws	• • •	• • •	•••	* * *	•••	•••	119
		11	JAWS TEETH,	 Alveoi				•••	•••	
	" DISEASE	»,	TEETH, THE DENT	AL PUL	LI, ANI	o Gua	s			119 121 121
	DISEASE	ES OF	TEETH, THE DENT, DENT	AL PUL	AI, ANI	O GUN IENT, A	s			119 121 121 123
	DISEASE	es of	TEETH, THE DENT ,, DENT	AL PUL	LI, ANI DP DCEM	O GUN IENT, A	s ND EN	AMEL		119 121 121 123 123
	DISEASE	ES OF	TEETH, THE DENT , DENT , DENT	AL PUL	II, ANI P D CEM HOSTE I, GUM	O GUN MENT, A UM S, AND	S ND EN	VAMEL OLI		119 121 121 123
	DISEASE ,, ,, ,, ERRORS	of Fo	TEETH, THE DENT , DENT , DENT , PERI ORM, NUM	AL PULLINE AND CAL PER OSTEUM BER, AT	LI, AND DE CEMBIOSTE I, GUM	O GUN HENT, A UM S, AND MENT, A	S ALVE	VAMEL OLI		119 121 121 123 123
	DISEASE ,, ,, ERRORS OF T	OF FOR	TEETH, THE DENT DENT DENT PERI ORM, NUM	CAL PULL AND CAL PER OSTEUM BER, AT SSUES A	LI, AND DE CEMBIOSTE I, GUM	O GUN IENT, A UM S, AND MENT, A LVEOLI.	S ALVE	VAMEL OLI		119 121 121 123 123 123
	DISEASE ,, ,, ERRORS OF T	OF FOR	TEETH, THE DENT , DENT , PERI ORM, NUM ENTAL TIS	CAL PULCAN PER OSTEUM BER, AT SSUES A	II, ANI D CEM HOSTE I, GUM TACHM ND AI	O GUN MENT, A S, AND MENT, A LVEOLIA	S ALVE	VAMEL OLI	 MENT	119 121 121 123 123 123 123
	DISEASE ,, ,, ERRORS OF T	OF FOR THE D	TEETH, THE DENT DENT PERI ORM, NUM ENTAL TIS TONGUE PALATE	CAL PUL CAL PER OSTEUM BER, AT SSUES A 	II, ANI P D CEM RIOSTE I, GUM TACHM ND AI AUCES	O GUN MENT, A S, AND MENT, A LVEOLI	S ALVE	VAMEL OLI	 MENT	119 121 121 123 123 123 123
	DISEASE ,, ,, ERRORS OF TEASES O	OF FOR THE	TEETH, THE DENT DENT PERI ORM, NUM ENTAL TIS TONGUE PALATE SALIVAR	CAL PULCAN PER OSTEUM BER, AT SSUES A AND F	LI, AND LIP	D GUN IENT, A UM S, AND MENT, A LVEOLI	S ALVE	VAMEL OLI	 MENT	119 121 121 123 123 123 125 127 129
	DISEASE " " ERRORS OF TEASES O	OF FOR THE D	TEETH, THE DENT DENT DENT PERI ORM, NUM ENTAL TIS TONGUE PALATE SALIVAB	CAL PULCAN PER OSTEUM BER, AT SSUES A AND F	LI, AND LIP	D GUN IENT, A UM S, AND MENT, A LVEOLI	ALVEO	VAMEL OLI	 MENT	119 121 123 123 123 125 127 129 131
	DISEASE """ ERRORS OF TEASES O """ ""	OF FOR THE D	TEETH, THE DENT DENT PERI ORM, NUM ENTAL TIS TONGUE PALATE SALIVAR PHARYN STOMACI	CAL PULCAN PER OSTEUM BER, AT SSUES A AND FRY GLAM X AND H	CI, AND CEMBERS AND ALL CESOP	D GUN IENT, A UM S, AND MENT, A LVEOLI	S ALVE	VAMEL OLI	 MENT	119 121 123 123 123 125 127 129 131
	DISEASE """ ERRORS OF TEASES O """ "" "" "" ""	OF FOR THE D	TEETH, THE DENT DENT DENT PERI ORM, NUM ENTAL TIS TONGUE PALATE SALIVAB PHARYN STOMACI	CAL PULCAN PER OSTEUM BER, AT SSUES A AND FRY GLAMEN AND H	II, ANI P D CEM HOSTE I, GUM TACHM ND AI AUCES NDS ŒSOP	D GUN IENT, A UM S, AND MENT, A LVEOLI	ALVEO	VAMEL OLI	 MENT	119 121 123 123 123 125 127 129 131 135
	DISEASE """ ERRORS OF TEASES O "" "" "" "" "" "" ""	OF FORHE D	TEETH, THE DENT DENT DENT PERI ORM, NUM PENTAL TIS TONGUE PALATE SALIVAB PHARYN STOMACE INTESTI RECTUM	CAL PULCAN PER OSTEUM BER, AT SSUES A AND FRY GLAND H NES I AND A	ANUS	D GUN IENT, A UM S, AND MENT, A LVEOLI	ALVEO	VAMEL OLI	 MENT	119 121 123 123 123 125 127 129 131 131 135 139
	DISEASE """ ERRORS OF TEASES O """ """ """ """ """ "" "" ""	OF FORHE D	TEETH, THE DENT DENT DENT PERI ORM, NUM ENTAL TIS TONGUE PALATE SALIVAB PHARYN STOMACI INTESTI RECTUM PANCRE	CAL PULCINE AND FAX AND H NES I AND AS	LI, ANI LP LD CEM RIOSTE L, GUM TACHM AND AI AUCES NDS CESOP ANUS	D GUN IENT, A UM AND MENT, A LVEOLI HAGUS	ALVEO	VAMEL OLI	 MENT	119 121 123 123 123 125 127 129 131 135 139 147
	DISEASE """ ERRORS OF TEASES O "" "" "" "" "" "" "" "" ""	OF FORHE D F THE	TEETH, THE DENT DENT DENT PERI ORM, NUM ENTAL TIS TONGUE PALATE SALIVAR PHARYN STOMACI INTESTI RECTUM PANCRE LIVER	CAL PULCINE AND FAX AN	LI, ANI LP LO CEM RIOSTE L, GUM TACHM ND AI AUCES NDS CESOP ANUS	D GUN IENT, A UM S, AND MENT, A HAGUS	ALVE	VAMEL OLI	 MENT	119 121 123 123 123 123 125 127 129 131 131 135 139 147 149
	DISEASE """ ERRORS OF TEASES O "" "" "" "" "" "" "" "" ""	OF FORHE D THE " " " " " " " " " " " "	TEETH, THE DENT DENT DENT PERI ORM, NUM ENTAL TIS TONGUE PALATE SALIVAB PHARYN STOMACI INTESTI RECTUM PANCRE	CAL PULCINE AND FAX AN	LI, ANI LP LO CEM RIOSTE L, GUM TACHM ND AI AUCES NDS CESOP ANUS	D GUN IENT, A UM S, AND MENT, A HAGUS	ALVE	VAMEL OLI	 MENT	119 121 123 123 123 125 127 129 131 131 135 139 147 149 151

								Ŧ	AGE
DISEASES	OF TH	E LYMI	PHAT	IC S	YSTE	M	•••	•••	161
DISEASES	OF THE	SPLEEN		•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	161
		LYMPHAT	IC GLA	ANDS		•••	•••	• • •	163
77 77	"	"		SSELS	•••	•••	•••	•••	165
DISEASES	OF TH	E THYN	IU S			• •	•••	•••	169
DISEASES	OF TH	E THYP	ROID	BOD	Υ .	••		•••	171
DISEASES	OF TH	E ADRE	ENAL	s (st	UPRA-	REN	(ALS)	•••	175
DISEASES	OF TH	E URIN	ARY	SYS	TEM.		•••	•••	177
DISEASES	OF THE	KIDNEY	•••	•••	• • •			• • •	177
.,	,,	URETERS	• • •	• • •			•••	•••	181
	"	BLADDER	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	• • •	183
		ERS	•••	•••		•••	•••	•••	187
DISEASES	OF TH	IE GENJ	ERAT	IVE	SYST	EM	•••	•••	189
DISEASES	OF THE	MALE	ORG.	ANS	of Gi	ENER	ATION		189
Diamyanna	ON THE	URETHRA							189
DISEASES	Of The	PROSTATE		•••	• • •				191
"	17	VESICULA				•••	•••	•••	191
"	"					•••	• • •	•••	193
"	"	PREPUCE				•••		• • •	193
"	"		•••	* * *	•••	•••	•••	• • •	
,,	"	SCROTUM		• • •	• • •	•••	•••	•••	195
"	"	SPERMATI			•••	• • •	•••	• • •	197
22	"	TUNICA V	AGINA	LIS	• • •	•••	• • •	• • •	199
17	"	TESTICLE	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	• • •	199
DISEASES	OF THE	Е ЕМА	LE O	RGAI	NS OF	GE	NERAT:	ION	201
DISEASES	OF THE	OVARY	•••	• • •	•••	•••	•••	• • •	201
,,	,,	FALLOPIA	N Tur	BES	•••	• • •	•••	• • •	203
??	"	UTERINE			AND OF	THE	ADJAC	ENT	
"	,,,				CELLU			•••	205
,,,	21	UTERUS,	INCLUI	DING T	гне Се	RVIX	•••		205
,,	"	VAGINA			•••				211
		VULVA	200	•••	•••				213
Function	nal and	SYMPTOM) P TE	E Fry		
		NERATION	•••	***	•••	•••	•••	•••	215
AERECE	PTONS O	ONNECT	ED W	TTTT	DDFC	NT A NT	O.V.		910
AFFEC	LIONS C	ONNEUT	A CE					•••	219
	"	n Oxerott	E NTO	* *	PART			•••	223
12229	"	ONSEQU	EKI (OM P	ARTU.	MITI	()IN	•••	229
13337									

DISEASES OF THE FEMALE BREAST		Page
	•••	233
DISEASES OF THE NIPPLE AND AREOLA		233
MANNADY Crayo		
77 77 DIAMMARI CLAND	•••	200
DISEASES OF THE MALE BREAST	•••	239
DISEASES OF THE ORGANS OF LOCOMOTION	•••	241
DISEASES OF BONES (EXCLUSIVE OF THE SPINE)		241
" " Joints (" " " ")	•••	245
" " THE SPINE	•••	249
", ", Muscles		251
", ", Fasciæ		253
" " TENDONS	•••	255
" " SHEATHS OF TENDONS	•••	255
" " " Bursæ	•••	255
DEFORMITIES OF THE LIMBS	•••	257
	•	201
DISEASES OF THE CONNECTIVE TISSUE	•••	259
DISEASES OF THE SKIN	•••	261
DISEASES OF THE SEBACEOUS GLANDS		273
", ", SWEAT COILS AND DUCTS	•••	273
,, HAIR AND HAIR FOLLICLES	•••	O===
,, ,, NAILS	•••	275
INTITIDITIO		
INJURIES	• • •	277
GENERAL INJURIES	•••	277
LOCAL INJURIES	•••	279
Section I.—		
Enumeration of Local Injuries independently of	ਾਸ਼ ਨ	
PART AFFECTED	III	279
		2.0
Section II.—		
Injuries to Systems or Tissues	• • •	281
" of Nervous System	•••	281
" " BLOOD-VASCULAR SYSTEM	•••	281
INJURIES OF ARTERIES	***	281
" VEINS	•••	283
INJURIES OF LYMPHATIC SYSTEM	•••	283
" SECRETING GLANDS	•••	283
" " Bones	•••	283
., Joints	•••	285

CONTENTS.

									P	AGE
Injuri	ES OF	Muso	CLES	•••	***	•••	•••	•••	•••	285
"	11		ONS ANI	THE	IR SHE	ATHS	•••	•••	•••	285
17	"	SKIN	AND SU	BCUT.	ANEOUS	Tiss	UE	•••	•••	285
"	"	Muc	ous Men	IBRAN	E AND	SUBM	ucous	TISSUE	•••	287
SECTION	ттт "									
				Dna						287
INJUR			TOMICAL		IONS	• • •	•••	•••	***	287
"	OF	THE	HEAD	··· M	O TYMIT	•••	•••	•••	•••	291
"		"	FACE A	ND M	HTUO	•••	***	•••	•••	291
"		"	EYE EAR	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	293
"		17		(pya	LUSIVE	of	THE	VERTEE	1D A.T.	200
"		17		(EXCI		0 r	Ine	VERIEL	MALI •••	295
			CHEST	•••		•••		•••	•••	295
"		77	BACK		•••	•••		•••		297
**		"	ABDOM			•••		•••	•••	299
"		11	PELVIS				GENER.		•••	301
"		27			REMITIE			•••		305
19		"	LOWER				•••	•••		307
"		"								
APPEND SURGICA		 OPE	 RATI	ONS	•••	•••	۰	••	• • •	313 313
0 200120-										020
OPERATIONS	on T	UMOU	RS	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	313
"	" C	YSTS	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	313
21	FOR A	ABSCES	SS	•••	•••	• • •	•••	•••	•••	313
REMOVAL OF	Fori	eign]	Bodies	•••	•••	• • •	•••	•••	•••	314
OPERATIONS				•••	•••	•••	• • •	• • •	•••	314
,,			RYSM	•••	•••	• • •	•••	•••	•••	314
"			•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	314
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •			RRHAGE		•••	1.1+	•••	• • •	•••	315
"	ON TI		MPHATIC	CS	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	315
11	"		ERVES	• • •	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	315
77	11		CIN AND	Subc	UTANEO	us T	ISSUE	•••	•••	316
	on B			•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	316
"			•••		•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	317
"			es, Tend		FASCIÆ	, AND	Burs	E	•••	317
AMPUTATION				•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	318
OPERATIONS	ON TH			•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	318
,,	"		RAIN ANI				•••	•••	•••	318
"	"		INE AND						•••	318
"	"		ACE					•••	•••	319
12	12	E	YE AND	ITS A	PPENDA	GES		•••		319

										Wh.
	OPERATI	ONS ON T	THE EYELH	DS	•••					Pagi 31
	"	"		APPEN	DAGES	OF T	HE EYE	s	•••	
0.50	"	"		LL	•••	•••	•••	•••		32
OP:	ERATIONS	ON THE	MOUTH	•••	•••	• • •	***	•••	• • •	320
	NTAL OPI			•••	•••	•••	• • •	***	•••	32
OP	ERATIONS	ON THE	Nose and			CAVIT	CIES	•••	•••	32
	??	, ,,	NASO-PHA			• • •	* * *	•••	•••	32
	,,	2.7	EAR AND				IES	•••	• • •	329
	"	22	LARYNX		RACHE	A	•••	•••	•••	323
))	22	THYROID		•••		•••		200	323
	"	22	PHARYNX					•••	•••	323
	22	,,	BREAST		•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	323
	"	22	THORAX	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	• • •	324
	"	"	ABDOMEN				•••	• • •	•••	324
	"	"	RECTUM A		NUS	•••	•••	•••	•••	326
	"	,,,	BLADDER		•••		•••	•••	•••	327
) 7	77	PROSTATE				•••	•••	•••	327
	21		URETHRA				•••	•••	•••	328
	"		MALE GEI				•••	• • •	•••	328
	"		FEMALE G		TIVE	ORGAN	is	•••	•••	329
OBST	CETRIC O	PERATIO	NS		•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	331
			ON OF				••	•		335
1.			OPED CONN				MODIFIC	(ATTON)	SOF	335
II.		Tumour	S RESEMBL	ING ON	E OF	THE N			SED	
TTT		•								337
111.			S OF WHI			IUM (OR END	OTHEL	IUM	000
			ENTIAL CON	ISTITUE	INT	• • •	•••	•••	• • •	339
IV.	SARCOMA	·	• •••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	339
V.	CARCINO	MA AND	MALIGNAN	T END	OTHEL	IOMA	•••	•••	•••	341
VI.	TERATOR	IA	•	•			***			343
WIT	Cysts				, , , ,					343
A TT.	Olsis	•••	• •••	•••	•••	•••	***	•••	•••	949
MA	LFOR	MATI	ONS		••	• • •	• •	•	•••	347
I.	MALFORM	MATIONS	RESULTING	FROM	Inco	MPLET	E DEV	ELOPM	ENT	347
II.			STENCE OF					ULD N	OR-	359
III.			RESULTING F PARTS IN					SS IN	THE	361
TV	Double				•••					365
				•••		• • •	• • •			500
V.		TAL DIS	PLACEMENT	rs and	Unus	UAL P	OSITIONS	OF PA	RTS	367

CONTENTS.

								J	PAGE
POISONS	• • •	• • •		• • •	• • •	•	• •	• • •	369
METALS AND THE	IR SAL	TS	•••	•••	• •••	•••	•••	• • •	369
CAUSTIC ALKALIE	s	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••			371
NON METALS AND	THEIR	Сомрои	NDS	•••		•••	•••	•••	371
ACIDS AND ACID	SALTS	•••	•••	•••	• • •	•••	•••	• • •	371
ORGANIC SUBSTAN	CES	•••	•••	• • •	•••	• • •		•••	373
VEGETABLE POISO	NS	•••	•••	•••	• • •		•••	•••	375
Animal Poisons	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	381
Poisonous Food	***	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	381
Poisonous Gases	AND T	APOURS	•••	•••	•••		***	•••	381
MECHANICAL IRRI	TANTS	•••	•••	•••	•••	• • •	•••	•••	383
IRRITANT DRUGS	•••	•••	•••	• •	•••	•••	•••	•••	383
PARASITES	•••	• • •		•••	* • •	•	• •	•••	384
ANIMAL PAR	ASIT	ES			•••	•••	•••	•••	384
PROTOZOA	•••	•••	0 0 0	•••	•••		•••	•••	384
TREMATODA	•••		•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	385
CESTODA	•••	• • •	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	• • •	386
NEMATODA	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	• • •	•••	•••	387
ACANTHOCEPH	IALA	•••	•••	•••	•••	***	•••	•••	389
HIRUDINEA	•••	•••	•••	•••	• • •		• • •	• • •	389
INSECTA	• • •	•••	•••	• • •	•••	•••	• • •	•••	389
ARACHNIDA	•••	• • •	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	392
VEGETABLE 1	PARA	SITES	• •		• • •	•••	•••	•••	394
Fission-Fung	ı	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	395
YEAST-FUNGI	•••	•••	•••	• • •	•••	•••	• • •	•••	398
Mould-Fungi	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	399
AN ENUMERA	TION	N OF M	ORF	BID	STATI	ES A	ND P	RO	
CESSES U	ISED	AS T	HE	BAS					
MENT OF	LOCA	AL DIS	EAS	ES .	•••	• • •			401

INDEX.



NOMENCLATURE OF DISEASES.

MORBI INFECTIVI.

LATIN EQ. FRENCH. GERMAN. 1. Actinomycosis. I.v., Actinomycose. Aktinomykose. Streptotrichosis. 2. Anthrax. I.v., Febris Charbon. Syn., An-Milzbrand. splenica. thrax malin. a. Cutis. a. C. cutané. b. Pulmonalis. b. C. pulmonaire. c. Intestinalis. c. C. intestinal. 3. Febris haemoglobinurica. 4. Beriberia. Béribéri. Beri-beri. 5. Febris cerebro-Méningite cérébro-Epidemische Genickspinalis. spinale épidémique. starre. Meningitis cerebrospinalis epidemica. 6. Varicella. Varicelle. Windpocken. 7. Cholera. Cholera. Syn., Asia-Choléra. Syn., Choléra I.v.,Cholera Asiatica. asiatique. tische Cholera. 8. Vaccinia. Cow-pox. Kuhpocken. 9. Denguis. Dengue. Dengue. 10. Diphtheria. Diphthérie. Diphtherie. Ruhr. Dy-Syn.,11. Dysenteria. Dysenterie. senterie. 12. Endocarditis in-Endocardite in-Infektiöse Endokarditis. fectiva. fectieuse. Abdominaltyphus. 13. Febris enterica. 1.v., Fièvre typhoïde. Syn., Ileotyphus. Febris typhoides. Infektiöser Durchfall. Entérite infectieuse. 14. Enteritis infectiva. I.v., Diarrhoea epi-Syn., Entérite cholériforme. demica. Erysipelas. 15. Erysipelas. Erysipèle. Maul- und Klaucu-16. Stomatitis epizootica. Stomatite pustuleuse. scuehe. Akute infektiöse Gan-Gangrène aiguë 17. Gangraena acuta ingrän. infectiva. fcctieuse. Röteln. 18. Rubella. Roséole epidémique.

^{*} NOTE.—The letters I.v. are used thoughout the Latin version as an abbreviation for Idem valet, or Idem valent.

INFECTIVE DISEASES.

- 1. Actinomycosis. Synonym, Streptotrichosis.
- 2. Anthrax. Synonyms, Splenic fever, Woolsorters' disease, Malignant pustule.

Varieties: a. Cutaneous.

- b. Pulmonary.
- c. Intestinal.
- 3. Blackwater fever.
- 4. Beri-beri. Synonym, Kakké.
- 5. Cerebrospinal fever. Synonym, Epidemic cerebrospinal meningitis.
- 6. Chicken-pox.
- 7. Cholera. Synonym, Asiatic cholera.
- 8. Cow-pox.
- 9. Dengue. Synonym, Break-bone fever.
- 10. Diplitheria.

Note.—The use of the term "membranous croup" as a synonym for "laryngeal diphtheria" should be discontinued.

- 11. Dysentery.
- 12. Endocarditis, infective.
- 13. Enteric fever. Synonym, Typhoid fever.
- 14. Enteritis, infective. Synonym, Epidemic diarrhœa.

 Note.—Return under this head cases of diarrhœa due to food.
- 15. Erysipelas.
- 16. Foot and mouth disease. Synonym, Epizootic stomatitis.
- 17. Gangrene, acute infective.
- 18. German measles. Synonym, Epidemic rose-rash.

r r		,
LATIN EQ.	FRENCH.	GERMAN.
19. Equinia. Var., Farciminum.	Morve. Farcin.	Rotz. Wurm.
20. Gonorrhoea.	Gonorrhée. Blennorr-	Tripper.
21. Influenza.	hagie. Chaude-pisse. Grippe. Syn., Influ-	Influenza
22. Kala-Azar.	enza. Kala-Azar.	Kala-Azar.
23. Lepra.	Lèpre.	Lepra. Syn., Aussatz.
a. Nodularis.	a. Tuberculeuse.	a. Tuberösc Form.
b. Anæsthetica.	b. Nerveuse.	b. Anästhetische Form.
24. Mycetoma.	Pied de Madura. Syn., Mycétome.	Madurafuss.
25. Malaria.	Paludisme. Syn., Malaria.	Malaria. Syn., Wechselfieber.
a. Tertiana.	a. Fièvre ticrce.	a. Dreitägiges Fieber.
b. Quartana.	b. — quarte.	b. Viertägiges Fieber,
c. Æstivo-autumnal- is.	c. — remittente.	c. Perniciöse Malaria,
d. Chronica.	d. Paludisme Chronique, Cachexie palustre.	d, Malariakachexie.
26. Morbilli.	Rougeole.	Masern.
27. Febris Melitensis.	Fièvre de Malte.	Malta-fieber.
28. Parotitis.	Oreillons.	Mumps. Syn., Ziegen- peter.
29. Osteomyelitis et Periostitis acuta infectiva.	Osteo-myélite et Périostite aiguës in- fectieuses.	Akute Osteomyelitis und Periostitis.
30. Phagedaena.	Phagédénisme.	Phagedæna.
31. Pestis.	Peste.	Pest.
32. Pneumonia.	Pneumonie. Pneumonie épidémique.	Pneumonie.
33. Pyaemia.	Pyohémie.	Pyämie.
34. Pyrexia ortus incerti.	Pyrexie d'origine in- certaine.	Fieber unbestimmten Ursprungs.
35. Hydrophobia.	Rage.	Wutkrankheit.
36. Febris recidiva.	Typhus récurrent; Typhus a rechutes causé par le spirillum.	Rückfallstyphus.
37. Febris rheumatica.	Rhumatisme aigu, subaigu.	Akuter Gelenkrheumatismus.
38. Scarlatina.	Scarlatine.	Scharlachfieber.

- 19. Glanders.
 - Variety: Farcy.
- 20. Gonorrhea. Synonym, Blennorrhagia.
- 21. Influenza.
- 22. Kala-Azar.
- 23. Leprosy.
 - a. Nodular.
 - b. Anæsthetic.
- 24. Madura disease. Synonym, Mycetoma.
- 25. Malaria. Synonym, Ague.
 - a. Tertian. Synonym, Simple or benign tertian.
 - b. Quartan.
 - c. Æstivo-autumnal. Synonyms, Crescent tertian, pernicious or malignant tertian, tropical tertian, remittent.
 - d. Chronic Malaria. Synonym, Malarial cachexia.
- 26. Measles.
- 27. Malta fever. Synonym, Mediterranean fever.
- 28. Mumps.
- 29. Osteo-myelitis and Periostitis, acute infective.
- 30. Phagedæna.
- 31. Plague. Synonym, Bubonic plague.
- 32. Pneumonia.

Variety: Epidemic Pneumonia.

- 33. Pyæmia.
- 34. Pyrexia of uncertain origin.

Note.—The terms "febricula" and "simple continued fever" should no longer be used.

- 35. Rabies. Synonym, Hydrophobia.
- 36. Relapsing fever. Synonym, Famine fever.
- 37. Rheumatic fever. Synonyms, Acute or sub-acute rheumatism.
- 38. Scarlet fever. Synonym, Scarlatina.

LATIN EQ. FRENCH. GERMAN. 39. Septicaemia. Septicémie. Septikämie. 40. Morbus lethargicus. Maladie du Sommeil. Schlafseuche. 41. Variola. Petite Vérole. Syn.,Blattern. Syn., Pocken. Variole. 42. Syphilis. Syphilis. Syn., Vérole. Syphilis. a. Primaria. a. Chancre induré. a. Primäre. b. Secundaria. b. S. secondaire. b. Sekundäre. c. S. héréditaire. c. Congenitale. c. Hereditaria. Tétanos. Starrkrampf. 43. Tetanus. Tuberkulose. Tuberculose. 44. Tuberculosis. Flecktyphus. Syn., 45. Typhus. Typhus. Exanthematischer Typhus. Verruga péruvienne. Syn., Maladie de Verruga. 46. Verruga. Syn., I Carrion. Keuchhusten. $Syn._{r}$ 47. Pertussis. Coqueluche. Stickhusten. Frambæsia. 48. Morula. I.v., Fram-Pian. bœsia. Gelbfieber. 49. Febris flava. Fièvre jaune.

39. Septicæmia.

Note.—The term "Puerperal fever" has been removed from the Nomenclature. Pyæmia, Septicæmia, or Septic intoxication, occurring in puerperal women should be described as "Puerperal pyæmia," "Puerperal septicæmia," or "Puerperal septic intoxication,"—respectively. Other conditions formerly included under the term "Puerperal fever" should be returned under Affections consequent on Parturition (p. 229), the word "Puerperal" being in all cases prefixed to the word denoting the local process.

- 40. Sleeping sickness. Synonym, Negro Lethargy.
- 41. Small-pox.

Note.—In every case the presence or absence of marks of vaccination, and, when marks are present, their number, size and character should be noted. There should be added any reliable information as to whether the patient was—

- (1) Unvaccinated.
- (2) Vaccinated in infancy only.
- (3) Vaccinated after infancy (state age if known).
- (4) Vaccinated only after infection with small-pox.
- (5) Revaccinated (give dates if known).
- 42. Syphilis.
 - a. Primary. Hard chancre.
 - b. Secondary.

Note.—"Tertiary syphilis" is a term sometimes applied to the later symptoms.

- c. Inherited.
- 43. Tetanus.
- 44. Tuberculosis.

Note.—The terms "Strumous" and "Scrofulous" should be no longer used.

- 45. Typhus.
- 46. Verruga.
- 47. Whooping-cough.
- 48. Yaws. Synonym, Frambæsia.
- 49. Yellow fever.

INTOXICATIONES.

T 72		
LATIN EQ.	FRENCH.	GERMAN.
50. Alcoholismus.	Alcoolisme. Syn., Ethylisme.	Alkoholismus.
Delirium tremens.	Délirium tremens.	Delirium tremens. Syn Säuferwahnsinn.
51. Ex arsenico.	Arsenicisme.	Arsenvergiftung.
52. Cocainismus.	Cocaïnisme,	Kokainismus.
53. Ergotismus.	Ergotisme. Syn., Ergotisme gangréneux.	Ergotismus.
54. Lathyrismus.	Lathyrisme.	Lathyrismus.
55. Ex hydrargyro	Hydrargyrisme.	Mercurialismus.
56. Morphinismus.	Morphinisme.	Morphinismus.
57. Pellagra.	Pellagre.	Pellagra.
58. Ex phosphoro.	Phosphore, empoisonnement chronique par le.	Phosphorvergifting.
59. Plumbismus.	Saturnisme.	Bleivergiftung.
60. Ex tabaco.	Tabac, empoisonne- ment par le.	Nikotinvergiftung.

INTOXICATIONS.

50. Alcoholism.

Variety: Delirium tremens.

- 51. Arsenic, chronic poisoning by.
- 52. Cocainism. Synonym, Cocaine habit.
- 53. Ergotism. Synonym, Epidemic gangrene.
- 54. Lathyrism.
- 55. Mercury, chronic poisoning by.
- 56. Morphinism. Synonym, Morphia habit.
- 57. Pellagra.
- 58. Phosphorus, chronic poisoning by.
- 59. Plumbism.
- 60. Tobacco poisoning.

MORBI GENERALES IN CATEGORIIS PRAECEDENTIBUS NON INCLUSI.

	Τ		
0.1	LATIN EQ.	French.	GERMAN.
ρŢ	Anaemia.	Anémie.	Anämie.
62.	Anaemia chronica splenica.	Anémie chronique splénique.	Anaemia splenica.
63.	Anaemia perniciosa.	Anémie pernicieuse.	Perniciöse Anämie.
64.	Chlorosis.	Chlorose.	Chlorose.
65.	Cretinismus.	Crétinisme.	Kretinismus.
66.	Diabetes. I.v., Diabetes mellitus.	Diabète.	Zuckerharnruhr.
67.	Bronchocele exophthalmica.	Goître exophthal- mique.	Basedow'sche Krank- heit.
68.	Podagra.	Goutte.	Gicht.
69.	Hæmophilia.	Hémophilie.	Hämophilie.
70.	Leucocythaemia. I.v., Leuchaemia.	Leucocythémie.	Leukämie.
71.	Lymphadenoma.	Lymphadénome.	Malignes Lymphom. Syn., Hodgkin'sche Krankheit.
72.	Myxoedema.	Myxœdème.	Myxödem.
73.	Obesitas.	Obésité.	Fettsucht.
74.	Osteoarthritis. I.v., Arthritis nodosa, Arthritis deformans.	Ostéoarthrite.	Chronischer Gelenk- rheumatismus oder Arthritis deformans.
75.	Purpura.	Purpura.	Purpura.
76.	Rhachitis.	Rhachitisme.	Rhachitis
77.	Scorbutus.	Scorbut.	Skorbut.
	Scorbutus infantilis.	Scorbut des Enfants.	

GENERAL DISEASES NOT INCLUDED IN THE TWO PRECEDING GROUPS.

Note.—For list of General Injuries, see p. 277.

- 61. Anæmia.*
- 62. Anæmia, chronic splenic.
- 63. Anæmia, pernicious. Synonym, Idiopathic anæmia of Addison.
- 64. Chlorosis.
- 65. Cretinism.
- 66. Diabetes. Synonym, Diabetes mellitus.
- 67. Exophthalmic Goitre. Synonym, Graves' disease.
- 68. Gout.
- 69. Hæmophilia.
- 70. Leucocythæmia. Synonym, Leuchæmia.
- 71. Lymphadenoma. Synonym, Hodgkin's disease.
- 72. Myxædema.
- 73. Obesity.
- 74. Osteo-arthritis. Synonyms, Arthritis nodosa, Arthritis deformans, Rheumatoid arthritis.
- 75. Purpura.*
- 76. Rickets.
- 77. Scurvy.

Variety: Infantile scurvy.

When the cause of this condition is known, the case should be returned under the head of the primary disease.

CONDITIONES QUÆDAM MORBIDÆ PARTIBUS DIVERSIS INCIDENTES.

LATIN EQ.	FRENCH.	GERMAN.
78. Deformitates in- genitæ.	Difformités congénitales.	Angeborene Missbildungen.
79. Neoplasma non malignum.	Néoplasme bénin.	Gutartige Neubildung.
80. Neoplasma malig- num.	Néoplasme malin.	Bösartige Neubildung.
81. Cystis.	Kyste.	Cyste.
82. Parasitorum effectus.	Maladies causées par les parasites.	Parasitäre Erkrank- ungen.
83. Laesionum effectus.	Effets de traumatismes.	Wirkungen von Verletzungen.
84. Corporum adventi- tiorum effectus.	Effets dus à la présence de corps étrangers.	Wirkungen von Fremdkörpern.
85. Venenorum effectus.	Effets de poisons.	Wirkungen von Giften.

CERTAIN MORBID CONDITIONS INCIDENT TO VARIOUS PARTS.

78. Malformations.

For list of malformations, see p. 347.

For list of New Growths

and Cysts, see p. 335.

- 79. New Growth, Non-malignant.
- 80. New Growth, Malignant.
- 81. Cyst.
- 82. Effects of parasites.

 For lists of parasites, see pp. 384-393.
- 83. Effects of injuries.

 For list of injuries, see p. 277.
- 84. Effects of foreign bodies.
- 85. Effects of poisons.

 For list of poisons, see p. 369.

NERVORUM APPARATUS MORBI.

NERVORUM MORBI.

LATIN EQ.

:86. Inflammatio et Degeneratio.

a. Neuritis.

FRENCH.

Inflammation et Dégénérescence.

a. Névrite.

GERMAN.

Entzündung und Entartung.

a. Neuritis.

b. Polyneuritis.

b. Névrite multiple.

b. Polyneuritis.

Ex alcohole, aut plumbo, aut arsenico.

Ex morbis infectivis.

Due à des poisons chimiques (alcool, plomb, arsenic, &c.).

Associée à une maladie infectieuse ou autre (diphthérie, grippe, paludisme, béribéri, diabète).

Dégénérescence secondaire (dite de Wal.er).

Lèpre.

Tuberculose.

Durch bekannte chemische Intoxikationen (z. B. Alkohol, Blei, Arsen).

Durch allgemeine Erkrankungen (Diphtherie, Influenza, Malaria,
Beri-beri,
Harnruhr).

Sekundäre Entartung.

Lepra.

Tuberkulose.

.87. Degeneratio secundaria

Lepra.

Tuberculosis.

DISEASES OF THE NERVOUS SYSTEM.

Italics indicate that the disease in question should not be registered in this Section. The proper place is shewn by the number which follows.

This section is divided into three sub-sections. The first includes the names of diseases enumerated according to the part of the Nervous System which they affect. The second includes the names of symptoms or of diseases named with reference to their symptoms, together with those of which the anatomical seat is not accurately known. The third includes Mental Diseases.

Cases (other than those of Mental Disease) should be returned according to the first sub-section, when the morbid anatomical condition shall have been verified by actual examination, or may be inferred with certainty from the symptoms. Cases lacking such verification should be returned according to the second subsection.

Cases of Mental Disease should be returned according to the third sub-section, but any associated anatomical lesions should also be specified.

Sub-section 1.

DISEASES OF THE NERVES.

- 86. Inflammation, and Degeneration.
 - a. Neuritis (the pathological cause when known must be specified, and also the nerve or nerves affected).
 - b. Multiple neuritis. Synonyms, Polyneuritis, Peripheral Neuritis.

Special Forms:

From known chemical poisons (alcohol, lead, arsenic, &c.).

Associated with infective and other disease (diphtheria, influenza, malaria, beri-beri, diabetes.)

87. Secondary degeneration from disease of motor central nervous system or from injury (Wallerian).

Leprosy (23).

Tuberculosis (44).

LATIN EQ. FRENCH. GERMAN. Syphilis. Syphilis. Syphilis. Neoplasma non ma-Néoplasme bénin. Gutartige Neubildung. lignum. Neurofibromatosis. Nevrofibromatose. Neurofibromatose. Neoplasma malig-Néoplasme malin. Bösartige Neubildung. num. Laesionum effectus. Effets de Trauma-Folgen von Verletztismes. ungen. MEDULLÆ SPINALIS EJUSQUE MEMBRANARUM MORBI. Membranarum. 88. Inflammatio. Men-Entzündung. Menin-Inflammation. Méniningitis. gite (aiguë ou gitis (akute u. chronique). chronische). a. De la dure-mère. Pachyméningite. a. Duræ matris. Paa. Pachymeningitis. chymeningitis. Pachymening it is Pachyméningite Hypertrophische, hypertrophica. hypertrophique. b. De la pie-mère et de l'arachnoïde. b. Piae matris et memb. Leptomeningitis. branae arachnoidis. Leptoméningite Leptomeningitis. (diffuse. localisée). Tuberkulose. Tuberculosis. Tuberculose. Syphilis. Syphilis. Syphilis. Méningite cérébro-Epidemische Genick-Meningitis cerebrospinale épidémique. spinalis epidemica. starre. Hémorrhagie. Blutung. I.v.,Haematorrhachis.

89. Haemorrhagia.

Neoplasma non malignum.

Neoplasma malignum.

Deformitates ingenitae.

Meningocele.

Néoplasme bénin.

Néoplasme malin.

Malformations.

Méningocèle.

Gutartige Neubildung.

Bösartige Neubildung.

Missbildungen.

Meningocele.

MEDULLÆ SPINALIS MORBI.

90. Inflammatio. Myelitis (acuta aut chronica).

a. Diffusa.

b. Localis.

Inflammation. Myélite (aiguë ou chronique).

a. Diffuse.

b. Localisée.

Entzürdung. Myelitis (akute u. chronische).

a. Diffuse.

b. Umschriebene.

Transversa.

Transversale. A la suite de compression.

Querschuittsmyelitis. Druckmyelitis.

Syphilis (42).

New Growth, Non-malignant (79).

Special Form:

Neurofibromatosis.

New Growth, Malignant (80).

Return according to list of tumours on page 335.

Effects of Injuries (83). Sec list, p. 277.

DISEASES OF THE SPINAL CORD AND MEMBRANES.

MEMBRANES.

- 88. Inflammation. Meningitis (acute or chronic).
 - a. Of dura mater. Pachymeningitis.

Special Form:

Hypertrophic pachymeningitis.

b. Of pia mater and arachnoid. Lepto-meningitis. (State whether diffuse or local.)

Tuberculosis (44).

Syphilis (42).

Epidemic cercbro-spinal meningitis (5).

89. Hæmorrhage. Synonym, Hæmatorrhachis.

New Growth, Non-malignant (79). Return according to list of tumours on page 335.

Malformations (78). Return according to the list at page 347.

SPINAL CORD.

- 90. Inflammation. Myelitis (acute or chronic).
 - a. Diffuse.
 - b. Local.

Special Forms:

Transverse.

From pressure (tumour or disease of bone)

LATIN EQ.
Poliomyelitis
anterior acuta.

c. Disseminata.

91. Mollities.

92. Haemorrhagia. *I.r.*, Haematomyelia.

93. Thrombosis.

94. Degeneratio.

a Cornunm auteriorum. 1, v.,
Atrophia musculorum progressiva.

b. Columnarum lateralium.

Sclerosis lateralis primaria.

Sclerosis lateralis secundaria.

c. Cornuum anteriornm tractuumque pyramidalium. I.v., Sclerosis lateralis amyotrophica.

d. Columnarum posteriorum. I.v., Sclerosis posterior, Tabes dorsalis.

e. Columnarum lateralium et posteriorum. I.v., Paraplegia ataxica.

Ataxia heriditaria.

Sclerosis composita.

f. Sclerosis disseminata.

FRENCH.

Paralysie infantile.

c. Disséminée.

Ramollissement.

Hémorrhagie.

Thrombose.

Dégénérescence.

a. Des cornes antérieures. Atrophie musculaire progressive.

b. Des cordons latéraux.

Sclérose la téral e primitive.

Sclérose latérale secondaire.

c. Des cornes antérieures et des cordons p y r a m i d a u x. Sclérose latérale amyotrophique.

d. Des cordons postérieurs. Tabes, Ataxie locomotrice.

e. Des cordons la éraux et postérieurs. Selérose postérolatérale, Ataxie paraplégique.

Ataxie familiale. Maladie de Friedreich.

Sclérose composée.

f. Sclérose en plaques.

GERMAN.

Poliom yelitis anterior acuta infantum. Syn., Spinale Kinderlähmung.

c. Disseminierte.

Erweichung.

Blutung. Syn., Hämatomyelie.

Thrombose.

Entartung.

a. Der Vorderhörner.

Syn., Progressive

Muskelatrophie.

b. Der Seitenstränge.

Primäre Lateralsklerose. Syn., Primäre spastische Spinallähmung.

Sekundäre Lateralsklerose. Syn.. Sckundäre spastische Spinallähmung.

c. Der Vorderhörner u. Seitenstränge. Syn. Am yotrophische Lateralsklerose.

d. Der Hinterstränge.

Syn., Tabes dorsalis,
R ü c k e n m a r k sschwindsucht.

e. Der Hinter- und Seiten-stränge.

Hereditäre Ataxie (Friedreich).

Kombinierte Sklerose.

f. Multiple oder zerstreute Sklerose.

Acute anterior Poliomyelitis. Synonyms, Acute atrophic spinal paralysis, Infantile paralysis.

- c. Disseminated.
- 91. *Softening.
- 92. Hæmorrhage. Synonym, Hæmatomyelia.
- 93. Thrombosis.
- 94. Degeneration.
 - a. Of anterior cornna. Synonyms, Chronic spinal muscular atrophy, Progressive muscular atrophy.
 - b. Of lateral columns.

Primary lateral sclerosis. Synonym, Primary spastic paraplegia.

Note.—When this occurs in more than one member of a family, the fact should be stated.

- Secondary, or descending lateral sclerosis, unilateral, or bilateral (secondary spastic paraplegia).
- c. Of anterior cornua and of pyramidal tracts. Synonym, Amyotrophic lateral sclerosis.
- d. Of posterior columns. Synonyms, Posterior selerosis, Locemotor ataxia, Tabes dorsalis.
- c. Of lateral and posterior columns. Synonyms, Postero-lateral sclerosis, Ataxic paraplegia.

Family or hereditary ataxia. Synonym, Friedreich's disease.

Combined scierosis.

Note.—If associated with anæmia, pellagra, diabetes, the fact should be stated.

f. Insular selerosis. Synonym, Disseminated selerosis.

When the cause has been ascertained it should be noted.

LATIN EQ.	FRENCH.	GERMAN.	
Atrophia musculorum idiopathica.	Atrophie musculaire idiopathique.	Dystrophia muscu- lorum progressiva. Syn., Primäre oder idiopathische Myo- pathie.	
Paralysis muscu- lorum pseudo- hypertrophica.	Paralysie musculaire psendo-hypertro- phique.	Pseudohypertro- phische Myopathie.	
95. Syringomyelia.	Syringomyélie.	Syringomyelie.	
96. Paralysis acuta ascendens.	Maladic de Landry.	Akute aufsteigende Spinalparalyse.	
Hydrorrhachis. <i>L.v.</i> , Hydromyelia.	Hydromyélie.	Hydrorrhachis.	
Neoplasma non malignum.	Néoplasme bénin.	Gutartige Neubildung.	
Neoplasma malig- num.	Néoplasme malin.	Bösartige Neubildung.	
Laesiones.	Traumatismes.	Verletzungen.	
Compressio.	Compression.	Druck,	
Laceratio.	Lacération.	Rückenmarkszerreissung.	
Sub aquâ laborantium paralysis.	Paralysie des plongeurs et maladie du caisson (air comprimé).	Taucherkraukheit.	
CEREBRI EJ	usque Membranari	JM MORBI.	
	MEMBRANARUM.		
97. Inflammatio. I.v., Meningitis.	Inflammation. Syn., Méningite.	Entzändung. Syn. Meningitis.	
Tuberculosa.	Tuberculeuse.	Tuběrkulöse.	
Syphilitica.	Syphilitique.	Syphilitische.	
Septica.	Séptique.	Septische.	
a. Durae matris. I.v., Pachymeningitis.	a. De la dure-mère. Pachyméningite.	a. Der harten Hirnbaut. Syn., Pachymeningitis.	
Haemorrhagica.	Hémorrhagique.	Blutige. Syn., Dur hæmatom.	
Syphilitica.	Syphilitique.	Syphilitische.	
b. Piae matris et membranac arach- noid is. Lv., Leptomeningitis.	b. De la pie-mère et de l'arachnoïde. Syn., Leptoméningite.	b. Der weichen Hirn- hant und der Arach- noidea. Syn., Lepto- meningitis.	
		13.4	

Purulente.

Tuberculeuse.

Suppurativa.

Tuberculosa.

Eitrige.

Tuberkulöse.

* Idiopathic muscular atrophy (927). Synonyms, Primary myopathy, Muscular dystrophy.

Special Form:

*Pseudo-hypertrophic mascular paralysis (927).

- 95. Syringo-myelia.
- 96. Acute ascending paralysis. Synonym, Landry's disease.

Hydrorrhachis. Synonym, Hydromyelia (78).

New Growth, Non-malignant (79). Return according to list of tumours on page 335.

Injuries (83).

Return according to list at p. 277.

Compression.

Laceration of spinal cord.

Divers' paralysis or Caisson-disease.

DISEASES OF THE BRAIN AND ITS MEMBRANES.

MEMBRANES.

97. Inflammation. Synonym, Meningitis. (State whether diffuse or local, acute or chronic.)

Special Forms:

Tuberculous (44).

Syphilitic (42).

Septic.

a. Of dura mater. Synonym, Pachymeningitis.

Special Forms:

Hæmorrhagic. Synonym, Hæmatoma of dura mater.

Syphilitic (42).

b. Of pia mater and arachnoid. Synonym, Leptomeningitis.

Special Forms:

Suppurative.

Tuberculous (44).

These two forms of disease are inserted here for convenience of reference, though in the present state of knowledge they are regarded as being primarily diseases of muscles.

LATIN EQ. FRENCH. GERMAN. Syphilitica. Syphilitique. Syphilitische. Febris cerebro-Méningite cérébro-Epidemische Genickspinalis. I.v., Meniugitis cerespinale epidémique. starre. brospinalis epidemica. Meningitis basis Méningite postérieure Hintere Basilarposterior. basale. meningitis. 98. Haemorrhagia. Hémorrhagie. Blutung. a. Primaria. a. Primitive. a. Primäre. b. Secundaria. b. Secondaire. b. Sekundäre. Cystis. Kyste. Cyste. ${f Neoplasma}$ non Néoplasme bénin. Gutartige Neubildung malignum. Neoplasma malig-Néoplasme malin. Bösartige Neubildung_ num. Deformitates Malformations. in-Missbildungen. genitæ. Meningocele. Méningocèle. Meningocele. CEREBRI MORBI. 99. Inflammatio. I.v.,Inflammation. Syn., Entzündung. Syn., En-Encephalitis. Encéphalite. cephalitis. Generalis. Généralisée. Allgemeine. Localis. Localisée. Umschriebene. 100. Abscessus. Abcès. Abscess. Mollities. Ramollissement. Erweichung. a. Necrotica. a. Nécrose (à la suite a. Nekrotische (infolge de thrombose ou von Thrombose oder d'embolie). Embolie). b. Ex compressione. b. Par compression. b. Durch Druck.

101. Haemorrhagia. Hémorrhagie. Blutung. S 11 11. Schlaganfall. 102. Hyperaemia. Hyperémie. Syn., Con-Hyperämie. Syn., Kongestion. gestion. Generalis. Généralisée. Allgemeine. Localis. Localisée. Umschrichene. 103. Anaemia. Anémie. Anämie. Generalis. Généralisée. Allgemeine. Localis. Localisée. Umschriebene

Syphilitic (42).

Cerebrospinal fever (5). Synonym, Epidemic cerebrospinal meningitis.

Posterior basal meningitis.

98. Hæmorrhage.

a. Primary.

b. Secondary.

Cyst (81).

New Growth, Non-malignant (79).

New Growth, Malignant (80).

Return according to list of tumours on page 335.

 $\left. \begin{array}{c} Malformations~(78). \\ Meningocele. \end{array} \right\}$ Return according to list on page 347.

BRAIN.

99. Inflammation; Synonyms, Encephalitis, inflammatory softening.

General.

*Local.

100. *Abscess.

. *Softening.

Special Forms:

- a. Necrotic (from vascular occlusion by thrombosis or embolism).
- b. From pressure.

Note.—Where the cause has been ascertained it should be stated.

- 101. †Hæmorrhage. Synonym, Sanguineous apoplexy.
- 102. Hyperamia. Synonym, Congestion.

General.

†Local.

103. Anæmia.

General.

*Local.

The part of the brain affected should be specified according to the following order:—Cortex, Corpus striatum, Corona radiata, Internal capsule, Thalamus, Ventricles. Crus cerebri, Pons, Medulla, Cerebellum.

† When the cause has been ascertained it should be noted.

LATIN EQ.	FRENCH.	GERMAN.
104. Selerosis.	Sclérose.	Sklerose.
Generalis.	Généralisée.	Allgemeine.
Localis.	Localisée.	Umschriebene.
Disseminata.	En plaques.	Multiple, oder zer- streute.
105. Degenerationes.	Dégénéres cences (Paralysie spastique familiale, Sclérose latérale amyotrophique, dégénérescences corticales infantiles, sclérose miliaire).	Entartungen.
106. Atrophia.	Atrophie.	Atrophie.
Generalis.	Généralisée.	Allgemeine.
Localis.	Localisée.	Umschriebene.
107. Paralyses nucleares associatæ. a. Ophthalmoplegia. I.v., Paralysis nuclearis superior, Polioencephalitis superior.	Paralysies associées des noyaux. a. Ophthalmoplégie.	Verbundene Kernläh- mungen. a. Ophthalmoplegie.
1. Externa. 2. Interna. b. Paralysis bulbaris. I.v., Paralysis nuclearis inferior, Polioencephalitis	1. Externe. 2. Interne. b. Paralysie bulbaire. Syn., Paralysie labio-glossale.	1. Äussere. 2. Innere. b. Bulbärparalyse.
inferior. Cystis.	Kyste.	Cyste.
Neoplasma non malignum.	Néoplasme bénin.	Gutartige Neubildung.
Neoplasma malig- num.	Néoplasme malin.	Bösartige Neubildung.
Tuberculosis.	Tuberculose.	Tuberkulose.
Syphilis.	Syphilis.	Syphilis.
108. Hydrocephalus.	Hydrocéphalie.	Wasserkopf.
Ingenitus.	Congénitale.	Angeborener.
Acquisitus.	Acquise.	Erworbener.
Parasiti.	Parasites.	Parasiten.
Arteriarum cere- bralium morbi.	Maladies des artères cérébrales.	Erkrankungen der Hirnarterien.

104. Sclerosis. Synonym, Induration.

General.

- *Local.
- *Disseminated, or Insular.
- 105. Degenerations, e.g., Spastic family paralysis, Amyotrophic lateral sclerosis, Infantile cortical degenerations, Miliary sclerosis.
- 106. Atrophy.

General.

- *Local.
- 107. Associated nuclear paralyses (acute and chronic).
 - a. Ophthalmoplegia. Synonym, Superior nuclear paralysis. Polio-encephalitis superior.
 - (1.) Externa.
 - (2.) Interna.
 - b. Bulbar paralysis. Synonyms, Inferior nuclear paralysis, Labioglossal paralysis, Polioencephalitis inferior.

Cyst (81).

* New Growth, Non-malignant (79). Return according to list of tumours on page 335.

Tuberculosis (44).

Syphilis (42).

108. Hydrocephalus.

Congenital.

Acquired.

Note.—Tuberculous meningitis should not be returned under this heading.

Parasites (82).

Return according to list on p. 384.

Diseases of cerebral arteries.

The part of the brain affected should be specified according to the following order:—Cortex, Corpus striatum, Corona radiata, Internal capsule, Thalamus, Ventricles, Crus cerebri, Pons, Medulla, Cerebellum.

LATIN EQ. FRENCH. GERMAN. Venarum et sinuum Maladies des veines et Erkrankungen der cerebralium des sinus cérébraux. Hirnvenen und morbi. Sinns. Deformitates in-Malformations. En-Missbildungen. genitae. cephalocèle. Hirnbruch Encephalocele.

NERVORUM CRANII MORBI.

Inflammatio. Inflammation. Entzündung. Degeneratio. Dégénerescence. Entartung. Neoplasma non Néoplasme bénin. Gutartige Neubildung. malignum. Neoplasma malig-Néoplasme malin. Bösartige Neubildung. num. Syphilis. Syphilis. Syphilis. Laesionum effectus. Traumatismes. Folgen von Verletzungen.

ACTIONUM NERVORUM NATURALIUM PERTURBATIO, CUM MORBIS QUIBUSDAM NATURÆ INCERTAE.

109. Apoplexia. Schlaganfall. Apopléxie. 110. Paralysis. Paralysie. Lähmung. a. Paraplégie. a. Paraplegie. Syn. a. Paraplegia. Querlähmung. b. Hemiplegia. b. Hémiplégie. b. Hemiplegie. c. Monoplégie. c. Monoplegie. c. Monoplegia. d. Diplegie. d. Diplégie. d. Diplegia. e. Paralysie localisée. e. Umschriebene Lähe. Paralysis localis. mung. Ophthalmo-Ophthalmoplegie. Ophthalmoplegie.

plegia.

Diseases of cerebral veins and sinuses.

Refer to Diseases of the Circulatory System, pp. 99 to 103.

 $\left. \begin{array}{c} \textit{Malformations (78).} \\ \textit{Encephalocele.} \end{array} \right\}$ Return according to list at p. 347.

AFFECTIONS OF THE CRANIAL NERVES.

(The cranial nerve or nerves affected to be specified.)

Inflammation (86).

Degeneration (87).

New Growth, Non-malignant (79). Return according to list of tumours on p. 335.

Syphilis (42).

Effects of injuries (83). See p. 277.

Sub-section 2.

NERVOUS DISORDERS AND DISEASES OF UNDETERMINED NATURE.

Note.—This division contains the names of symptoms or of diseases named with reference to their symptoms; but when the associated anatomical condition is known, the return should be made under the head of the latter.

109. *Apoplexy. Synonym, Stroke.

110. *Paralysis. Synonym, Palsy.

- a. Paraplegia.
- b. Hemiplegia.
- c. Monoplegia.
- d. Diplegia (including Cerebral diplegia of children).
- e. Local paralysis.

Note.—The nerves or parts affected should be specified.

Special Form:

Ophthalmoplegia.

This term, being the name of a symptom, should only be used when more precise information is wanting. When the cause is known, the return should be made under the head of that cause.

LATIN EQ. FRENCH. GERMAN. 111. Myasthenia gravis. Myasthénie grave. Myasthenia gravis pseudoparalytica. 112. Paralysis recurrens. Paralysie périodique. Periodische Lähmung. 113. Tremor. Tremblement. Zittern. Syn., Zitterbewegungen. Tremor senilis. Tremblement sénile. Greisenzittern. 114. Paralysis agitans. Maladie de Parkinson. Schüttellähmung. Syn., Paralysie agi-Syn., Paralysis tante. agitans, Zitterlähmung. 115. Chorea. Chorée. Syn., Danse Chorea. Syn., Veitsde St. Guy. tanz. Chorea hereditaria. Chorée héréditaire. Huntington'sche Chorea. Syn., Chorea hereditaria chronica. 116. Musculorum Spasme des muscles. Krämpfe (der Musspasmus. Syn., Crampe. keln). a. Clonieus. a. Clonique. a. Klonische. Myoclonus, sive Myoclonus mul-Paramyoclonus Paramyotiple. multiplex, clonus multi-Myoklonie. plex. b. Tonicus. b. Tonique. b. Tonische. 117. Myotonia Myotonie congénitale. con-Myotonia congenita. Syn., Thomsen'sche genita. Syn., Maladie de Krankheit. Thomsen. 118. Torticollis. Torticolis. Schiefhals. Syn., Torticollis, Caput obstipum. a. Spasmodicus. a. Spasmodique a. Spasmodischer. (acquis). b. Permanens. b. Fixe (congénital ou b. Fortdauernder. de naissance). 119. Spasmus facialis. Facialiskrampf. Spasme facial. 120. Athetosis. Athetose. Athétose. Désordres du mouve-ment à la suite 121. Post hemiplegiam Posthemiplegische Bechorea. wegungsstörungen. d'hémiplegie.

Névroses profes-

Névralgie

Ecrivains.

Crampe des Écrivains.

des

sionnelles.

Beschäftigungsneu-

Schreibrampf.
Schreibneuralgie.

rosen.

122. Ex artificiis

roses.

neu-

- 111. Myasthenia gravis.
- 112. Periodic paralysis.
- 113. *Tremor.

Special Form:

Senile Tremor.

- 114. Paralysis agitans. Synonyms, Shaking palsy, Parkinson's disease.
- 115. Chorea. Synonym, St. Vitus's dance.

Special Form:

Hereditary chorea. Synonym, Huntington's chorea.

116. *Spasm (of muscles). Synonym, Cramp.
a. Clonic.

Special Form:

Myoclonus or Paramyoclonus multiplex.

b. Tonic.

- 117. Myotonia congenita. Synonym, Thomsen's disease.
- 118. Torticollis. Synonym, Wry neck.
 - a. Spasmodic (acquired).
 - b. Permanent (congenital or from injury at birth).
- 119. Facial spasm.
- 120. Athetosis.
- 121. Posthemiplegic disorders of movement.
- 122. Craft-neuroses (spasmodic or neuralgic).

Writers' cramp. Synonym, Scriveners' palsy. Writers' neuralgia.

Note.—Similar affections may be produced by other occupations. such as pianists', sempstresses', violinists', telegraphists' cramp, and the like.

This term, being the name of a symptom, should only be used when more precise information is wanting. When the cause is known, the return should be made under the head of that cause.

	LATIN EQ.	FRENCH.	GERMAN.
123 .	. Eclampsia.	Convulsions. Syn., Eclampsie.	Konvulsionen. Syn., Eklampsie.
	Infantilis.	Des enfants.	Infantile.
	Puerperalis.	Des femmes en	Puerperale.
	Uraemica.	couches. Urémie.	Urämische.
124.	Epilepsia.	Epilepsie.	Epilepsie. Syn., Fall- sucht, Fallende Sucht.
	a. Major, sive gravis.	a. Grand mal.	u. Epilepsia gravior.
	b. Minor, sive levis.	b. Petit mal.	b. — mitior.
125.	Laryngismus stri- dulus.	Laryngisme striduleux.	Stimmritzenkrampf.
126.	Tetania. I.v., Spasmus carpo- pedalis, Tetanilla.	Tétanie.	Tetanie.
127.	Vertigo.	Vertige.	Schwindel.
	a. Ocularis.	a. Oculaire.	a. Augenschwindel.
	b. Auralis.	b. Otopathique.	b. Ohrenschwindel. Syn., Menière'sche
	c. Gastrica.	c. Stomacal.	Krankheit. c. Magenschwindel.
	d. Epileptica.	d. Epiléptique.	d. Epileptischer
128.	Cephalalgia.	Mal de tête. Syn., Céphalalgie.	Schwindel. Kopfschmerz.
	Hemicrania.	Migraine.	Migräne, Hemikränie.
129.	Hyperaesthesia.	Hypéresthésie.	Hyperästhesie.
	a. Generalis.	a. Généralisée.	a. Allgemeine.
	b. Localis.	b. Localisée.	b. Umschriebene.
130.	Anaesthesia.	Anesthésie.	Anästhesie.
	a. Generalis.	a. Généralisée.	a. Allgemeine.
	b. Localis.	b. Localisée.	b. Umschriebene.

Hemianaesthesia.

Hemianesthésie.

Hemianästhesie.

123. *Convulsions. Synonym, Eclampsia.

Special Forms:

*Infantile.

Puerperal.

Uræmic.

- 124. Epilepsy. Synonym, Falling sickness.
 - a. Major, or severe.
 - b. Minor, or slight.
- 125. Laryngismus stridulus. Synonym, Spasm of the glottis.
- 126. Tetany. Synonyms, Carpo-pedal spasm, Tetanilla.
- 127. *Vertigo.

Special Forms:

- a. Ocular.
- b. Aural. Synonyms, Labyrinthine or auditory, Menière's disease.
- c. Gastric.
- d. Epileptie.
- 128. *Headache. Synonym, Cephalalgia.

Special Form:

Siek headache. Synonyms, Hemicrania, Migraine.

- 129. *Hyperæsthesia.
 - a. General.
 - b. Local.

Note.—The part affected should be specified.

- 130. *Anæsthesia.
 - a. General.
 - b. Local.

Note.—The part affected should be specified.

Special Form:

Hemianæsthesia.

^{*} This term, being the name of a symptom, should only be used when more precise information is wanting. When the cause is known, the return should be made under the head of that cause.

	LATIN EQ.	French.	GERMAN.
131	. Neuralgia.	Névralgie.	Neuralgie.
	Nervi trigemini.	Tic douloureux.	Trigeminusneuralgie, Prosopalgia.
139	2. Hemiatrophia faci- alis.	Hémiatrophie faciale.	Einseitiger Gesichts- schwund.
	Nervorum morbi ex venenis metallicis.	Désordres nerveux causés par les poisons métalliques.	Nervenkrankheiten durch metallische Gifte.
	Paralysis ex plumbo.	Paralysie du satur- nisme.	Bleilähmung.
	Neuritis arsen- icalis.	Névrite arsénicale.	Arsenneuritis.
	Ex hydrargyro tremor.	Tremblements mer- curiels.	Merkurialzittern.
	Alcoholismus.	Alcoolisme.	Alkoholismus.
	Delirium tremens.	Délirium tremens.	Säuferwahnsinn.
	Polyneuritis.	Névrite multiple.	Polyneuritis.
138	3. Hysteria.	Hystérie.	Hysterie.
	Convulsiva.	Convulsive.	Mit Krämpfen.
	Spasmodica.	Spasmodique.	, Spasmen.
	Paralytica.	Paralytique.	" Lähmungen.
	Anaesthetica.	Anesthésique.	" Anästhesie.
	Hyperaesthetica.	Hyperesthésique.	" Hyperästhesie-
13-	I. Ecstasis.	Exstase.	Verzückung.
138	5. Catalepsia.	Catalépsie.	Katalepsie.
130	S. Somnambulismus.	Somnambulisme.	Somnambulismus.
131	7. Delirium.	Délire.	Wahnsinn.
138	3. Aphasia.	Aphasie.	Aphasie.

131. Neuralgia.

Note.—State the nerve or nerves affected.

Special Form:

Tic douloureux, trigeminal neuralgia.

132. Facial hemiatrophy.

Nervous disorders caused by metallic poisons (85).

Special Forms:

Lead palsy (acute or chronic).

Synonym, Plumbism (59).

Arsenical neuritis (86).

Mercurial tremors (55).

See list of poisons, p. 369.

Alcoholism (50).

Special Forms:

Delirium tremens.

Polyneuritis.

133. Hysteria.

Special Forms:

Convulsive.

Spasmodic.

Paralytic.

Anæsthetic.

Hyperæsthetic.

134. Trance.

135. Catalepsy.

136. Somnambulism.

137. Delirium.

138. *Aphasia.

^{*} This term, being the name of a symptom, should only be used when more precise information is wanting. When the cause is known, the return should be made under the head of that cause.

LATIN EQ.	FRENCH.	GERMAN.
139. Idioglossia.	Idioglossie.	Idioglossia.
140. Balbuties.	Balbutiement.	Stottern.
141. Singultus.	Hoquet.	Schluchzen. Syn., Singultus.
142. Mutitas.	Mutisme.	Stummheit.
143. Neurasthenia.	Neurasthénie.	Neurasthenic.
Neurasthenia trau- matica.	Neurasthénie trau- matique.	Traumatische N c u · rasthenie.

MENTIS AFFECTUS.

I. Ex Evolutionis Vitiis.

144. Amentia (mentis imbecillitate inclusâ et ingenitâ et infantile).

g. Delira (acuta).

Idiotie.

Idiotie.

g. Mit Wahnsinn.

II. Ex	Actionis Perturba	TIONE.
145. Mania (acuta, recurrens, aut chronica).	Manie (aiguë, ré- currente ou chron- ique).	Manie. Syn., Tobsucht (akute, wiederkehrende oder chronische).
a. Hysterica.	a. Hystérique.	a. Hysterische.
b. Puerperalis.	b. Puerpérale.	b. Puerperale.
c. Epileptica.	c. Epiléptique. d. Alcoolique.	c. Epileptische. d. Alkoholische.
e. Senilis.	e. Sénile.	e. Im Alter.
f. Ex morbo acuto a u t chronico, aut laesione.	f. A la suite de maladie aiguë ou chronique ou de traumatisme.	f. Aus anderen akuten oder chronischen Krankheiten oder aus Trauma.

g. Délirante.

- 139. Idioglossia.
- 140. Stammering.
- 141. *Hiccup.
- 142. *Dumbness.
- 143. Neurasthenia.

Special Form:

Traumatic Neurasthenia.

SUB-SECTION 3.

MENTAL DISEASES.

I.—ERRORS OF DEVELOPMENT.

144. Idiocy (including congenital and infantile imbecility).

II. DISORDERS OF FUNCTION.

145. Mania (acute, recurrent, or chronic).

The variety when known should be returned according to the following list:—

- a. Hysterical.
- b. Puerperal.

Note.—The term puerperal is intended to include pregnancy, parturition, and lactation.

- c. Epileptic.
- d. Alcoholic.
- c. Senile.
- f. From other acute or chronic disease or from injury.

g. Delirious (see Acute delirium 154).

This term, being the name of a symptom, should only be used when more precise information is wanting. When the cause is known, the return should be made under the head of that cause.

LATIN EQ.	FRENCH.	GERMAN.
146 Melancholia (acuta, recurrens, chronica).	Mélancholie (a i g u ë, récurrente, ou chro- nique).	Melancholie (a k u t e, wiederkehrende, oder chronische).
a. Agitata.	a. Agitée.	a. Augstmelancholie.
b. Stuporosa.	b. Avec stupeur.	b. Stumpfsinn.
c. Hypochondriaca.	c. Hypochondriaque.	c. Hypochondrische.
d. Puerperalis.	d. Puerpérale.	d. Puerperale.
e. Climacterica.	e. De la ménopause.	e. Klimakterische.
f. Senilis.	f. Sénile.	f. Senile.
g. Ex morbo acuto aut chronico, aut laesione.	g. A la suite de maladie aiguë ou chronique ou de traumatisme.	g. Aus anderen akuten oder chro- nischen Krank- heiten oder aus Trauma.
147. Insania in circuitu.	Folie circulaire.	Cirkuläres oder alternierendes Irresein.
148. Mentis stupor.	Stupeur.	Stupor.
a. Iners.	a. Anergique.	a. Anergischer.
b. C u m mentis erroribus.	b. Avec délire.	b. Mit Wahnideen.
149. Insania cum mentis erroribus infixis. I.v., Intellectus monomania, Paranoia.	Délire systématisé. Syn., Paranoia.	Paranoia (akute oder chronische). Syn., Verrücktheit.
150. Insania ex morum defectione.	Folie morale.	Moralisches Irresein.
151. Insania ex impulsu.	Folie impulsive.	Impulsives Irresein.
152. Insania obsessiva.	Folie à obsessions.	Zwangsirresein.

INFECTIVARUM, TOXICARUM, AUT ALIARUM CONDITIONUM GENERALIUM EFFECTUS.

153. Insania postfebrilis.	Folie post-fébrile.	Infektiöse Schwächezustände.
154. Delirium acutum. 1.v., Mania delira acuta.	Délire aigu.	Kollapsdelirium.
155. Insania ex mentis confusione.	Confusion mentale.	Akute Verwirrtheit. Syn., Meynert's Amentia.
156. Insania ex alcohole (acuta aut chronica).	Folie alcoolique (aiguë ou chronique).	Alkoholismus (akuter oder chronischer).
Delirium tremens.	Délirium tremens.	Säuferwahnsinn.
Morphinomania.	Morphinisme.	Morphinismus.
Cocainismus.	Cocaïnisme.	Kokainismus.

146. Melancholia (acute, recurrent, or chronic).

The variety when known should be returned according to the following list:—

- a. Agitated.
- b. Stuporous.
- c. Hypochondriacal.
- d. Puerperal.
- e. Climacteric.
- f. Senile.
- g. From other acute or chronic disease or from injury.
- 147. Circular insanity. Alternating insanity.
- 148. Mental stupor.
 - a. Anergic.
 - b. Delusional.
- 149. Delusional insanity (acute or chronic). Synonyms, Intellectual monomania, Insanity of systematised delusions, Paranoia.
- 150. Moral insanity.
- 151 Impulsive insanity.
- 152. Obsessive insanity.
- III. RESULT OF INFECTIVE, TOXIC, AND OTHER GENERAL CONDITIONS.
 - 153. Post-febrile insanity.
 - 154. Acute delirium. Synonym, Acute delirious mania.
 - 155. Confusional insanity.
 - 156. Alcoholic insanity (acute or chronic).

Delirium tremens (50).

Morphinomania (56).

Cocainism (52).

	LATIN	Eq.	FRENCH.		Gi	ERMAN.
157.	Insania e demate		Folio	e myxœdémateuse.	Myxöden sein.	natöses Irre-
	Cretinism	ius.	Créti	inisme.	Kretinisn	nus.
158.	Insania ez	x diabete.	Folio	e des diabétiques.	Irresein	bei Zucker- harnruhr.
159.	"	choreâ.	"	choréique.	"	Chorea.
160.	,,	broncho- cele ex- ophthal- micâ.	"	du goître exoph- thalmique.	"	Basedow'- s c h e Krank- heit.
161.	27	pellagrâ.	"	des pellagreux.	,,	Pellagra.
162.	27	cannabe sativâ.	"	du haschisch.	Haschisc	hdelirium.
163.	1)	plumbo.	,,	du saturnisme.	Saturnin	es Irresein.
104	Τ	nomb		EGENERATIONES.	Dementi	a paralytica.
164.	Insanoru sis gen	m paraly- eralis.	rara	lysie générale.	Syn., A	Allgemeine se der Irren.
165.	Dementi aut sec	a (primaria ondaria).		nence (primitive 1 secondaire).		a. Syn., Blöd- primäre oder läre).
	a. Prae	cox.	C	a. Précoce.	a. Pr	aecox.
	b. Senil	is	i	b. Sénile.	<i>b</i> . Al	tersblödsinn.
	c. Epile	ptica.		c. Epiléptique.	c. Ep	oileptische.
	d. Syph	ilitica.		d. Sýphilitique.	d. Sy	philitische.
		morbo cere- organico.	•	e. A la suite de maladie organ- ique cérébrale.	ι	ei Hirnerkrank- ungen.
	chr	alio morbo u t o a u t conico, a u t sione,		f. A la suite de maladie aiguë ou chronique ou de traumatisme.		us anderen akuten oder chro- nischen Krank- neiten oder us Trauma.

157. Insanity of Myxædema.

Cretinism (65).

- 158. Insanity of diabetes.
- 159. ,, chorea.
- 160. Graves' disease.
- 161. " pellagra.
- 162. ,, haschisch.
- 163. ,, lead (or other poisons).

IV. DEGENERATIONS.

- 164. General paralysis of the insane. Synonym, General paresis.
- 165. Dementia (primary or secondary).

The variety when known should be returned according to the following list:—

- a. Developmental.
- b. Senile.
- c. Epileptic.
- d. Syphilitic.
- e. From organic brain disease. Synonym, Organic dementia.
- f. From other acute or chronic disease, or from injury.

OCULORUM MORBI.

TUNICAE CONJUNCTIVAE MORBI.

LATIN EQ.

166. Conjunctivitis. *Iv.*, Ophthalmia.

a. Catarrhalis.

Acuta.

Chronica.

1. Simplex.

2. Ex diplobacillo.

b. Suppurativa.

FRENCH.

Conjonctivite. Syn., Ophthalmie.

a. Catarrhale. Syn.,
Muco-purulente.
Aiguë.

Chronique.

1. Simple.

2. Diplo - bactérienne.

b. Purulente.

GERMAN.

Bindehautentzündung.

a. Bindchautkatarrh.

Akute.

Chronische.

1. Einfache.

2. Aus dem Diplobacillus.

b. Eitrige.

- 1. Ex gonorrhoeâ.
- 2. Ex aliis fluxubus per gentalia emissis.
- c. Membranacea.
 - 1. Diphtheritica.
 - 2. Non diphtheritica.
- d. Phlyctenularis. Iv., Pustulosa, Herpetica.
- c. Ex catarrho vernali.
- f. Follicularis.
- g. Granulosa. I. v., Trachoma, ophthalmia Egyptiorum,
- h. Ex medicamentis externe aut interne adhibitis.
- i. Ophthalmia nodosa.

- 1. Blennorrhagique.
- 2. Produite par d'autres écoulements génitaux.
- c. Membraneuse.
 - 1. Diphthéritique.
 - 2. Non-diphthéritique.
- d. Phlycténulairc.

 Syn.. Pustuleuse,
 Herpétique.
- e. Conjonctivite printanière.
- f. Folliculaire.
- g. Granuleuse. Syn., Trachome, Ophthalmie d'Egypte.
- h. A la suite de l'usage externe ou interne de médicaments.
- 1. Ophthalmie noueuse.

- 1. Augentripper.
- 2. Aus andern Genitalieneiterungen.
- c. Membranöse.
 - 1. Diphtheritische.
 - 2. Nicht diphtheritische.
- d. Phlyktänöse. Syn., Herpetische.
- e. Frühjahrskatarrh.
- f. Follikuläre.
- g. Granulöse. Syn. Trachom.
- h. Medikamentösc.
- i. Ophthalmia nodosa.

DISEASES OF THE EYE.

Italics indicate that the disease in question should not be registered in this Section. The proper place is shewn by the number which follows.

DISEASES OF THE CONJUNCTIVA.

- 166. Conjunctivitis. Synonym, Ophthalmia.
 - a. Catarrhal. Synonym, Muco-purulent.

Acute.

*Chronic.

- 1. Simple.
- 2. Diplo-bacillary.
- b. Purulent.

Note in all cases the presence or absence of dis charge from the genitals; and whether the ophthalmia affects one eye or both.

Special Forms:

- 1. Gonorrhaal (20).
- 2. From other genital discharges.

Note.—Purulent Ophthalmia of new-born infants may belong to either of these two forms, and should be noted as Ophthalmia neonatorum.

- c. Membranous.
 - 1. Diphtheritic (10).
 - 2. Non-diphtheritic.
- d. Phlyctenular. Synonyms, Pustular, Herpetic.
- e. Spring catarrh.
- f. Follicular.
- g. Granular. Synonyms, Trachoma, Egyptian ophthalmia.
- h. Caused by drugs used externally or internally.
- i. Ophthalmia nodosa.

Note especially the presence or absence of obstruction of the Lacrymal passages.

LATIN EQ.	FRENCH.	GERMAN.	
167. Ecchymosis.	Ecchymose.	Ekchymose.	
168. Oedema.	Œdème.	Ödem.	
Chemosis.	Chemosis.	Chemose.	
169. Hyperaemia Chro- nica.	Hyperémie chronique.	Chronische Hyper-	
170. Degeneratio.	Dégénérescence.	Entartung.	
a. Lardacea.	Lardacée.	Amyloide.	
b. Hyalina.	Hyaline.	Hyaline.	
c. Xerophthalmia.	Xérophthalmie.	Xerophthalmie.	
d. Pinguecula.	Pinguicula.	Lidspaltungfleck.	
Lymphangiectasis.	Lymphangiectasie.	Lymphektasien.	
Neoplasma non- malignum.	Néoplasme bénin.	Gutartige Neubildung.	
a. Ptygerium. b. Macula pig- mentata.	Ptérygion. Tache pigmentaire.	Flügelfell. Syn., Pterygium. Pigmentfleck.	
тепсаса.	Autres formes de néo- plasie.	Andere Neubildungs- arten.	
Neoplasma malig- num.	Néoplasme malin.	Bösartige Neubildung.	
Tuberculosis.	Tuberculose.	Tuberkulose.	
Lupus.	Lupus.	Lupus.	
Lepra.	Lèpre.	Lepra.	
Syphilis.	Syphilis.	Syphilis.	
Morbi parasitici.	Affections parasitiques.	Parasitäre Erkrank- ungen.	
Cysticercus, Filaria loa.	Cysticerque, Filaria	Cysticercus, Filaria	
Laesiones.	Lésions (comprenant effets produits par les agents chimiques).	Verletzungen.	

167. *Ecchymosis.

168. *Œdema.

Special Form:

Chemosis.

169. Chronic hyperæmia.

170. Degeneration.

a. Lardaceous.

b. Hyaline.

c. *Xerophthalmia.

d. Pinguecula.

Lymphangiectasis (618).

New Growth, Non-malignant (79).

a. Pterygium.

b. Pigment patch.

c. Other forms of new growth.

Return according to list of tumours at p. 335.

New Growth, Malignant (80). .

Return according to list of tumours at p. 335.

Tuberculosis (44).

Lupus.

Leprosy (23).

Syphilis (42).

Parasitic Disease (82).

Cysticercus, Filaria loa.

Injuries (including effects of chemical agents) (83).

Return according to list at p. 277.

When the cause of this condition is known, the return should be made under the head of such cause the local condition being also specified.

TUNICAE CORNEAE MORBI.

LATIN EQ.

171. Keratitis (sine ulceratione).

- a. Superficialis (generalis aut partialis).
- b. Pannus.
- c. Suppurativa.

Onyx.

Abscessus.

- d. Keratitis profunda.
 - 1. Traumatica.
 - 2. Insterstitialis primaria.
 - 3. Secundaria ex Cyclitide aut ex aliar-um oculi partium morbis.
- e. Ex herpete.
- f. Keratitis punctata.
- g. Sclero-keratitis.

172. Ulceratio. *I.v.*, Keratitis ulcerosa.

- a. Ulcus superficiale
 (includuntur
 ulcus chronicum,
 aut vasculare
 recurrens, aut
 phlyctenulare).
- b. Ulcus infectivum.
 - 1. Acutum suppurativum. Keratitis cum hypopyo.
 - 2. Chronicum.
- c. Neuro-paralytica.
- d. Ulcus Mooren.
- 173. Gangraena. *I.v.*, Keratomalacia.

FRENCH.

Kératite (sans ulcération).

- a. Superficielle (générale ou partielle).
- b. Pannus.
- c. Suppurée.

Onyx.

Abcès.

- d. Kératite profonde.
 - 1. Traumatique.
 - 2. Interstitielle primitive.
 - 3. A la suite de cyclite ou de maladies des autre parties de l'œil.
- e. A la suite d'herpès.
- f. Kératite ponctuée.
- g. Scléro-kératite.

Ulcération. Syn., Kératite ulcéreuse.

- a. Ulcère superficiel (chronique récidivant vasculaire, phlycténulaire).
- b. Ulcère infectieux.
 - 1. Aigu, suppuré.

Hyropyon.

- 2. Chronique.
- c. Kératite névroparalytique.
- d. Ulcère de Mooren.

Gangrène. Syn... Kératomalacie. GERMAN.

Hornhautentzündung.

- a. Ober flächliche (allgemeine oder partielle).
- b. Pannus.
- c. Eitrige.

Onyx.

Abscess.

- d. Tiefe.
 - 1. Traumatische.
 - 2. Primäre inter stitielle.
 - 3. Sekundäre nach Cyklitis u. s. w.
- c. Durch Herpes.
- f. Keratitis punctata.
- g. Sklerokeratitis.

Hornhautgeschwür.

- a. Oberflächliches (mit Einschluss des chronischen, des recidivierenden mit Gefässbildung, und des phlyctänosen).
- b. Infektiöses.
 - 1. Akut eitriges.

Hypopyonkeratitis.

- 2. Chronisches.
- c. Neuroparalytisches Keratitis.
- d. Mooren's Geschwür.

Hornhauterweichung. Syn., Keratomalakie.

DISEASES OF THE CORNEA.

- 171. Keratitis (without ulceration).
 - a. *Superficial (general or partial).
 - b. Pannus.
 - c. Suppurative.

Onyx.

Abscess.

- d. Deep Keratitis.
 - 1. Traumatic (83).

To be returned according to list of injuries at p. 277.

2. Primary Interstitial.

When due to inherited or acquired Syphilis, this should be stated.

- 3. Secondary to Cyclitis or to disease of other parts of eye.
- e. Following Herpes (971).
- f. Keratitis punctata (180).
- g. Sclero-keratitis (177).
- 172. Ulceration. Synonym, Ulcerative Keratitis.
 - a. Superficial ulcer (including chronic, recurrent vascular, and phlyctenular).
 - b. Infective ulcer.
 - 1. Acute suppurative.

 Hypopyon-Keratitis.
 - 2. Chronic.
 - c. Neuro-paralytic Keratitis.
 - d. Mooren's ulcer.
- 173. Gangrene. Synonym, Keratomalacia.

Ounder this heading several distinct varieties, probably differing in nature and cause, may and should be distinguished, e.g., Anterior, dotted Keratitis (Fuchs), Filamentary Keratitis (Nuel), Bullous Keratitis.

LATIN EQ.	FRENCH.	GERMAN.
174. Degeneratio.	Dégénérescence.	Entartung.
a. Areus Senilis.	a. Arc sénile.	a. Greisenbogen.
b. Opaeitas trans- versa.	b. Opacité transverse.	b. Bandförmige Horn- hauttrübung.
c. Opacitas reticu- laris.	c. Opacité réticulaire.	c. Netzförmige Trü- bung.
d. Opaeitas nodosa.	d. Opacité nodulaire.	d. Knötchenähnliche Trübung.
175. Opacitas. I.v., Nebula, Leucoma.	Opacité. Syn., Taie, Leucome.	Trübungen. Syn., Hornhautfleck, Leu- kom.
Neoplasma non malignum.	Néoplasme bénin.	Gutartige Neubildung.
Neoplasma malig- num.	Néoplasme malin.	Bösartige Neubildung.
Laesiones.	Lésions.	Verletzungen.
176. Deformitates a c - quisitae. Staphyloma. Cornea acuminata.	Malformations acquises. Staphylome. Conicité de la cornée.	Erworbene Deformitäten. Staphylome. Keratoconus.
Fistula.	Fistule.	Hornhautfistel.
Hydrophth almus anterior.	Hydrophthalmie an- térieure.	Hydrophthalmus. Syn., Buphthalmus. mus, Keratoglobus.
Tuberculosis.	Tuberculose.	Tuberkulose.
Lepra.	Lépre.	Lepra.
Deformitates ingenitæ.	Vices de conformation.	Missbildungen.

TUNICAE SCLEROTICAE MORBI.

177. Scleritis. I.v., Sclerotitis.	Sclérotite.	Skleritis.
a. Superficialis.	a. Superficielle.	a. Oberflächliehe.
1. Anterior. $I.v.$, Episeleritis.	1. Antérieure. Syn., Epis- clérite.	1. Vordere. Syn., Episkleritis.
2. Posterior, sive generalis.	2. Postérieure o u générale.	2. Hintere oder allgemeine.
b. Profunda.	b. Profonde.	b. Tiefe.
1. Selero kera- titis. I.v., Selerotitis anterior, Choroiditis	1. Seléro-kératite. Syn., Seléro- tite, ou Choroï- dite antéri- eure.	1. Sklerokera- titis. Syn., Sklerochorioi- ditis anterior.
anterior. 2. Seleritis annu- laris.	3. Selérotite an- nulaire.	2. Ringförmige Skleritis.

174. Degeneration.

Special Forms:

- a. Arcus Senilis.
- b. Transverse Opacity.
- c. Reticular Opacity.
- d. Nodular Opacity.

175. *Opacity. Synonyms, Nebula, Leucoma.

New Growth, Non-malig-nant (79).

Return according to list of tumours at p. 335.

(80).

Injuries (83).

Return according to list at p. 277.

176. Acquired deformities.

Staphyloma.

Conical cornea.

Fistula.

Hydrophthalmos anterior.

Tuberculosis (44).

Leprosy (23).

Malformations (78).

Return according to list at p. 347.

DISEASES OF THE SCLEROTIC.

- 177. Scleritis. Synonym, Sclerotitis.
 - a. Superficial.
 - 1. Anterior. Synonym, Episcleritis.
 - 2. Posterior or general.
 - b. Deep.
 - 1. Sclero-Keratitis. Synonym, Anterior Sclerotitis, Anterior Choroiditis.
 - 2. Annular Scleritis. Synonym, Brawny infiltration of Sclera.

When the cause can be ascertained, the return to be made under such cause, the local condition being also specified.

LATIN EQ.	FRENCH.	GERMAN.
178. Staphyloma (anterius, aequatorium, aut posterius).	Staphylome (an- térieur, equatorial ou postérieur).	Staphylom. Vorderes, äquatoriales, oder mittleres.
179. Degeneratio.	Dégénérescence.	Entartung.
a. Adiposa.	a. Graisseuse.	a. Fettige.
b. Calcarea.	b. Calcaire.	b. Kalkige.
Tuberculosis.	Tuberculose.	Tuberkulose.
Lepra.	Lèpre.	Lepra.
Syphilis.	Syphilis.	Syphilis.
Laesiones.	Lésions.	Verletzungen.
Neoplasma non malignum.	Néoplasme bénin.	Gutartige Neubildung.
Neoplasma maglig- num.	Néoplasme malin.	Bösartige Neubildung.
	IRIDIS MORBI.	
180. Iritis.	Iritis.	Entzündung. : Syn. Iritis.
a. Symptomatica.	a. Symptomatique.	a. Symptomatische.
b. Secundaria.	b. Secondaire.	b. Durch andere Augen- erkrankungen.
c. Chronica. In- cluduntur, Iritis serosa, Cyclitis serosa (Keratitis punctata). d. Sympathetica. I.v., Ophthalmia sym- pathetica, oph- thalmia migra-	c. Chronique. Compre- nant Iritis séreuse, Cyclite séreuse, (Kératite ponc- tuée). d. Sympathique. Syn., Ophthalmie sym- pathique.	c. Chronische, mit Einschluss der serösen Iritis, und der serösen Cyklitis (Keratitispunctata). d. Sympathische. Syn., Sympathische Augenentzündung.
toria. e. Traumatica.	e. Traumatique.	c. Traumatische.
181. Haemorrhagia.	Hémorrhagie.	Irisblutung.
182. Atrophia.	Atrophie.	Atrophie.
Neoplasma non malignum.	Néoplasme bénin.	Gutortige Neubildung.
Tumor ex epithelio inserto.	Tumeur épithéliale par greffe accidentelle.	Iriscyste.

178. Staphyloma. Anterior, Equatorial, or Posterior.

179. Degeneration.

a. Fatty.

b. Calcareous.

Tuberculosis (44).

Leprosy (23).

Syphilis (42).

Injuries (83).

Return according to list at p. 277.

New Growth, Non-malig-

(80).

nant (79).

New-Growth, Malignant

p. 335.

DISEASES OF THE IRIS.

180. Iritis.

a. Symptomatic.

When attributable to general disease, e.g., Syphilis (acquired or inherited) (42), Tuberculosis (44), Leprosy (23), Gout (68), Gonorrhaa (20), Diabetes (66), this should be stated.

- b. Secondary to other ocular disease.
- c. Chronie, including Serous Iritis, Serous Cyclitis (Keratitis punctata).
- d. Sympathetic. Synonym, Sympathetic ophthalmitis, ophthalmia migratoria.
- e. Traumatic (83).
- 181. *Hæmorrhage.
- 182. *Atrophy.

Note especially the presence or absence of Glaucoma.

New Growth, Non-malignant (79).

Return according to list of tumours, p. 335.

Implantation Epithelial Tumour.

When the cause of this condition is known, the return should be made under the head of such cause, the local condition being also specified.

186. Iridoplegia. *I.v.*, Iridis paralysis.

LATIN EQ.	FRENCH.	GERMAN.
Neoplasma malig- num.	Néoplasme malin.	Bösartige Neubildung.
Laesiones.	Lésions.	Verletzungen.
183. Synechia.	Synéchie.	Synechie.
a. Posterior.	a. Postéricure.	a. Hintere.
b. Anterior.	b. Antérieure.	b. Vordere.
Deformitates in- genitæ.	Vices de conformation.	Missbildungen.
a. Pnpilla male posita.	a. Déplacement con- génital de la pupille.	a. Pupillenver- lagerung.
b. Iris tremula.	b. Iris tremblante.	b. Irisschlottern.
c. Pupillæ s i n e causâ manifestâ inaequales.	c. Inégalité des pupilles.	c. Anisocoria.
d. Heterochromia indis.	d. Différence de couleur des iris.	
184. Myosis.	Myose.	Myosis.
a. Congestiva.	a. Congestive.	a. Hyperämische.
b. Ex synechiss posterioribus.	b. A la suite de synéchie postéri- eure.	h. Durch hintere Synechien.
c. Spinalis aut cerebralis.	c. Spinale ou cérébrale.	c. Spinale oder ccrebrale
d. Paralytica.	d. Paralytique.	d. Paralytische.
e. Ex medica- mentis.	e. Résultant de l'em- ploi de médica- ments.	e. Medikamentöse.
f. Senilis.	f. Sénile.	f. Senile.
185. Mydriasis.	Mydriase.	Mydriasis.
a. Anaemica.	a. Anémique.	a. Anämische.
b. Spasmodica.	b. Spasmodique.	b. Spastische.
c. Paralytica.	c. Paralytique.	c. Paralytische.
d. Ex medica- mentis.	d. Resultant de l'om- ploi de médica- ments.	d. Medikamentöse.
e. Traumatica.	e. Traumatique.	e. Traumatische.
f. Reflexa.	f. Réflexe.	f. Reflektorische (durch Amanrose).

Iridoplégie. Syn., Paralysie de l'iris.

Iridoplegie. Syn., Regenbogenlähmung.

New Growth, Malignant (80).

Return according to list of tumours, p. 335.

Injuries (83).

Return according to list at p. 277.

183. Synechia.

- a. Posterior.
- b. Anterior.

Malformations (78).

Return according to list at p. 347.

- u. Congenital malposition of pupil. Synonym, Corectopia.
- b. Tremulous Iris.
- c. *Unequal pupils (without apparent cause).
- d. Differently coloured irides. Synonym, Heterochromia iridis.

184. Myosis.

- a. Congestive.
- b. From posterior synechiæ.
- c. *Spinal or cerebral.
- d. *Paralytic.
- c. From use of drugs.
- f. Senile.

185. Mydriasis.

- a. *Anæmic.
- b. *Spasmodic.
- c. *Paralytic.
- d. From use of drugs.
- e. Traumatic.
- f. Reflex. (Amaurotic, from loss of function of retina or optic nerve.)
- 186. *Iridoplegia. Synonym, Paralysis of iris. (Loss of reflex action to light and to skin irritation, and loss of action associated with convergence and accommodation.)

^{*} When the cause of this condition is known, the return should be made under the head of such cause, the local condition being also specified.

TUNICAE CHOROIDIS ET CORPORIS CILIARIS MORBI.

LATIN Eq. 187. Choroiditis.

- 1. Sine notis inflammationis externis.
 - a. Syphilitica.
 - b. Tuberculosa.
 - c. Myopica.
 - d. Traumatica.
- 2. Cum notis inflammationis externis.
 - a. Suppurativa.
 - 1. Metastatica.
 - 2. Traumatica.
 - b. Chronica.

 Includuntur
 Iridochoroiditis. Iridocyclitis,
 Keratitis
 punctata,
 Selerokeratitis.
- 188. Hæmorrhagia.
- 189. Congestio.
- 190. Atrophia et Degeneratio.
 - a. Ex Choroiditide.
 - b. Cum Myopia.
 - c. Senilis.
 - d. Colloides.

Neoplasma non malignum.

Neoplasma malignum.

Tunicae Choroidis separatio.

FRENCH. Choroidite.

. .

- 1. Sans signes externes d'inflammation.
 - a. Syphilitique.
 - b. Tuberculeuse.
 - 1. Tuberculeuse miliaire.
 - 2. A masse tuberculeuse.
 - c. Myope.
 - d. Traumatique.
- 2. Avec signes d'inflammation.
 - a Suppurée.
 - 1. Métastatique.
 - 2. Traumatique.
 - b. Chronique,
 comprenant
 Irido-choroïdite, Iridocyclite, Kératite ponctuéc,
 Scléro-kératite.

Hémorrhagie.

Congestion.

Atrophie et Dégénérescence.

- a. A la suite de choroïdite (comprenant aussi l'ossification).
- b. Dans la myopie.
- c. Sénile.
- d. Colloïde.

Néoplasme bénin.

Néoplasme malin.

Décollement de la Choroïde.

GERMAN.

Aderhauten tzündung. Syn., Chorioiditis.

- 1. Ohne äussere Entzündungserscheinungen.
 - a. Syphilitische.
 - b. Tuberkulöse.
 - 1. Disseminierte Tuberkulose.
 - 2. Solitäre Tuberkel.
 - c. Bei Myopie.
 - d. Traumatische.
- 2. Mit äusseren Entzündungs er scheinnngen.
 - a. Eitrige.
 - 1. Metastatische.
 - 2. Traumatische.
 - b. Chronische

 (mit Einschluss der
 Iridochorioiditis, der Iridocyklitis. der
 Keratitis
 punctata, und
 der Sklerokeratitis).

Aderhautblutung.

Hyperämie.

Atrophie und Entartung.

- a. Nach Chorioiditis (mit Einschluss der Verknöcherung).
- b. Durch Myopie.
- e. Senile.
- d. Kolloide.

Gutartige Neubildung.

Bösartige Neubildung.

Ablösung der Aderhaut.

DISEASES OF THE CHOROID AND CILIARY BODY.

187. Choroiditis.

- 1. Without external signs of inflammation of the eye.
 - a. Syphilitic (42).
 - b. Tuberculous (44).
 - 1. Miliary tuberculosis.
 - 2. Large tuberculous mass.
 - c. Myopic.
 - d. Traumatic (83).
- 2. With external signs of inflammation.
 - a. Suppurative.
 - 1. Metastatic.
 - 2. Traumatic (83).
 - b. Chronic, including Irido-Choroiditis, Irido-Cyclitis, Keratitis punctata, and Sclero-Keratitis (177).
- 188. *Hæmorrhage.
- 189. *Congestion.
- 190. Atrophy and Degeneration.
 - a. *Following Choroiditis (including Ossification).
 - b. In Myopia.
 - c. Senile.
 - d. Colloid.
 - New Growth, Non-malignant (79).

 New Growth, Malignant (80).

 Return according to list of tumours at p. 335.

191. Detachment of the Choroid.

^{*} When the cause of this condition is known, the return should be made under the head of such cause, the local condition being also specified.

LATIN Eq.

FRENCH.

Lésions.

GERMAN. Verletzungen.

Deformitates ingenitae.

Vices de conformation. Missbildungen.

GLAUCOMA.

192. Primarium.

- a. Sine Congestione.

 I.v., Simplex,
 Chronicum.
- b. Cum Congestione.

 I.v., Ex Inflammatione.
 - 1. Subacutum.
 - 2. A cutum.

 Includitur
 Glaucoma
 fulminans.

193. Secundarium.

- a. Ex Iritide aut ex iritidis sequelis.
- b. Ex tumore intraoculari.
- c. Ex lente dislocatâ a n t n i m i s tumidâ.
- d. Ex retinitide haemorrhagicâ.

 I.v., Glaucoma haemorrhagicum.
- e. Ex pure aut sanguine in cellâ a q u o s â a u t vitreâ.
- 194. Hypopyon (tunicâ corneâ illaesà).

Primitif.

- a. Non-congestif. Syn., Simple, chronique.
- b. Congestif. Syn., Inflammatoire.
 - 1. Subaigu.
 - 2. Aigu, comprenant aussi la forme fulminante.

Secondaire, causé par.

Primäres.

- a. Nicht entzündliches.

 Syn., Glaucoma
 simplex.
- b. Entzündliches.
 - 1. Subakutes.
 - 2. Akutes (mit Einschluss des Glaucoma fulminans).

Sekundäres, durch,

- a. Iritis ou ses suites.
- b. Tumeur intraoculaire.
- c. Déplacement ou tuméfaction du cristallin.
- d. Rétinite hémorrhagique. Syn., Glaucome hémorrhagique.
- e. Pus on sang dans la chambre antérieure ou dans le corps vitré.
- Hypopyon (sans lésion de la Cornée)

- a. Iritis oder deren Wirkungen.
- b. Intraokuläre Geschwulst.
- c. Luxation oder Schwellen der Linse.
- d. Hämorrhagische Retinitis. Syn.. Hämorrhagisches Glaukom.
- e. Eiter oder Blut in der vorderen oder hinteren Augenkammer.
- Hypopyon (ohne Hornhauterkrankung)

DISEASES OF THE EYE.

Italics indicate that the disease in question should not be registered in this Section The proper place is shewn by the number which follows.

Injuries (83).

Return according to list at p. 277.

Malformations (78).

Return according to list at p. 347.

*GLAUCOMA.

Note—This affection is placed here separately, and not under the diseases of any particular part, its relations being too various to allow it a more definite position.

192. Primary.

- a. Non-congestive (without external signs of inflammation). Synonyms, Simple, Chronic.
- b. Congestive (with external signs of inflammation). Synonym, Inflammatory.
 - 1. Subacute.
 - 2. Acute, including "Fulminating."

193. *Secondary.

Caused by

- a. Iritis or its results.
- b. Intra-ocular tumour.
- c. Displacement or swelling of lens.
- d. *Hæmorrhagic retinitis. Synonym, Hæmorrhagic glaucoma.
- e. *Pus or blood in the aqueous or vitreous chamber.

194. HYPOPYON.

(When without affection of the Cornea.)

Note.—This affection is placed here separately, and not under the diseases of any particular part, its relations being too various to allow it a more definite position.

When the cause of this condition is known, the return should be made under the head of such cause, the local condition being also specified.

Nervi Optici et Retinae MORBI. LATIN EQ. FRENCH. GERMAN 195. Neuritis optica. Névrite optique. Sehnervenentzündung. a. Papillitis. I.v., a. Stauungspapille. a. Papillite. Syn., Engorgement de la Discus tumidus. papille, Papille étranglée. b. Papilloretinitis. b. Papillo-rétinite. b. Papilloretinitis. c. Névrite rétroc. Retrobulhäre c. Neuritis retroocularis. bulbaire. Neuritis. 1. Idiopathique. 1. Idiopathische. 1. Idiopathica. 2. Toxische. 2. Toxica. 2. Toxique. 3. Comme suite 3. Bei Entzün-3. Ex telarum dung der Umvicinarum d'inflammatio u gebungen. des tissus adjainflammatione. cents. Congestion de la Sehnervenhyperämie. optici 196. Disci conpapille du gestio. nerf optique. Atrophie ou dégénér-Atrophie und Entar-197. Nervi optici aut tung der Sehnerven escence de la papille. papillae atrophia oder der Papille. aut degeneratio. a. Postneuritische. a. Suite d'inflammaa. Post inflammation. tionem. 1. Suite de Papillite. 1. Nach Papillitis. 1. Ex papillitide. Syn., Atrophie consécutive. 2. Suite de névrite 2. Nach retrobul-2. Ex neuritide bärer Neuritis. rétro-bulbaire. retro-oculari. 3. Due à une affec-3. Durch Netzhaut-3. Ex morbis und Aderhautertion de la rétine retinae aut krankungen. tunicae choou de la choroïde. roidis secundaria. b. Primäre. ou Prob. Primitive b. Primaria, sive gressive. Progrediens. Due à une affection Bei Erkrankung des Ex morbo appa-Central nervendu système nerratûs nervorum systems. veux central. centralis. c. Traumatische. c. Traumatique. c. Traumatica. d. Hereditäre. d. Héréditaire. d. Hereditaria. e. Angehorenc. Ine. Congénitale et e. Ingenita aut infantile. fantilis. Gutartige Neubildung. Néoplasme bénin. Neoplasma non

Néoplasme malin.

Bösartige Neubildung.

malignum.

Neoplasma num.

malig-

DISEASES OF THE OPTIC NERVE AND RETINA.

195. *Optic neuritis.

Note in all cases whether the disease affects one eye or both.

- a. Papillitis. Synonym, Swollen disc, Choked disc.
- b. Papillo-retinitis.

Note.—Papillo-retinitis may be returned either under Optic Nerve or Retina.

- c. Retro-ocular neuritis.
 - 1. Idiopathic.
 - 2. Toxic.
 - 3. From inflammation of neighbouring tissues.
- 196. Congestion of optic disc.
- 197. *Atrophy and degeneration of optic nerve or papilla.
 - a. Following inflammation.
 - 1. From Papillitis. Synonym, Consecutive atrophy.
 - 2. From Retro-ocular neuritis.
 - 3. Secondary to retinal or choroidal disease.
 - b. Primary, or Progressive.

Special Form:

Due to disease of central nervous system.

- c. Traumatic.
- d. Hereditary.
- e. Congenital and *Infantile.

New Growth, Non-malignant (79).

New Growth, Malignant (80).

Return according to list of tumours at p. 335

When the cause of this condition is known, the return should be made under the head of such cause, the local condition being also specified.

LATIN EQ.

Deformitates ingenitæ.

- a. Discus opticus telâ fibrosâ obscuratus.
- b. Discus opticus et disci margo pigmento notatus.

FRENCH.

Vices de conformation.

- a. Tissu fibreux sur la papille optique.
- b. Pigment dans la papille et à sa périphérie.

GERMAN.

Missbildungen.

- a. Bindegewebsbildung auf der Papille.
- b. Pigment auf der Papille und am Papillarrand.

RETINAE MORBI.

198. Retinitis.

- a. Syphilitica.
- b. Renalis, sive Albuninurica.
- c. Diabetica, sive Glycosurica.
- d. Leucocythamica, sive leuchaemica.
- e. Ex malariâ.
- f. Hæmorrhagica.
- g. Embolica.
- h. Solis ex fulgore aut electrico.

199. Hæmorrhagia.

- a. Intra retinae lamellas.
- b. Inter membranam hyaloidem et retinam.

200. Oedema.

201. Anaemia. I.v., Ischaemia.

Amaurosis ex quinnâ.

202. Degeneratio et Atrophia.

u. Primaria (pigmentata aut non pigmentata).

> Retinitis pigmentosa.

b. Ex tunicae choroidis atrophiâ secundaria. Rétinite.

- a. Syphilitique.
- b. D'origine réuale (albuminurique).
- c. Diabétique.
- d. Leukémique.
- e. Paludéenne.
- f. Hémorrhagique.

g. Embolique.

h. Par l'action de la lumière solaire ou électrique.

Hémorrhagie.

- a. Dans les couches rétiniennes.
- b. Entre la membrane h yaloïde et la rétine.

Œdème.

Anémie. Syu., Ischémie de la rétine.

Cécité causée par la quinine.

Dégénérescence et Atrophie.

a. Primitives (avecous sans pigmentation).

Rétinite pigmentaire.

b. Secon daires à l'atrophie de la choroïde.

Netzhautentzündung.

- a. Syphilitische.
- b. Albuminurische.
- c. Diabetische.
- d. Leukämische.
- e. Bei Malaria.
- J. Hämorrhagische.
- g. Embolische.
- h. Durch Blendung.

Netzhautblutung.

- a. Zwischen den Netzhautschichten.
- b. Zwischen Netzhaut und Glaskörper.

Odem.

Anämie. Syn., Netzhautischämie.

Chininblindheit.

Entartung und Atrophie.

a. Primire (mit oder of his Pigmentierung).

Retinitis pigmentosa, angeborene Nachtblindheit.

b. Bei Choroidalatrophie.

Malformations (78).

- a. Fibrous tissue on the optic disc.
- b. Pigment in the optic disc, and at its border.

 Return according to list at p. 347.

RETINA.

- 198. *Retinitis.
 - a. Syphilitic (42).
 - b. Renal. Synonym, Albuminuric (652).
 - c. Diabetic. Synonym, Glycosuric (66).
 - d. Leucocythamic. Synonym, Leuchamic (70).
 - e. Malarial (25).
 - f. Hæmorrhagic (including effects of Thrombosis of veins).
 - g. Embolic (including Arterial Thrombosis) (322).
 - h. From simlight, or electric light.
- 199. Hæmorrhage.
 - a. In the retinal layers.
 - b. Between hyaloid membrane and retina.
- 200. Œdema.
- 201. *Anamia. Synonym, Ischamia of Retina (when not due to Embolism or Thrombosis of Retinal Artery).

Special Form:

Blindness from Quinine.

- 202. Degeneration and Atrophy.
 - a. Primary (with or without pigmentation).

Special Form:

Retinitis pigmentosa.

b. Secondary to atrophy of choroid.

When the cause of this condition is known, the return should be made under the head of such cause, the local condition being also specified.

LATIN EQ. FRENCH. GERMAN. 203. Separatio. 1.v., Décollement. Syn. Ablösung. Hydrops subre-Hydropisie soustinalis. rétinienne. Neoplasma Néoplasme bénin. non Gutartige Neubildung maliguum. Neoplasma malig-Néoplasme malin. Bösartige Neubildung. num. Laesiones. Lésions. Verletzungen. Commotio retinae. Œdème consécutif à Commotio Retinae. un choc traumatique. Deformitates in-Vices de conformation. Missbildungen. genitae. a. Nervorum fibrarum a. Fibres nerveuses à a. Markhaltige Nervenmedullaťarum. gaine médullaire. fasern. b. Communications arb. Aneurysma arteriob. Arterias inter tério-veineuses et venosum und venasque anandere Anomalien astomoses et aliae autres anomalies Gefässanordvasculaires. der vasorum anomaliae. nung. c. Eigentümliche c. Retina scintillans. c. Rétine chatoyante, Lichtreflexe der Netzhaut, Seidensive Retina étincelante, striée. striata. glanz, Streifen. d. Pigmentflecke. d. Taches pigmentaires. d. Maculae pigmentatae. Morbi. EJUSQUE CAPSULAE LENTIS

Grauer Star. Cataracte lenticulaire. lenticu-204. Cataracta laris.

(1.) Primitive. (1.) Primärer. (1.) Primaria. a. Angeborener. a. Congénitale. a. Ingenita. 1. Schichtstar. 1. Lamellaire. 1. Lamellaris, Syn., Zonulaire. sive Zonularis. 2. Totalstar. 2. Complète. 2. Absoluta. 3. Geschrumpfter 3. Ratatinée. 3. Contracta. Star. b. Erworbener.

b. Cataracte acquise.

1. Pyramidale. 1. Pyramidalis. 2. Polaire 2. Polaris anantérieure. terior. 3. Polaire 3. Polaris p o s térieure.

terior. 4. Nucléaire. 4. Nuclearis.

5. Corticale. 5. Corticalis.

b. Cataracta acquisita.

> 3. Hinterer Polar D08-

4. Kernstar. 5. Kortikalstar.

1. Pyramidalstar.

2. Vorderer Polar-

star.

star.

203. Detachment. Synonym, Subretinal dropsy.

New Growth, Non-malignant (79).

Return according to list at .p. 335.

(80).

Injuries (83).

Commotio retine. Synonym, Concussion-ædema. Return according to list at p. 277.

Malformations (78).

Return according to the list at p. 347.

- a. Medullated nerve-fibres. Synonym, Opaque nerve-fibres.
- b. Arterio-venous communications and other vascular anomalies.
- c. Peculiarities of light reflexion from the retina:
 Watered or Shot silk, Scintillating retina,
 Striated retina.
- d. Pigment patches.

DISEASES OF THE LENS AND ITS CAPSULE.

204. Lenticular Cataract.

State in all cases whether the disease affects one eye or both.

- (1.) Primary.
 - a. Congenital.
 - 1. Lamellar. Synonym, Zonular.
 - 2. Complete.
 - 3. Shrunken.
 - b. Acquired Cataract.
 - 1. Pyramidal.
 - 2. Anterior polar.
 - 3. Posterior polar.
 - 4. Nuclear.
 - 5. Cortical.

LATIN Eq.

- 6. Absoluta.
 - a. Senilis, sive
 - b. Juvenilis, sive mollis.
- 7. Traumatica.
- 8. Diabetica.
- 9. Contracta e t calcarea.
- (2.) Cataracta secundaria.
- 205. Cataracta capsularis.
- 206. Aphakia.
- 207. Dislocatio.
 - a. Ingenita.
 - b. Traumatica.
 - c. Spontanea.
 - Deformitates ingenitae.

Lens ex vitio ingenito serrata.

FRENCH.

- 6. Complète.
 - a. Sénile ou dure.
 - b. Juvénile ou molle.
- 7. Traumatique.
- 8. Diabétique.
- 9. Ratatinée et calcaire.
- (2.) Cataracte secondaire.

Cataracte capsulaire.

Aphakie.

Luxation.

- a. Congénitale.
- b. Traumatique.
- c. Spontanée.

Vices de conformation.

Colobome du cristallin.

GERMAN.

- 6. Totalstar.
- a. Seniler oder harter.
- h. Weicher.
- 7. Traumatischer.
- 8. Diabetischer.
- 9. Gesch rumpfter und verkalkter.
- (2.) Infolge von anderen Augenerkrankungen.

Kapselstar.

Aphakie.

Luxation.

- a. Angeborene.
- b. Traumatische.
- c. Spontane.

Missbildungen.

Coloboma lentis.

Corporis Vitrei Morbi.

208. Hyalitis.

209. Telae aliquid novae in corpore vitreo.

Includitur Retinitis proliferans.

210. Haemorrhagia.

211. Opacitates. Includitur Corporis vitrei liquefactio.

Synchysis seintillans (in corpore vitreo cholestearinum).

Morbi parasitici.

Hyalite.

Néoformation de tissu dans le corps vitré (y compris rétinite proliférante).

Hémorrhagie.

Opacités (y compris liquéfaction du corps vitré).

Synchysis étincelant (cholestérine).

Maladies parasitaires.

Entzündung. Syn., Hyalitis.

Bindegewebsneubildung.

Blutung.

Trübung (mit Einschluss der Glaskörperverflüssigung).

Synchysis scintillans.

Parasitäre Erkrankungen.

- 6. Complete.
 - a. Senile or hard.
 - b. Juvenile or soft.
- 7. Traumatic.
- 8. Diabetic (66).
- 9. Shrunken and calcareous.
- (2.) Secondary Cataract: (caused by disease of other parts of the eye).
- 205. Capsular Cataract.
- 206. Aphakia.
- 207. *Dislocation.
 - a. Congenital (78).
 - b. Traumatic.
 - c. Spontaneous.

Malformations (78).

Congenital notching of lens.

Return according to list at p. 347.

DISEASES OF THE VITREOUS HUMOUR.

Note.—In all cases of disease of the Vitreous, state whether any, and what, other disease of the eye is present.

- 208. *Hyalitis.
- 209. New Tissue in the Vitreous (including the cases known as Retinitis proliferaus).
- 210. *Hæmorrhage.
- 211. Opacities (including liquefaction of the Vitreous).

Special Form:

Synchysis scintillans (Cholesterin in the Vitreous).

Parasitic Diseases (82).

Return according to list at p. 384.

When the cause of this condition is known, the return should be made under the head of such cause, the local condition being also specified.

FRENCH.

GERMAN.

opie.

LATIN EQ.

luce.

Laesiones. Lesions. Verletzungen. Deformitates in-Vices de conformation. Missbildungen. genitae GLOBI MORBI. Panophthálmitis. 212. Panophthalmitis. Panophthalmie. a. Acuta infectiva. a. Aiguë infectieuse. a. Akute. 1. Traumatica. 1. Traumatique. 1. Traumatische. 2. Embolische oder 2. Embolique ou 2. Embolica aut thrombotica. throm botique Thrombotische. (y compris "Pseudogliome"). b. Chronische. b. Chronique. b. Chronica. Schrumpfen. Atrophie. Syn.,213. Globus contractus. Phthisis bulbi. Missbildungen. Vices de conformation. Deformitates ingenitae. VISUS ET SENSUS DEFECTIONES SINE MORBIS OCULORUM MANIFESTIS. EX NERVORUM APPARATUS VITIIS. Amblyopie u n dAmblyopie et Amaure t 214. Amblyopia Amaurose. ose. Amaurosis. a. Amblyopie toxique. a. Intoxikation sa ma. Amblyopia toxica. blyopie. b. Nachtblindheit b. Nyctalopie. b. Nyctalopia. Amc. Hysterische c. Amblyopie hysc. Amblyopia hysteblyopie. térique. rica. d. Augeborene Amd. Amblyopie conind. Amblyopia blyopie. génitale. genita. e. Blendungsamblye. Cécité produite par e. Caecitas ex nimià

lumière intense.

Injuries (83).

Return according to list at p. 277.

Malformations (78).

Return according to list at p. 347.

AFFECTIONS OF THE GLOBE.

- 212. *Panophthalmitis.
 - *Acute Infective.
 - 1. Traumatic.
 - 2. Embolic or thrombotic (including so-called Pseudoglioma).
 - b. *Chronic.
- 213. *Shrunken Eyeball.

Note whether or not the eye contains bone.

Malformations (78).

Return according to list at p. 347.

DISORDERS OF VISION AND SENSATION WITHOUT VISIBLE CHANGES IN THE EYES.

DUE TO DEFECTS OF THE NERVOUS MECHANISM.

214. Amblyopia and Amaurosis.

Note.—These terms are to be used only when the anatomical cause of the defect of vision is unknown. See Optic Nerve.

a. Toxic Amblyopia (85).

(State the toxic agent when known.)

- b. Functional night blindness. Synonym, Nyctalopia.
- c. Hysterical Amblyopia (133).
- d. Congenital Amblyopia.

(State whether affecting one eye or both, and if single, whether with squint or not.)

e. Blinding from intense light.

When the cause of this condition is known, the return should be made under the head of such cause, the local condition being also specified.

FRENCH. LATIN EQ. GERMAN. f. Hemeralopia. f. Héméralopie. f. Tagblindheit. g. Cæcitas temporg. Cécité fugace ou g. Amaurosis fugax. aria. I.v., eardiaque ou syn-Amaurosis copale. fugax, Cæeitas cardiaca. h. Amaurosis ex h. Amaurose migrainh. Flimmerskotom. hemicraniâ. ense. 215. Hemianopia. Hémiopie. Hemianopie. a. Absoluta. a. Complète. a. Vollständige. b. Coloribus solum b. Pour la couleur seule. b. Nur für Farben. minus reete eog-**216**. Falsa Perturbations des sen-Perverse Gesichtsemrerum per visum cognitio. sations visuelles. pfindungen. a. Micropsie. a. Mieropsia. a. Verkleinertsehen. Syn., Mikropsie. b. Vergrössertse hen. b. Macropsia. b. Macropsie. Syn., Makropsie. c. Verzerrtsehen. c. Metamorphopc. Métamorphopsie. sia. phopsie. d. Photopsia, d. Photopsie, Chromatopsie, Erythrd. Photopsie und Chromatopsia, Chromatopsie. mit Einschluss Erythropsia. opsie. des Rotsehen. Fliegende Mücken. Mouches volantes. 217. Muscæ volitantes. 218. Achromatopsia in-Daltonisme congéni-Farbenblindheit. Syn., tal. Syn., Dyschro-Dyschromatopsie. genita. Achromatopsie, matopsie. Sympathische Reizung. Irritation symsym-

219. Irritatio pathetica.

220. Globi neuralgia.

221. Globi anæsthesia.

a. Tota.

b. Imperfeeta.

pathique.

Névralgie du globe.

Anésthésie du globe.

a. Complète.

b. Partielle.

Syn., Metamor-

Augapfelanästhesie.

a. Vollständige.

b. Partielle.

EX REFRACTIONIS AUT MUSCULORUM ACTIONUM VITIIS.

222. Ametropia.

a. Mvopia

b. Hypermetropia. I.v, Hyperopia.

Amétropie.

a. Myopie.

b. Hypermetropie.

Ametropie.

a. Myopie. Syn., Kurzsichtigkeit.

a. Hypermetropie. Syn., Übersichtig. keit.

- f. Day blindness. Synonym, Hemeralopia.
- g. Temporary blindness. Synonyms, Amaurosis fugax, Cardiac or syncopic blindness. (See Ischæmia of Retina.)
- h. Migraine blindness (128). Synonyms, Flickering Scotoma, Fortification blindness.

215. Hemianopia.

- a. For form, light, and colour.
- b. For colour only.

216. Perverted Visual Sensations.

- a. Micropsia.
- b. Macropsia.
- c. Metamorphopsia.
- d. Photopsia and Chromatopsia, including Erythropsia.
- 217. Muscæ Volitantes.
- 218. Congenital colour blindness. Synonyms, Dyschromatopsia, Achromatopsia.

(Without evidence of disease. The variety and degree of colour blindness should be stated as accurately as possible.)

- 219. Sympathetic irritation.
- 220. *Neuralgia of eyeball.
- 221. *Anæsthesia of eyeball.
 - a. Complete.
 - b. Partial.

DUE TO ERRORS IN REFRACTION OR IN MUSCULAR ACTION.

222. Ametropia.

- a. Myopia.
- b. Hypermetropia. Synonym, Hyperopia.

When the cause of this condition is known, the return should be made under the head of such cause, the local condition being also specified.

LATIN EQ.

- c. Astigmatismus.
 - 1. Myopicus, simplex aut compositus.
 - 2. Hypermetropicus, simplex aut compositus.
 - 3. Mixtus.
 - 4. Abnormis.
- d. Anisometropia.

223. Accommodationis morbi.

- a. Presbyopia.
- b. Spasmus.
 - 1. Temporarius.
 - 2. Perstans.
- c. Atonia et Paralysis.

224. Asthenopia.

- a. Ex accommodationis vitiis.
- b. Muscularis.
- c. Ex irritatione, aut hyperæsthetica.

 Includitur Asthenopia retunalis.

225. Diplopia.

- a. Binocularis.
- b. Eniocularis.
 - 1. Ex cataractâ incipiente aut ex polycoriâ.
 - 2. Ex actione perturbatâ.

FRENCH.

- c. Astigmatisme.
 - 1. Myopique, simple ou composé.
 - 2. Hypermétropique, simple ou composé.
 - 3. Mixte.
 - 4. Irrégulier.
- d. Anisométropie.

Troubles de l'accommodation.

- a. Presbyopie.
- b. Spasme.
 - 1. Fugace ou occasionel.
 - 2. Permanent.
- c. Faiblesse et Paralysie.

Asthénopie.

- a. De l'accommodation.
- b. Des muscles externes.
- c. Irritative ou hyperésthétique (y compris Asthénopie rétinienne).

Diplopie.

- a. Binoculaire.
- b. Uni-oculaire.
 - 1. Par cataracte au début ou en conséquence de polycorie.
 - 2. Fonctionelle.

GERMAN.

- c. Astigmatismus.
 - 1. Myopischer, einfacher oder zusammengesetzter.
 - 2. Hypermetropischer.
 - 3. Gemischter.
 - 4. Unregelmässiger.
- d. Anisometropie.

Akkommodationsstörungen.

- a. Presbyopie. Syn.,
 Alterssichtigkeit.
- b. Akkommodationskrampf.
 - 1. Temporarer oder gelegentlicher.
 - 2. Fortdauernder.
- c. Schwäche und Lähmung.

Asthenopie.

- a. Akkommodative.
- b. Muskuläre.
- c. Retinale.

Doppelsehen. Sy[n., Diplopie.

- a. Zweiäugiges.
- b. Einäugiges.
 - 1. Bei beginnendem Star oder bei Polykorie.
 - 2. Funktionelles.

GLOBI AUT PALPEBRARUM NEVORUM MOTORUM ET MUSCULORUM EXTERNORUM MORBI.

- 226. Strabismus.
 - a. Paralyticus.
- Strabisme.
 - a. Paralytique.

Schielen.

a. Paralytisches.

- c. Astigmatism.
 - 1. Myopic, simple or compound.
 - 2. Hypermetropic, simple or compound.
 - 3. Mixed.
 - 4. *Irregular.
- d. Anisometropia.
- 223. Disorders of Accommodation.
 - a. Presbyopia.
 - b. Spasm.
 - 1. Temporary or occasional.
 - 2. Permanent.
 - c. *Weakness and Paralysis.
- 224. Asthenopia.
 - a. Accommodative (Ciliary Muscle).
 - b. Muscular (External Muscles).
 - c. Irritative or Hyperæsthetic, including Retinal Asthenopia.
- 225. *Diplopia.
 - a. Binocular.
 - b. Uniocular.
 - 1. From commencing Cataract or from Polycoria.
 - 2. Functional.

Affections of the Motor Nerves and External Muscles of the Eyeball or Eyelid.

226. Squint. Synonym, Strabismus.

a. Paralytic (110).

(Classify according to the nerve or nerves affected; or the movements lost or impaired.)

^{*} When the cause of this condition is known, the return should be made under the head of such cause, the local condition being also specified.

LATIN EQ.

b. Non paralyticus.

Includitur Strabismus concomitans.

227. Oculi conjunctim devii.

Ophthalmoplegia.

Deformitates ingenitæ.

Defectus musculorum ingeniti.

228. Nystagmus.

a. Ingenitus.

b. Acquisitus.

1. Cum morbo apparatus nervorum centralis conjunctus.

2. Ex artificiis.

I.v., Metalliorum Nystagmus.

Lagophthalmus, ex nervi facialis paralysi.

FRENCH.

b. Non-paralytique (y compris Strabisme concomitant).

Déviation conjuguée des yeux.

Ophthalmoplégie.

Vices de conformation.

Défauts muscularies d'origine congénitale.

Nystagmus.

a. Congénital.

b. Acquis.

1. Associé à une maladie du système nerveux central.

2. Nystagmus des Mineurs.

Lagophthalmie (résultant de la paralysie du nerf facial). GERMAN.

b. Nichtparalytisches, konkomitierendes.

Gleichsinnige Abweichung der Augachsen.

Ophthalmoplegie.

Missbildungen.

Angeborene Insufficienz der Muskeln.

Nystagmus.

Angeborener.

Erworbener.

1. Bei Erkrankung des Centralnervensystems.

2. Nystagmus der Bergleute.

Lagophthalmos bei Facialislähmung.

LACRYMARUM APPARATUS MORBI.

229. Glandulæ lacrymalis inflammatio. I.v., Dacryoadenitis.
Abscessus.

230. Glandulæ ductuum distensio. *I.v.*, Dacryops.

231. Ductuum fistula.

232. Punctorum eversio.

233. Punctorum et canaliculorum strictura et obliteratio.

Corpus in puncto adventitium.

Inflammation de la glande lacrymale. Syn., Dacryo-adénite.

Abcès de la glande lacrymale.

Distension des voies lacrymales. Syn., Dacryops.

Fistule des voies lacrymales.

Eversion des points lacrymaux.

Rétrécissement et oblitération des points et des conduits lacrymaux.

Corps étranger dans le point lacrymal.

Tränendrüsenentzündung.

Tränendrüsenabcess.

Dakryops. Syn., Erweiterung der Ausführungsgänge.

Fistel der Ausführungsgänge.

Eversion der Tränenpunkte.

Verengerung und Verschluss der Tränenpunkte der Kanälchen.

Fremdkörper im Tränenpunkt.

b. Non-paralytic, including Concomitant.

(State whether convergent, divergent, or irregular; permanent or periodic; unilateral or alternating.)

227. Conjugate Deviation of the Eyes.

Ophthalmoplegia (110).

Malformations (78).

Congenital muscular deficiencies (78).

Return according to list at p. 347.

228. *Nystagmus.

(State the direction of the oscillation and whether affecting one eye or both.)

- a. Congenital.
- b. Acquired.

Special Forms:

- 1. Associated with central nervous disease.
- 2. Nystagmus from occupation. Synonym, Mmer's Nystagmus.

Lagophthalmos, from paralysis of facial nerve (248).

Return under diseases of Eyelids.

AFFECTIONS OF THE LACRYMAL APPARATUS.

229. Inflammation of Lacrymal Gland. Synonym, Dacryoadenitis.

Abscess of Lacrymal Gland.

- 230. Distension of excretory ducts. Synonym, Dacryops.
- 231. Fistula of excretory ducts.
- 232. Eversion of puncta.
- 233. Stricture and obliteration (atresia) of puncta and canaliculi.

Foreign body in punctum (44).

^{*} When the cause of this condition is known, the return should be made under the head of such cause, the local condition being also specified.

LATIN EQ.	FRENCH.	GERMAN.
234. Dacryo-cystitis.	Dacryocystite.	Tränensackentzündung. Syn., Dakryocystitis.
a. Chronica. I.v., Mucocele.	a. Chronique. Syn., Mucocèle.	a. Chronische.
b. Acuta. I.v., Abscessus lacrymalis.	b. Aiguë. Syn., Abcès lacrymal.	b. Akute. Syn., Tränensack- eiterung.
235. Sacculi lacrymalis fistula.	Fistule du sac lacrymal.	Tränensackfistel.
236. Ductus nasalis obstructio.	Obstruction du canal lacrymal (nasal).	Verstopfung des Trä- nennasengangs.
237. Epiphora.	Epiphora.	Tränenträufeln.
238. Dacryolithiasis.	Dacryolithiase.	Dakryolithiasis. Kon- kretionen in den Tränenwegen.
Morbi Parasitici.	Affection parasitaire.	Parasitäre Erkrankung.
Neoplasma non malignum.	Néoplasme bénin.	Gutartige Neubildung.
Neoplasma malig- num.	Néoplasme malin.	Bösartige Neubildung.
Deformitates in- genitæ.	Vices de conformation.	Missbildungen.
gennæ.	Fistule congénitale du Sac.	Angeborene Tränen- sackfistel.
Læsiones.	Lésions.	Verletzungen.
p ,	ALPEBRARUM MORB	
239. Blepharitis marginalis. <i>I.v.</i> , Ophthalmia Tarsi, Tinea Tarsi.	Blépharite.	Lidekzem. Syn., Ble- pharitis marginalis.
240. Madarosis.	Madarose,	Madarosis.
241. Hordeolus.	Orgelet.	Gersten korn. $Syn.$, Hordeolus.
242. Abscessus.	Abcès.	Abscess.
243. Ecchymosis.	Ecchymose. Syn., Œil au beurre noire.	Ekchymosis. Syn., Blaues Auge.
244. Emphysema.	Emphysème.	Emphysem.
245. Lippitudo.	Lippitude.	Triefauge. Syn., Lippitudo. Trichiasis.
246. Trichiasis.	Trichiasis.	
247. Entropion.	Entropion. a. Spasmodique.	Entropium. Syn., Lid- einstülpung. a. Spastisches.
a. Spasmodicum.	h Oranniana	b. Narbenentropium.

. b. Organique.

b. Narbenentropium.

b. Organicum.

234. Dacryo-cystitis.

- a. Chronic. Synonym, Mucocele.
- b. Acute. Synonym, Lacrymal Abscess.
- 235. Fistula of Lacrymal Sac.
- 236. *Obstruction of Nasal Duct.
- 237. *Epiphora.
- 238. Dacryo-lithiasis. Concretion in duct of Lacrymal Gland, in Canaliculi, Sac or Nasal Duct.

Parasitic Disease in Canaliculus or Sac (82).

Return according to the list at p. 384.

New Growth. Non-malignant Return according to the (79).

New Growth, Malignant (80). P. 335.

Malformations (78).

Congenital fistula of Sac.

Return according to the list at p. 347.

Injuries (83).

Return according to the list at p. 277.

DISEASES OF THE EYELIDS.

- 239. Blepharitis marginalis. Synonyms, Ophthalmia Tarsi, Tinea Tarsi.
- 240. Madarosis.
- 241. Sty. Synonym, Hordeolus.
- 242. Abscess.
- 243. *Ecchymosis. Synonym, Black eye.
- 244. Emphysema.
- 245. *Lippitudo.
- 246. *Trichiasis.
- 247. Entropion.
 - a. Spasmodic.
 - b. *Organic.

Note.—If congenital, return under malformations.

When the cause of this condition is known, the return should be made under the head of such cause, the local condition being also specified.

	I . mare The	T	
010	LATIN EQ.	French.	GERMAN.
4 1 0.	Ectropion.	Ectropion.	Ektropium.
	a. Ex spasmo et inflammatione.	a. Spasmodique et inflammatoire.	a. Spastisch'es und entzündliches.
	b. Senile.	b. Sénile.	b. Senile.
	c. Organieum.	c. Organique.	c. Narbenektropium.
	d. Ex nervi facialis paralyse. I.v., Lagopathalmus.	d. Par paralysie du nerf facial. Syn., Lagophthalmie.	$d.~{ m Bei\ Facialisl}$ ähmung.
249.	Blepharophimosis.	Blépharophimosis.	Blepharophimosis.
25 0.	Symblepharon.	Symblépharon.	Symblepharon.
251.	Ankyloblepharon	Ankyloblépharon.	Ankyloblepharon
252.	Œdema.	Œdème.	Lidödem.
	a. Passivum. Includitur Œdema angioncuroticum.	a. Passif.	a. Nicht entzündliches. Angioneurotisches.
	b. Ex inflammatione.	b. Inflammatoire.	b. Entzündliches.
2 53.	Blepharospasmus.	Blépharospasme.	Blepharospasmus. Syn., Lidkrampf.
254.	Ptosis.	Ptosis.	Ptosis.
	a. Ingenita.	a. Congénital.	a. Angeborene.
	b. Paralytica.	b. Paralytique.	b. Paralytische.
	Cystis.	Kyste.	Cyste.
	Chalazion. <i>I.v.</i> , Cystis tarsalis, Cystis Meibomiana.	Chalazion.	Hagelkorn. Syn., Chalazion.
	Neoplasma non malignum.	Néoplasme bénin.	Gutartige Neubildung.
	Neoplasma malig- num!	Néoplasme malin.	Bösartige Neubildung.
	Xanthelasma. I.v., Xanthoma.	Xanthelasma. Syn., Xanthome.	Xanthelasma.
	Erysipelas.	Erysipèle.	Erysipel.
	Syphilis.	Syphilis.	Syphilis.

248. Ectropion.

- a. *Spasmodic and inflammatory.
- b. Senile.
- c. *Organic.
- d. From paralysis of facial nerve. Synonym, Lagophthalmos.
- 249. *Blepharophimosis.
- 250. *Symblepharon.
- 251. *Ankyloblepharon.

Note.—If congenital, return under malformations (78).

- 252. *Œdema.
 - a. Passive (including Angio-neurotic).
 - b. Inflammatory.
- 253. Blepharospasm.
- 254. *Ptosis.
 - a. Congenital (78).
 - b. Paralytic (110).

Note.—If attributable to central nervous disease, this should be stated.

Cyst (81).

Chalazion. Synonyms, Tarsal Cyst, Meibomian Cyst.

New Growth, Non-malignant (79).

New Growth, Malignant of tumours at p. 335.

(80).

Xanthoma (995). Synonym, Nanthelasma.

Erysipelas (15).

Syphilis (42).

When the cause of this condition is known, the return should be made under the head of such cause, the local condition being also specified.

LATIN EQ. FRENCH. GERMAN. Morbi parasitici. Affections parasitaires. Parasitäre Erkrankungen. Læsiones. Lésions. Verletzungen. Deformitates in-Vices de conformation. Missbildungen. genitæ. Orbitæ et Partium Vicinarum Morbi. Telae Connexivæ Inflammation du tissu Zellgewebsentzüninflammatio. I.v., conjonctif. dung. Syn., Cellu-Cellulitis. litis. a. Traumatica. a. Traumatische. a. Traumatique. b. Ab aliis partibus b. Par extension b. Fortgeleitete. (locale ou métasextensa. tatique). c. Abcès. c. Abscessus. c. Orbitalphlegmon. Syn., Retro-bulbärabscess. Syphilis. Syphilis. Syphilis.

Erysipel. Erysipèle. Erysipelas.

Caries. Carie. 255. Caries.

Nécrose. Nekrose. 256. Necrosis.

Orbitalblutung. Hémorrhagie. 257. Hæmorrhagia.

> a. Traumatische. a. Traumatique. a. Traumatica.

b. Idiopathique ou à la suite d'une malab. Idiopathische oder b. Idiopathica, aut

bei Skorbut oder ex morbis aliis bei anderen Allgedie générale. generalibus.

meinkrankheiten. Emphysem. Emphysème. Emphysema.

Ausdehnung

des

Distension des sinus à Sinuum distensio. Sinus frontalis. la marge de l'orbite.

Exophthalmus. Exophthalmie. Syn.,258. Exophthalmus. I.v., Proptosis. Proptosis.

> a. Pulsierender. a. Pulsatile. a. Pulsatilis.

Parasitic diseases (82).

Return according to list at p. 384.

Injuries (83).

Return according to list at p. 277.

Malformations (78).

Return according to list at p. 347.

DISEASES OF THE ORBIT AND NEIGHBOURING PARTS.

- *Inflammation of Connective Tissue. Synonym, Cellulitis (952).
 - a. Traumatic.
 - b. *By extension (local or metastatic).

 Specify source and nature of originating disease.
 - c. Abscess.

 State whether periosteal or not.

Syphilis (42).

Erysipelas (15).

- 255. Caries.
- 256. Necrosis.
- 257. *Hæmorrhage.
 - a. Traumatic.
 - b. *Idiopathic, or resulting from Scurvy or other general disease.

Emphysema (958).

Distension of sinuses bordering on Orbit.

Return under Diseases of Bone.

258. †Exophthalmos. Synonym, Proptosis.

In all cases note whether the condition affects one orbit or both.

a. Pulsatile.

When the cause of this condition is known, the return should be made under the head of such cause, the local condition being also specified.

† Specify in all cases the part affected, and the cause when known.

LATIN EQ.

Arteriam inter venamque communicatio.

b. Non pulsatilis.

FRENCH.

Communication artério-veineuse.

b. Non-pulsatile.

GERMAN.

Arteriovenöse Anastomose.

b. Nicht pulsierende.

Bronchocele exoph-

Neoplasma non malignum.

malig-

thalmica.

Neoplasma

num.

Læsiones.

Goître exophthalmique. Syn., Maladie de Graves, Maladie de Basedow.

Néoplasme bénin.

Néoplasme malin.

Lésions.

Basedow'sche Krank. heit.

Gutartige Neubildung.

Bösartige Neubildung.

Verletzungen.

Special Form:

Arterio-venous intercommunication.

b. Non-pulsatile.

From obstruction of venous sinuses, inflammation, or tumour.

Synonyms, Exophthalmic Goître (67). disease, Basedow's disease.

New Growth, Non-malig-

nant (79).

New Growth, Malignant (80).

Return according to the list of tumours at p. 335.

Injuries (83).

Return according to the list at p. 277.

AURIS MORBI.

AURIS EXTERNÆ MORBI.

AURICULÆ ET MEATUS EXTERNI.

LATIN EQ.	FRENCH.	GERMAN
259. Inflammatio.	Inflammation.	Entzündung.
a. Acuta.	a. Aiguë.	a. Akute.
b. Chronica.	5. Chronique.	b. Chronische.
c. Suppurativa.	c. Purulente.	c. Eitrige.
Abscessus.	Abcès.	Abcess.
260. Auriculæ hæma- toma.	Hématome.	Ohrmuschelhämatom.
Morbus Raynaud.	Maladie de Raynaud.	Raynaud'sche Krank heit.
261. Caries.	Carie.	Knochenfrass. $Syn.$, Caries.
262. Necrosis.	Nécrose.	Nekrose. Syn., Brand.
263. Hyperostosis.	Hyperostose.	Hyperostose.
Neoplasma non malignum.	Néoplasme bénin.	Gutartige Neubildung.
a. Polypus.	a. Polype.	a. Ohrenpolyp.

b. Exostosis.

Neoplasma malignum.

264. In meatu externo ceruminis aut epidermidis accumulatio.

Auriculæ tophus.

Syphilis.

Lepra.

Morbi parasitici.

b. Exostose.

Néoplasme malin.

Amas cérumineux ou épidermique du conduit auditif externe.

Tophus.

Syphilis.

Lèpre.

Affections parasitaires.

b. Gehörgangsexostose.

Bösartige Neubildung.

Ohrenschmalz oder Epidermisschuppen im äusseren Gehörgang.

Gichtische Einlagerung. Syn., Tophus.

Syphilis.

Aussatz.

Parasitäre Erkrankungen.

DISEASES OF THE EAR.

Italics indicate that the disease in question should not be registered in this Section. The proper place is shewn by the number which follows.

DISEASES OF THE EXTERNAL EAR.

*AURICLE AND EXTERNAL MEATUS.

259. Inflammation.

a. Acute.

b. Chronic.

c. Suppurative.

Abscess.

260. Hæmatoma of auricle.

Raynaud's disease (323).

261. Caries.

262. Necrosis.

263. Hyperostosis.

New Growth, Non-malignant (79).

a. Polypus.

Return under Fibroma, Adenoma, or Granulationtumour.

Return according to the list of tumours at p. 335.

b. Exostosis.

New Growth, Malignant (80).

264. Accumulation in external meatus of wax or epidermis.

Gouty deposit in auricle. Synonym, Tophus (68).

Syphilis (42).

Leprosy (23).

Parasitic affections (82).

Return according to the list at p. 384.

^{*} Specify in all cases the part affected, and the cause when known.

13332

LATIN EQ.

Deformitates ingenitæ.

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FRENCH.

Vices de conformation.

GERMAN.

Missbildungen.

Læsiones.

Traumatismes.

Verletzungen.

Corpora adventitia.

Corps étrangers.

Fremdkörper.

AURIS MEDIÆ MORBI.

TYMPANI, MEMBRANÆ TYMPANI, OSSICULORUM, TUBÆ EUSTACHII ET CELLULARUM MASTOIDIUM.

265.	Inflammatio.	Inflammation.	Entzündung.
	a. Acuta.	a. Aiguë.	a. Akute.
	b. Chronica.	b. Chronique.	b. Chronische.
	c. Suppurativa.	c. Purulente.	c. Eitrige.
266.	Membranæ tympani perforatio.	Perforation de la membrane tympanique.	Trommelfelldurch bohrung.
267.	Necrosis.	Nécrose.	Nekrose. Syn., Brand.
	Ossiculorum.	Des osselets.	Der Ohrknöchelchen.
268.	Caries.	Carie.	Knochenfrass. Syn., Caries.
	Ossiculorum.	Des osselets.	Der Ohrknöchelchen.
269.	Ossiculorum anky- losis.	Ankylose des osselets.	Ohrknöchelnankylose.
	Neoplasma non	Néoplasme bénin.	Gutartige Neubildung.
	malignum. Polypus.	Polype.	Mittelohrpolyp.

Neoplasma malig-

num. Syphilis.

Tuberculosis.

Læsiones.

Néoplasme malin.

Syphilis.

Tuberculose.

Traumatismes.

Bösartige Neubildung.

Syphilis.

Tuberkulose.

Verletzungen.

270. Tubæ Eustachii obstructio.

Obstruction du canal auditif interne.

Ohrtrompetenverstopfung.

Malformations (78).

Return according to the list at p. 347.

Injuries (83).

Return according to the list at p. 277.

Foreign bodies in external meatus (84).

DISEASES OF THE MIDDLE EAR.

TYMPANUM, MEMBRANA TYMPANI, OSSICLES, EUSTACHIAN TUBE, AND MASTOID CELLS.

265. *Inflammation.

a. Acute.

b. Chronic.

c. Suppurative.

266. Perforation of membrana tympani.

267. Necrosis.

Of ossicles.

268. Caries.

Of ossicles.

269. Ankylosis of ossicles.

New Growth, Non-malignant (79).

Polypus.

Return under Fibroma Adenoma, or Granulation tumour. Return according to the list of tumours at p. 335.

New Growth, Malignant (80).

Syphilis (42).

Tuberculosis (44).

Injuries (83).

Return according to list at p. 277.

270. †Obstruction of Eustachian tube.

* Specify in all cases the part affected.

[†] When the cause of this condition is known, the return should be made under the head of such cause, the local condition being also specified.

AURIS INTERNÆ MORBI.

LATIN EQ.	FRENCH.	GERMAN.
271. Inflammatio.	Inflammation.	Entzündung.
a. Acuta.	a. Aiguë.	a. Akute.
b. Chronica.	b. Chronique.	b. Chronische.
c. Suppurativa.	c. Purulente.	c. Eitrige.
272. Anæmia.	Anémie.	Anämie.
273. Hyperæmia.	Hyperémie.	Hyperämie.
274. Necrosis.	Nécrose.	Brand. Syn., Nekrose.
Neoplasma malig- num.	Néoplasme malin.	Bösartige Neubildung
Syphilis.	Syphilis.	Syphilis.
Deformitates in- genitæ.	Vices de conformation.	Missbildungen.
Læsiones.	Traumatismes.	Verletzungen.
275. Tinnitus.	Tintement d'oreille.	Ohrensausen.
276. Surditas.	Surdité.	Taubheit.
Vertigo auditoria. <i>I.v.</i> , Morbus Menière.	Maladie de Menière.	Ohrenschwindel. Syn Menière'sche Krank heit.

DISEASES OF THE INTERNAL EAR.

271. Inflammation.

a. Acute.

b. Chronic.

c. Suppurative.

272. Anæmia.

273. Hyperæmia.

274. Necrosis.

New Growth, Malignant (80).

Return according to list of tumours at p. 335.

Syphilis (42).

Malformations (78).

Return according to the list at p. 347.

Injuries (83).

275. *Tinnitus.

276. *Deafness (complete or partial). If accompanied by dumbness this should be stated.

Auditory vertigo. Synonym, Menière's disease (127).

^{*} When the cause of this condition is known, the return should be made under the head of such cause, the local condition being also specified.

NASI MORBI.

LATIN EQ.

277. Rhinitis.

- a. A c u t a l.v., Coryza
- b. Chronica.
 - Cum hypertrophiâ.
 - 2. Cum atrophiâ.
 - 3. Ozæna.
- c. Membranacea.
- d. Suppurativa. I.v., Nasi abscessus.
- e. Caseosa.
- f. Rhinitis vasomotoria.
- g. Febris ex faeno.
- 278. Nasi compagis morbi.
 - a. Perichondritis.
 - b. Periostitis.
 - c. Necrosis, Caries.
 - d. Septi hæmatoma.
 - f. Septi perforatio.
 - g. Septiobliquitas.
- 279. Cutis glandularumque sebacearum hypertrophia.
 - Deformitates in genitæ.
 - Neoplasma non malignum. Includuntur, Ecchondrosis, Exostosis, Angioma.

Neoplasma malig-

FRENCH.

Inflammation des parties molles. Syn., Rhinite.

- a. Aiguë. Syn., Coryza.
- b. Chronique.
 - 1. Avec hypertrophie.
 - 2. Avec atrophie.
 - 3. Ozène.
- c. Membraneuse.
- d. Purulente. Syn., Abcès du nez.
- e. Caséeuse.
- f. Vasomotrice.
- g. Rhume des foins.

 Syn., Asthme
 d'étéou des foins.

Maladies de la charpente.

- a. Périchondrite.
- b. Périostite.
- c. Nécrose, Carie.
- d. Hématome de la Cloison.
- e, Abcès de la Cloison.
- f. Perforation de la Cloison.
- g. Déviations de la Cloison.

Hypertrophie de la peau et des glandes sébacées.

Vices de conformation.

Néoplasme bénin, comprenant Exochondrose, Exostose, Angiome.

Néoplasme malin.

GERMAN.

Entzündung der Weichteile. Syn., Rhinitis.

- a. Akute. Syn., Coryza.
- b. Chronische.
 - 1. Mit Hypertrophie.
 - 2. Mit Atrophie.
 - 3. Ozæna.
- c. Membranöse.
- d. Eitrige. Syn., Nasenabscess.
- e. Käsige.
- f. Vasomotorische Rhinitis.
- g. Heufieber.

Krankheiten des Nasengerüstes.

- a. Perichondritis.
- b. Periostitis.
- c. Brand, Knochenfrass.
- d. Hæmatoma des Septum.
- c. Abscess des Septum.
- f. Durchbohrung des Septum.
- g. Deviation des Septum.

Hypertrophie der Haut und der Talgdrüsen.

Missbildungen.

Gutartige Neubildung (Ekchondrosis, Exostosis, Angioma).

Bösartige Neubildung.

DISEASES OF THE NOSE.

Italics indicate that the disease in question should not be registered in this Section. The proper place is shewn by the number which follows.

- 277. Inflammation of soft parts. Synonym, Rhinitis.
 - a. Acute. Synonym, Coryza.
 - b. Chronic.
 - 1. With hypertrophy.
 - 2. With atrophy.
 - 3. Ozena.
 - c. Membranous.

Note.—Cases of nasal diphtheria should not be returned under this heading.

- d. Suppurative. Synonym, Abscess of nose.
- e. Caseous.
- f. Vasomotor Rhinitis.
- g. Hay Fever (337).
- 278. Diseases of frame-work.
 - a. Perichondritis.
 - b. Periostitis.
 - c. Necrosis, Caries.
 - d. Hæmatoma of Septum.
 - e. Abscess of Septum.
 - f. Perforation of Septum.
 - g. Deviations of Septum.
- 279. Hypertrophy of skin and sebaceous glands.

Malformations (78).

Return according to list at p. 347.

New Growth, Non-malignant (79), including Ecchondrosis and Exostosis; including also Angioma: Synonym, Bleeding polypus.

New Growth, Malignant (80).

Return according to the list of tumours at p. 335.

GERMAN. LATIN EQ. FRENCH. Diphthérie. Diphtherie. Diphtheria. Tuberkulose. Tuberculose. Tuberculosis. Lupus. Lupus vulgaire. Lupus. Aussatz. Lèpre. Lepra. Syphilis. Syphilis. Syphilis. Rotz. Morve. Equinia. Rhinosklerom. Rhinosclérome. Rhinoscleroma. Parasiten. Parasites. Parasiti. Verletzungen. Traumatismes. Læsiones. Fremdkörper. Corps étrangers. Corpora adventitia. Nasensteine. Rhinolithes. Rhinolithi. Nasenbluten. Epistaxis. 280. Epistaxis. Rhinorrhoe cerebro-Rhinorrhée cérébro-281. Rhinorrhoea cerespinalis. spinale. brospinalis. Nervöse Affektionen. Affections nerveuses. 282. Nervorum Morbi. 1. Anosmie. 1. Odoratus perditus.

I.v., Anosmia. 1. Anosmie. 2. Parosmie. 2. Parosmie. 2. Odoratus depravatus. I.v., Parosmia.

SINUUM CIRCUMJACENTIUM MORBI.

Inflammatio. a. Catarrhalis.	Inflammation. a . Catarrhale.	Entzündung. a. Katarrhalische.
b. Suppurativa. I.v., Empyema.	b. Purulente. Empyème.	b. Eitrige. Syn., Empyem.
Neoplasma non malignum.	Néoplasme bénin.	Gutartige Neubildung.
Neoplasma malig-	Néoplasme malin.	Bösartige Neubildung.
num. Parasiti.	Parasites.	Parasiten.
Corpora adventitia.	Corps étrangers.	Fremdkörper.

283.

Diphtheria (10).

Tuberculosis (44).

Lupus.

Leprosy (23).

Syphilis (42).

Glanders (19).

Rhinoscleroma (1000).

Parasites (82).

Return according to list at p. 384.

Injuries (83).

Return according to list at p. 277.

Foreign bodies (84).

Rhinoliths.

- 280. Epistaxis.
- 281. Cerebro-spinal rhinorrhoea.
- 282. Nervous affections.
 - 1. Loss of sense of smell. Synonym, Anosmia.
 - 2. Perversions of sense of smell. Synonym,
 Parosmia.

DISEASES OF THE ACCESSORY SINUSES (MAXILLARY, ETHMOIDAL, SPHENOIDAL, AND FRONTAL).

283. Inflammation.

a. Catarrhal.

b. Suppurative. Synonym, Empyema (of sinuses).

New Growth, Non-malignant (79).

Return according to the list of tumours at p. 335.

New Growth, Malignant (80).

Parasites (82).

Return according to list at p. 384.

Foreign bodies (84).

NASOPHARYNGIS MORBI.

LATIN EQ. FRENCH. GERMAN. 284. Inflammatio. Inflammation. I.v.Entzündung. Catarrhus nasopharyngealis. a. Acuta. a. Aiguë. a. Akute. b. Chronica. b. Chronische. b. Chronique. 285. Tonsillæ pharyn-Hypertrophie de Hypertrophie der gealis hyperl'amygdale pharyn-Nasenrachentonsille; gienne: végétations trophia; excresadenoide Vegetacentia adenoidia. adénoïdes. tionen. Tuberculose. Tuberkulose. Tuberculosis. Syphilis. Syphilis Syphilis. Néoplasme bénin. Gutartige Neubildung. Neoplasma non malignum. Bösartige Neubildung.

Néoplasme malin.

Neoplasma

num.

malig-

DISEASES OF NASO-PHARYNX.

- 284. Inflammation. Synonym, Naso-pharyngeal catarrh.
 - a. Acute.
 - b. Chronic.
- 285. Hypertrophy of pharyngeal tonsil; adenoid vegetations.

Tuberculosis (44).

Syphilis (42).

New Growth, Non-malignant (79).

New Growth, Malignant (80).

Return according to the list of tumours at p. 335.

SANGUINIS APPARATUS MORBI.

Cordis Morbi.

	PERICARDII MORBI.	
LATIN EQ.	French.	GERMAN.
286.§Pericarditis.	Péricardite.	Herzbeutelen tzün d- ung.
Suppurativa.	Purulente.	Eitrige.
Pyopericardium	•	Pyopericardium.
Haemorrhagica.	Hémorrhagique.	Hämorrhagische.
287. Pericardiu m haerens.	a d- Péricarde adhérent.	Herzbeutelverwachs- ung.
288. Haemopericardiu	m. Hémopéricarde.	Hämoperikardium.
289. Hydropericardium	n. Hydropéricarde.	Herzbeutelwassersucht.
290. Pneumopericardi	am. Pneumopéricarde.	Pneumoperikardium.
291Pericardii calcific	atio. Calcification du péri- carde.	Herzbeutelverkalk- ung.
	ENDOCARDII MORBI.	
292. Endocarditis.	Endocardite.	Endokarditis.

291Pericardii calcificatio.	carde.	ung.
EN	DOCARDII MORBI.	
292. Endocarditis.	Endocardite.	Endokarditis.
Infectiva, sive Ulcer- ans, seu Septica.	Infectieuse, ulcéreuse, séptique.	Ulceröse. Syn., Infektiöse.
293. Valvularum morbi.	Affections valvulaires.	Klappenfehler.
1. Valvulæ mitralis.	1. Mitrales.	1. Der Mitralklappen.
" aorticae.	2. Aortiques.	2. Der Aortenklappen.
" tricuspidatae.	3. Tricuspides.	3. Der Trikuspidal- klappen.
" pulmonalis.	4. Pulmonaires.	4. Der Pulmonal- klappen.

- a. Excrescentia.
- a. Végétations.
- b. Ulcérations. b. Ulceratio.
- a. Wucherung.
- b. Schwüren.

DISEASES OF THE CIRCULATORY SYSTEM.

Italics indicate that the disease in question should not be registered in this Section. The proper place is shewn by the number which follows.

DISEASES OF THE HEART.

DISEASES OF THE PERICARDIUM.

286. Pericarditis.

Special Forms:

Suppurative.

Pyopericardium.

Hæmorrhagic.

287. Adherent Pericardium.

Partial or complete.

288. Hæmopericardium.

289. Hydropericardium.

290. Pneumopericardium.

291. Calcification of Pericardium.

DISEASES OF THE ENDOCARDIUM.

292. Endocarditis.

Variety: Infective (12). Synonyms, Ulcerative, Septic.

293. Valvular Disease.

- 1. Mitral.
- 2. Aortic.
- 3. Tricuspid.
- 4. Pulmonary.

Varieties:

- a. Vegetations.
- b. Ulceration.

LATIN EQ.

- c. Habitus crassior, contractio, ant retractio.
- d. Dilatatio, aut Stenosis (ostiorum).
- e. Atheroma.
- f. Aneurysma.
- q. Laceratio aut diruptio.
- genitae.

FRENCH.

- c. Epaississement ou rétraction de la valvule.
- d. Dilatation ou sténose de l'orifice.
- e. Athérome.

GERMAN.

- c. Klappenverdickung oder -schrumpfung.
- d. Erweiterung oder Stenose eines Ostium.
- e. Atherom.

h. Deformitates inf. Anévrysme.

g. Lacération ou rupture des valvules on des tendons des colonnes charnues.

h. Vices de conformation.

f. Klappenaneurysma.

g. Zerreissung oder Ruptur der Klappen oder der Chordae.

h. Missbildung.

MYOCARDII MORBI.

294. Myocarditis.

Interstitialis acuta.

Suppurativa.

295. Degeneratio.

a. Adiposa.

b. Fibrosa.

c. Pigmentaria.

d. Hyalina, sive Vitrea.

e. Calcarea.

296. Atrophia.

297. Hypertrophia.

298. Dilatatio.

299. Adeps nimius.

300. Diruptio.

301. Aneurysma.

Inflammation. Syn.,Myocardite.

Aiguë interstitielle.

Purulente (en foyer ou diffuse).

Dégénérescence.

a. Graisseuse.

b. Fibreuse.

c. Pigmentaire.

d. Hyaline.

e. Calcaire.

Atrophie.

Hypertrophie.

Dilatation.

Surcharge graisseuse.

Rupture

Anévrysme.

Entzündung. Syn.,Myokarditis.

Akute interstitielle.

Eitrige, lokale oder diffuse.

Entartung.

a. Fettige.

b. Fibröse.

c. Pigmententartung.

d. Hyaline. Syn., Glasige.

e. Kalkige.

Atrophie.

Hypertrophie.

Erweiterung.

Fett-Übermässige ablagerung.

Ruptur.

Herzaneurysma.

- c. Thickening, contraction, or retraction of valve.
- d. Dilatation or Stenosis of Orifice.
- e. Atheroma (when fatty or calcareous degeneration is present).
- f. Aneurysm (of valves).
- g. Laceration or Rupture of valves or chordæ.
- h. Malformation (78).

State whether the valvular disease gave rise to obstruction or to regurgitation, or to both.

DISEASES OF THE MYOCARDIUM.

294. Inflammation. Synonym, Myocarditis.

Varieties:

Acute Interstitial.

Suppurative, focal or diffused.

295. Degeneration.

- a. Fatty.
- b. Fibrous. Synonym, Fibroid disease.
- c. Pigmentary.
- d. Hyaline. Synonym, Vitreous.
- e. Calcareous.
- 296. Atrophy.
- 297. Hypertrophy. State the chamber or chambers affected.
- 298. Dilatation.
- 299. Excessive growth of fat.
- 300. Rupture.
- 301. Aneurysm (of heart).

 State the situation of rupture or aneurysm.

LATIN EQ.	FRENCH.	GERMAN.
301. Coagula in corde.	Caillots dans le cœur.	Herzgerinsel.
a. Thrombus.	a. Thrombus.	a. Thrombus.
b. Embolus.	b. Embolus.	b. Embolus.
302. Angina pectoris.	Angine de poitrine.	Angina Pectoris. Syn., Herzbräune.
303. Nisūs effectus.	Résultats d'efforts. Surmenage.	Herzüberanstreng- ung.
304. Syncope.	Syncope. Syn., Evan- ouissement.	Ohnmacht.
305. Actio cordis perturbata.	Désordres de pulsa- tion ou de rhythme du cœur.	Abnorme Herzaktion.
Tachycardia inter- mittens.	Tachycardie par- oxystique.	Paroxysmale Tachy- kardie.
Bronchocele exophthalmica.	Goître exophthal- mique. Syn., Mala- die de Graves.	Basedow'sche Krank- heit.
Arteriarum coron- ariarum morbi.	Affections des artères coronaires.	Krankheiten der Koronararterien.
Neoplasma non malignum.	Néoplasme bénin.	Gutartige Neubild- ung.
Neoplasma malignum.	Néoplasme malin.	Bösartige Neubild- ung.
Tuberculosis.	Tuberculose.	Tuberkulose.
$\mathbf{S}_{\mathbf{y}}$ philis.	Syphilis.	Syphilis.
Morbus parasiticus.	Affections parasitaires.	Parasitäre Erkrank- ungen.
${ m L}pprox { m esiones}.$	Traumatismes.	Verletzungen.
Deformitates in- genitæ.	Vices de conforma- tion.	Missbildungen.

- 301. Clots in Heart.
 - a. Thrombus.
 - b. Embolus.

Note.—These names are not to be applied to post-mortem clots.

- 302. Angina Pectoris.
- 303. Effects of strain on Heart.
- 304. *Syncope. Synonym, Fainting Fit.
- 305. *Disordered action of Heart, in rate or rhythm, or both.

Special Form:

Paroxysmal Tachycardia.

Exophthalmic Goitre (67). Synonym, Graves's Disease.

Diseases of Coronary Arteries.

Refer to next section, Diseases of the Blood Vessels, p. 99.

New Growth, non-malignant (79).

(Return according to list of tumours at p. 335.

New Growth, malignant (80).

State the seat of the growth, and whether it was or was not accompanied by peri- or endocarditis.

Tuberculosis (44).

Syphilis (42).

Parasitic disease (82).

Return according to list at p. 384.

Injuries (83).

Return according to list at p. 277.

Malformations (78).

Return according to the list at p. 347.

When the cause of the condition is known, the return should be made under the head of such cause.

VASORUM SANGUIFERORUM MORBI.

ARTERIARUM MORBI.

LATIN EQ.	FRENCH.	GERMAN.
306. Periarteritis.	Périartérite.	Periarteritis.
Infectiva acuta.	Aiguë infectieuse.	Akute infektiöse.
Chronica.	Chronique.	Chronische.
307. Arteritis.	Artérite.	Entzündung. Syn., Arteritis.
Endarteritis infectiva acuta.	Endartérite aiguë in- fectieuse.	Akute infektiöse Endarteritis.
308. Sclerosis.	Sclérose.	Arteriosklerose.
Includuntur— Atheroma. Erosio. Endarteritis deform- ans.	Athérome. Erosion. Endartérite déform- ante.	Atheromatöses Ge- schwür. Endarteritis deform- ans.
309. Endarteritis obliterans.	Endartérite oblitér- ante.	Endarteritis obliter- ans.
310. Fibrosis.	Fibrose artério-capil- laire.	Arteriokapillarfibrose.
311. Tunicae muscularis hypertrophia.	Hypertrophie de la tunique musculaire.	Gefässmuskelh y per- trophie.
312. Degeneratio.	Dégénérescence.	Entartung.
a. Adiposa.	a. Graisseuse.	a. Fettige.
b. Calcarea.	b. Calcaire.	b. Kalkige. Syn., Ringförmige Ver- kalkung.
c. Hyalina.	c. Hyaline.	c. Hyaline.
d. Lardacea.	d. Lardacée.	d. Amyloidentartung.
Tuberculosis.	Tuberculose.	Tuberkulose.
Syphilis.	Syphilis.	Syphilis.
313. Dilatatio.	Dilatation. Elongation et Tortuosité.	Erweiterung. Ver- längerung und Gekrümmtheit.
314. Coartatio. Obliteratio.	Rétrécissement. Oblitération.	Verengerung und Obliteration.
315. Occlusio ex compressu.	Occlusion par compression.	Druckverschliessung.

DISEASES OF THE BLOOD VESSELS.

The vessel affected should in all cases be specified.

DISEASES OF THE ARTERIES.

306. Periarteritis.

Varieties:

Acute infective.

Chronic.

307. Arteritis.

Variety:

Acute infective endarteritis.

308. Arterial Sclerosis. Synonym (when fatty or calcareous changes are present), Atheroma.

Atheromatous erosion.

Endarteritis deformans.

309. Endarteritis obliterans.

Note.—When due to syphilis the fact should be stated.

- 310. Arterio-capillary fibrosis.
- 311. Hypertrophy of muscular coat.
- 312. Degeneration.
 - a. Fatty.
 - b. Calcareous. Synonym, Annular Calcification.
 - c. Hyaline.
 - d. Lardaceous.

Tuberculosis (44).

Syphilis (42).

- 313. Dilatation. Elongation and Tortuosity.
- 314. Narrowing. Obliteration.
- 315. Occlusion by compression.

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- 316. Aneurysma.
 - a. Fusiforme.
 - b. Sacculatum.
 - c. Diffusum.
 - d. Dissecans.
 - e. Miliarium.
- 317. Aneurysma traumaticum.
- 318. Aneurysma per embolismum.
- 319. Aneurysma per anastomosin. *I.v.*, Aneurysma cirsoides.
- 320. Naevus arterialis.
- 321. Arteriae diruptio.
 - 1. Omnium tunicarum.
 - a. Ex laesione.
 - b. Ex ipsius morbo.
 - c. Ex morbo extraneo.
 - 2. Tunicarum et intimae et mediae.
- 322. Obstructio aut occlusio per coagulum.
 - 1. Thrombosis.
 - 2. Embolismus.
- 323. Morbus Raynaud.

Deformitates ingenitae.

Laesiones.

FRENCH.

- Anévrysme.
 - a. Fusiforme.
 - b. Sacciforme.
 - c. Diffus.
 - d. Disséquant.
 - e. Miliaire.
- Anévrysme traumatique.
- Anévrysme embolique.
- Anévrysme par anastomose. Syn., Anévrysme cirsoïde.

Nævus artériel.

Rupture d'artère.

- 1. De toutes les tuniques.
 - a. Par traumatisme.
 - b. Par état morbide de l'artère.
 - c. Par un état morbide en dehors de l'artère.
- 2. Des tuniques internes et moyennes.
- Obstruction ou occlusion par caillot.
 - 1. Thrombose.
 - 2. Embolie.

Maladie de Raynaud.

Vices de conformation.

Traumatismes.

GERMAN.

- Aneurysma.
 - a. Spindelförmiges.
 - b. Sackförmiges.
 - c. Diffuses. Syn., Falsches.
 - d. Disscrierendes.
 - e. Miliares.
- Traumatisches Aneurysma.
- Aneurysma durch Embolie.
- Aneurysma cirsoideum. Syn., Varixartiges Aneurysma.

Arterielles Angiom.

Arterienbruch.

- 1. Aller Häute.
 - a. Durch Verletz-
 - ung.
 b. Durch Pulsadererkrankung.
 - c. Durch Krankheit ausserhalb der Pulsader.
- 2. Der innersten und mittleren Häute.
- Verengung oder Verschliessung durch Gerinsel.
 - 1. Thrombose.
 - 2. Embolie.

Raynaud'sche Krankheit.

Missbildungen.

Verletzungen.

VENARUM MORBI.

324. Phlebitis.

Infectiva. Suppurativa. Phlébite.

Infectieuse.

Purulente

Entzündung. Syn., Phlebitis.

Infektiöse

Eitrige.

- 316. *Aneurysm.
 - a. Fusiform.
 - b. Saccular.
 - c. Diffused. (Cavity bounded in part by the surrounding tissues.)
 - d. Dissecting.
 - e. Miliary.
- 317. Traumatic Aneurysm.
- 318. Embolic Aneurysm.
- 319. Aneurysm by anastomosis. Synonym, Cirsoid Aneurysm.
- 320. Arterial nævus.
- 321. Rupture of artery.
 - 1. Of all coats.
 - a. From injury.
 - b. From disease of artery.
 - c. From disease external to artery.
 - 2. Of inner and middle coats.
- 322. Obstruction or occlusion by a clot.
 - 1. Thrombosis.
 - 2. Embolism.
- 323. Raynaud's disease.

Malformations (78).

Return according to list at p. 347.

Injuries (83).

Return according to list at p. 277.

DISEASES OF THE VEINS.

324. †Phlebitis.

Variety:

Infective.

Suppurative.

† When following a wound, the fact should be stated.

When an aneurysm has burst, state the part into which the rupture has taken place.

LATIN EQ. 325. Thrombosis.	FRENCH. Thrombose.	GERMAN. Thrombose.
Phlegmasia dolens.	Phlegmasia alba do- lens.	Phlegmasia alba do- lens.
326. Obstructio.	Obstruction.	Verstopfung.
327. Obliteratio.	Oblitération.	Verschliessung.
328. Phlebolithi.	Phlébolithes.	Venensteine.
329. Varix.	Varice.	Varix. Syn., Krampf-ader.
330. Aneurysma arteriam inter venamque.	Anévrysme artério- veineux.	Aneurysma arterio- venosum.
331. Aneurysma varicosum et Varix aneurys- maticus.	Anévrysme variqueux et varice anévrys- male.	Variköses Aneurysma und aneurysma- tischer Varix.
322. Naevus venosus.	Nævus veineux.	Venenangiom.
Morbus parasiticus.	Affections parasitaires.	Parasitäre Erkrank- ungen.
Laesiones.	Traumatismes.	Verletzungen.
Aëris ingressus.	Entrée d'air.	Lufteintritt.
VASORUM	I CAPILLARIUM MO	RBI.

333. Degeneratio.	Dégénérescence.	Entartung.
a. Adiposa.	a. Graisseuse.	a. Fettige.
b. Lardacea.	b. Lardacée.	b. Amyloidentartung.
334. Dilatatio. <i>I.v.</i> , Teleangiectasis.	Dilatation. Syn., Télangiectasie.	Erweiterung. Syn., Teleangiektasie.
335. Diruptio.	Rupture.	Zerreissung.
336. Naevus capillaris.	Nævus capillaire.	Kapillarangiom.

325. Thrombosis.

Special Form:

Phlegmasia dolens.

Note.—When occurring in connexion with parturition the fact should be stated.

- 326. Obstruction.
- 327. Obliteration.
- 328 Phleboliths.'
- 329. Varix.
- 330. Arterio-venous aneurysm.
- 331. Varicose aneurysm and Aneurysmal varix.
- 332. Venous nævus.

Parasitic disease (82).

Return according to list at p. 384.

Injuries (83).

Return according to list at p. 277.

Entrance of air.

DISEASES OF CAPILLARIES.

- 333. Degeneration.
 - a. Fatty.
 - b. Lardaceous.
- 334. Dilatation. Synonym, Teleangiectasis.
- 335. Rupture.
- 336. Capillary nævus.

RESPIRATIONIS APPARATUS MORBI.

RESPIRATIONIS APPARATUS MORBI NON PURE LOCALES.

LATIN EQ.

Influenza.

Diphtheria.

Pertussis.

337. Febris ex feno. I.v.,Asthma ex feno.

338. Asthma.

Asphyxia.

FRENCH.

Grippe.

Diphthérie.

Coqueluche.

foins.

Asthme d'été ou des

Asthme véritable.

Asphyxie.

Asphyxie.

LARYNGIS MORBI.

339. Laryngitis.

A. Simplex.

a. Catarrhalis.

1. Acuta.

2. Chroniea. Pachydermia verrucosa.

b. Membranosa.

Laryngite.

A. Simple.

a. Catarrhale.

1. Aiguë.

2. Chronique. Pachyd er m i e verruqueuse.

b. Membraneuse.

Laryngitis.

A. Einfache.

GERMAN

Influenza.

Diphtherie.

Heufieber.

Keuchhusten.

Bronchialasthma.

a. Kehlkopfkatarrh.

1. Akute.

2. Chronische. Warzige Ver-hornung.

b. Membranöse.

B. Infectiva.

a. Œdematosa.

b. Suppurativa.

c. Gangraenosa.

B. Infectieuse.

a. Œdémateuse.

b. Purulente.

c. Gangréneuse.

B. Infektiöse.

a. Mit Ödem.

b. Eitrige.

c. Mit Gangrän.

DISEASES OF THE RESPIRATORY SYSTEM.

Italics indicate that the disease in question should not be registered in this Section. The proper place is shewn by the number which follows.

DISEASES OF THE RESPIRATORY SYSTEM NOT STRICTLY LOCAL.

Influenza (21).

Diphtheria (10).

Whooping-cough (47).

- 337. Hay-fever. Synonym, Hay asthma.
- 338. Asthma. Synonyms, Spasmodic asthma, Bronchial asthma.
 - *Asphyxia (1030).

DISEASES OF THE LARYNX.

- 339. Inflammation of mucous membrane. Synonym, Laryngitis.
 - A. Simple.
 - a. Catarrhal.
 - 1. Acute.
 - 2. Chronic. Variety, Pachydermia verrucosa.
 - b. Membranous.

Note.—Cases of diphtheria should not be returned under this heading.

- B. Infective.
 - a. Œdematous. Synonym, Acute Inflammatory Œdema.
 - b. Suppurative. Synonym, Phlegmonous, Erysipelatous.
 - c. Gangrenous.

Note to B.—These forms of inflammation are otherwise termed Septic.

[&]quot;When the cause of this symptom is known, the return should be made under the head of such cause, the local affection being also specified.

LATIN EQ.	French.	GERMAN.
340. Ulceratio.	Ulcération.	Geschwürsbildung.
341. Abscessus.	Abcès.	Abscess.
342. Perichondritis.	Périchondrite.	Perichondritis.
343. Cartilaginum calcificatio et ossificatio.	Calcification et ossi- fication des cartil- ages.	Verkalkung <i>und</i> Verknöcherung der Knorpel.
344. Cartilaginum necrosis.	Nécrose des cartilages.	Nekrose der Knorpel.
345. Cartilaginum arytaen- oidium ankylosis. 346. Oedema (passivum). <i>I.v.</i> , Oedema glot- tidis.	Ankylose des cartilages aryténoïdes. Œdème (passif). Syn, Œdème de la glotte.	Ankylose der Giess- beckenknorpel. Kehlkopfödem.
Tuberculosis.	Tuberculose.	Tuberkulose.
Lupus.	Lupus.	Lupus.
Syphilis.	Syphilis.	Syphilis.
Lepra.	Lèpre.	Aussatz.
Diphtheria.	Diphthérie.	Diphtherie.
Neoplasma non malignum.	Néoplasme bénin.	Gutartige Neubild- ung.
Neoplasma malignum.	Néoplasme malin.	Bösartige Neubild- ung.
Laesiones.	Traumatismes.	Verletzungen.
347. Coartatio.	Diminution de calibre.	Verengerung.
a. Ex compressu.	a. Par compression.	a. Durch Druck von
b. Ex strictura.	b. Par rétrécissement.	b. Durch Striktur.
Corpora adventitia.	Corps étrangers.	Fremdkörper.
Deformitates ingenitae.	Vices de conforma- tion.	Missbildungen.
348. Spasmus.	Spasme.	Krampf.
349. Paralysis.	Paralysie.	Lähmung.
400. Anaesthesia.	Anésthésie.	Anästhesie.

- 340. *Ulceration.
- 341. Abscess of larynx.
- 342. *Perichondritis.
- 343. Calcification and ossification of cartilages.
- 344. Necrosis of cartilages.
- 345. Ankylosis of arytænoid cartilages.
- 346. *Œdema (passive). Synonym, Œdema of Glottis.

 Note.—The part affected should be stated.

Tuberculosis (44).

Lupus.

Syphilis (42).

Leprosy (23).

Diphtheria (10).

New Growth, Non-malignant (79).

Return according to list of tumours at p. 335.

New Growth, Malignant (80).

Injuries (83).

Return according to list at p. 277.

347. *Narrowing.

a. By compression.

b. By stricture.

Foreign bodies (84).

Malformations (78).

Return according to list at p. 347.

- 348. *Spasm.
- 349. *Paralysis. (State the muscles affected.)
- 400. *Anæsthesia.

When the cause of this condition is known, the return should be made under the head of such cause, the local condition being also specified.

LATIN EQ.	FRENCH.	GERMAN.
401. Hyperaesthesia.	Hyperesthésie.	Hyperästhesie.
402. Neuralgia.	Névralgie.	Neuralgie.
TRACHEAE	ET BRONCHIORUM	Morbi.
403. Tracheitis.	Trachéite.	Tracheitis. Syn., Luftröhrenentzünd- ung.
a. Catarrhalis.	a. Catarrhale.	a. Katarrhalische.
b. Plastica.	b. Plastique.	b. Mit Gerinselbildung.
404. Bronchitis (acuta aut chronica).	Bronchite (aiguë ou chronique).	Bronchitis (akute oder chronische).
a. Catarrhalis.	a. Catarrhale.	a. Katarrhalische.
b. Plastica.	b. Plastique.	b. Mit Gerinsel- bildung.
405. Ulceratio.	Ulcération.	Geschwürsbildung.
406. Cartilaginum necrosis.	Nécrose des cartilages.	Nekrose der Knorpel.
407. Cartilaginum calcificatio et ossificatio.	Calcification et ossifi- cation des carti- lages.	Verkalkung <i>und</i> Verknöcherung der Knorpel.
Neoplasma non malignum.	Néoplasme bénin.	Gutartige Neu bild- ung.
Neoplasma malignum.	Néoplasme malin.	Bösartige Neubild- ung.
Tuberculosis.	Tuberculose.	Tuberkulose.
Syphilis.	Syphilis.	Syphilis.
Diphtheria.	Diphthérie.	Diphtherie.
408. Bronchiectasis.	Bronchiectasie.	Erweiterung der Bronchien. Syn., Bronchiektasie.
409. Strictura.	Rétrécissement.	Verengerung.
Morbus parasiticus.	Maladies parasitaires.	Parasitäre Erkrank- ungen.
Deformitates ingenitae.	Vices de conforma- tions.	Missbildungen.
Laesiones.	Traumatismes.	Verletzungen.

Corps étrangers.

Fremdkörper.

Corpora adventitia.

at

Italics indicate that the disease in question should not be registered in this Section. The proper place is shewn by the number which follows.

401. *Hyperæsthesia.

402. *Neuralgia.

DISEASES OF THE TRACHEA AND BRONCHI.

403. Tracheitis.

a. Catarrhal.

b. Plastic.

404. Bronchitis (acute or chronic).

a. Catarrhal.

b. Plastic.

405. *Ulceration.

406. *Necrosis of cartilages.

407. Calcification and ossification of cartilages.

New Growth, Non-Malignant (79).

Return according list of tumours p. 335.

New Growth, Malignant (80).

Tuberculosis (44).

Syphilis (42).

Diphtheria (10).

408. Dilatation of bronchi. Synonym, Bronchiectasis.

409. *Stricture.

Parasitic disease (82).

Return according to list at p. 384.

Malformations (78).

Return according to list at p. 347.

Injuries (83).

Return according to list at p. 277.

Foreign bodies in trachea or bronchi (84).

^{*} When the cause of this condition is known, the return should be made under the head of such cause, the local condition being also specified.

PULMONIS MORBI.

LATIN EQ.	FRENCH.	GERMAN.
410. Congestio.	Congestion.	Kongestion.
411. Haemorrhagia.	Hémorrhagie.	Lungenblutung.
a. Ex pulmone. I.v., Haemoptysis.	a. Hémoptysie.	a. Bluthusten.
b. In pulmonem. I.v., Apoplexia pulmonalis, Infarctio pulmonalis.	b. Apopléxie pul- monaire.	b. Lungenapoplexie.
412. Oedema.	Œdème.	Ödem.
Pneumonia.	Pneumonie.	Pneumonie.
413. Bronchopneumonia. Iv., Pneumonia catarrhalis.	Broncho-pneumonie.	Bronchopneumonie.
414. Abscessus.	Abcès.	Abscess.
415. Vomica.	Vomique.	Kaverne.
Pyaemia.	Pyémie (Pyohémie).	Pyämie.
416. Gangraena.	Gangrène.	Gangrän. Syn., Brand.
 416. Gangraena. 417. Inflammatio interstitialis. chronica. I.v., Phthisis fibrosa, Cirrhosis. 	Gangrène. Inflammation interstitielle chronique. Syn., Phthisie fibroïde, Cirrhose.	Chronische interstitielle Entzündung. Syn., Lungenschrumpfen, Cirrhose.
417. Inflammatio interstitialis. chronica. I.v., Phthisis fibrosa,	Inflammation interstitielle chronique. Syn , Phthisie	Chronische interstitielle Entzündung. Syn., Lungenschrumpfen,
417. Inflammatio interstitialis. chronica. I.v., Phthisis fibrosa, Cirrhosis.	Inflammation interstitielle chronique. Syn., Phthisie fibroïde, Cirrhose.	Chronische interstitielle Entzündung. Syn., Lungenschrumpfen, Cirrhose.
 417. Inflammatio interstitialis. chronica. I.v., Phthisis fibrosa, Cirrhosis. 418. Induratio fusca. 	Inflammation interstitielle chronique. Syn., Phthisie fibroïde, Cirrhose. Induration rouge.	Chronische interstitielle Entzündung. Syn., Lungenschrumpfen, Cirrhose. Braune Induration. Phthisis. Syn., Lung-
 417. Inflammatio interstitialis. chronica. I.v., Phthisis fibrosa, Cirrhosis. 418. Induratio fusca. 419. Phthisis. 	Inflammation interstitielle chronique. Syn., Phthisie fibroïde, Cirrhose. Induration rouge. Phthisie. Anévrysme (de l'ar-	Chronische interstitielle Entzündung. Syn., Lungenschrumpfen, Cirrhose. Braune Induration. Phthisis. Syn., Lungenschwindsucht.
 417. Inflammatio interstitialis. chronica. I.v., Phthisis fibrosa, Cirrhosis. 418. Induratio fusca. 419. Phthisis. 	 Inflammation interstitielle chronique. Syn., Phthisie fibroïde, Cirrhose. Induration rouge. Phthisie. Anévrysme (de l'artère pulmonaire). Embolie (de l'artère pulmonaire). Thrombose (des vais- 	Chronische interstitielle Entzündung. Syn., Lungensch rum pfen, Cirrhose. Braune Induration. Phthisis. Syn., Lungenschwindsucht. Aneurysma. Embolie. Thrombose.
 417. Inflammatio interstitialis. chronica. I.v., Phthisis fibrosa, Cirrhosis. 418. Induratio fusca. 419. Phthisis. Aneurysma. Embolismus. 	 Inflammation interstitielle chronique. Syn., Phthisie fibroïde, Cirrhose. Induration rouge. Phthisie. Anévrysme (de l'artère pulmonaire). Embolie (de l'artère pulmonaire). 	Chronische interstitielle Entzündung. Syn., Lungenschrumpfen, Cirrhose. Braune Induration. Phthisis. Syn., Lungenschwindsucht. Aneurysma. Embolie.

DISEASES OF THE LUNG.

Note.—It should be stated whether one lung or both be affected; and, if one only, whether the right or left, and in what lobe or lobes.

- 410. *Congestion.
- 411. Hæmorrhage.
 - a. From the lung. Synonym, *Hæmoptysis.
 - b. Into the lung. Synonyms, Pulmonary apoplexy, Pulmonary infarction.
- 412. *Œdema.

Pneumonia (32).

- 413. Broncho-pneumonia. Synonym, Catarrhal pneumonia.
- 414. *Abscess.
- 415. *Vomica.

Note.—When due to tuberculous disease this should be stated.

Pywmia (33).

- 416. Gangrene.
- 417. Chronic interstitial inflammation. Synonyms, Fibroid phthisis, Cirrhosis.
- 418. Brown induration.
- 419. Phthisis.

Note.—When ascertained to be due to other causes than tuberculosis, this should be stated.

Aneurysm of branches of Pulmonary artery (316).

Embolism of Pulmonary artery (332).

Thrombosis of Pulmonary vessels (323).

New Growth, Non-malignant (79).

Return according to list of tumours at p. 335.

^{*} When the cause of this condition is known, the return should be made under the head of such cause, the local condition being also specified.

GERMAN. LATIN EQ. FRENCH. Tuberkulose. Tuberculose. Tuberculosis. Syphilis. Syphilis. Syphilis. Aktinomykose. Actinomycose. Actinomycosis. Aspergillosis. Aspergillose. 420. Aspergillosis. Emphysem. Emphysème. 421. Emphysema. a. Vesikuläres. a. Vesiculare. a. Vésiculaire. 1. Atrophisches. 1. Atrophique. 1. Atrophicum. 2. Hypertro-2. Hypertrophi-2. Hypertrophiphique. sches. cum. b. Interlobulaire b. Interstitielles. et b. Interlobulare et subsous-pleurale. pleurale. Atelektase. Atélectasie. 422. Atelectasis. Collapsus (Dégonfle-Kollaps. 423. Collapsio. ment). Erkrank-Parasitäre Affections parasit-Morbus parasiticus. aires. ung. Vices de conforma-Missbildungen. Deformitates ingentions. itae. Verletzungen. Traumatismes. Lassiones. Pneumokoniose. Pneumoconiose. 424. Pneumoconiosis. Indura-Induration noire. Schwarze Induratio nigra. tion. Indura-Induration grise. Eisengraue Induratio subnigra. tion. Steinhauerlunge. Syn., Silicose. Silicosis. Silikose. Anthrakosis. Anthracose. Anthracosis. Asthma der Schleifer. Asthme des repasseurs. Cultrariorum asthma. Asthma der Bergleute. Asthme des mineurs. Metalliorum asthma.

PLEURAE MORBI.

425. Pleuritis.	Pleurésie	Pleuritis. Syn., Brustfellentzünd- ung, Rippenfell- entzündung.
a. Acuta.	a. Aiguë.	a. Akute.

b. Chronica.

b. Chronique.

b. Chronische.

Tuberculosis (44).

Syphilis (42).

Actinomycosis (1).

- 420. Aspergillosis.
- 421. Emphysema.
 - a. Vesicular.

Varieties: (1.) Atrophic.

(2.) Hypertrophic.

- b. Interlobular and sub-pleural.
- 422. Atelectasis.
- 423. Collapse.

Parasitic disease (82).

Return according to list at p. 384.

Malformations (78).

Return according to list at p. 347.

Injuries (83).

Return according to list at p. 277.

424. Affections due to inhalation of mechanical, chemical, or other irritants.

Pneumoconiosis.

Varieties: Black induration.

Iron-grey induration.

Stone-masons' lung. Synonym, Silicosis.

Colliers' lung. Synonym, Anthracosis.

Grinders' asthma.

Miners' asthma.

DISEASES OF THE PLEURA.

Note.—It should be stated whether one or both pleuræ be affected, and, if one only, whether the right or the left.

425. Pleurisy.

- a. Acute.
- b. Chronic.

Note.—When the pleurisy is known to be tuberculous, the fact should be stated.

LATIN Eq.	French.	GERMAN.
426. Empyema.	Empyème.	Empyem.
427. Haemothorax.	Hémothorax.	Hämothorax.
428. Hydrothorax. Chylothorax. 429. Pneumothorax.	Hydrothorax. Hydrothorax chyleux. Pneumothorax.	Hydrothorax. Chylöser. Pneumothorax.
430. Pyopneumothorax.	Pyo-pneumothorax.	Pyopneumothorax.
431. Adhaerentia. Tuberculosis.	Adhérences (com- prenant l'hypertro- phie et la calcifica- tion). Tuberculose.	Verwachsungen, mit Einschluss der Verdickung und Verkalkung. Tuberkulose.
Syphilis.	Syphilis.	Syphilis.
Laesiones.	Traumatismes.	Verletzungen.
Neoplasma non mal- ignum.	Néoplasme bénin.	Gutartige Neubild- ung.
Neoplasma malignum.	Néoplasme malin.	Bösartige Neubild- ung.

- 426. Empyema.
- 427. *Hæmothorax.
- 428. *Hydrothorax. Variety, Chylous hydrothorax.
- 429. *Pneumothorax.
- 430. *Pyo-pneumothorax.
- 431. Adhesions, including thickening and calcification.

Tuberculosis (44).

Syphilis (42).

Injuries (83).

Return according to list at p. 277.

New Growth, Non-malignant (79).

Return according to list of tumours at p. 335.

When the cause of this condition is known, the return should be made under the head of such cause, the local condition being also specified.

APPARATUS PEPTICI MORBI.

LABRORUM MORBI.

FRENCH. GERMAN. LATIN EQ. Inflammation. 432. Inflammatio. Entzündung. Vesiculosa. *Includitur* Herpes labialis. Vésiculaire, compren-ant Herpès labial. Mit Bläschenbildung. Herpes labialis. 433. Ulceratio. Ulcération. Geschwürsbildung. 434. Fissura. Fissure. Fissur. Erysipèle. Erysipel. Erysipelas. Karbunkel. Anthrax. Carbunculus. Milzbrand. Charbon. Anthrax Syphilis. Syphilis. Syphilis. Gutartige Neubild-Néoplasme bénin. Neoplasma non malung. ignum. Bösartige Neubild-Neoplasma malignum. Néoplasme malin. ung. Cyste. Kyste. Cystis. Vices de conforma-Missbildungen. **D**eformitates ingention. itae. Hasenscharte. Bec-de-lièvre. Labium leporinum. Lähmung. Paralysie Paralysis. Makrocheilie. Hypertrophie 435. Macrocheilia.

DISEASES OF THE DIGESTIVE SYSTEM.

Italics indicate that the disease in question should not be registered in this Section. The proper place is shewn by the number which follows.

DISEASES OF THE LIPS.

It should be stated whether the upper or lower lip or both are affected.

432. Inflammation.

Special Form:

Vesicular, including Herpes labialis (970).

433. *Ulceration.

434. *Fissure.

Erysipelas (15).

Carbuncle (966).

· Anthrax (2).

Syphilis (42).

New Growth, Non-malignant (79).

New Growth, Malignant (80).

Cyst (81).

Return according to list of

Malformations (78).

Hare-lip.

Return according to list at p. 347.

*Paralysis (110).

435. Macrocheilia. Synonym, Hypertrophy of lips.

When the cause of this condition is known, the return should be made under the head of such cause, the local condition being also specified.

ORIS MORBI.

FRENCH. GERMAN. LATIN EQ. Syn.,Entzündung. 436. Inflammatio. Inflammation. Syn.,I.v.Stomatitis. Stomatitis. Stomatite. a. Katarrhalische. a. Catarrhale. a. Catarrhalis. b. Mit Bläschenbildb. Vésiculaire, comb. Vesiculosa. Includung, Herpes. prenant Herpes. itur Herpes. Geschwürsbildung. Ulcération. 437. Ulceratio. Brand. Syn., Noma, Gangrène. Syn., 438. Gangraena. I.v., Noma, Wasserkrebs. Noma, Cancrum Cancrum oris. oris. Diphthérie. Diphtherie. Diphtheria. Tuberkulose. Tuberculose. Tuberculosis. Syphilis. Syphilis. Syphilis. Soor. Syn., Schwämm-Aphthe. Aphthae. chen. Aktinomykose. Actinomycose. Actinomycosis. Gutartige Neubild-Néoplasme bénin. Neoplasma non malung. ignum. Bösartige Neubild-Néoplasme malin. Neoplasma malignum. ung. Cyste, mit Einschluss Kyste, comprenant la Includitur Cystis. der Ranula. grenouillette. Ranula. MAXILLARUM MORBI.

439. Inflammatio.	Inflammation.	Entzündung.
Necrosis.	Nécrose.	Nekrose.
Osteitis deformans.	Ostéite déformante.	Osteitis deformans.
Leontiasis ossea.	Léontiase osseuse.	Leontiasis ossea.
Acromegalia.	Acromégalie.	Akromegalie.
Hemiatrophia facialis.	Hémiatrophie faciale.	Halbseitige Gesichts

DISEASES OF THE MOUTH.

Note.—If the affection of the mouth, throat, or parts connected therewith depend on syphilis, scurvy, local irritants, or any other definite cause, the fact should be stated.

- 436. *Inflammation. Synonym, Stomatitis.
 - a. Catarrhal.
 - b. Vesicular, including Herpes.
- 437. Ulceration.
- 438. Gangrene. Synonyms, Noma, Cancrum oris.

Diphtheria (10).

Tuberculosis (44).

Syphilis (42).

Thrush. Synonym, Aphtha† (82).

Actinomycosis (1).

New Growth, Non-malignant (79).

New Growth, Malignant (80).

Cyst, including Ranula (81).

Return according to list of tumours at p. 335.

DISEASES OF THE JAWS.

439. Inflammation.

Necrosis.

Osteitis deformans (897.)

Leontiasis ossea (893.)

Acromegaly (895.)

Facial Hemiatrophy (132.)

When the cause of this condition is known, the return should be made under the head of such cause, the local condition being also specified.

† The use of this word should be restricted to Parasitic disease. (See p. 398, No. 29).

LATIN EQ.	French.	GERMAN.
Osteoarthritis.	Ostéo-arthrite de l'articulation.	Osteoarthritis des Geleuks.
Cystis.	Kyste.	Cyste.
Neoplasma non malignum.	Néoplasme bénin.	Gutartige Neubild- ung.
Neoplasma malignum.	Néoplasme malin.	Bösartige Neubild- ung.
Morbus parasiticus.	Affections parasitaires.	Parasitäre Erkrank- ung.
Actinomycosis.	Actinomycose.	Aktinomykose.
Deformitates ingenit a e. <i>Includuntur</i> Palati fissura.	Vices de conforma- tion, comprenant l'écartement du palais (maxillaire).	Missbildungen, mit Einschlussder Gaum- enspalte.
a. Maxilla lamb- doides.	a. Maxillaire en V.	a. V-förmiger Kiefer.
b. Maxilla selliformis.	$b. ext{Maxillaire} ext{en} $	b. Sattelförmiger Kiefer.
c. Latera minus symmetrica.	c. Asymétri e latérale.	c. Scitliche Asymmetrie.

DENTIUM, ALVEOLORUM, ET GINGIVARUM MORBI.

Désordres de la den-Dentitionskrank-440. Incommoda ex dentiheiten. tition. tione.

DENTIUM MEDULLÆ MORBI.

441. Inflammatio, acuta aut chronica.	Inflammation.	Entzündung, akute oder chronische.
442. Suppuratio.	Suppuration.	Eiterung.
443. Gangraena.	Gangrène.	Gangrän. Syn., Brand.
a. Parte medulla e affectâ.	a. Partielle.	a. Partielle.
b. Totâ medullâ affectâ.	b. En masse.	b. Der ganzen Pulpe.
Neoplasma non malignum.	Néoplasme bénin.	Gutartige Neubild- ung.
Polypus.	Polype.	Polyp.
444 Demonstrationed	Dágánávescences	Entartungen.

444. Degenerationes.

a. Adiposa.

b. Fibrosa.

445. Calcificatio nodosa.

Dégénérescences.

a. Graisseusc.

b. Fibreuse.

Calcification nodulaire.

a. Verfettung der Pulpe.

b. Sklerosierung der Pulpc.

Ablagerung von Kalkdrusen.

Osteo-arthritis of articulation (74).

Cyst (81).

New Growth, Non-malignant (79).

New Growth, Malignant (80).

Return according to list of tumours at p. 335.

Parasitic disease (82).

Return according to list at p. 384.

Actinomycosis (1).

Malformations (78), including Cleft palate.

a. V-shaped maxilla.

b. Saddle-shaped maxilla.

c. Lateral asymmetry.

Return according to list at p. 347.

DISEASES OF THE TEETH, ALVEOLI, AND GUMS.

440. Disorders of dentition.

Note.—Any affections induced by these conditions should be specified.

OF THE DENTAL PULP.

- 441. Inflammation, Acute or Chronic.
- 442. Suppuration.
- 443. Gangrene.

a. Partial.

b. Of the whole pulp.

New Growth, Non-malignant (79).

Return according to the list of tumours at p. 335.

Polypus.

Return under Fibroma, p. 335.

444. Degenerations.

a. Fatty.

b. Fibrous.

445. Nodular calcification.

DENTINAE, CEMENTI, ET ADAMANTIS MORBI.

LATIN Eo. FRENCH. GERMAN. Carie. Caries. 446. Caries. Nekrose des Cementes. 447. Cementi necrosis. Nécrose (du cortical osseux). Néoplasme bénin. Neoplasma non mal-Gutartige Neubildignum. Exostosis. Exostose (du cor-Exostose (des Cetical osseux). mentes). Resorption. Absorption. 448. Absorptio. PERIOSTEI DENTIUM MORBI. (Wur-449. Inflammatio. Inflammation (Périos-Entzündung zelhautentzündtite alvéolo-denung). taire). Abscess (Wurzelhaut-Abcés. 450. Abscessus. abscess). Eingekapselter Abcès devenant Abscess. kystique. PERIOSTEI, GINGIVARUM, ET ALVEOLORUM MORBI. Entzündung. 451. Inflammatio. Inflammation. Alveolarpyorrhoe. alvéolaire Pvorrhée 452. Pyorrhoea alveolaris. (Maladie de Rigg). Geschwürsbildung. Ulcération. 453. Ulceratio. Caries. 454. Caries. Carie. Nekrose. Nécrose. 455. Necrosis. des Wirkungen Etats morbides résul-Ex hydrargyro morbi. tant de l'action du Hydrargyrum. mercure. Wirkungen des Phos-Etats morbides résul-Ex phosphoro morbi. phors. tant de l'action du phosphore

Gangrène.

Atrophie.

masse.

Hypertrophie en

Gangraena.

457. Hypertrophia.

456. Atrophia.

Gangrän. Syn., Brand.

Allgemeine Hyper-

Atrophie.

trophie.

OF DENTINE AND CEMENT, AND ENAMEL.

446. Caries.

447. Necrosis (of cement).

New Growth, Non-malignant (79).

Exostosis (of cement).

Return according to the list of tumours at p. 335.

448. Absorption.

OF THE DENTAL PERIOSTEUM.

449. Inflammation (Alveolo-dental periostitis).

450. Abscess. Synonym, Gum-boil.

Special Form:

Abscess becoming cystic.

OF THE PERIOSTEUM, GUMS, AND ALVEOLI.

- 451. Inflammation.
- 452. Suppuration, with destruction of alveolar edges. Synonym, Pyorrhæa alveolaris (Rigg's disease).
- 453. *Ulceration.
- 454. *Caries.
- 455. *Necrosis.

Conditions due to action of mercury (55).

Conditions due to action of phosphorus (58).

Gangrene (438).

Return under Noma.

- 456. Atrophy.
- 457. General Hypertrophy.

When the cause of this condition is known, the return should be made under the head of such cause, the local affection being also specified.

LATIN Eo. Neoplasma non malignum.

FRENCH. Néoplasme bénin.

GERMAN. Gutartige Neubildung.

Osteoma symmetricum.

Ostéome symétrique ou exostose.

Symmetrisches Osteom.

Neoplasma malignum.

Néoplasme malin.

Bösartige Neubildung.

Syphilis.

Syphilis.

Syphilis.

Tuberculosis.

Tuberculose.

Tuberkulose.

Scorbutus.

Scorbut.

Skorbut.

Gingiva caerulea ex plumbo aut bismutho.

Liseré du saturnisme, à la suite de l'ingestion du plomb, bismuth, &c.

Blauer Rand durch Blei, Wismut, u.s.w.

DENTES IPSI ET ALVEOLI QUOAD FORMAM, NUMERUM, NEXUM, ET EVOLUTIONEM MINUS RECTE ORDINATI.

Dentes syphilitici. Dents syphilitiques. Dentium morbi

Dents mercurielles.

Syphilitische Zähne.

458. Hypoplasia.

Mercurielle Zähne.

459. Favo similes dentes.

hydrargyro.

Dents hypoplastiques.

HypoplastischeZähne.

460. Dentium forma abnormis.

Email pointillé.

Honigwabenartige Zähne.

461. Dentium deciduorum retentio.

Formes anormales des dents.

Anomaler Bau der-Zähne.

462. Dentes geminati.

Rétention de dents décidues. Fusion des dents.

Retention der Milchzähne.

463. Dentes male positi.

Implantation vicieuse des dents.

Verschmelzung der-Zähne.

464. Dentes impacti.

Enfoncement des Stellungsanomalien. der Zähne. Eingekeilte Zähne.

Cystis dentigera.

dents. Kyste.

Zahnführende Cyste.

Odontoma.

Odontome.

Odontom.

Deformitates.

Malformations.

Missbildungen.

Dentes supernumerarii.

Dents surnuméraires.

Uberzählige Zähne.

Dentes suppressi.

Suppression des dents, totale ou partielle.

Ausbleiben der Zühne, vollständiges oder teilweises.

Return according to

p. 335.

list of tumours at

Italics indicate that the disease in question should not be registered in this Section. The proper place is shewn by the number which follows.

New Growth, Non-malignant (79).

Return *Epulis* under Fibroma, p. 335, or Myeloid sarcoma, p. 341, according to structure.

Symmetrical osteoma or exostosis.

New Growth, Malignant (80).

Syphilis (42).

Tuberculosis (44).

Scurvy (77).

Blue line from lead, bismuth, &c. (59, 85). See list of poisons, p. 369.

ERRORS OF FORM, NUMBER, ATTACHMENT, AND DEVELOP-MENT OF THE DENTAL TISSUES AND ALVEOLI.

Syphilitic teeth (42).

Mercurial teeth (55).

- 458. Hypoplastic teeth.
- 459. Honeycombed enamel.
- 460. Abnormal form of teeth.
- 461. Retention of deciduous teeth.
- 462. Fusion of teeth (gemination).
- 463. Malposition of teeth.
- 464. Impaction of teeth.

Dentigerous cyst (81).

Odontoma (79).

Malformations (during formative period) (78).

Supernumerary teeth.

Suppression of teeth, total or partial.

Return according to list of malformations, p. 347.

LATIN EQ.

Hyperaesthesia.

FRENCH.

GERMAN.

Verletzungen 🦠 der Traumatismes des Maxillarum et den-Kiefer und-der mâchoires et des tium laesiones. Zähne. dents. Zahnschmerz. Mal de dent. 465. Odontalgia. LINGUAE MORBI. Inflammation. Entzündung. Syn.,466. Glossitis. Glossitis. a. Akute. a. Aiguë. a. Acuta. b. Mit Bläschenb. Vésiculaire, comb. Vesiculosa. Inclubildung, Einschluss prenant Herpes. ditur Herpes. der Herpes. c. Chronische. Syn., c. Chronique. Syn., c. Chronica. I.v., Leukoplakie. Leucoplasie. Leukoplakia. d. Abscess. d. Abcès. d. Abscessus. Geschwürsbildung. Ulcération. 467. Ulceratio. Erythem. Langue géographique 468. Erythema migrans. Atrophie, mit Ein-Atrophie, comprenant Includitur 469. Atrophia. schluss der Hemia-Hémiatrophie. Hemiatrophia. trophie. Hypertrophie der Hypertrophie 470. Tonsillae lingualis Zungenmandel. l'amygdale linguale. hypertrophia. Schwarze Zunge. Langue noire. 471. Linguae nigrities. Tuberkulose. Tuberculose. Tuberculosis. Syphilis. Syphilis. Syphilis. Lepra. Lèpre. Lepra. Cyste. Kyste. Cystis. Gutartige Neubild-Néoplasme bénin. Neoplasma non maligung. num. Bösartige Neubild-Néoplasme malin. Neoplasma malignum. ung. mitMissbildungen, Vices de conformaingen-Deformitates Einschluss des abtion, comprenant la Includituritae. normen Anheften langue bridée. Lingua frenata. der Zunge. Lähmung. Paralysie. Paralysis. Krampf. Spasme. Spasmus. Hyperästhesie. Hyperesthésie.

Injuries of jaws and teeth (83).

Return according to list at p. 277.

465. *Toothache.

DISEASES OF THE TONGUE.

- 466. Inflammation. Synonym, Glossitis.
 - a. Acute.
 - b. Vesicular, including Herpes.
 - c. Chronic. Synonyms, Leukoplakia, Tylosis.
 - d. Abscess.
- 467. *Ulceration.
- 468. Wandering rash. Synonym, Geographical tongue.
- 469. Atrophy, including Hemiatrophy.
- 470. Enlargement of lingual tonsil.
- 471. Black tongue. Synonym, Nigrities.

Tuberculosis (44).

Syphilis (42).

Leprosy (23).

Cyst (81).

New Growth, Non-malignant (79).

Return according to

p. 335.

list of tumours at

New Growth, Malignant (80).

Malformations, including Tongue-tie (78).

Return according to list at p. 347.

- *Paralysis (110).
- *Spasm (116).
- *Hypercesthesia (129).

When the cause of this condition is known, the return should be made under the head of such cause, the local affection being also specified.

LATIN EQ. FRENCH. GERMAN. Anaesthesia. Anesthésie. Anästhesie. Neuralgia. Neuralgie. Névralgie. Verlust oder Abnor-472. Gustus perversus aut Perte ou perversion mität des Gedepravatus. du goût. schmacksinns. PALATI ET FAUCIUM MORBI. 473. Inflammatio catarrha-Mal de gorge. Syn., Rachenkatarrh. Syn., Katarrhalische Anlis (acuta aut chron-Angine. gina (akute undica). chronische). Ulcération. Geschwürsbildung. 474. Ulceratio. der 475. Tonsillitis. Inflammation des Entzündung amygdales. Syn., Mandeln. Syn.,Tonsillitis. Amygdalite. a. Lacunaire. a. Follikuläre. a. Follicularis. b. Mit Eiterbildung. b. Purulente. b. Suppurativa. c. Abcès péri-amygc. Abscess in der c. Abscessus periton-Umgebung der dalien. sillaris. Mandel. der Hypertrophie des 476. Tonsillarum hyper-Hypertrophie Mandeln. amygdales. trophia. Verlängerung des Hypertrophie de la 477. Uvula producta. Zäpfchens. luette. Diphtherie. Diphthérie. Diphtheria. Tuberkulose. Tuberculose Tuberculosis. Lupus. Lupus. Lupus. Lepra. Lèpre. Lepra. Syphilis. Syphilis. Syphilis. Lähmung des weichen voile Paralysie du palati Veli penduli Gaumens. palatin. paralysis. Gutartige Neubild-Néoplasme bénin. Neoplasma non maligung. num. Bösartige Neubild-Néoplasme malin. Neoplasma malignum. ung. Missbildungen.

Vices de conforma-

Écartement de

Luctte biside.

voûte palatine.

Gaumenspalte. Syn.,

Wolfsrachen. Spaltung des Zäpf-

chens.

tion.

Deformitates

Palatum fissum.

Uvula bifida.

itae.

ingen-

- *Anæsthesia (130).
- *Neuralgia (131).
- 472. *Loss or perversion of sense of taste.

DISEASES OF THE PALATE AND FAUCES.

- 473. Sore throat. Synonym, Catarrhal inflammation (acute and chronic).
- 474. *Ulceration.

Note.—The part affected should be specified.

- 475. Inflammation of tonsils. Synonym, Tonsillitis.
 - a. Follicular. Synonym, Lacunar.
 - b. Suppurative. Synonym, Quinsy.
 - c. Peritonsillar abscess.
- 476. Hypertrophy of tonsils.
- 477. Elongated uvula.

Diphtheria (10).

Tuberculosis (44).

Lupus.

Leprosy (23).

Syphilis (42).

*Paralysis of soft palate (110).

Malformations (78).

Return according to list at p. 347.

New Growth, Non-malignant (79). Return according to list of tu-New Growth, Malignant (80). mours, p. 335. Cleft palate. Bifid uvula.

^{*} When the cause of this condition is known, the return should be made under the head of such cause, the local affection being also specified.

GLANDULARUM SALIVARIUM MORBI.

LATIN Eq.	FRENCH.	GERMAN.
478. Inflammatio.	Inflammation.	Entzündung.
Suppuratio.	Suppuration.	Eiterung.
Parotitis.	Oreillons.	Mumps.
479. Fistula salivaris.	Fistule salivaire.	Speichelfistel.
480. Calculus salivaris.	Calcul salivaire.	Speichelstein.
Cystis.	Kyste.	Cyste.
Panula.	Grenouillette.	Ranula.
Neoplasma non malignum.	Néoplasme bénin.	Gutartige Neubild- ung.
Neoplasma malignum.	Néoplasme malin.	Bösartige Neubild- ung.
481. Ptyalismus.	Ptyalisme.	Speichelfluss.
482. Xerostomia.	Xérostomie.	Trockenheit der Mundhöhle.

PHARYNGIS ET OESOPHAGI MORBI.

PHARYNGIS ET UESOPHAGI MORBI.		
483. Inflammatio.	Inflammation.	Entzündung.
a, Catarrhalis.	a. Catarrhale.	a. Katarrhalische.
b. Septica.	b. Séptique.	b. Septische.
c. Granulosa.	c. Granuleuse.	c. Granulöse.
d. Follicularis.	d. Folliculaire, Lacunaire.	d. Follikuläre.
484. Abscessus postpharyngealis.	Abcès post-pharyn- gien.	Retropharyngeal abscess.
485. Ulceratio.	Ulcération.	Geschwürsbildung.
486. Dilatatio. Includuntur sacculi et diverticula.	Dilatation (diverticules, &c.).	Erweiterung mit Einschluss der Taschen-und Diver- tikelbildung.
487. Strictura.	Rétrécissement.	Verengerung.
488. Perforatio.	Perforation.	Durchbohrung.

DISEASES OF THE SALIVARY GLANDS.

Note.—The gland affected should be specified.

478. Inflammation.

Suppuration.

Mumps (28).

- 479. Salivary fistula.
- 480. Salivary calculus.

Cyst (81).

Ranula.

New Growth, Non-malignant (79).

New Growth, Malignant (80).

Return according to list of tumours at p. 335.

- 481. *Salivation. Synonym, Ptyalism.
- 482. Dry mouth. Synonyms, Xerostomia, Dry Tongue.

DISEASES OF THE PHARYNX AND ŒSOPHAGUS.

- 483. Inflammation.
 - a. Catarrhal.
 - b. Septic.
 - c. Granular.
 - d. Follicular.
- 484. Post-pharyngeal abscess.
- 485. Ulceration.
- 486. Dilatation (including pouches and diverticula).
- 487. *Stricture.
- 488. *Perforation.

When the cause of this condition is known, the return should be made under the head of such cause, the local affection being also specified.

LATIN EQ. FRENCH. GERMAN. Varix. Varice. Varicen. Diphtheria. Diphthérie. Diphtherie. Tuberculosis. Tuberculose. Tuberkulose. Lupus. Lupus. Lupus. Lepra. Lèpre. Lepra. Syphilis. Syphilis. Syphilis. Gutartige Neubild-Néoplasme bénin. Neoplasma non malignum. ung. Neoplasma malignum. Néoplasme malin. Bösartige Neubildung. Laesiones. Traumatismes, com-Verletzungen, [mit prenant les corps Einschluss des Steckenbleiben von étrangers et les effets des poisons. fremden Körpern und der Anätzung. Vices de conforma-Missbildungen. Deformitates ingenition. tae. Paralysie. Paralysis. Lähmung.

Spasme.

Spasmus.

Krampf.

Varix (329).

Diphtheria (10).

Tuberculosis (44).

Lupus.

Leprosy (23).

Syphilis (42).

New Growth, Non-malignant (79).

Return according to list of tumours a p. 335.

Injuries, including impaction of foreign bodies and effects of poisons (83).

Return according to list at p. 277.

Malformations (78).

Return according to list at p. 347.

*Paralysis (110).

*Spasm (116).

^{*} When the cause of this condition is known, the return should be made under the head of such cause, the local affection being also specified.

VENTRICULI MORBI.

LATIN EQ.	FRENCH.	GERMAN.
489. Gastritis, acuta aut chronica.	Gastrite, aiguë ou chronique.	Gastritis, akute oder chronische.
a. Catarrhalis.	a. Catarrhale.	a. Katarrhalische.
b. Infectiva.	b. Infectieuse.	b. Infektiöse.
Suppurativa,	Purulente.	Mit Eiterung.
490. Ulceratio.	Ulcération.	Geschwürsbildung.
A. Simplex.	A. Simple.	A. Einfach.
a. Superficialis. In- cluditur Erosio. 1	a. Superficielle. Comprenant les érosions.	a. Oberflächliche, mit Einschluss der Erosionen.
b. Perforans. I.v.,	b. Perforante.	o. Perforierende. Syn , Rundes
Ulcus rotundum, Ulcus pepticum.		Geschwür, Magengeschwür
c. Fistula gastrica.	c. Fistule gastrique.	c. Magenfistel.
B. Infectiva.	B. Infectieuse.	B. Infektiöse.
491. Gangraena. J.v., Sphacelus.	Gangrène.	Gangrän. Syn.,Brand.
492. Haemorrhagia.	Hémorrhagie.	Blutung.
Haematemesis.	Hématémese.	Hämatemesis. Syn., Blutbrechen.
Melaena.	Melana.	Melaena.
493. Hyperaemia.	Hyperémie.	Hyperämie.
494. Degenerationes.	Dégénérescences.	Entartungen.
495. Atrophia.	Atrophie.	Atrophie.
496. Hypertrophia.	Hypertrophie.	Hypertrophie.
Corpora adventitia.	Corps étrangers.	Fremdkörper.
497. Concreta.	Concrétions.	Konkretionen.
Neoplasma non mal-	Néoplasme bénin.	Gutartige Neubild-
ignum.	-	ung.
Neoplasma malignum.	Néoplasme malin.	Bösartige Neubild- ung.
		O +-

Kyste.

Cystis.

Cyste.

DISEASES OF THE STOMACH.

Italics indicate that the disease in question should not be registered in this Section. The proper place is shewn by the number which follows.

- 489. Inflammation. Synonym, Gastritis, acute or chronic.
 - a. Catarrhal.
 - b. Infective.
 Suppurative.
- 490. Ulceration.
 - A. Simple.
 - a. Superficial (including erosions).
 - b. Perforating. Synonyms, Round ulcer, peptic ulcer.
 - c. Gastric fistula.
 - B. Infective.
- 491. Gangrene. Synonym, Sloughing.

When due to poisoning, this should be stated.

492. Hæmorrhage.

Hæmatemesis. Should be returned under this head when the stomach is believed to be the source of hæmorrhage.

- 493. *Hyperæmia. Synonyms, Congestion, engorgement.
- 494. Degenerations.

Return according to list at p. 401.

- 495. Atrophy.
- 496. *Hypertrophy.

Foreign bodies (84).

497. Concretions.

New Growth, Non-Malignant (79).

New Growth, Malignant (80).

Cyst (81).

Return according to list of tumours at p. 335.

^{*} When the cause of this condition is known, the return should be made under the head of such cause, the local affection being also specified.

LATIN EQ. FRENCH. GERMAN. Tuberculosis. Tuberculose. Tuberkulose. Syphilis. Syphilis. Syphilis. Anthrax. Charbon. Milzbrand. Venenorum effectus. Effets des poisons. Einwirkung von Giften. Parasitorum aggressio. Invasions parasitaires. Parasiten. a. Parietum. a. Des parois. b. Rerum inclusarum. b. Du contenu. Laesionum effectus. Effets des trauma-Folgen von Verletztismes. ungen. 498. Morbi mechanici. Affections d'ordre Mechanische Affekmécanique. tionen. a. Dislocatio. a. Déplacement. a. Verrenkungen. Gastroptosis. Gastroptose. Gastroptosis. Hernie à tra-vers le dia-Hernia diaphrag-Zwerchfellmatica. bruch. phragme. b. Dilatatio. I.v., b. Dilatation. Syn., b. Erweiterung. Gastrectasis. Gastrectasie. Syn., Gastrektasie. c. Contractio. c. Contraction. e. Verengerung. Partis mediae Contraction en Sanduhrmagen. contractio. sablier. d. Strictura. d. Rétrecissement. d. Striktur. a. Cardiae. a. Du cardia. a. Der Cardia. b. Pylori. Includitur, Stenosis hypertrophica. b. Des Pylorus, b. Du pylore, mit Einschluss comprenant la der hyper-trophischen sténose h ypertrophique. Stenose. e. Perforatio. e. Perforation. e. Durchbohrung. f. Laceratio. f. Lacération. f. Riss. g. Diruptio. g. Rupture. g. Ruptur. Deformitates ingeni-Unregelmässige Ent-Anomalies de dévelwickelung, mit

oppement, compren-

ant les malforma-

tions.

Indigestion.

Hyperchlorhydrie.

Einschluss der

Missbildungen.

Verdauungsstörung.

Syn., Dyspepsie. Hyperchlorhydrie.

tae.

500. Hyperchlorhydria.

499. Dyspepsia.

Tuberculosis (44).

Syphilis (42).

Anthrax (2). Synonym, Malignant pustule.

Effects of poisons (85).

Return according to list at p. 369.

Parasitic invasion (82).

a. Of walls.

b. Of contents.

Return according to list at p. 384.

Effects of injuries (83).

Return according to list at p. 277.

498. Mechanical Affections.

a. Displacement.

Gastroptosis.

Hernia, diaphragmatic.

- b. *Dilatation. Synonym, Gastrectasis.
- c. *Contraction.

Hour-glass contraction

d. *Stricture.

a. Of cardia.

b. Of pylorus (including hypertrophic stenosis).

e. *Perforation.

f. Laceration.

q. *Rupture.

Errors of development, including malformations (78). For list of malformations, see p. 347.

499. †Indigestion. Synonym, Dyspepsia.

500. †Hyperchlorhydria.

When the cause of this condition is known the return should be made

under the head of such cause, the local affection being also specified.

† These, being names of symptoms, should be used only when the cause is unknown. When the cause is known, the return should be made under the head of such causes, the local condition being also specified.

LATIN EQ.	French.	GERMAN.
501. Eructatio.	Eructation.	Aufstossen.
502. Pyrosis.	Pyrosis.	Pyrosis.
503. Regurgitatio.	Régurgitation.	Regurgitation.
504. Nausea.	Nausée.	Übelkeit.
505. Nisus vomitorius.	Haut-de-cœur.	Würgen.
506. Vomitus.	Vomissement.	Erbrechen.
Vomitus maris motu inductus.	Mal de mer.	Seekrankheit.
507. Ruminatio.	Rumination	Ruminatio.
508. Paresis. I.v., Atonia.	Atonie.	Atonie.
509. Spasmus.	Spasme.	Krampf.
510. Gastralgia. I.v., Gas-	Gastralgie.	Gastralgie.
trodynia. 511. Cardialgia.	Cardialgie.	Sodbrennen. Syn., Kardialgie.
512. Anorexia.	Anoréxie.	Appetitmangel.
513. Bulimia. <i>I.v.</i> , Cibi appetitus nimius.	Boulimie.	Heisshunger.
514. Pica. I.v., Cibi appetitus depravatus.	Perversions de l'appé- tit.	Perversionen des Appetits.
I_{NT}	ESTINORUM MORBI.	
515. Inflammatio, acuta aut chronica. 1. Enteritis.	Inflammation, aiguë ou chronique. 1. Entérite.	Entzündung, akute oder chronische. 1. Enteritis.
2. Appendicitis.	2. Appendicite.	2. Appendicitis.
3. Colitis.	3. Colite.	3. Kolitis.
516. Ulceratio.	Ulcération.	Geschwürsbildung.
a. Superficialis. I.v.,	a. Superficielle.	a. Oberflächliche.
b. Follicularis.	b. Lacunaire (folliculaire).	b. Follikuläre.
c. Perforans.	c. Perforante.	c. Perforierende.

Ulcère duodénal.

Ulcus duodenale. Ulcus jejunale.

Duodenalge-schwür.

- 501. *Éructation. (Gaseous, fluid, or solid.)
- 502. *Pyrosis. Synonym, Waterbrash.
- 503. *Regurgitation.
- 504. *Nausea.
- 505. *Retching.
- 506. *Vomiting.
 Sea-sickness.
- 507. *Rumination.
- 508. *Paresis. Synonym, Atony.
- 509. *Spasm.
- 510. *Gastralgia. Synonym, Gastrodynia.
- 511. *Heartburn. Synonym, Cardialgia.
- 512. *Loss of appetite. Synonym, Anorexia.
- 513. *Excessive appetite. Synonym, Bulimia.
- 514. *Perversions of appetite. Synonym, Pica.

DISEASES OF THE INTESTINES.

- 515. Inflammation, acute or chronic.
 - 1. Enteritis. Synonym, Inflammation of small intestine.
 - 2. Appendicitis.
 - 3. Colitis.

- State whether
 - a. Catarrhat.b. Infective.
 - c. Ulcerative.
 - d. Membranous.

- 516. Ulceration.
 - a. Superficial. Synonym, Erosion.
 - b. Follicular.
 - c. Perforating.

Special forms: Duodenal Ulcer.

Jejunal Ulcer following gastroenterostomy.

These, being names of symptoms, should be used only when the cause is unknown. When the cause is known, the return should be made under the head of such causes, the local condition being also specified.

LATIN EQ.	FRENCH.	GERMAN.
d. Ex morbis infectivis.	d. Ulcération à la suite de maladies spécifiques infectieuses.	d. Durch specifische Krankheiten.
e. Fistula.	e. Fistule.	e. Fistel.
517. Gangraena. I.v., Sphacelus.	Gangrène.	Gangrän. Syn., Brand.
518. Haemorrhagia.	Hémorrhagie.	Blutung.
519. Thrombosis et Embolismus.	Thrombose et Embolie.	Thrombose und Embolie.
520. Hyperaemia.	Hyperémie.	Hyperämie.
521. Degenerationes.	Dégénérescences.	Entartungen.
522. Atrophia.	Atrophie.	Atrophie.
523. Hypertrophia.	Hypertrophie.	Hypertrophie
Corpora adventitia.	Corps étrangers.	Fremdkörper.
524. Concreta. I.v., Enterolithi.	Concrétions. Syn., Entérolithes.	Konkretionen. Syn., Darmsteine.
Calculi biliares, sive fellei.	Calculs biliaires.	Gallensteine.
525. Faecum accumulatio.	Accumulation fécale.	Kotanhäufung.
Neoplasma non malig- num.	Néoplasme bénin.	Gutartige Neubild- ung.
Neoplasma malignum.	Néoplasme malin.	Bösartige Neubild- ung.
Febris enterica. I.v., Febris typhoides.	Fièvre typhoïde.	Abdominaltyphus.
Cholera. <i>I.v.</i> , Cholera Asiatica.	Choléra asiatique.	Asiatische Cholera.
Enteritis infectiva. I.v., Diarrhœa epidemica.	Entérite infectieuse. Syn., Diarrhée épidémique.	Infektiöse Enteritis. Syn., Epidemische Diarrhoe.
Dysenteria.	Dysenterie.	Dysenterie. Syn., Ruhr.
526. Psilosis.	Psilosis. Syn., Sprue.	Psilosis.
Tuberculosis.	Tuberculose.	Tuberkulose.
Syphilis.	Syphilis.	Syphilis.
Anthrax.	Charbon.	Milzbrand.
Actinomycosis.	Actinomycose.	Aktinomykose.

- d. Ulceration from specific infective diseases.

 These should be returned under the head of the respective diseases. For list, see pp. 3-7.
- e. Fistula.
- 517. *Gangrene. Synonym, Sloughing.
- 518. *Hæmorrhage.
- 519. Thrombosis and Embolism.
- 520. Hyperæmia. Synonyms, Congestion, engorgement.
- 521. *Degenerations.

 Return according to list on p. 401.
- 522. *Atrophy.
- 523. *Hypertrophy.

 Foreign bodies (84).
- 524. Concretions. Synonym, Enteroliths.

 Gall stones (581).
- 525. Fæcal accumulation.

New Growth, Non-malignant (79).

New Growth, Malignant (80).

Return according to list of tumours at p. 335.

Enteric fever (13). Synonym, Typhoid fever.

Cholera (7). Synonym, Asiatic cholera.

Infective Enteritis (14). Synonym, Epidemic diarrhæa.

Dysentery (11).

526. Sprue. Synonym, Psilosis.

Tuberculosis (44).

Syphilis (42).

Anthrax (2). Synonym, Malignant pustule.

Actinomycosis (1).

When the cause of this condition is known, the return should be made under the head of such cause, the local affection being also specified.

	LATIN EQ.	French.	GERMAN.
	Venenorum effectus.	Effets des poisons.	Einwirkungen von Giften.
	Parasiti.	Parasites.	Parasiten.
	Laesionum effectus.	Effets des traumatismes.	Verletzungen.
527.	Enteroptosis.	Entéroptose.	Enteroptosis.
528.	Hernia.	Hernie.	Bruch. Syn., Hernie.
	1. Diaphragmatica.	1. Diaphragmatique.	1. Zwerchfellbruch.
	2. Ventralis.	2. Ventralc.	2. Bauchbruch.
	3. Umbilicalis.	3. Ombilicale.	3. Nabelbruch.
	4. Lumbaris.	4. Lombaire.	4. Lendenbruch.
	5. Inguinalis.	5. Inguinale.	5. Leistenbruch.
	A. Externa, sive obliqua.	A. Externe ou oblique.	A. Äusserer.
	a. Bubonocele.	a. Bubonocèle.	a. Bubonocele.
	b. Scrotalis ant labialis.c. Funicularis.	b. Scrotale ou labiale. c. Funiculaire.	b. Skrotal-oder Labialbruch. c. Funikulärer.
	d. Ingenita.	d. Hernie de la tunique vag- inale (dite congénitale).	d. Angeborener.
	c. Infantilis.	c. Infantile.	e. Infantiler.
	B. Interna, sive recta.	B. Interne ou directe.	B. Innerer.
	6. Femoralis.	6. Fémorale.	6. Schenkelbruch.
	7 Obturatoria.	7. Obturatrice.	7. Hernia obturatoria.
	8. Perinealis.	8. Périnéale.	8. Perincalhernie.
	9. Pudendalis.	. 9. Des grandes lèvres, .	9. Hernia pudendalis.
	10. Vaginalis.	10. Vaginale.	10. Vaginalhernie.
	11. Ischiadica.	11. Sciatique.	11. Hernia ischiadica.
(12. Interstitialis. I.v., Intraparietalis.	12. Interstitielle.	12. Hernia interstitialis.
	13. Intraabdominalis. Includitur Retroperitonealis.	13. Interne ou intra- abdominale, com- prenant la Herme retro-péritoneale.	13. Hernia intra-abdo- minalis.
	14 0 1-1:-	14 Eniploïque	14. Netzbruch.

14. Epiplorque.

14. Omentalis.

14. Netzbruch.

Effects of poisons (85).

Return according to list at p. 369.

Parasites (82).

Return according to list at p. 384.

Effects of injuries (83).

Return according to list at p. 277.

527. Enteroptosis.

528. Hernia. Synonym, Rupture.

State if reducible or irreducible; also if obstructed, inflamed, or strangulated.

- (1.) Diaphragmatic.
- (2.) Ventral.
- (3.) Umbilical.
- (4.) Lumbar.
- (5.) Inguinal.

A. External or oblique.

- a. Bubonocele.
- b. Scrotal or labial.
- c. Funicular.
- d. Into the Tunica vaginalis (so-called congenital hernia).
- e. Infantile.

B. Internal or direct.

- (6.) Femoral.
- (7.) Obturator.
- (8.) Perineal.
- (9.) Pudendal.
- (10.) Vaginal.
- (11.) Sciatic.
- (12.) Interstitial. Synonym, Intra-parietal.
- (13.) Internal or intra-abdominal (including retroperitoneal).
- (14.) Omental. See Diseases of Peritoneum (591).

LATIN EQ.	FRENCH.	GERMAN.
529. Saccorum herniarum	Affections des sacs	Erkrankungen des
morbi. a. Inflammatio.	herniaires. a. Inflammation.	Bruchsacks. a. Entzündung.
b. Adhaerentia.	b. Adhérences.	b. Verwachsung.
c. Suppuratio.	c. Suppuration.	c. Vereiterung.
d. Hydrops.	d. Hydropisie.	d. Bruchsackwasser- sucht.
e. Laceratio.	e. Lacération.	e. Zerreissung.
530. Intussusceptio. I.v., Invaginatio.	Intussusception. Syn., Invagination.	Intussusception. Syn., Darmeinschiebung.
531. Volvulus.	Volvulus. Syn., Ileus.	Axendrehung.
532. Dilatatio.	Dilatation.	Erweiterung.
533. Diverticula.	Diverticules.	Divertikel.
534. Strictura. <i>I.v.</i> , Stenosis.	Rétrécissement. Syn., Sténose.	Verengerung.
535. Compressio.	Compression.	Druck.
Impactio.	Concrétions.	Verschliessung durch Konkremente.
536. Obstructio.	Obstruction.	Verschliessung.
537. Perforatio.	Perforation.	Durchbohrung.
537. Perforatio. 538. Laceratio.	Perforation. Lacération.	$egin{aligned} & ext{Durchbohrung.} \ & ext{Zerreissung.} \end{aligned}$
538. Laceratio. Deformitates ingeni-	Lacération. Anomalies du developpement, comprenant les malforma-	Zerreissung. Missbildungen. Funktionsstörung des Darms.
538. Laceratio. Deformitates ingenitae.	Lacération. Anomalies du developpement, comprenant les malformations. Indigestion intestin-	Zerreissung. Missbildungen. Funktionsstörung des
538. Laceratio.Deformitates ingenitae.539. Dyspepsia intestinalis.	Lacération. Anomalies du developpement, comprenant les malformations. Indigestion intestinale.	Zerreissung. Missbildungen. Funktionsstörung des Darms. Diarrhoe. Syn.,
 538. Laceratio. Deformitates ingenitae. 539. Dyspepsia intestinalis. 540. Diarrhœa. 541. Constipatio. 542. Tympanites. I.v., Me- 	Lacération. Anomalies du developpement, comprenant les malformations. Indigestion intestinale. Diarrhée.	Zerreissung. Missbildungen. Funktionsstörung des Darms. Diarrhoe. Syn., Durchfall.
 538. Laceratio. Deformitates ingenitae. 539. Dyspepsia intestinalis. 540. Diarrhœa. 541. Constipatio. 	Lacération. Anomalies du developpement, comprenant les malformations. Indigestion intestinale. Diarrhée. Constipation.	Zerreissung. Missbildungen. Funktionsstörung des Darms. Diarrhoe. Syn., Durchfall. Verstopfung.
 538. Laceratio. Deformitates ingenitae. 539. Dyspepsia intestinalis. 540. Diarrhœa. 541. Constipatio. 542. Tympanites. I.v., Meteorismus. 	Lacération. Anomalies du developpement, comprenant les malformations. Indigestion intestinale. Diarrhée. Constipation. Météorisme.	Zerreissung. Missbildungen. Funktionsstörung des Darms. Diarrhoe. Syn., Durchfall. Verstopfung. Tympanites. Parese. Syn., Atonie. Kolik. Syn., Bauchgrimmen, Leib-
 538. Laceratio. Deformitates ingenitae. 539. Dyspepsia intestinalis. 540. Diarrhœa. 541. Constipatio. 542. Tympanites. I.v., Meteorismus. 543. Paresis. I.v., Atonia. 	Lacération. Anomalies du developpement, comprenant les malformations. Indigestion intestinale. Diarrhée. Constipation. Météorisme. Parésie. Syn., Atonie.	Zerreissung. Missbildungen. Funktionsstörung des Darms. Diarrhoe. Syn., Durchfall. Verstopfung. Tympanites. Parese. Syn., Atonie. Kolik. Syn., Bauchgrimmen, Leibschneiden.

- 529. Affections of hernial sacs.
 - a. Inflammation.
 - b. Adhesion.
 - c. Suppuration.
 - d. Dropsy.
 - e. Laceration.
- 530. Intussusception. Synonym, Invagination.
- 531. Volvulus.
- 532. Dilatation.
 - 533. Diverticula.
- 534. Stricture. Synonym, Stenosis.
- 535. *Compression.

Impaction (84, 524, 581, 525).

Return under Foreign bodies, Concretions, Gall stones, Fæcal accumulation.

- 536. *Obstruction.
- 537. Perforation.
- 538. Laceration.

Errors of development, including malformations (78). (For list of malformations, see p. 347.)

- 539. *Intestinal indigestion.
- 540. *Diarrhœa.
- 541. *Constipation.
- 542. *Tympanites. Synonym, Meteorism.
- 543. *Paresis. Synonym, Atony.
- 544. *Colic. Synonym, Intestinal cramp.

Lead colic (59).

545. *Enteralgia. Synonym, Abdominal neuralgia.

^{*} These, being names of symptoms, should be used only when the cause is unknown. When the cause is known, the return should be made under the head of such causes, the local condition being also specified.

INTESTINI RECTI ET ANI MORBI.

LATIN EQ.	FRENCH.	GERMAN.
546. Inflammatio. I.v., Proctitis.	Inflammation. Syn., Proctite.	Entzündung. Syn., Proctitis.
547. Periproctitis.	Périproctite.	Periproctitis.
Abscessus ischiorecta- lis.	Abcès ischio-rectal.	Mit Abscessbildung.
548. Ulceratio.	Ulcération.	Geschwürsbildung.
Dysenterica.	Dysentérique.	Dysenterische.
Tuberculosa.	Tuberculeuse.	Tuberkulöse.
Syphilitica.	Syphilitique.	Syphilitische.
Neoplasmatum malig- norum.	A la suite de tumeurs malignes.	Durch bösartige Neu- bildungen.
549. Ani fissura. <i>I.v.</i> , Ani rhagades.	Fissure anale.	Fissur des Anus
550. Fistula in ano.	Fistule de l'anus.	Mastdarmfistel.
551. Fistula recto-vesicalis.	Fistule recto-vésicale.	Blasenmastdarm- fistel.
552. Fistula recto-urethralis.	Fistule recto - uré- thrale.	Harnröhrenmast- darmfistel.
553. Fistula recto-vaginalis	Fistule recto - va- ginale.	Mastdarmscheiden- fistel.
554. Gangraena. I.v., Sphacelus.	Gangrène.	Gangrän. Syn., Brand.
555. Haemorrhagia.	Hémorrhagie.	Blutung.
556. Haemorrhoides.	Hémorrhoïdes.	Hämorrhoiden.
a. Interiores.	a. Internes.	a. Innere.
b. Exteriores.	b. Externes.	b. Äussere.
° c. Utriusque generis.	c. Internes et externes.	c. Intermediäre.
Corpora adventitia.	Corps étrangers.	Fremdkörper.
Neoplasma non malig- num.	Néoplasme bénin.	Gutartige Neubild- ung.
Neoplasma malignum.	Néoplasme malin.	Bösartige Neubild- ung.
Tuberculosis.	Tuberculose.	Tuberkulose.
Syphilis.	Syphilis	Syphilis.

DISEASES OF THE RECTUM AND ANUS.

- 546. Inflammation. Synonym, Proctitis.
- 547. Periproctitis.

Ischio-rectal Abscess.

548. Ulceration.

Dysenteric (11).

Tuberculous (44).

Syphilitic (42).

Of Malignant Growths (80).

Return under the head of the respective diseases.

- 549. Fissure of the anus.
- 550. Fistula in ano.
- 551. Recto-vesical fistula.
- 552. Recto-urethral ,
- 553. Recto-vaginal ,,
- 554. *Gangrene. Synonym, Sloughing.
- 555. *Hæmorrhage.
- 556. Piles. Synonym, Hæmorrhoids.
 - a. Internal.
 - b. External.
 - c. Mixed.

Foreign bodies (84).

New Growth, Non-malignant (79).

Return according to list of tumours at p. 335.

New Growth, Malignant (80).

Tuberculosis (44).

Syphilis (42).

^{*} When the cause of this affection is known, the return should be made under the head of such cause, the local condition being also specified.

GERMAN. FRENCH. LATIN EQ. Gifteinwirkungen. Effets des poisons. Venenorum effectus. Parasiten. Parasites. Parasiti. Verletzungen. Traumatismes. Lassionum effectus. Intussusception. Intussusception. Intussusceptio. Syn., Invagination. Prolaps. Syn., Vor-Prolapsus. 557. Prolapsus. fall. Rectocele. Rectocèle. Rectocele. I.v., Proc-Mastdarmbruch. tocele. Verengerung. Rétrécissement. 558. Strictura. Verschliessung durch Concrétions. Impactio. Fremdkörper. Zerreissung. Lacération. 559. Laceratio. mitMissbildungen, Vices de conformaingeni-Deformitates derEinschluss tion, Comprenant tae. Atresia Ani. l'anus imperforé. Pruritus Ani. Prurit anal. 560. Pruritus ani.

PANCREATIS MORBI.

Syn., Entzündung. Inflammation. Syn.,561. Pancreatitis. Pankreatitis. Pancréatite. a. Akute. a. Aiguë. a. Acuta. Hämorrhagische. Hémorrhagique. Haemorrhagica. Eitrige. Purulente. Abscess. . Abcès. b. Chronische. b. Chronique. . b. Chronica, Syn.,Gangrän. Gangrène. 562. Gangraena. Brand. Blutung. Hémorrhagie. 563. Hæmorrhagia.

Just 1 10 12 11 11 11 11 John High Carlos Harrison

Effects of poisons (85).

(For list of poisons, see p. 369.)

Parasites (82).

Return according to list at p. 384.

Effects of injuries (83).

Return according to list at p. 277.

Intussusception (530).

557. Prolapse.

557A. Rectocele. Synonym, Proctocele.

558. *Stricture.

Impaction (84, 524, 581, 525).

Return under Foreign bodies, Concretions, Gall-stones, Fæcal accumulation.

559. Laceration.

Malformations, including imperforate anus (78).

Return according to list at p. 347.

560. †Pruritus ani.

DISEASES OF THE PANCREAS.

.561. Inflammation. Synonym, Pancreatitis.

a. Acute.

Hæmorrhagic.

Suppurative.

Abscess.

b. Chronic.

562. Gangrene.

563. Hæmorrhage.

When the cause of this affection is known, the return should be made under the head of such cause, the local condition being also specified.

[†] This, being the name of a symptom, should be used only when the cause is unknown. When the cause is known, the return should be made under the head of such causes, the local condition being also specified.

FRENCH. GERMAN. LATIN EQ. Entartung. Dégénérescence. 564. Degeneratio. Fettige. Graisseuse. Adiposa. Hyaline. Hyaline. Hyalina. Atrophie. 565. Atrophia. Atrophie. Pankreasstein. 566. Calculus. Calcul. Neubild-Gutartige Néoplasme bénin. Neoplasma non-maligung. num. Neubild-Bösartige Neoplasma malignum. Néoplasme malin. ung. Cyste. Kyste. Cystis. Tuberkulose. Tuberculose. Tuberculosis. der Einwirkungen Effets de poisons. Venenorum effectus. Gifte. Parasiten. Parasites. Parasiti. Effets de traumatis-Verletzungen. Laesionum effectus. mes. Missbildungen. Vices de conformaingeni-Deformitates tion. tac. u n dVerstopfung Obstruction et dila-567. Ductus obstructio et Erweiterung des tation du conduit dilatatio. Ductus. excréteur. JECORIS MORBI. Syn.,Entzündung. Syn.,Inflammation. 568. Hepatitis. Hepatitis. Hépatite. a. Akute. a. Aiguë. Acuta. Infektiöse. Infectieuse. Infectiva. Eitrige. Purulente. Suppurativa. Traumati-Abcès trauma-Abscessus trauscherAbscess. tique. maticus. Tropischer Abcès tropi-Abscessus tropi-Abscess. cal.

Pyämischer

Vereiterte r

Echinokok-

Abscess.

kussack.

pyé-

Abcès

mique.

purée.

Hydatide sup-

cus.

Cystis

Abscessus

aemicus.

py-

hydati-

dica suppurans.

564. Degeneration.

Fatty.

Hyaline.

565. *Atrophy.

566. Calculus.

New Growth, Non-malignant (79).

New Growth, Malignant (80).

Return according to list of tumours at p. 335.

Cyst (81).

Tuberculosis (44).

Effects of poisons (85).

Return according to list at p. 369.

Parasites (82).

Return according to list at p. 384.

Effects of injuries (83).

Return according to list at p. 277.

Malformations (78).

Return according to list at p. 347.

567. Obstruction and dilatation of duct.

DISEASES OF THE LIVER.

568. Inflammation. Synonym, Hepatitis.

a. Acute.

Infective.

Suppurative.

Traumatic abscess.

Tropical

Fyæmic

(33).

Suppurating hydatid (82).

When the cause of this affection is known, the return should be made under the head of such cause, the local condition being also specified.

569.

570.

571.

572.

573.

Cystis hydatidica.

Echinococcus multilocularis.

LATIN EQ.	FRENCH.	GERMAN.
b. Chronica. I.v., Hepatitis interstitialis, Cirrhosis.	b. Chronique. Syn. Cirrhose.	b. Chronische. Syn., Cirrhose.
a. Cirrhosis portae. I.v., Cirrhosis a trophica. Jecur gran- ulosum.	a. Cirrhose atrophique.	a. Gran ulierte Leber.
b. Cirrhosis biliaris. I.v., Cirrhosis hypertro- phica.	b. Cirrhose h y- pertrophique.	b. Hypertro- phische Cirr- hose.
Perihepatitis.	Périhépatite.	Perihepatitis.
Atrophia acuta flava.	Atrophie aiguë.	Akute gelbe Leber- atrophie.
Hyperaemia.	Hyperémie ou con- gestion.	Hyperämie oder Kongestion.
a. Activa.	a. Active.	a. Aktive.
b. Passiva. I.v., Jecur myristicatum.	b. Passive.	b. Passive. Syn., Muskatnussleber.
Degenerationes.	Dégénérescences.	Entartungen.
a. Granulosa.	a. Granuleuse.	a. Körnige.
b. Adiposa.	b. Graisseuse.	b. Fettige.
c. Lardacea. I.v., Cerea, Amyloides.	c. Lardacée. Syn., Amyloïde.	c. Amyloide. Syn., Wachsleber, Speckleber.
d. Pigmentaria.	d. Pigmentaire.	d. Pigmentleber.
Jecur leuchaemicum.	Foie leucémique.	Leukämische Leber.
Atrophia.	Atrophie.	Atrophie.
Neoplasma non malig- num.	Néoplasme bénin.	Gutartige Neubild- ung.
Neoplasma malignum.	Néoplasme malin.	Bösartige Neubild- ung.
Cystis.	Kyste.	Cyste.
Pyaemia.	Pyémie (Pyohémie).	Pyämie.
Tuberculosis.	Tuberculose.	Tuberkulose.
Syphilis.	Syphilis.	Syphilis.
Malaria.	Paludisme.	Folgen von Wechsel- fieber.
Actinomycosis.	Actinomycose.	Aktinomykose.
Venenorum effectus.	Effets de poisons.	Einwirkungen von Giften.
Parasiti.	Parasites.	Parasiten.

Kyste hydatique.

Kyste hydatique multiloculaire.

Echinokokkuscyste.

Echinococcus multilocularis.

Return according

at p. 335.

to list of tumours

Italics indicate that the disease in question should not be registered in this Section. The proper place is shewn by the number which follows.

- b. Chronic. Synonyms, Interstitial hepatitis, Cirrhosis.
 - (a.) Portal cirrhosis. Synonyms, Atrophic cirrhosis, Hobnail liver.
 - (b.) Biliary cirrhosis. Synonym, Hypertrophic cirrhosis.
- 569. Perihepatitis.
- 570. Acute vellow atrophy.
- 571. Hyperæmia or congestion.
 - a. Active.
 - b. Passive. Synonym, Nutmeg liver.
- 572. Degenerations.
 - a. Cloudy swelling.
 - b. Fatty (including fatty infiltration).
 - c. Lardaceous. Synonyms, Waxy, Amyloid.
 - d. Pigmentary.

Leuchamic liver (70).

573. Atrophy.

New Growth, Non-malignant (79).

New Growth, Malignant (80).

Cyst (81).

Pyæmia (33).

Tuberculosis (44).

Syphilis (42).

Malaria (25).

Actinomycosis (1).

Effects of poisons (85).

Return according to list at p. 369.

Parasites (82).

Return according to list at p. 384.

Hydatid cyst.

Multilocular hydatid.

LATIN EQ. FRENCH. GERMAN. Laesionum effectus. Effets de trauma-Verletzungen. tismes. 574. Deformitates acquisi-Malformations ac-Erworbene Missbild tae. quises. ungen. Hepatoptosis. Hépatoptose. Hepatoptose. Ex cesti constrictione. Effets du corset. Schnürleber. Deformitates ingeni-Malformations. Missbildungen. tae. 575. Icterus. Jaunisse. Syn., Ictère. Gelbsucht. Vasorum Sanguiferorum Morbi. Pylephlebitis. I.v., Pylephlébite. Syn., Pfortaderentzünd-Inflammatio venae Inflammation de la ung. portae. veine porte. Obstruction de la Pfortaderverschliess-Venae portae obstrucveine porte. ung. Venae portae throm-Thrombose de la Pfortaderthrom-

VESICULAE ET DUCTUUM FELLIS MORBI.

bosis.

veine porte.

bose.

576. Cholecystitis et chol-Inflammation. Syn.,Entzündung. Syn.angitis. Cholécystite. Cholecystitis. a. Catarrhalis. a. Catarrhale. a. Katarrhalische. b. Infektíöse. b. Infectiva. b. Infectieuse. Eitrige. Purulente. Suppurativa. Ulcération. Geschwürsbildung. 577. Ulceratio. Gangrän. Syn., Brand. 578. Gangræna. Gangrène. Atrophie. Atrophie. 579. Atrophia. Hypertrophie. Hypertrophie. 580. Hypertrophia. Gallensteine. Calculs biliaires. 581. Calculi biliares. Gallenverdickung. Epaississement de la Fel spissatum. bile. Gallensteinkolik. Colique biliaire. 582. Colica biliaris.

Effects of injuries (83).

Return according to list at p. 277.

574. Acquired deformities.

Hepatoptosis.

Results of tight lacing.

Malformations (78).

Return according to list at p. 347.

575. *Jaundice. Synonym, Icterus.

Diseases of the Blood Vessels.

Pylephlebitis (324). Synonym, Inflammation of portal vein.

Obstruction of portal vein (326).

Thrombosis of portal vein.

DISEASES OF THE GALL BLADDER AND DUCTS.

- 576. Inflammation. Synonyms, Cholecystitis, and Cholangitis.
 - a. Catarrhal.
 - b. Infective.

Suppurative.

- 577. Ulceration.
- 578. Gangrene.
- 579. †Atrophy...
- 580. †Hypertrophy.
- 581. Calculi. Synonym, Gall stones.
 Inspissated bile.
- 582. Biliary colic.

This, being the name of a symptom, should be used only when the cause is unknown. When the cause is known, the return should be made under the head of such causes, the local condition being also specified.

† When the cause of this condition is known, the return should be made

under the head of such cause, the local affection being also specified.

LATIN EQ. FRENCH. GERMAN. Neoplasma non malig-Néoplasme bénin. Gutartige Neubildnum. ung. Neoplasma malignum. Néoplasme malin. Bösartige Neubildung. Cystis. Kyste. Cyste. Venenorum effectus. Effets de poisons. Einwirkungen von Giften. Parasiti. Parasites. Parasiten. Laesionum effectus. Effets de trauma-Verletzungen. tismes. 583. Dilatatio. Dilatation. Erweiterung. 584. Contractio et stric-Verengerung Contraction et rétréund tura. cissement. Striktur. 585 Impactio. Obstruction. Verstopfung. 586. Perforatio. Perforation: Durchbohrung. Fistula biliaris. Fistule biliaire. Gallenfistel.

587. Diruptio.	Rupture.	Zerreissung.
Deformitates ingenitae.	Malformations.	Missbildungen.
$_{\cdot}$ PE	RITONAEI MORBI.	
588. Peritonitis.	Inflammation. Syn., Péritonite.	Entzündung. Syn., Peritonitis.
a. Acuta infectiva.	a. Aiguë infectieuse.	a. Akute infektiöse.
Totâ membranâ aut parte modo affectâ.	Généralisée o u localisée.	Diffuse oder umschriebene.
Suppuratio.	Purulente.	Eitrige.
Septica. Puer- peralis.	Séptique. Puerpér a le.	Septische. Puerperale.
b. Chronica.	b. Chronique.	b. Chronische.
Totâ membranâ aut parte modo affectâ.	Généralisée ou localisée.	Diffuse oder umschriebene.
Tuberculosa.	Tuberculeuse.	Tuberkulöse.
Maligna.	Cancereuse.	K a r cinoma- töse.

New Growth, Non-malignant (79).

New Growth, Malignant (80).

Return according to list at p. 335.

Cyst (81).

Effects of poisons (85).

Return according to list at p. 369.

Parasites (82).

Return according to list at p. 384.

Effects of injuries (83).

Return according to list at p. 277.

583. Dilatation.

584. Contraction and stricture.

585. Plugging (impaction).

586. Perforation.

Biliary fistula.

587. Rupture.

Malformations (78).

Return according to list at p. 347.

DISEASES OF THE PERITONEUM.

588. *Inflammation. Synonym, Peritonitis.

a. Acute infective.

General or Local.

(The region affected to be stated.)

Suppurative.

Septic. Puerperal.

b. Chronic.

General or Local.

Tuberculous (44).

Cancerous (80).

When the cause of this condition is known, the return should be made under the head of such cause, the local condition being also specified.

LATIN EQ.	FRENCH.	GERMAN.
589. Adhaerentia.	Adhérences.	Verwachsungen des Bauchfells.
590. Ascites.	Hydropisie. Syn., Ascite.	Bauch wassers ucht. Syn., Ascites.
Corpora adventitia (aer, solidi aliquid aut liquidi).	Corps étrangers (solides, liquides ou gazeux) dans la cavité péritonéale.	Fremdkörper (feste, flüssige, oder gasförmige) im Bauchfellsack.
Neoplasma non malg- num.	Néoplasme bénin.	Gutartige Neubild- ungen.
Neoplasma malignum.	Néoplasme malin.	Bösartige Neubildung- en.
Cystis.	Kyste.	Cyste.
Parasiti.	Parasites.	Parasiten.
Laesionum effectus.	Effets de Traumatismes.	Verletzungen.
591. Hernia omentalis.	Hernie épiploïque.	Netzbruch.
Deformitates ingenitae.	Vices de conforma- tion.	Missbildungen.

Return according to list of tumours

Italics indicate that the disease in question should not be registered in this Section. The proper place is shewn by the number which follows.

589. Adhesions.

590. *Dropsy. Synonym, Ascites.

Foreign bodies (solid, liquid, or gaseous) in peritoneal cavity (84).

New Growth, Non-malignant (79).

New Growth, Malignant (80).

Cyst (81).

Parasites (82).

Return according to list at p. 384.

Effects of injuries (83).

Return according to list at p. 277.

591. Omental hernia.

Malformations (78).

Return according to list at p. 347.

When the cause of this condition is known, the return should be made under the head of such cause, the local condition being also specified.

APPARATUS LYMPHATICI MORBI.

SPLENIS MORBI

	SPLENIS MORBI.	
LATIN EQ.	FRENCH.	GERMAN.
592. Splenitis. Acuta.	Splénite. Aiguë.	Milzentzündung.
Chronica.	Chronique.	Akute. Chronische
593. Perisplenitis. I.v., Splenis tunicae inflammatio.	Périsplénite.	Entzündung der Milzkapsel.
594. Abscessus.	Abcès.	Abscess.
595. Necrosis.	Nécrose.	Nekrose.
596. Haemorrhagia.	Hémorrhagie.	Blutung.
597. Vasorum thrombosis.	Thrombose des vais- seaux spléniques.	Thrombose der Gefässe.
598. Embolismus (Infarctio).	Embolie.	Embolie.
599. Congestio.	Congestion	Kongestion.
600. Fibrosis.	Sclérose.	Verhärtung.
601. Degeneratio lardacea, sive amyloides seu cerea.	Rate lardacée ou amy- loïde.	Speckmilz.
602. Atrophia.	Atrophie.	Atrophie.
Neoplasma non malig- num.	Néoplasme bénin.	Gutartige Neubild- ung.
Neoplasma malignum.	Néoplasme malin.	Bösartige Neubild- ung.
Cystis.	Kyste.	Cyste.
Febris enterica.	Fièvre typhoïde.	Abdominaltyphus.
Malaria.	Paludisme.	Wechselfieber.
Tuberculosis.	Tuberculose.	Tuberkulose.
Syphilis.	Syphilis.	Syphilis.
Leucocythaemia.	Leucémie.	Lenkämie.

DISEASES OF THE LYMPHATIC SYSTEM.

Italics indicate that the disease in question should not be registered in this Section. The proper place is shewn by the number which follows.

DISEASES OF THE SPLEEN.

592. Splenitis. Acute. Chronic.

593. Perisplenitis. Synonym, Inflammation of the capsule of the spleen.

594. Abscess.

595. Necrosis.

596. Hamorrhage.

597. Thrombosis of splenic vessels.

598. Embolism (Infarction).

599. Congestion.

600. Fibrosis.

601. Lardaceous disease. Synonyms, Amyloid spleen, waxy spleen, sago spleen.

602. Atrophy.

New growth, non-malignant (79).

,, malignant (80).

Cyst (81).

(For list of tumours, see p. 335.)

Enteric fever (13).

Malaria (25).

Tuberculosis (44).

Syphilis (42).

Leucocythæmia (70). Synonym, Leuchæmia.

LATIN EQ. French. GERMAN. Lymphadenoma. I.v., Lymphadénome. Syn., Hodgkin'sche Krank-Morbus Hodgkin. Maladie de Hodgheit. kin Anaemia splenica Anémie splénique Anaemia splenica. chronica. chronique. Infectivarum, toxi-Autres résultats Wirkungen Andere carum, aut aliarum d'états infectieux. Infektionen, v o 11 conditionum gener-Vergiftungen, oder toxiques, ou généralium effectus diallgemeinen v o 11 versi. Krankheiten. Cystis hydatidica. Kyste hydatique. Echinokokkuscyste. Laesiones. Traumatismes. Verletzungen. 603. Morbi mechanici. MechanischeErkrank-Affections d'ordre mécanique. ungen. Lageveränderung. Dislocatio. Déplacements. Milzbruch. Herniaires. In herniâ. Wandermilz. Rate vagabonde. Splen migrans. Erosion. Erosion. Erosio. Rupture. Zerreissung. Diruptio. Missbildungen. Deformitates ingeni-Vices de conformation. tae. Splenculus. Rate accessoire. Splenculus. Krankheiten des Maladies de la rate 604. Splenculi morbi. Splenculus. accessoire. GLANDULARUM LYMPHATICARUM MORBI. Inflammation. Aiguë. Entzündung. Akute. 605. Inflammatio. Acuta. ${f Bubon.}$ Chronische. Chronique. Chronica. Eiterung Suppuration. 606. Suppuratio. Nekrose. Nécrose. 607. Necrosis. Blutung. Hémorrhagie. 608. Haemorrhagia. Verkalkung. Calcification. 609. Calcificatio. Verhärtung. Sclérose. 610. Fibrosis.

Dégénérescence hya-

line.

Etat lardacé.

611. Degeneratio hyalma

612. Degeneratio lardacea.

Hyaline Entartung.

Speckige Entartung.

Lymphadenoma (71). Synonym, Hodgkin's disease.

Chronic splenic anamia (62).

Other results of injective, toxic, or other general conditions.

(See lists on pp. 3, 9, 11.)

Hydatid cyst (82).

Injuries (83).

(Return according to list at p. 277.)

603. Mechanical affections.

Displacements.

Hernial.

Wandering spleen.

Erosion.

Rupture.

Malformations (78).

Accessory spleen.

(Return according to list at p. 347.)

604. Diseases of accessory spleen as above.

DISEASES OF LYMPHATIC GLANDS.

The locality affected should be indicated.

605. Inflammation. Acute. Synonym (when occurring in the groin), Bubo.

Chronic.

- 606. Suppuration.
- 607. Necrosis.
- 608. Hæmorrhage.
- 609. Calcification. Synonym, Calcareous infiltration.
- 610. Fibrosis.
- 611. Hyaline degeneration.
- 612. Lardaceous degeneration.

LATIN EQ. FRENCH. GERMAN. 613. Infiltratio pigmenta-Infiltration pigmen-Pigmentinfiltration. taire. 614. Atrophia. Atrophie. Atrophie. 615. Hypertrophia. Hypertrophie. Hypertrophie. Neoplasma non malig-Néoplasme bénin. Gutartige Neubildnum. ung. Neoplasma malignum. Néoplasme malin. Bösartige Neubildung. Cystis. Kyste. Cyste. Pestis. Peste. Pest. Tuberculosis. Tuberculose. Tuberkulose. Syphilis. Syphilis. Syphilis. Gonorrhoea. Blennorrhagie. Tripper. Equinia. I.v., Farci-Morve. Syn., Farcin. Rotz. minum. Leucocythaemia, sive Leucémie. Leukämie. Leuchaemia. Lymphadenoma. I.v., Lymphadénome. Hodgkin'sche Krank-Morbus Hodgkin. Syn., Maladie de heit. Hodgkin. Toxicarum, infecti-Autres résultats Andere Wirkungen varum, aut aliarum d'états infectieux. Infektionen. von conditionum genetoxiques, ou génér-Vergiftungen, oder ralium effectus aux. allgemeinen. diversi. Krankheiten. Parasitorum aggressio. Parasites. Parasiten.

Vasorum Lymphaticorum Morbi.

Filariase.

Filariasis.

616. Inflammatio. Inflammation. Syn., Entzündung. I.v.Syn.,Lymphangitis. Lymphangite. Lymphangitis. 617. Suppuratio. Suppuration. Eiterung. Neoplasma non malig-Néoplasme bénin. Gutartige Neubildung. Lymphangioma Lymphangioma Lymphangiome eyscysticum. tique. cysticum. Neoplasma malignum. Néoplasme malin. Bösartige Neubildung. Cystis. Kyste. Cyste.

- 613. Pigmentary infiltration.
- 614. A trophy.
- 615. Hypertrophy.

New growth, non-malignant (79).

" " malignant (80).

Cyst (81).

(For list, see p. 335.)

Plague (31).

Tuberculosis (44).

Syphilis (42).

Gonorrhoea (20).

Glanders (19). Synonym, Farcy.

Leucocythæmia (70). Synonym, Leuchæmia.

Lymphadenoma (71). Synonym, Hodgkin's disease.

Other results of toxic, infective or other general conditions.

(For lists, see pp. 3, 9, 11.)

Parasitic invasion (82).

Filariasis.

(For list of parasites, see p. 384.)

DISEASES OF LYMPHATIC VESSELS.

- 616. Inflammation. Synonym, Lymphangitis.
- 617. Suppuration.

New growths, non-malignant (79).

Cystic Lymphangioma. Cavernous Lymphangioma.

New growths, malignant (80).

Cyst (81).

(For list of tumours, see p. 335.)

LATIN EQ. FRENCH. GERMAN. Erysipelas. Erysipèle. Erysipel. Tuberculosis. Tuberculose. Tuberkulose. Equinia. I.v., Farci-Morve. Syn., Farcin. Rotz. minum. Infectivarum, toxica-Autres resultat d'états Andere Wirkunger rum, aut aliarum infectieux, toxider Infektionen, conditionum gene-Vergiftungen, oder ques ou généraux. ralium effectus der allgemeinen diversi. Krankheiten. Parasitorum aggressio. Parasites. Parasiten. Filariasis. Filariase. Filariasis. 618. Morbi mechanici. Affections d'ordre Mechanische Erkrankmécanique. ungen. Dilatatio. Dilatation. Erweiterung. Lymphiangiectasis. Lymphangiectase. Lymphangiektasie. Elephantiasis. Elephantiasis. Elephantiasis. Obliteratio. Oblitération. Obliteration. Compressio. Compression. Kompression. Erosio. Erosion. Erosion. Diruptio. Rupture. Zerreissung. 619. Fistula lymphalis. Fistule lymphatique. Lymplifistel. 620. Lymphorrhoea. Lymphorrhée. Lymphorrhoe.

Erysipelas (15).

Tuberculosis (44).

Glanders (19). Synonym, Farcy.

Other results of infective, toxic, or general conditions.

(For lists, see pp. 3, 9, 11)

Parasitic invasion (82).

Filariasis.

(For list of parasites, see p. 384.)

618. Mechanical affections.

Dilatation.

Lymphangiectasis.

Elephantiasis.

In cases due to the presence of the Filaria, return under Filariasis.

Obliteration.

Compression.

Erosion.

Rupture.

619. Lymph-fistula.

620. Lymphorrhea.

GLANDULAE THYMI MORBI.

	Τ Υ	_	
201	LATIN EQ.	FRENCH.	GERMAN.
021.	Inflammatio.	Inflammation.	Entzündung.
	a. Acuta.	a. Aiguë.	a. Akute.
	b. Chronica.	b. Chronique.	b. Chronische.
622.	Suppuratio.	Suppuration.	Eiterung.
623.	Necrosis.	Nécrose.	Nekrose.
6 24.	Haemorrhagia.	Hémorrhagie.	Blutung.
*625.	Degeneratio aut Infiltratio adiposa.	Dégénérescence ou infiltration grais- seuse.	Fettige Entartung oder Infiltration.
626.	Fibrosis.	Sclérose.	Verhärtung.
627.	Atrophia.	Atrophie.	Atrophie.
628.	Hypertrophia.	Hypertrophie.	Hypertrophie.
	Neoplasma non malig- num.	Néoplasme bénin.	Gutartige Neubild- ung.
	Neoplasma malignum.	Néoplasme malin.	Bösartige Neubild- ung.
	Cystis.	Kyste.	Cyste.
	Tuberculosis.	Tuberculose.	Tuberkulose.
	Syphilis.	Syphilis.	Syphilis.
	Infectivarum, toxicarum aut aliarum conditionum generalium effectus diversi.	Autres résultats d'etats infectieux, toxiques, ou géné- raux.	Andere Wirkungen von Infektionen, Vergiftungen, oder von allgemeinen Krankheiten.
629.	Thymus absens.	Absence.	Abwesenheit.
630.	Thymus perstans.	Persistence.	Verzögerte Rückbild- ung.
631.	Status thymicus. I.v., Lymphatismus.	Lymphatisme. Etat lymphatique.	Lymphatismus.

DISEASES OF THE THYMUS.

Italics indicate that the disease in question should not be registered in this Section. The proper place is shewn by the number which follows.

- 621. Inflammation.
 - a. Acute.
 - b. Chronic.
- 622. Suppuration.
- 623. Necrosis.
- 624. Hæmorrhage.
- 625. Fatty degeneration or infiltration.
- 626. Fibrosis.
- 627. Atrophy.
- 628. Hypertrophy.

New growth, non-malignant (79).

,, malignant (80).

Cyst (81).

(For list of tumours, see p. 335.)

Tuberculosis (44).

Syphilis (42).

Other results of infective, toxic or other general conditions.

(For lists, see pp. 3, 9, 11.)

- 629. Absence.
- 630. Persistence.
- 631. Status thymicus. Synonym, Lymphatism.

GLANDULAE THYROIDEAE MORBI.

LATIN EQ.	French.	GERMAN.
632. Inflammatio.	Inflammation.	Entzündung.
a. Acuta.	a. Aiguë.	a. Akute.
b. Chronica.	b. Chronique.	b. Chronische.
633. Suppuratio.	Suppuration.	Eiterung.
634. Gangraena.	Gangrène.	Brand.
635. Haemorrhagia.	Hémorrhagie.	Blutung.
636. Degeneratio lardacea.	Dégénérescence lar- dacée.	Speckige Entartung.
637. Atrophia.	Atrophie.	Atrophie.
Cretinismus.	Crétinisme.	Kretinismus.
Myxoedema.	Myxœdème.	Myxödem.
638. Bronchocele.	Goître.	Kropf.
a. Parenchymatosa.	a. Parenchymateux.	a. Parenchymatöser Kropf.
b. Cystica.	b. Kystique.	b. Cystischer Kropf.
c. Adenomatosa.	c. Adénomateux.	c. Adenomatöser Kropf.
d. Fibrosa.	d. Scléreux.	d. Verhärteter Kropf.
Bronchocele exophthalmica. <i>I.v.</i> , Morbus Graves, sive Basedow.	Goître exophthal- mique.	Basedow'sche Krank- heit.
Neoplasma non malig- num.	Néoplasme bénin.	Gutartige Neubild- ung.
Neoplasma malignum.	Néoplasme malin.	Bösartige Neubild- ung.
Cystis.	Kyste.	Cyste.
Mark annual a da	Tuberculose.	Tuberkulose.
Tuberculosis.	T ancroatoso.	_ ~~~
Syphilis.	Syphilis.	Syphilis.

DISEASES OF THE THYROID GLAND.

Italics indicate that the disease in question should not be registered in this Section. The proper place is shewn by the number which follows.

632. Inflammation.

a. Acute.

b. Chronic.

633. Suppuration.

634. Gangrene.

635. Hæmorrhage.

636. Lardaceous disease.

637. Atrophy.

Cretinism (65).

Myxwdema (72).

638. Goitre. Synonym, Bronchocele.

Varieties.

a. Parenchymatous.

b. Cystic.

c. Adenomatous.

d. Fibrous.

Exophthalmic goitre (67). Synonyms, Graves' disease.

Basedow's disease.

New growth, non-malignant (79).

, malignant (80).

Cyst (81).

(Return according to the list of tumours at p. 335.)

Tuberculosis (44).

Syphilis (42).

LATIN EQ.
Morbi parasitici.

French.
Maladies parasitaires.

GERMAN.
Parasiten.

Lassiones.

Traumatismes.

Verletzungen.

Deformitates ingenitae.

Glandulae thyroideae supernumerariæ morbi.

Vices de conformation.

Thyréoïde accessoire et ses maladies.

Missbildungen.

Nebenschilddriisen und deren Krankheiten.

639. Thyroidismus.

Thyréoïdisme.

Thyreoidismus.

Parasitic diseases (82).

(Return according to list at p. 384.)

Injuries (83).

(Return according to list at p. 277.)

Malformations (78).

Accessory thyroid.

Diseases of.

(Return according to list at p. 347.)

639. Thyroidism.

GLANDULARUM ADRENALIUM MORBI.

			•
	LATIN Eq.	FRENCH.	GERMAN.
640. In	flammatio.	Inflammation.	Entzündung.
641. St	appuratio.	Suppuration.	Eiterung.
642. No	ecrosis.	Nécrose.	Nekrose
643. H	aemorrhagia.	Hémorrhagie.	Blutung.
644. De	egeneratio granulosa.	Dégénérescence granu- leuse.	Körnige Entartung.
645. De	egeneratio adiposa.	Dégénérescence grais- seuse.	Fettige Entartung.
646. Fi	brosis.	Sclérose.	Verhärtung.
647. D	egeneratio byalina.	Dégénérescence hya- line.	Hyaline Entartung.
648. D	egeneratio lardacea.	Dégénérescence lar- dacée.	Speckige Entartung.
649. A	trophia.	Atrophie.	Atrophie.
•650. M	orbus Addison.	Maladie d'Addison.	Addison'sche Krankbeit.
N	eoplasma non malig- num.	Néoplasme bénin.	Gutartige Neubild- ung.
N	eoplasma malignum.	Néoplasme malin.	Bösartige Neubild- ung.
C	ystis.	Kyste.	Cyste.
Т	uberculosis.	Tuberculose.	Tuberkulose.
S	yphilis.	Syphilis	Syphilis.
I	rum, aut aliarum conditionum generalium effectus diversi.	Autres résultats d'états infectieux, toxiques, ou génér- aux.	Andere Wirkungen von Infektionen, Vergiftungen, oder von allgemeinen Krankheiten.
21	Iorbi mechanici.	Traumatismes.	Verletzungen.
D	Deformitates ingen-	Vices de conformation.	Missbildungen.

Capsules surrénales

maladies.

accessoires et leurs

Nebenebennieren und deren Krank-

heiten.

itae.

Glandularum

renalium supernu-

merariarum morbi.

ad-

DISEASES OF THE ADRENALS (SUPRA-RENALS).

' Italics indicate that the disease in question should not be registered in this Section. The proper place is shewn by the number which follows.

640. Inflammation.

641. Suppuration.

642. Necrosis.

643. Hæmorrhage.

644. Cloudy swelling.

645. Fatty degeneration.

646. Fibrosis.

647. Hyaline degeneration.

648. Lardaceous degeneration.

649. Atrophy.

650. Addison's disease.

New growth, non-malignant (79).

malignant (80).

Cysts (81).

(Return according to list of tumours on p. 335.)

Tuberculosis (44).

Syphilis (42).

Other results of infective, toxic, and other general conditions.

(For lists, see pp. 3, 9, 11.)

Mechanical injuries (83).

(Return according to list, p. 277.)

Mulformations (78).

Accessory adrenals.

Diseases of.

URINAE APPARATUS MORBI.

RENUM MORBI.

LATIN EQ.

651. Nephritis acuta. I.v.,
Nephritis acuta desquamans, parenchymatosa, tubalis, sive diffusa; Anasarca renalis acuta; Albuminuria acuta.

Nephritis glomerulis affectis.

FRENCH.

Néphrite aiguë.

GERMAN.

Akute Nephritis. Syn. Akute Nierenentzündung.

Néphrite glomérulaire. Glomerulonephritis.

- 652. Morbus Bright. *I.v.*, Albuminuria chronica.
 - 1. Nephritis chronica. I.v.. Nephritis chronica parenchymatosa, tubalis, sive diffusa; ren albidus et grandior.
 - 2. Ren granulosus.

 I.v., Nephritis interstitialis chronica; ren granulatim contractus; ren podagricus; ren fibrosus.
- 653. Degeneratio lardacea, sive amyloides, seu cerea.
- 654. Abscessus.
 - a. Renis.
 - b. Nephritis suppurativa disseminata.
 - c. Pyaemicus.
 - d. Pyonephrosis.
 - e. Abscessus perinephricus.
- 655. Pyelitis.
- 656. Congestio.
- 657. Atrophia.

Atrophia arteriosclerotica.

Maladie de Bright. Syn., Albuminurie.

- 1. Néphrite chronique.
- 2. Sclérose du rein; Néphrite interstitielle; Rein sénile.
- heit.

Bright'sche

1. Chronische Nierenentzündung.

Krank-

2. Schrumpfniere.

Dégénérescence lardacée du rein. Syn., Rein amyloïde.

Abcès.

- a. du rein.
- b. Néphrite disseminée purulente.
- c. Pyćmique.
- d. Suppuration du rein.
- e. Abcès perirénal.

Pyélite.

Congestion.

Atrophie.

Artério-sclérosc.

Speckniere. Syn., Amyloide Niere.

Abscess.

- a. Nierenabscess.
- b. Disseminierte Niereneiterung.
- c. Pyämischer.
- d. Pyonephrosis.
- e. Parancphritischer.

Pyelitis.

Stauung. Syn., Kongestion.

Atrophie.

Durch Arteriosklerose

DISEASES OF THE URINARY SYSTEM.

Italics indicate that the disease in question should not be registered in this Section. The proper place is shewn by the number which follows.

DISEASES OF THE KIDNEY.

651. Acute nephritis. Synonyms, Acute desquamative parenchymatous, tubal, or diffuse nephritis; Acute renal dropsy; Acute albuminuria.

Special Form: Glomerular nephritis.

Note.—Acute nephritis is also spoken of as acute Bright's disease. For convenience in returns, the diseases comprehended under the term chronic Bright's disease are here subjoined.

652. Bright's disease. Synonym, Chronic albuminuria.

Sub-divisions:

- 1. Chronic nephritis. Synonyms, Chronic parenchymatous, tubal, or diffuse nephritis; Large white kidney of nephritis.
- 2. Granular kidney. Synonyms, Chronic interstitial nephritis; Contracting granular kidney; Gonty kidney; Fibrosis of kidney.
- 653. Lardaceous disease of kidney. Synonyms, Amyloid disease of kidney; Waxy disease of kidney.
- 654. Abscess.
 - a. of kidney.
 - b. Disseminated suppurative nephritis. Synonym, Surgical kidney.
 - c. Pyarmic (33).
 - d. Pyonephrosis.
 - e. Perinephric abscess.
- 655. Pyelitis.
- 656. Congestion (in diseases of heart and lungs).
- 657. Atrophy.

Arteriosclerotic and other forms.

	LATIN EQ.	FRENCH.	GERMAN.
658.	Hypertrophia.	Hypertrophie.	Hypertrophie.
659.	Hydronephrosis.	Hydronéphrose.	Hydronephrose. Syn., Nierenbecken was- sersucht.
660.	Haematonephrosis.	Hématonéphrose.	Hämatonephrose.
	Cystis.	Kystes.	Cysten.
	Simplex.	Simples.	Einfache.
661.	Morbus cysticus.	Maladie kystique.	Cystische Erkrank- ung.
	Morbus cysticus ingenitus.	Maladie kystique congénitale.	Angeborene cystische Niere.
	Neoplasma non malignum.	Néoplasme bénin.	Gutartige Neubild- ung.
	Neoplasma malignum.	Néoplasme malin.	Bösartige Neubild- ung.
	Tumor perinephricus, aut paranephricus.	Tumeurs périrénales.	Paranephritische Geschwülste.
	Cysticus.	Kystiques.	Cystische.
	Adenoma adrenale.	Adénome de la cap- sule surrénale.	Nebennieren- adenom.
	Lipoma aut genera tumorum alia telae connexivae.	Lipome ou autres formes de tumeur à tissu conjonctif.	Lipom und andere Bindegewebs- geschwülste.
	Tuberculosis.	Tuberculose.	Tuberkulose.
	Miliaria.	Miliaire.	Miliäre.
	Caseosa.	Caséeuse.	Käsige.
	Syphilis.	Syphilis.	Syphilis.
662.	Ren mobilis. Nephroptosis.	Rein flottant.	Wanderniere.
663.	Calculus.	Calcul.	Stein.
	a. in ipso rene.	a. du rein.	a. Nierenstein.
	b. in pelve.	b. du bassinet.	b. Nierenbeckenstein.
	c. in uretere.	c. de l'uretère.	c. Harnleiterstein.
664.	Embolismus.	Embolie.	Embolie.
665.	Thrombosis.	Thrombose.	Thrombose.
666.	Necrosis.	Nécrose.	Nekrose.
	Morbus parasitieus.	Maladie parasitaire.	Parasitäre Erkrank- ungen.
	Laesiones.	Traumatismes.	Verletzungen.

- 658. Hypertrophy.
- 659. Hydronephrosis.
- 660. Hæmatonephrosis.

Cysts (81).

Simple.

661. Cystic disease.

Congenital Cystic Disease.

New Growth, Non-malignant (79).

Return according to list of tumours at p. 335.

Perinephric and Paranephric Tumours (79 & 80).

Cystic.

Adrenal adenoma.

Lipoma or other forms of connective tissue tumour.

Return according to list of tumours at p. 335.

Tuberculosis (44).

Miliary.

Cascous.

Syphilis (42).

- 662. Movable kidney. Nephroptosis. Floating kidney.
- 663. Calculus.

a. in kidney.

b. in pelvis.

c. in nreter.

See List of Calculi, No. 687.

- 664. Embolism. (Infaret.)
- 665. Thrombosis. (Infarct.)
- 666. Necrosis.

Parasitic disease (82).

Return according to list at p. 384.

Iujuries (83).

Return according to list at p. 277.

LATIN EQ. FRENCH. GERMAN. Deformitates ingeni-Vices de conforma-Missbildungen. tae. tion. 667. Nephralgia Néphralgie. Nierenschmerz 668. Colica renalis. Nierenkolik. Colique rénale. URETERUM MORBI. 669. Ureteritis et periure-Uretérite et péri-Harrleiterentzündteritis. uretérite. ung. Tuberculosis. Tuberculose. Tuberkulose. 670. Strictura. Rétiecissement. Harnleiterstriktur. 671. Stenosis diffusa Allgemeine Stenose. Sténose Syn., Harnleiterverengerung. 672. Compressio. Compression. Harnleiterdruck. 673. Calculus. Calcul. Stein. 674. Fistula. Fistule. Fistel. Corps étrangers (ob-Fremdkörper. Corpora adventitia struction). (impacta). Prolapse de l'extrê-675. Ureteris extremitatis Harnleiterprolaps. mité inferieure. inferioris prolapsus. Verletzungen. Lassiones. Traumatismes. Vices de conforma-Missbildungen. Deformitates ingenition. tae. Parasitäre Erkrank-Morbus parasititus. Parasites. ungen. Bilharzia. Bilharziosis. Bilharzia. Koccidien. Coccidies. Coccidiosis. Geschwülste. Tumeurs. Neoplasma. Cystische. Kystiques. Cysticum. Feste. Solides. Selidum. Gutartige. Non malignum. Bénigues. Bosartige. Malignes, Malignum.

Malformations (78).

Return according to list at p. 347.

- 667. *Nephralgia.
- 668. Renal Colic.

DISEASES OF URETERS.

669. Ureteritis and Periureteritis.

Tuberculosis (44).

- 670. Stricture.
- 671. General stenosis.
- 672. Compression.
- 673. Calculus.
- 674. Fistula.

Foreign bodies (impacted) (84).

675. Prolapse of lower end of ureter.

Injuries (83).

Malformations (78).

Return according to list at p. 347.

Parasitic disease (82).

Bilharzia.

Coccidia.

Return according to list a p. 384.

Tumours.

Cystic (81).

Solid.

Non-malignant (79).

Malignant (80).

Return according to list at p. 335.

^{*} When the cause of this symptom has been ascertained, the return should be made under the head of such cause, the local condition being stated.

VESICAE MORBI.

T 13.	-	
LATIN EQ.	French.	GERMAN.
676. Cystitis.	Inflammation. Syn., Cystite.	Entzündung.
a. Acuta.	a. Aiguë.	a. Akute.
b. Subacuta.	b. Subaiguë,	b. Subakute.
c. Chronica.	c. Chronique.	c. Chronische.
677. Suppuratio.	Suppuration.	Eiterung.
678. Ulceratio.	Ulcération.	Geschwürsbildung.
679. Sphacelus.	Sphacèle. Syn., Nécrose.	Brand.
680. Hypertrophia.	Hypertrophie.	Hypertrophie.
Neoplasma non malig- num.	Néoplasme bénin.	Gutartige Neubild- ung.
Neoplasma malignum.	Néoplasme malin.	Bösartige Neubild- ung.
Tuberculosis.	Tuberculose.	Tuberkulose.
681. Hernia.	Hernie.	Blasenbruch.
682. Inversio.	Inversion.	Harnblasenum- stülpurg.
683. Distensio.	Distension.	Abnorme Ausdehn- ung.
684. In sacculis distenta.		Sackbildung.
685. Diruptio.	Rupture.	Ruptur.
a. Intraperitonealis.	a. Intra-péritonéale.	a. Intraperitoneale.
b. Extraperitonealis.	b. Extra-péritonéale.	b. Extraperitoneale.
686. Fistula ileo-vesicalis.	Fistule iléo-vésicale.	Blasendünndarm- fistel.
Fistula recto-vesicalis.	Fistule recto-vésicale.	Blasenmastdarmfistel.
Fistula utero-vesicalis.	Fistule utéro-vesicale.	Blasengebärmutter- fistel.
Fistula vesico-va- ginalis.	Fistule vésico-va- ginale.	Blasenscheidenfistel.

DISEASES OF THE BLADDER.

676. *Inflammation. Synonym, Cystitis.

a. Acute.

b. Sub-acute.

c. Chronic.

677. Suppuration.

678. Ulceration.

679. Sloughing.

680. Hypertrophy.

New Growth, Non-malignant (79). Return according to list of tumours at p. 335.

Tuberculosis (44).

681. Hernia.

682. Inversion.

683. †Distension.

684. †Sacculation.

685. *Rupture.

a. Intra-peritoneal.

b. Extra-peritoneal.

686. Ileo-vesical fistula.

Recto-vesical fistula (551).

Utero-vesical fistula (796).

Vesico-vaginal fistula (805).

^{*} When this affection is caused by gonorrhœa, the return should be made under the head of Gonorrhœa, No. , p.

[†] When the cause of this symptom is known, the return should be made under the head of such cause, the local affection being also specified.

LATIN EQ.	French.	GERMAN.
687. Calculus et Sabulum.	Calcul et gravelle.	Blasenstein und Blasengries.
a. Acidum uricum.	a. Acide urique.	a. Harnsäure.
b. Ammonii aut sodii aut ealcii uras.	b. Urates.	b. Harnsaure Salze.
c. Xanthina.	c. Xanthine.	c. Xanthin.
d. Cystina.	d. Cystine.	d. Cystin.
e. Calcii oxalas.	e. Oxalate de ehaux.	e. Oxalsaurer Kalk.
f. Calcii phosphas.	f. Phosphate de chaux.	f. Phosphorsaurer Kalk.
g. A m m o n i i mag- nesiique p h o s- phas.	g. Phosphate triple d'ammoniaque et de magnésie.	g. Phosphorsaure Ammoniak- magnesia.
h. Fusibilis.	h. Fusible.	h. Sehmelzbarer.
i. Caleii carbonas.	i. Carbonate de chaux.	i. Kohlensaurer Kalk.
Morbus parasiticus. Bilharziosis.	Parasites. Bilharzia.	Parasitäre Erkrank- ungen, Bilharzia.
Coccidiosis.	Coccidies.	Koceidien.
Corporum adventiti- orum effectus. Laesiones.	Effets de corps étrangers. Traumatismes.	Einwirkungen von Fremdkörpern. Verletzungen.
Deformitates ingenitae. Extroversic.	Vices de conforma- tion. Extroversion.	Missbildungen. Harnblasenekstrophie.
Paralysis.	Paralysie.	Kähmung.
688. Irritabilitas.	Irritabilité.	Reizbarkeit.
Spasmus.	Spasme.	Krampf.
Neuralgia.	Névralgie.	Harnblasenschmerz.

687. Calculus and gravel.

- a. Uric acid.
- b. Urates.
- c. Xanthin. Synonyms, Uric oxide, Xanthic oxide.
- d. Cystine.
- e. Oxalate of calcium.
- f. Phosphate of calcium.
- g. Triple phosphate. Synonym, Ammonio-magnesian phosphate.
- h. Fusible.
- i. Carbonate of calcium.

This list does not include calculi of exceptional character as cholesterin, fibrin, indigo, &c., which are to be returned and their nature specified.

Parasitic disease (82).

Bilharzia.

Coccidia.

Return according to list at p. 384.

Effects of Foreign bodies (84).

Injuries (83).

Return according to list at p. 277.

Malformations (78).

Extroversion.

Return according to list at p. 347.

*Paralysis (110).

688. *Irritability.

*Spasm (116).

*Neuralgia (131).

^{*} When the cause of this symptom is known, the return should be made under the head of such cause, the local affection being also specified

	LATIN EQ.	French.	German.
689	. Urinae retentio.	Rétention d'urine.	Harnerhaltung.
690	. Urinae incontinentia.	Incontinence d'urine.	Unwillkürlicher Urin- abgang.
	Uı	RINA DEPRAVATA.	
691.	Diabetes insipidus. I.v., Diuresis; Polyuria.	Diabète in sipide. Syn., Polyurie.	Diabetes insipidus Syn., Polyuria.
692.	Urinae suppressio. I.v., Anuria.	Suppression d'urine. Syn., Anurie.	Anurie.
	Ex obstructione.	Obstructive.	Durch Verstopfung.
	Sine obstructione.	Non-obstructive.	Ohne Verstopfung.
693.	Haematuria.	Hématurie.	Hämaturie.
694.	Haemoglobinnria.	Hémoglobinurie.	Hämoglobinurie.
	Haemoglobinuria par- oxysmalis.	Hémoglobinurie par- oxystique.	Paroxysmale Hämo- globinurie.
695.	Chyluria.	Chylurie.	Chylurie.
696.	Glycosuria.	Glycosurie.	Glykosurie.
697.	Albuminuria.	Albuminurie.	Albuminurie.
698.	Albumosuria myelo- pathica.	Albumosurie.	Albumosurie. Myelopathische Albumosurie.
699.	Lithuria.	Lithurie.	Lithurie.
700.	Oxaluria.	Oxalurie.	Oxalurie.
701.	Phosphaturia.	Phosphaturie.	Phosphaturie.
702.	Cystinuria.	Cystinurie.	Cystinurie.
703.	Melanuria.	Mélanurie.	Melanurie.
704.	Alkaptonuria.	Alkaptonurie.	Alkaptonurie.
705.	Haematoporphyrinuria.	Hématoporphyrinurie.	Häma to porphyrin- urie.
706.	Bacilluria.	Bacillurie.	Bacillurie.

- 689. *Retention of urine.
- 690. *Incontinence of urine.

URINARY DISORDERS.

- 691. Diabetes insipidus. Synonyms, Diuresis; Polyuria.
- 692. Suppression of urine. Synonym, Anuria.

Obstructive.

Non-obstructive.

- 693. *Hæmaturia.
- 694. Hæmoglobinuria.

Variety, Paroxysmal hæmoglobinuria. Synonyms, Intermittent hæmaturia; Paroxysmal hæmaturia or hæmatinuria.

- 695. *Chyluria.
- 696. Glycosuria.
- 697. *Albuminuria.
- 698. Albumosuria. Variety, Myelopathic albumosuria.
- 699. *Lithuria. Synonym, Excess of uric acid in urine, or deposit of urates or uric acid from urine.
- 700. *Oxaluria.
- 701. *Phosphaturia.
- 702. Cystinuria.
- 703. Melanuria.
- 704. Alkaptonuria.
- 705. Hæmatoporphyrinuria.
- 706. Bacilluria.

^{*} When the cause of this symptom is known, the return should be made under the head of such cause, the local affection being also specified.

GENITALIUM MORBI.

GENITALIUM VIRILIUM MORBI.

URETHAE MORBI.

	METHER MORBI.	
LATIN EQ.	FRENCH.	GERMAN.
707. Urethritis.	Uréthrite.	Harnröhrenentzünd- ung.
Gonorrhoea.	Gonorrhée. Syn., Blennorrhagie, Chaude-pisse.	Tripper. Syn., Gon- orrhoe.
708. Gonorrhoea mucosa.	Goutte militaire.	Nachtripper.
709. Abscessus.	Abcès.	Abscess.
710. Ulcus.	Ulcère.	Geschwür.
711. Haemorrhagia.	Hémorrhagie.	Blutung.
712. Strictura.	Rétrécissement.	Striktur.
a. Traumatica.	a. Traumatique.	a. Traumatische.
b. Organica.	b. Organique.	b. Organische.
		,
713. Febris urethralis.	Fièvre uréthrale.	Urethralfieber.
714. Fistula urethralis.	Fistule uréthrale.	Harnröhrenfistel.
Fistula recto-ureth- ralis.	Fistule recto-uréth-	Harnröhrenmastdarm- fistel.
715. Urinæ extravasatio.	Infiltration d'urine.	Urininfiltration.
716. Calculus impactus.	Calcul obstruant.	Eingekeilter Stein.
Tuberculosis.	Tuberculose.	Tuberkulose.
Corpora adventitia.	Corps étrangers.	Fremdkörper.

DISEASES OF THE GENERATIVE SYSTEM.

Italics indicate that the disease in question should not be registered in this Section. The proper place is shewn by the number which follows.

DISEASES OF THE MALE ORGANS OF GENERATION.

DISEASES OF THE URETHRA.

707. Urethritis.

Gonorrhaa (20).

708 *Gleet.

709. *Abscess.

710. Ulcer.

711. Hæmorrhage.

712. Stricture.

a. Traumatic.

b. Organic.

Note.—When the cause of the stricture is known, it should be specified.

713. Urethral fever.

714. Urethral fistula.

Recto-urethral fistula (147).

715. Extravasation of urine.

716. Impacted calculus.

Tuberculosis (44).

Foreign bodies (84).

When the cause of this symptom has been ascertained, the return should be made under the head of such cause, the local condition being stated.

LATIN EO. FRENCH. GERMAN. Laesiones. Traumatismes. Verletzungen. Deformitates ingeni-Vices de conforma-Missbildungen. tae. tion. Hypospadias. Hypopsadiase. Hypospadie. Atresia. Atrésie congénitale. Angehorene Atresie. Neoplasma non malig-Néoplasme bénin. Gutartige Neubildnum. ung. Neoplasma malignum. Néoplasme malin. Bösartige Neubildung.

GLANDULAE PROSTATAE MORBI.

717. Inflammatio. Inflammation. Entzündung. a. Acuta. a. Aiguë. a. Akute. b. Chronica. b. Chronique. b. Chronische. 718. Abscessus. Abcès. Abscess. 719. Atrophia. Atrophie. Atrophie. 720. Hypertrophia. Hypertrophie. Hypertrophie. Cystis. Kyste. Cyste. Neoplasma non malig-Néoplasme bénin. Gutartige Neubildnum. ung. Neoplasma malignum. Néoplasme malin. Bösartige Neubildung. Tuberculosis. Tuberculose. Tuberkulose. 721. Calculus. Calcul. Stein.

VESICULARUM SEMINALIUM? MORBI.

722. Inflammatio. Inflammation. Entzündung.
 Tuberculosis. Tuberculose. Tuberkulose.
 723. Concreta. Concrétion. Konkretion.

Injuries (83).

Return according to list at p. 277.

Malformations (78).

Hypospadias.

Congenital atresia.

Return according to list at p. 347.

New Growth, non-malignant (79).

New Growth, malignant (80).

Return according to list of Tumours at p. 335.

DISEASES OF THE PROSTATE.

717. *Inflammation.

a. Acute.

b. Chronic.

718. *Abscess.

719. Atrophy.

720. Hypertrophy. Synonym, Chronic enlargement.

Cyst (81).

New Growth, non-malignant (79). Return according to list of tumours at p. 335.

New Growth, malignant (80).

Tuberculosis (44).

721. Calculus.

DISEASES OF THE VESICULÆ SEMINALES.

722. Inflammation.

Tuberculosis (44).

723. Concretion.

^{*} When this affection is caused by gonorrhea, the return should be made under the head of Gonorrhea.

Preputii Morbi.			
724	LATIN EQ. Inflammatio. I.r., Posthitis. Herpes.	FRENCH. Inflammation. Syn., Posthite. Herpès.	GERMAN. Entzündung. Syn Posthitis. Herpes.
725	. Oedema.	Œdème.	Ödem.
726	. Hypertrophia.	Hypertrophie.	Hypertrophie.
727	. Phimosis.	Phimosis.	Phimose.
	a. Congenita.	a. Congénital.	a. Angeborene.
	b. Acquisita.	b. Acquis.	b. Erworbene.
728	. Paraphimosis.	Paraphimosis.	Paraphimose.
	Neoplasma non malig- num.	Néoplasme bénin.	Gutartige Neubild-
	Neoplasma malignum.	Néoplasme malin.	Bösartige Neubild- ung.
729.	Concreta.	Concrétions.	Konkretion.
	Tuberculosis.	Tuberculose.	Tuberkulose.
	Syphilis.	Syphilis.	Syphilis.
	Deformitates ingenitae.	Vices de conforma-	Missbildungen.
		PENIS MORBI.	
730.	Glandis inflammatio. I.v., Balanitis.	Inflammation du gland. Syn., Balanite.	Eichelentzündun g. Syn., Balanitis.
	Herpes.	Herpès.	Herpes.
731.	Abscessus.	Abcès.	Abscess.
732.	Ulcus.	Ulcère.	Geschwür.
	Phagedaena.	Phagédénisme.	Phagedänische Ulceration.
799	C	C \	Taulon.

Gangrène.

Brand. grän.

Syn., Gan-

733. Gangraena.

DISEASES OF THE PREPUCE.

724. Inflammation. Synonym, Posthitis.

Herpes (970).

725. Œdema.

726. Hypertrophy.

727. Phimosis.

a. Congenital.

b. Acquired.

728. Paraphimosis.

New Growth, non-malignant (79).

Return according to list of tumours at p. 335.

729. Concretions.

Tuberculosis (44).

Syphilis (42).

Malformations (78).

DISEASES OF THE PENIS.

730. Inflammation of the glans. Synonym, Balanitis.

Herpes (970).

731. *Abscess.

732. *Ulcer.

Phagedæna (30).

733. Gangrene.

When this affection is caused by gonorrhea, the return should be made under the head of Gonorrhea.

734	LATIN EQ. Oedema.	French. Œdème.	GERMAN.
	Elephantiasis.	Eléphantiasis.	Ödem.
* ***		-310phanolasis.	Elephantiasis.
735	Corporum cavernoso- rum durities poda- grica.	Induration d'ordre goutteux des corps caverneux.	Gichtische Verhär- tung.
	Neoplasma non malig- num.	Néoplasme bénin.	Gutartige Neubild- ung
	Neoplasma malignum.	Néoplasme malin.	Bösartige Neubild-
7 36.	Ulcus venereum molle.	Chancre mou.	ung. Weicher Schanker.
7 37.	Condyloma.	Plaque muqueuse.	Kondylom.
•	Syphilis.	Syphilis.	Syphilis.
	Laesiones.	Traumatismes.	Verletzungen.
	Deformitates ingeni- tae.	Vices de conforma- tion.	Missbildung.
	a. Penïs scroto adherens.	a. Adhérence du pénis au scro- tum.	a. Verwachsung des Penis mit dem Hodensack.
	b. Torsio.	b. Torsion.	b. Torsion.
738.	Priapismus.	Priapisme.	Priapismus.
739.	Penis arcuata.	Blennorrhagie cordée.	Chorda.
	S	SCROTI MORBI.	
740.	Inflammatio.	Inflammation.	Entzündung.
741.	Abscessus.	Abcès.	Abscess.
742.	Sphacelus.	Nécrose.	Gangrän.
743.	Oedema.	Œdème.	Ödem.
744.	Fistula.	Fistule.	Fistel.
745.	Haematocele extra- vaginalis. Elephantiasis.	Hématocele extra- vaginale. Eléphantiasis.	Hämatocele extravaginalis. Elephantiasis.

734. *Œdema.

Elephantiasis (618).

735. Gouty induration of corpora cavernosa.

New Growth, non-malignant (79).

New Growth, malignant (80).

Return according to list of tumours at p. 335.

- 736. Soft chancre. Synonym, Soft sore.
- 737. Condyloma.

Syphilis (42).

Injuries (83).

Return according to list at p. 277.

Malformations (78).

Return according to list at p. 347.

a. Adhesion of penis to scrotum.

b. Torsion.

738. †Priapism.

739. †Chordee.

DISEASES OF THE SCROTUM.

- 740. Inflammation.
- 741. Abscess.
- 742. Sloughing.
- 743. Œdema.
- 744. Fistula.
- 745. Extra-vaginal hæmatocele.

Elephantiasis (618).

[©] When this affection is caused by gonorrhœa, the return should be made under the head of Gonorrhœa

[†] When the cause of this affection is known, the return should be made under the head of such cause, the affection itself being also specified.

LATIN EQ. FRENCH. GERMAN. Lymphangiectasis. Lymphangiectasie. Lymphangiektase. Neoplasma non malig-Néoplasme bénin. Gutartige Neubildnum. ung. Neoplasma malignum. Néoplasme malin. Bösartige Neubildung. 746. Ulcus venereum Chancre mou. Weicher Schanker. molle. Syphilis. Syphilis. Syphilis. Deformitates ingeni-Vices de conforma-Missbildungen. tue. tion. 747. Pruritus. Prurit. Pruritus.

FUNICULI SEMINALIS MORBI.

748.	Inflammatio.	Inflammation.	Entzündung.
749.	Abscessus.	Abcès.	Abscess.
7 50.	Hydrocele.	Hydrocèle.	Hydrocele.
	a. Ingenita.	a. Congénitale.	a. Angeborene.
	b. Cystica.	b. Enkystée.	b. Cystische.
	c. Diffusa.	c. Diffuse.	c. Diffuse.
751.	Haematocele.	Hématocèle.	Hämatocele.
7 52.	Varicocele.	Varicocèle.	Varikocele.
	Neoplasma non malig- num.	Néoplasme bénin.	Gutartige Neubild- ung.
	Neoplasma malignum.	Néoplasme malin.	Bösartige Neubild- ung.
	Tuberculosis.	Tuberculose	Tuberkulose.
	Syphilis.	Syphilis.	Syphilis.
	Neuralgia.	Névralgie.	Neuralgie.
	Laesiones.	Traumatismes.	Verletzungen.

Lymphangiectasis (618). Synonym, Lymph scrotum.

Note.—If caused by filaria, this should be stated.

New Growth, non-malignant (79). Return according to list of tumours New Growth, malignant (80).

746. Soft chancre. Synonym, Soft sore.

Syphilis (42).

Malformations (78).

Return according to list at p. 347.

747. *Pruritus.

DISEASES OF THE SPERMATIC CORD.

748. †Inflammation.

749. †Abscess.

750. Hydrocele of the cord.

Varieties: a. Congenital (78). Synonym, Funicular.

Return according to list of malformations at p. 347.

b. Encysted.

c. Diffused.

751. Hæmatocele.

752. Varicocele.

New Growth, non-malignant (79).

New Growth, malignant (80).

Return according to list of tumours at p. 335.

Tuberculosis (44).

Syphilis (42).

‡Neuralgia (131).

Injuries (83).

Return according to list at p. 277.

† When this affection is caused by gonorrhœa, the return should be made

under the head of Gonorrhæa.

When the cause of this affection is known, the return should be made under the head of such cause, the affection itself being also specified.

[‡] When the cause of this symptom has been ascertained, the return should be made under the head of such cause, the local condition being also specified.

Tun	ICAE VAGINALIS M	ORBI.
LATIN EQ.	French.	GERMAN.
753. Inflammaltio. I.	v., Inflammation.	Entzündung. Syn.,
754. Hydrocele.	Hydrocèle.	Hydrocele.
a. Ingenita.	a. Congénitale.	a. Angeborene.
b. Infantilis.	b. Infantile.	b. Bei Kindern.
c. Cystica.	c. Enkystée.	c. Cystische.
. d. Chylosa.	d. Chyleuse.	d. Chylöse.
755. Haematocele.	Hématocèle.	Hämatocele.
756. Corpora adventitia.	Corps libres.	Freie Körper.
$\mathbf{T}_{\mathbf{E}}$	STICULORUM MORB	ı.
757. Inflammatio.	Inflammation.	Entzündung.
1. Orchitis.	1. Orchite.	1. Orchitis.
a. Acuta.	. a. Aiguë.	d. Akute.
b. Chronica.	b. Chronique.	b. Chronische.

ZESTIOUDONOM MORBI.			
757. Inflammatio.	Inflammation.	Entzündung.	
1. Orchitis.	1. Orchite.	1. Orchitis.	
a. Acuta.	a. Aiguë.	d. Akute.	
b. Chronica.	b. Chronique.	b. Chronische.	
2. Epididymitis.	2. Epididymite.	2. Epididymitis. Syn., Entzündung des Nebenhoden.	
758. Abscessus.	Abcès.	Abscess.	
759. Hernia testis.	Hernie du testicule.	Vorfall der Samen- kanälchen.	
760. Atrophia.	Atrophie.	Atrophie.	
761. Gangraena.	Gangrène.	Brand. Syn., Gan-	
Cystis.	Kyste.	Cyste.	
a. Epididymidis. Sper- matocele.	a. De l'épididyme. Spermatocèle.	a. Des Nebenhodens.	
b. Testiculi.	b. Du testicule.	b. Des Hodens.	
Neoplasma non malig- num.	Néoplasme bénin.	Gutartige Neubild- ung.	
Macalasma malisman	M(11'	D. 11 37 1112	

Néoplasme malin.

Bösartige ung.

Neubild-

Neoplasma malignum.

DISEASES OF THE TUNICA VAGINALIS.

753. Inflammation. Synonym, Periorchitis.

754. Hydrocele.

Varieties: a. Congenital (78).

Return according to list of malformations at p. 347.

b. Infantile.

c. Encysted.

d. Chylous.

755. Hæmatocele.

756. Loose bodies.

DISEASES OF THE TESTICLE.

757. Inflammation.

*1. Orchitis.

a. Acute.

b. Chronic.

*2. Epididymitis.

758. Abscess.

759. Hernia testis. Synonym, Fungus testis.

760. Atrophy.

761. Gangrene.

Cyst (81).

Special forms: a. Of epididymis. Spermatocele.

b. Of testicle.

New Growth, non-malignant (79).

New Growth, malignant (80).

Return according to list of tumours at p. 335.

When this affection is caused by gonorrhea, the return should be made under the head of Gonorrhea.

LATIN EQ. Syphilis.	French. Syphilis.	GERMAN. Syphilis.
Tuberculosis.	Tuberculose.	Tuberkulose.
Laesiones.	Traumatismes.	Verletzungen.
Deformitates ingenitae. Includuntur— Testiculus male	Vices de conforma- tion et de position.	Missbildungen.
positus. Inversio.	Inversion.	Anomale Lage. Inversion.
762. Torsio.	Torsion.	Axendrehung.
763. Spermatorrhoea.	Spermatorrhée.	Spermatorrhoe.
764. Coeundi impotentia.	Impuissance.	Impotenz.
Neuralgia.	Névralgie.	Neuralgie.

GENITALIUM MULIEBRIUM MORBI.

OVARII MORBI.

765. Oöphoritis.	Inflammation. Syn., Ovarite.	Entzündung.
Abscessus.	Abcès.	Abscess.
766. Haemorrhagia.	Hémorrhagie.	Blutung.
767. Atrophia.	Atrophie.	Atrophie.
768. Hypertrophia.	Hypertrophie.	Hypertrophie.
Cystis.	Kyste.	Cyste.
Neoplasma non malig- num.	Néoplasme bénin.	Gutartige Neubild- ung.
Neoplasma malignum.	Néoplasme malin.	Bösartige Neubild- ung.
Tuberculosis.	Tuberculose.	Tuberkulose.

Syphilis (42).

Tuberculosis (44).

Injuries (83).

Return according to list at p. 277.

Malformations (78).

including Malposition.

Inversion.

Return according to list at p. 347.

762. Torsion. Synonym, Axial rotation.

763. *Spermatorrhœa.

764. *Impotence.

*Neuralgia (131).

DISEASES OF THE FEMALE ORGANS OF GENERATION.

DISEASES OF THE OVARY.

765. †Inflammation. Synonym, Oöphoritis.
Abscess.

766. Hæmorrhage.

767. Atrophy.

768. Hypertrophy.

Cyst (81).

New Growth, Non-malignant (79).

Return according to list of tumours at p. 335.

New Growth, Malignant (80).

Tuberculosis (44).

† When this affection is caused by gonorrhoea, the return should be made

under the head of Gonorrhea.

When the cause of this symptom has been ascertained, the return should be made under the head of such cause, the local condition being also specified.

LATIN EQ.	FRENCH.	GERMAN.
Morbus parasiticus.	Parasites.	Parasitäre Erkrank- ungen.
769. Rotatio.	Rotation. Syn., Torsion.	Stieldrehung.
770. Dislocatio.	Déplacement.	Lageveränderung.
Prolapsus.	Prolapsus.	Vorfall.
771. Hernia.	Hernie.	Eierstocksbruch.
Deformitates ingenitae.	Vices de conforma- tion.	Missbildungen.
$\mathbf{T}_{\mathbf{U}\mathbf{B}A}$	AE FALLOPII MORB	ı.
772. Salpingitis.	Inflammation. Syn.,	Entzündung. Syn.,
Suppuratio.	Salpingite. Suppuration.	Salpingitis. Eiterung.
773. Distensio.	Distension.	Ausdehnung.
a. Hydrosalpinx.	a. Par fluide muqueux	a. Hydrosalpinx.

772. Salpingitis. Suppuratio.	Inflammation. Syn., Salpingite. Suppuration.	Entzündung. Sy n., Salpingitis. Eiterung.
773. Distensio.	Distension.	Ausdehnung.
a. Hydrosalpinx.	a. Par fluide muqueux ou aqueux. Syn., Hydrosalpinx.	a. Hydrosalpinx.
b. Pyosalpinx.	b. Par fluide purulent.	b. Pyosalpinx.
c. Haematosalpinx.	Syn., Pyosalpinx. c. Par fluide sanguin- olent. Syn., Hém- atosalpinx.	c. Haematosalpinx.
Cystis.	Kyste.	Cyste.
Cystis tubam inter et ovarium.	Kyste tubo-ovarien.	Tubo-ovarial cyste.
Neoplasma non malig- num.	Néoplasme bénin.	Gutartige Neubild- ung.
Neoplasma malignum.	Néoplasme malin.	Bösartige Neubild- ung.
Tuberculosis.	Tuberculose.	Tuberkulose.
774. Rotatio.	Rotation. Syn., Torsion.	Eileiterdrehung.
775. Dislocatio.	Déplacement.	Lageveränderung.
776. Hernia.	Hernie.	Bruch. Syn., Hernie.
777. Dilatatio.	Dilatation.	Erweiterung.
778. Strictura.	Rétrécissement.	Striktur. Syn., Stenosis.

Parasitic disease (82).

Return according to list at p. 384.

- 769. Rotation.
- 770. Displacement.
 Prolapse.
- 771. Hernia.

Malformations (78).

Return according to list at p. 347.

DISEASES OF THE FALLOPIAN TUBE.

772. *Inflammation. Synonym, Salpingitis. *Suppuration.

- 773. Distension.
 - a. With mucous or watery fluid. Synonym, Hydrosalpinx.
 - b. With purulent fluid. Synonym, †Pyosalpinx.
 - c. With bloody fluid. Synonym, Hæmatosalpinx.

Cyst (81).
Tubo-ovarian_cyst.

New Growth, Non-malignant (79).

New Growth, Malignant (80).

Tuberculosis (44).

- 774. Rotation.
- 775. Displacement.
- 776. Hernia.
- 777. Dilatation.
- 778. *Stricture.

Return according to list of tumours at p. 335.

When the cause of any of these conditions is known, the return should be made under the head of such cause, the local condition being also specified. † When this affection is caused by gonorrhoea, the return should be made under the head of Gonorrhoea.

LATIN EQ.	FRENCH.	GERMAN.
779. Occlusio.	Occlusion.	Verschluss.
780. Adhaesio.	Adhérences.	Adhäsion.
781. Productio.	Elongation. Syn., Allongement.	Verlängerung.
Deformitates ingenitae.	Vices de conforma- tion.	Missbildungen.
UTERI LIGAMENTORU TEI	UM MORBI, PERITO	ONAEI VICINI, ET
782. Haematocele.	Hématocèle.	Hämatocele. Syn., Blutbruch.
a. Intraperitonealis.	a. Intra-peritonéale.	a. Intraperitoneales.
b. Extraperitonealis.	b. Extra-peritonéale.	b. Extraperitoneales. Syn., Hämatom.
783. Inflammatio.	Inflammation.	Entzündung.
a. Perimetritis.	a. Du péritoine.	a. Pelveoperito nitis.
b. Parametritis.	b. Du tissu cellulaire périmétrique.	Syn., Perimetritis. b. Parametritis.
c. Lymphangitis.	c. Lymphangite.	c. Lymphangitis.
784. Abscessus.	Abcès.	Abscess.
a. Perimetricus.	a. Du péritoine.	a. Perimetrischer.
b. Parametricus.	b. Du tissu cellulaire	b. Parametrischer.
Cystis.	périmétrique. Kyste.	Cyste.
Neoplasma non malig- num.	Néoplasme bénin.	Gutartige Neubild- ung.
Neoplasma malignum.	Néoplasme malin.	Bösartige Neubild-
Varix.	Varice.	ung. Varicen.
Venarum thrombosis.	Thrombose des Veines.	Venenthrombose.
UTERI MOI	RBI ITEM CERVICIS	EJUS.
785. Metritis.	Inflammation. Syn., Metrite.	Entzündung. Syn., Metritis.
a. Catarrhalis. I.v., Endometritis.	a. Catarrhale. Syn., Endométrite.	a. Katarrhal i s c h e. S y n., Endome- tritis.
1. Corporis.	1. De l'utérus proprement dit.	1. Des Gebär- mutterkör-
2. Cervicis.	2. Du col.	pers. 2. Des Mutter halskanals.

779.*Occlusion.

780.*Adhesion.

781.*Elongation.

Malformations (78).

Return according to list at p. 347.

DISEASES OF THE UTERINE LIGAMENTS, AND OF THE ADJACENT PERITONÆUM AND CONNECTIVE TISSUE.

782. *Hæmatocele.

a. Intra-peritoneal.

b. Extra-peritoneal. Synonym, Hæmatoma.

783. *†Inflammation.

a. Pelvic peritonitis. Synonym, Perimetritis.

b. Pelvic cellulitis. Synonym, Parametritis.

c. Lymphangitis.

784. *†Abscess.

a. Perimetric.

b. Parametric.

Cyst (81).

New Growth, Non-malignant (79).
,, Malignant (80).

Return according to list of tumours at p. 335.

Varix (329).

Thrombosis of veins (325).

DISEASES OF THE UTERUS, INCLUDING THE CERVIX.

785. Inflammation. Synonym, Metritis.

When this affection is secondary to parturition or abortion the fact should be stated.

a. Catarrhal. Synonym, Endometritis.

1. Of body.

2. Of cervical canal.

^{*} When the cause of any of these conditions is known, the return should be made under the head of such cause, the local condition being also specified. † When due to gonorrhea, this should be stated.

LATIN EQ.

- b. Granulosa (cervicis).
 I.v., Erosio.
 - 1. Simplex.
 - 2. Cum hypertrophiâ papillari.
 - 3. Cum hypertrophiâ glandulari.
- 786. Abscessus.
- 787. Ulcus.
- 788. Haemorrhagia.
- 789. Atrophia.
 - a. Superinvolutio.
 - b. Atrophia senilis.
- 790. Hypertrophia.
 - a. Subinvolutio.
 - b. Hyperplasia.
 - c. Cervicis portionis vaginalis productio.
 - d. Cervicis portionis supravaginalis productio.
- 791. Gangraena.
 - Neoplasma non malignum.
 - a. Fibroma.
 - b. Polypus.

FRENCH.

- b. Granulation du Col. Syn., Erosion.
 - 1. Simple.
 - 2. Accompagnée d'hypertrophie papillaire.
 - 3. Accompagn é e d'h yp e r t rophie glandulaire.
- Abcès.
- Ulcère.
- Hémorrhagie.
- Atrophiè.
 - a. Superinvolution.
 - b. Atrophie sénile.
- Hypertrophie.
 - a. Subinvolution.
 - b. Hyperplasie.
 - c. Allongement de la partie vaginale du col.
- d. Allongement de la partie sus-vaginale du col.
- Gangrène.
- Néoplasme bénin.
 - a. Fibromyome.
 - b. Polype.

GERMAN.

- b. Granulöse (des Mutterhalses).
 - 1. Einfache.
 - 2. Mit papillärer Überwucherung.
 - 3. Mit drusiger Überwucherung. Syn., Follikuläre Erosion.
- Abscess.
- Geschwür.
- Blutung.
- Atrophie.
 - a. Superinvolution.
 - b. Senile Atrophie.
- Hypertrophie.
 - a. Mangelhafte Involution.
 - b. Hyperplasie.
 - c. Mütterhalsverlängerung der Vaginalportion.
 - d. Mütterhalsverlängerung der Supravaginal portion.
- Gangrän. Syn., Brand.
- Gutartige Neubildung.
 - a. Fibromyom. Syn.,
 Fibroidgeschwulst.
 - b. Polyp.

Neoplasma malignum.

Tuberculosis.

Syphilis.

Gonorrhoea.

Néoplasme malin.

Tuberculose.

Syphilis.

Gonorrhée. Syn., Blennorrhagie. Bösartige Neubildung. Tuberkulose.

Syphilis.

Tripper. Syn., Gonorrhoe.

- b. Granular (of cervix). Synonym, Erosion.
 - 1. Simple.
 - 2. With papillary hypertrophy.
 - 3. With glandular hypertrophy.
- 786. Abscess.
- 787. Ulcer.
- 788. *Hæmorrhage.
- 789. Atrophy.
 - a. Superinvolution.
 - b. Senile atrophy.
- 790. Hypertrophy.
 - a. Subinvolution.
 - b. Hyperplasia.
 - c. Elongation of the vaginal portion of the cervix.
 - d. Elongation of the supra-vaginal portion of the cervix.
- 791. *Gangrene.

New Growth, Non-malignant (79).

- a. Fibronyoma. Synonym, Fibroid tumour.
- b. Polypus.

Note.—Under this head should be returned all non-malignant pedunculated tumours growing from the cavity or neck of the uterus.

Return according to list of tumours at p. 335.

New Growth, Malignant (80).

Tuberculosis (44).

Syphilis (42).

Gonorrhea (20).

When the cause of any of these conditions is known, the return should be made under the head of such cause, the local condition being also specified.

LATIN EQ.

792. Dislocationes et distortiones.

- a. Anteversio.
- b. Retroversio.
- c. Anteflexio.
- d. Retroflexio.
- e. Inversio.
- f. Prolapsus.
 - a. Simplex.
 - β. Cervicis portione s u p r a vaginali productâ.
 - γ. Cervicis portione vaginali produetâ.
- g. Procidentia. C u m varietatibus α , β , γ , ut supra.
- h. Hernia.

793. Distensio.

- a. Hydrometra.
- b. Pyometra.
- c. Haematometra.

794. Strictura.

- a. Oris externi.
- b. Oris interni.
- c. Cervicis canalis.

795. Occlusio. I.v., Atresia.

- a. Oris externi.
- b. Oris interni.
- c. Cervicis canalis.

796. Fistula.

- a. Utero-vesicalis.
- b. Cervico-vesicalis.
- c. Utero-intestinalis.

FRENCH.

Déplacements et déformations.

- a. Antéversion.
- b. Rétroversion.
- c. Antéflexion.
- d. Rétroflexion.
- c. Inversion.
- f. Prolapsus.
 - a. Simple.
 - β. Avec allongement de la partie supravaginale du col.
 - γ. Avec allongement de la partie vaginale du col.
- g. Proeidence.
- h. Hernie.

Distension.

- a. Par fluide muqueux ou aqueux; Hydrométrie.
- b. Par fluide purulent; Pyométrie.
- c. Par fluide sanguinolent; Hématométrie.

Rétrécissement.

- a. De l'orifice externe.
- b. De l'orifiee interne.
- c. Du Canal.

Occlusion. Syn., Atrésie.

- a. De l'orifiee externe.
- b. De l'orifice interne.
- c. Du Canal.

Fistule.

- a. Utéro-vésicale.
- b. Utéro-intestinale.

GERMAN.

Lageveränderungen und Knickungen.

- a. Anteversion.
- b. Retroversion.
- c. Anteflexion.
- d. Retroflexion.
- e. Inversion. Syn., Umstülpung.
- f. Vorfall. Syn., Prolaps.
 - a. Einfacher.
 - β. Mit Verlängerung der Supravaginal portion.
 - γ. Mit Verlängerung der Vaginalportion.
- g. Proeidenz.

h. Bruch. Syn.,

Ausdehnung.

- a. Hydrometra.
- b. Pyometra.
- e. Hämometra.

Stenose. Syn., Striktur.

- a. Des äusseren Muttermundes.
- b. Des inneren Muttermundes.
- c. Des Mutterhalskanals.

Verschluss.

- a. Des äusseren Muttermundes.
- b. Des inneren Muttermundes.
- c. Des Mutterhalskanals.

Fistel.

- a. Blasengebärmutterfistel.
- b. Darmgebärmutterfistel.

792. Displacements and distortions.

- *a. Anteversion.
 - b. Retroversion.
- *c. Anteflexion.
 - d. Retroflexion.
 - e. Inversion.
- f. Prolapsus.
 - a. Simple.
 - β. With supra-vaginal elongation of cervix.
 - γ. With vaginal elongation of cervix.
- g. Procidentia.

With varieties a, β , γ as above.

h. Hernia.

793. Distension.

- a. With mucous or watery fluid. Synonym. Hydrometra.
- b. With purulent fluid. Synonym, Pyometra.
- c. With bloody fluid. Synonym, Hæmatometra.

794. Stricture.

- a. Of external os.
- b. Of internal os.
- c. Of cervical canal.

795. Occlusion. Synonym, Atresia.

- a. Of external os.
- b. Of internal os.
- c. Of cervical canal.

796. Fistula.

- a. Utero-vesical.
- b. Cervico-vesical.
- c. Utero-intestinal.

These are conditions of the uterus not necessarily abnormal.

FRENCH.

GERMAN.

LATIN Eq.

797. Laceratio aut diruptio.	Déchirure ou rupture.	Zerreissung.
a. Uteri eorporis.	a. De la matrice.	a. Des Gebärmutter- körpers.
b. Cervicis.	b. Du eol.	b. Des Mutterhalses.
Cervieis eetropium.	Ectropion du eol.	Umstülpung der Mutterm un ds- l i ppen. Syn., Ektropium.
Morbus parasiticus.	Maladies parasitaires.	Parasitäre Erkrank- ungen.
Deformitates ingenitae.	Vices de conforma- tion.	Missbildungen.
	VAGINAE MORBI.	
798. Inflammatio.	Inflammation.	Entzündung.
Catarrhalis.	Catarrhale.	Katarrhalische,
799. Abscessus.	Abcès.	Abscess.
800. Atrophia.	Atrophie.	Atrophie.
801. Cicatrix, aut habenula.	Cicatrice ou bride cica- tricielle.	Narbe oder Band.
Cystis.	Kyste.	Cyste.
Neoplasma non malig- num.	Néoplasme bénin.	Gutartige Neubild- ung.
Neoplasma malignum.	Néoplasme malin.	Bösartige Neubild- ung.
Tuberculosis.	Tuberculose.	Tuberkulose.
Syphilis.	Syphilis.	Syphilis.
Gonorrhoea.	Blennorrhagie. Syn., Gonorrhée.	Tripper.
802. Prolapsus.	Prolapsus.	Vorfall.
a. Parietis anterioris. Iv., Cystocele.	a. De la paroi antéri- eure.	a. der vordern Wand. Syn., Blasenbruch.
b. Parietis posterioris.	b. De la paroi postéri- eure.	b. der hintern Wand.
Rectocele.	Rectocèle.	Mastdarmbruch.
803. Strictura.	Rétrécissement.	Striktur.
804. Occlusio. I.v., Atresia	. Occlusion. Syn., Atrésie.	Verschluss. Syn., Atresie.
805. Fistula.	Fistule.	Fistel.
a. Urethro-vaginalis.	a. Uréthro-vaginale.	a. Harnröhrenseheidenfistel.
b. Vesico-vaginalis.	b. Vésico-vaginale.	b. Blasenscheiden- fistel.

797. Laceration or rupture.

a. Of body of uterus.

b. Of cervix.

Ectropium of cervix.

Parasitic disease (82).

Return according to list at p. 384.

Malformations (78).

Return according to list at p. 347.

DISEASES OF THE VAGINA.

798. *Inflammation.

Catarrhal and other forms.

799. *Abscess.

800. Atrophy.

801. Cicatrix or band.

Cyst (81).

New Growth, Non-malignant (79). Return according to list of tumours at p. 335.

Tuberculosis (44).

Syphilis (42).

Gonorrhwa (20).

802. Prolapse.

a. Of anterior wall. Synonym, Cystoccle.

b. Of posterior wall.

With Rectocele.

803. Stricture.

804. Occlusion. Synonym, Atresia.

805. Fistula.

a. Urethro-vaginal.

b. Vesico-vaginal.

^{*} When this affection is caused by gonorrhæa, the return should be made under the head of Gonorrhæa.

LATIN EQ.

Neoplasma malignum.

Tuberculosis.

FRENCH. GERMAN. c. Uretero-vaginalis. c. Urétéro-vaginalc. e. Harnleiterscheidenfistel. d. Recto-vaginalis. d. Recto-vaginale. d. Mastdarmscheidenfistel e. Vaginalis. e. Vaginale. e. Scheidenfistel. Laesiones. Traumatismes. Verletzungen. Laceratio. Déchirure. Zerreissung. Deformitates Vices de conformaingen-Missbildungen. itae. tion. Hymen imperforatus. Hymen imperforé. Atresia vaginalis. Syn., Verschluss des Hymen. VULVAE MORBI. 806. Inflammatio. Inflammation. Entzündung. Abscessus. Abcés. Abscess. 807. Ulcus. Ulcère. Geschwür. 808. Haematoma. I.v., Vul-Hématome. Hämatom. Syn., Vulvae thrombus. varthrombose. 809. Labiorum oedema. Œdème des lèvres. Labialödem. 810. Labia cohaerentia. Adhérence des lèvres. Labialadhäsion. 811. Atrophia. Atrophische Atrophie. Schrumpfung. Kraurosis. Kraurosis. 812. Hypertrophia. Hypertrophie. Hypertrophie. Phagedänische Phagedaena. Phagédénisme. ceration. Brand. Gangrène. 813. Gangraena. Wasserkrebs. Noma. Elephantiasis. Elephantiasis. Elephantiasis. Cyste. Cystis. Kyste. Gutartige Néoplasme bénin. Neoplasma non maligung. num. a. Harnröhrengefäss a. Caruncula urethralis. a. Tumcur vasculaire du méat. geschwulst. Syn., Crête uréthrale, caroncule de l'uréthre. b. Warzen. b. Papillomes. b. Papilloma. Bösartige Néoplasme malin.

Tuberculose.

Ul-

Neubild-

Neubild-

ung. Tuberkulose.

- c. Uretero-vaginal.
- d. Recto-vaginal (553).
- e. Vaginal (i.e., communicating with the surface).

Injuries (83).

Laceration.

Return according to list at p. 277

Malformations (78).

Imperforate hymen.

Return according to list at p. 347.

DISEASES OF THE VULVA.

806. Inflammation. Specify the part.

807. Ulcer.

- 808. Hæmatoma. Synonym, Thrombus of vulva.
- 809. Œdema of labia.
- 810. Adhesion of labia.
- 811. Atrophy. Variety, Kraurosis.
- 812. Hypertrophy. Specify the part. *Phagedwna* (30).
- 813. Gangrene. Variety, Noma.

*Elephantiasis (618).

Cyst_(81).

New Growth, Non-malignant (79).

a. Vascular tumour of the meatus urinarius. Synonym, Ure-thral caruncle.

Return according to list of tumours at p. 335.

b. † Warts.

New Growth, Malignant (80).

Tuberculosis (44).

* If due to a filarial parasite this should be stated.

[†] When this affection is caused by gonorrhea, the return should be made under the head of Gonorrhea.

LATIN EQ. 814. Ulcus molle.	French. Chancre mou.	GERMAN. Weicher Schanker.
815. Condyloma.	Plaque muqueuse.	Kondylom.
Syphilis.	Syphilis.	Syphilis.
Gonorrhoea.	Gonorrhée. Syn., Blennorrhagie.	Tripper.
816. Occlusio.	Occlusion.	Verschluss.
Varix.	Varice.	Varicen.
Laesiones.	Traumatismes.	Verletzungen.
Deformitates ingenitae.	Vices de conforma- tion.	Missbildungen.

GENITALIUM MULIEBRIUM ACTIONUM NATURALIUM VITIA, ITEM VITIA SYMPTOMATICA.

817. Amenorrhoea.	Aménorrhée.	Amenorrhoe.
a. Menstrua omnino non provenientia.	a. Absence totale des menstrues (des rè- gles).	a. Vollständiges Ausbleiben der Menstruation (Monatsblutung).
 b. Menstrua provenien- tia et postea sup- pressa. 	b. Suppression des menstrues (des règles) apres leur apparition.	b. Unterbrechung der Menstruation.
818. Menstrua retenta.	Menstrues latentes (à la suite d'obstruction mécanique). Syn. Rétention des règles.	Zurückgehaltenes Menstrualblut.
819. Menstrua exigua.	Menstrues insuffis- antes.	Spärliche Menstrua- tion.
820. Dysmenorrhoea. I.v., Menstrua dolorosa.	Dysménorrhée. Syn., Menstruation difficile.	Dysmenorrhoe. Syn., Schmerzhafte Men- struation, Menstru- alkolik.
Membranacea.		Membranöse.
821. Menorrhagia. I.v., Menstrua immodica.	Ménorrhagie.	Menorrhagie. Syn., Profuse Menstruation.

814. Soft Chancre.

815. Condyloma.

Syphilis (42).

Gonorrhæa (20).

816. Occlusion.

When congenital, to be referred to Malformations.

Varix (329).

Injuries (83).

Return according to list at p. 277.

Malformations (78).

Return according to list at p. 347.

- *Functional and Symptomatic Disorders of the Female Organs of Generation.
 - 817. Amenorrhœa.
 - a. Entire absence of menstruation.
 - b. Suppression of menstruation after appearance.
 - 818. Latent menstruation (from mechanical obstruction). Synonym, Retained menses.

Specify the Cause.

- 819. Scanty menstruation.
- 820. Dysmenorrhæa. Synonym, Painful menstruation.

Membranous.

821. Menorrhagia. Synonym, Excessive menstruation.

^{*}When the cause of any of these conditions is known, the return should be made under the head of such cause, the local condition being also specified.

LATIN EQ.	FRENCH.	GERMAN.
822. Metrorrhagia. I.v., Haemorrhagia uter- ina.	Métrorrhagie.	Metrorrhagie. Syn., Gebärmutter blu t- ung.
823. Leucorrhoea. I.v., Uteri cervicis cat- arrhus.	Leucorrhée. Syn., Flueurs blanches.	Leukorrhoe. Syn., Weisser Fluss.
824. Dyspareunia.	Dyspareunie.	Dyspareunie.
Vaginismus.	Vaginisme.	Vaginismus.
825. Sterilitas.	Stérilité.	Unfruchtbarkeit.
\$26. Pruritus.	Prurit.	Pruritus. Syn., Vulvarjucken.
Coccygodynia.	Coccygodynie.	Coccygodynia.

- 822. Metrorrhagia. Synonym, Uterine hæmorrhage.
- 823. Leucorrhea. Synonyms, Cervical catarrh, Whites.
- 824. Dyspareunia. Vaginismus.
- 825. Sterility.
- 826. Pruritus.

Coccygodynia (131).

MALA GRAVIDITATI INCIDENTIA.

	LATIN EQ.	FRENCH.	GERMAN.
827.	Metritis.	Métrite.	Gebärmutterent- zündung. Syn., Metritis.
	Endometritis.	Inflammation de la muqueuse utérine. Syn., Endomé- trite.	Gebärmutter- schleimhaut- entzündung.
828.	Hydrorrhoea.	Hydrorrhée.	Hydrorrhoe.
829.	Hydrops amnii, sive Hydramnios.	Hydramnios.	Hydramnion.
830.	Uteri Neuralgia, sive Hysteralgia.	Hystéralgie.	Gebärmutterkolik. Syn., Hysteralgie.
831.	Spasmi et nisus spurii.	Crampes.	Falsche Wehen.
	Uteri cervicis catarrhus.	Catarrhe du col.	Mutterhalskatarrh.
	Vaginae catarrhus.	Catarrhe du vagin.	Scheidenkatarrh.
832.	Menstrua.	Menstruation pendant la grossesse.	Monatsolutung während der Schwangerschaft.
833.	Haemorrhagia.	Hémorrhaigie.	Schwangerschafts- blutung.
	Uteri dislocatio.	Déplacements de l'utérus.	Gebärmutteriageveränderung.
	Cervicis productio.	Allongement du col.	Mutterhals ver- längerung.
	Pruritus vulvae.	Prurit vulvaire.	Vulvarjucken.
834.	Abortus	Avortement.	Abort. Syn., Fehlge-
	Abortus inconfectus. Iv., Ovi mortui retentio.	Rétention de l'œuf.	Missed abortion. Syn., Retention der abgestorbenen Frucht.
835.	Moles haemorrhagica.	Môle hémorrhagique.	Blutmole.
	Moles carnea.	Môle charnue.	Fleischmole.
836.	Moles hydatidica.	Môle vésiculaire. Syn, Môle hyda- toïde.	Blasenmole.

AFFECTIONS CONNECTED WITH PREGNANCY.

In cases in which local disease or disorder of other than the generative organs is associated with pregnancy, the return should be made under the head of such local disease, the co-existence of pregnancy being stated.

Italics indicate that the disease in question should not be registered in this Section. The proper place is shewn by the number which follows.

827. Inflammation of uterus. Synonym, Metritis.

Special Form:

Inflammation of lining membrane. Synonym, Decidual endometritis.

- 828. Discharge of watery fluid from uterus. Synonym, Hydrorrhæa.
- 829. Dropsy of amnion. Synonyms, Hydrops amnii, Hydramnios.
- 830. Neuralgia of uterus. Synonym, Hysteralgia.
- 831. Cramp and spurious labour pains.

Catarrh of cervix uteri (785).

Catarrh of vagina (798).

- 832. Menstruation during pregnancy.
- 833. Hæmorrhage.

Displacements of uterus (792).

Elongation of cervix uteri (790).

Pruritus vulva (826).

- 834. Abortion. Synonym, Miscarriage.

 Missed abortion. Synonym, Retention of dead ovum.
- 835. Hæmorrhagic mole.

Carneous mole.

836. Vesicular mole. Synonym, Hydatid mole.

LATIN EQ.

Neoplasma non malignum.

Fibromyoma.

Neoplasma malignum.

Deciduoma malignum.

FRENCH.

Néoplasme bénin.

Fibromyome.

Néoplasme malin.

Déciduome malin.

GERMAN.

Gutartige Neubildung.

Gebärmutterfasergeschwulst.

Bösartige Neubildung.

Deciduoma malig-

837. Partus inconfectus.

838. Gestatio ectopica.

a. Extra uterum gestatio.

- 1. In abdomine, sive, in peritonaeo.
- 2. In ovario.
- 3. In tubâ et ova-
- 4. In tubâ.
- 5. In tubâ et in utero. Iv., Gestatio interstitialis.
- 6. Intra ligamenta.
 - a. Gestatio subperitonaeo-pelvica.
 - 6. Gestatio subperitonaeo-abdominalis.
- b. Gestatio in utero deformi.

A ccouch ement manqué.

Gestation extrautérine.

- a. Grossesse extrautérine.
 - 1. Ab dominale. Syn., Péritonéale.
 - 2. Ovarienne.
 - 3. Tubo ovarienne.
 - 4. Tubaire.
 - 5. Tubo-utérine.
 - 6. Intra-ligamenteuse.
 - a. Sous périt o n é a le (Bassin).
 - β. Sous péritonéale (Abdo-men).
- b. Grossesse dans un utérus malconformée.

Missed labour.

Ektopische Schwangerschaft.

- a. Extrauterinschwangerschaft.
 - 1. Abdominalschwangerschaft.
 - 2. Ovarialschwangerschaft.
 - 3. Tubo-ovarialschwangerschaft.
 - 4. Interstitialschwangerschaft.
 - 5. Eileitergebärmutterschwangerschaft.
 - 6. Intraligamentöse Schwangerschaft.
 - a. Unter dem
 Beckenbauchfell.
 - b. Unter dem
 Abdominalbauchfell.
- b. Schwangerschaft in einer abnorm gestalteten Gebärmutter.

New growth, non-malignant (79).

Fibroid of uterus.

New growth, malignant (80).

Deciduoma Malignum.

Synonyms, Chorion - epithelioma, Syncytioma.

Return according to list of tumours at p. 335.

- 837. Missed labour.
- 838. Ectopic gestation.
 - a. Extra-uterine pregnancy.
 - 1. Abdominal. Synonym, Peritoneal.
 - 2. Ovarian.
 - 3. Tubo-ovarian.
 - 4. Tubal.
 - 5. Tubo-uterine. Synonym, Interstitial.
 - 6. Intra-ligamentous.
 - a. Subperitoneo-pelvic.
 - β. Subperitoneo-abdominal.
 - b. Pregnancy in abnormally formed uterus.

 Return according to list of malformations at p. 347.

MALA PARTUI INCIDENTIA.

LATIN EQ.

839. Uteri nertia. I.v., Uteri mertia.

840. Uterus perdistentus.

- a. Ex' nimio amnii liquore.
- b. Ex gestatione multiplici.
- 841. Impedimenta mechanica partui obstantia.
 - a. Ex oris occlusione.
 - b. Ex rigiditate.
 - (1) Oris uteri.
 - (2) Vaginae.
 - (3) Permaci.
 - c. Uteri cervix male collocata.
 - d. Uteri corporis aut cervicis neoplasmata.
 - (1) Non malignum. Fibromyoma.
 - (2) malignum.
 - e. Vaginae coartatio.
 - f. Vaginae cicatrix.
 - g. Vaginae cystis.
 - h. Vaginae neoplas mata.
 - (1) Non malignum.
 - (2) Malignum.
 - i. Vesicae prolapsus.

FRENCH.

Inertie de l'utérus.

Distension exagérée de l'utérus.

- a. Par excès du fluide amniotique.
- b. Par gestation multiple.

Obstacle à l'expulsion du fœtus d'ordre mécanique.

- a. Occlusion de l'orifice.
- b. Rigidité.
 - (1) de l'orifice utérin.
 - (2) du vagin.
 - (3) du périnée.
- c. Position vicieuse du col de la matrice.
- d. Néoplasmes du corps ou du col de l'utérus.
 - (1) Bénins. Fibromyome.
 - (2) Malins.
- e. Étroitesse du vagin.
- f. État cicatriciel du vagin.
- g. Kyste du vagin.
- h. Néoplasmes du vagin.
 - (1) Bénins.
 - (2) Malins.
- i. Prolapsus de la vessie.

GERMAN.

We hen schwäche Syn., Gebärmutter erschlaffung.

Gebärm uttererweiterung.

- a. Mit übermässigcm Fruchtwasser.
- b. Durch mehrfache Schwangerschaft.

Mechanisches Geburtshindernis.

- a. Durch Muttermundverschliessung.
- b. Durch Unnachgiebigkeit.
 - (1) des Muttermundes.
 - (2) der Scheide.
 - (3) des Damms.
- c. Durch abnorme Lage des Muttcrmundes.
- d. Durch Neubildungen der Gebärmutter oder des Muttermundes.
 - (1) Gutartige.

 Fasergeschwulst.
 - (2) Bösartige.
- e. Durch Scheidenverengerung.
- f. Durch Scheidennarbe.
- g. Durch Scheidencyste.
- h. Durch Neubildung der Scheide.
 - (1) Gutartige.
 - (2) Bösartige.
- i. Durch Blasenvorfall.

AFFECTIONS CONNECTED WITH PARTURITION.

Italics indicate that the disease in question should not be registered in this Section. The proper place is shewn by the number which follows.

- 839. Atony of the uterus. Synonym, Inertia of the uterus.
- 840. Over-distension of the uterus.
 - a. From excess of liquor amnii.
 - b. " multiple gestation.
- 841. Mechanical obstacle to the expulsion of the fœtus.
 - a. From occlusion of os uteri.
 - b. " rigidity
 - (1) of os uteri.
 - (2) ,, vagina.
 - (3) " perineum.
 - c. From malposition of the cervix uteri.
 - d. , new growths of body or of cervix uteri.
 - (1) non-malignant. fibro-myoma.
 - (2) malignant.
 - e.,, narrowness of vagina.
 - f., cicatrix of vagina.
 - g. ,, cyst of vagina.
 - h. ,, new growths of vagina.
 - (1) non-malignant.
 - (2) malignant.
 - i. ,, prolapse of bladder (cystocele).

LATIN EQ.

- k. In vesicâ calculus.
- l. Recti distentio.
- m. Recti prolapsus.
- n. Neoplasmata.
 - (1) Ovarii.
 - (2) Aut cavitatis aut ossium pelvis.
 - (3) Recti.
 - (4) Vesicae.
 - (5) Partium exteriorum.
- o. Pelvis deformis, aut coartata, aut fracta.
- p. Uteri anteversio, pendente abdomine.
- q. Foetus praegrandis.
- r. Foetus male collocatus.
- s. Foetūs deformitas.
- t. Foetus aut morbo aut putore adauctus.
- u. Partus multiplex.
- v. Foetus membranae crassiores.
- w. Funis brevior.

842. Haemorrhagia.

- a. Inevitabilis, ex placentâ praeviâ.
- b. Fortuita, ex placentâ casu separatâ.
- c. Ex haematomate vaginac aut vulvae dirupto.
- 843. Uteri diruptio aut laceratio.
- 844. Vaginae diruptio aut laceratio.

FRENCH.

- k. Calcul vésical.
- l. Distension du rectum.
- m. Prolapsus du rectum.
- n. Tumeurs.
 - (1) de l'ovaire.
 - (2) du bassin ou de ses os.
 - (3) du rectum.
 - (4) de la vessie.
 - (5) des parties externes.
- o. Vices de conformation ou rétrécissement ou fracture du bassin.
- p. Antéversion exagérée de l'utérus, avec relâchement des parois de l'abdomen.
- q. Volume exagéré du fœtus.
- r. Position vicieuse du fœtus.
- s. Vices de conformation du fœtus.
- t. Accroissement de volume du fœtus à la suite de maladie ou de la putréfaction.
- u. Grossesse multiple.
- v. E paisseur exagérée des membranes.
- w. Brievetć anormale du cordon.

Hémorrhagie.

- a. Suite de placenta prævia.
- b. Suite du détachement accidentel du placenta.
- c. Suite de rupture d'un hématome du vagin.
- Rupture ou déchirure de l'utérus.

Rupture on déchirure du vagin.

GERMAN.

- k. Durch Blasenstein.
- l. Durch Mastdarmausdehnung.
- m. Durch Mastdarm-vorfall.
- n. Durch Geschwulst.
 - (1) des Eierstocks.
 - (2) des Beckens.
 - (3) des Mastdarms.
 - (4) der Blasc.
 - (5) der äusscren Teile.
- o. Durch Deformität, Verengerung oder Fraktur des Beckens.
- p. Durch hochgradige Gcbärmuttervorwärtsneigung (mit Hängebauch).
- q. Durch abnorme Grösse der Frucht.
- r. Durch abnorme Lage der Frucht.
- s. Durch Missbildung der Frucht.
- t. Durch Fruchtvergrösserung infolge von Krankheit oder Zersetzung.
- u. Durch mehrfache Geburt.
- v. Durch abnorme Dicke der Eihäute.
- w. Durch abnorme Kürze des Nabelstrangs.

Blutung.

- a. Unvermeidliche, durch Placenta praevia.
- b. Zufällige, durch vorzeitige Mutterkuchenablösung.
- c. Ruptur eines Vaginal- oder Vulvarhämatom.
- Ruptur oder Zerreissung der Gebärmutter.
- Ruptur oder Zerreissung der Scheide.

- k. From stone in bladder.
- l. distended rectum.
- m. , prolapse of rectum (rectocele).
- n. , tumours.
 - (1) of ovary.
 - (2) of pelvic cavity or pelvic bones.
 - (3) of rectum.
 - (4) of bladder.
 - (5) of external parts.
- o. " deformity or contraction or fracture of pelvis.
- p. ,, extreme anteversion of uterus, with pendulous abdomen.
- q., excessive size of fœtus.
- r. , malposition of fœtus.
- s. ,, malformation of fœtus. Synonym, Moustrosity.
- t. ,, enlargement of fortus from disease or decomposition.
- u., plural births.
- v., unusual thickness of feetal membranes.
- w. " unusual shortness of funis.

842. Hæmorrhage.

- a. Unavoidable, from placenta prævia.
- b. Accidental, from detachment of placenta.
- c. Ruptured hæmatoma of vagina or vulva.
- 843. Rupture or laceration of the uterus.

844. ,, vagina.

	LATIN EQ.	FRENCH.	GERMAN.
845.	Vulvæ diruptio aut laceratio.	Rupture ou déchirure de la vulve.	Ruptur oder Zerreiss- ung der Vulva.
846.	Vesicae diruptio aut laceratio.	Rupture ou déchirure de la vessie.	Ruptur oder Zerreiss- ung der Harnblase.
	Perinaei diruptio ant laceratio.	Rupture ou déchirure du périnée.	Ruptur oder Zerreiss- ung des Damms.
848.	Placentae retentio.	Rétention du pla- centa.	Zurückhaltung des Mutterkuchens.
	a. Ex uteri inertiâ.	a. Par atonie de l'utérus.	a. Durch Gebär- m utterer- schlaffung.
	b. Ex uteri contractione inequali.	b. Par contracture anormale en sablier.	b. Durch unregel- mässige spez. Sanduhrzusam- menziehung.
	c. Ex adhaesione ab- normi.	c. Par adhérences anormales.	c. Durch abnorme Adhäsionen.
	Uteri inversio.	Inversion de l'utérus.	Gebärmutterum- stülpung.
	Eclampsia.	Convulsions. Syn., Eclampsie puer- pérale.	Konvulsionen. Syn., Puerperale Ek- lampsie.
849.	Foetus mortuus.	Enfant mort-né.	Totgeborenes Kind.
850.	Infantis asphyxia.	Asphyxie de l'enfant.	Asphyxie des Kindes.

Lésions de l'enfant.

Accouchement pré-

maturé.

Verletzung Kindes.

Frühgeburt.

des

851. Infantis laesio.

852. Partus praematurus.

845. Rupture or laceration of the vulva.

846. " urinary bladder.

847. , , perineum.

848. Retention of the placenta.

a. From atony of uterus.

b. " irregular or hour-glass contraction.

c., abnormal adhesions.

Inversion of the Uterus (792).

Convulsions (123). Synonym, Puerperal eclampsia.

849. Still birth.

850. Asphyxia of child.

851. Injury to child.

852. Premature birth.

MALA PARTUM INSEQUENTIA.

Hémorrhagie.

de caillots.

FRENCH.

Rétention de frag-

ments du placenta,

de membranes, ou

GERMAN.

Nachgeburtsblutung.

Zurückhaltung von Placentarstücken,

oder

von Eihautresten

von

e. des Mastdarms.

Blut-

LATIN EQ.

mentorum, mem-

branarum, ant

coaguli retentio.

frag-

853. Haemorrhagia post

partum. 854. Placentae

c. Recti.

	9		gerinsel.
	Septicaemia puer- peralis. Pyaemia puerperalis.	Septicémie p u e r - pérale. Pyémie puerpérale.	Puerperale Septi- kämie. Puerperale Pyämie.
855	5. Intoxicatio septica puerperalis.	Saprémie puerpérale.	Puerperale putride Intoxikation. Syn., Puerperale Sap- rämie.
856	6. Metritis.	Métrite.	Gebärmutterent-
			z ündung. <i>Syn.</i> . Metritis.
857	7. Phlebitis.	Phlébite.	Venenentzündung.
858	3. Venarum thrombosis.	Thrombose des veines.	Venenthrombose.
859). Phlegmasia dolens.	Phlegmatia alba dolens.	Phlegmasia alba dolens.
860). Inflammatio pelvica.	Inflammation pel- vienne.	Beckenentzündung.
	a. Perimetritis.	a. Périmétrite.	a. Pelveoperitonitis. Syn Perimetritis.
	b. Parametritis.	b. Paramétrite.	b. Parametritis.
861	l. Abscessus pelvicus.	Abcès pelvien.	Beckenabscess.
	a. Perimetricus.		a. Perimetrischer.
	b. Parametricus.		b. Parametrischer.
869	2. Sphacelus.	Sphacèle. Syn., Nécrose.	Gangrän.
	a. Uteri cervicis.	a. du col.	a. des Cervix.
	b. Vaginae.	b. du vagin.	b. der Scheide.
	c. Perinaei.	c. du périnée.	c. des Damms.
	d. Vesicae.	d. de la vessie.	d. der Blase.

e. du rectum.

AFFECTIONS CONSEQUENT ON PARTURITION.

Italics indicate that the disease in question should not be registered in this Section. The proper place is shewn by the number which follows.

- 853. Post-partum hæmorrhage.
- 854. Retention of placental fragments, membrane, or clots.

Puerperal septicarmia (39).

, *pyæmia* (33).

855. Puerperal septic intoxication. Synonym, Puerperal Sapræmia.

Note.—The term "Puerperal Fever" has been removed from the Nomenclature. Pyæmia, Septicæmia, or Septic Intoxication, occurring in puerperal women, should be described as "Puerperal Pyæmia," "Puerperal Septicæmia," or "Puerperal Septic Intoxication." Other conditions formerly included under the term "Puerperal fever" should be returned under this section, the word "Puerperal" being in all cases prefixed to the word denoting the local process.

- 856. Metritis.
- 857. Phlebitis.
- 858. Venous thrombosis.
- 859. Phlegmasia dolens.
- 860. Pelvic inflammation.
 - a. Pelvic peritonitis. Synonym, Perimetritis.
 - b. Pelvic cellulitis. Synonym, Parametritis.
- 861. Pelvic abscess.
 - (a.) Perimetric.
 - (b.) Parametric.
- 862. Slonghing
 - a. of the cervix uteri.
 - b. of the vagina.
 - c. of the perineum.
 - d. of the bladder.
 - e. of the rectum.

LATIN EQ.	French.	GERMAN.
863. Fistula.	Fistule.	Fistel.
864. Mastitis.	Inflammation du sein. Syn., Mastite.	Brustdrüsenent- zündung. Syn., Mastitis.
865. Mammae abscessus.	Abcès du sein.	Brustdrüsenabscess.
866. Insania puerperalis.	Folie puerpérale.	Puerperales Irresein.
867. Eclampsia.	Convulsions.	Konvulsionen.
868. Tetanus.	Tétanos.	Starrkrampf.
869. Neuritis.	Névrite.	Neuritis.
870. Mors repentina post partum.	Mort subite après l'accouchement.	Plötzlicher Tod nach der Geburt.
a. Ex concussa aut nervorum vi exinanitâ.	 a. A la suite de shock ou d' épuisement du système nerv- eux. 	a. Durch Erschütterung oder nervöse Erschöpfung.
b. Ex thrombose aut embolismo.	b. Par thrombose ou embolie cardi- aque ou de l'artère pul- monaire.	b. Durch Thrombose oder Embolie des Herzens oder der Lung- enarterie.
c. Ex aeris in venas ingressu.	c. Par entrée d'air dans les veines.	c. Durch Luft- eindringen in die Venen.
d. Ex haemorrhagiâ cerebrali.	d. Par hémorrhagie cérébrale.	d. Durch Gehirn- blutung.

863. Fistula.

Specify variety; see pp. 209, 211, 212.

- 864. Inflammation of the breast. Synonym, Mastitis.
- 865. Abscess of the breast.
- 866. Puerperal insanity.
- 867. Convulsions.
- 868. Tetanus.
- 869. Neuritis.
- 870. Sudden death after delivery.
 - a. From shock or nervous exhaustion.
 - b. From cardiac or pulmonary thrombosis or embolism.
 - c. From entrance of air into veins.
 - d. From cerebral hæmorrhage.

MAMMAE MULIEBRIS MORBI.

PAPILLAE ET AREOLAE MORBI.

LATIN EQ.	FRENCH.	GERMAN.
871. Inflammatio.	Inflammation.	Entzündung.
a. Papillae scissae.	a. Gerçures des mamelons.	a. Wunde Brust- warzen.
b. Eczema.	b. Eczéma des	b. Ekzem der Brust-
c. Morbus Paget.	maunelons. c. Maladie de Paget.	warze. c. Paget'sche Krank- heit.
872. Areolae abscessus.	Abcès de l'auréole.	Warzenhofabscess.
873. Ulceratio.	Ulcération.	Geschwürsbildung.
Neoplasma non malig- num.	Néoplasme bénin.	Gutartige Neubild- ung.
Neoplasma malignum.	Néoplasme malin.	Bösartige Neubild- ung.
Syphilis.	Syphilis.	Syphilis.
a. Primaria.	a. Chancre induré.	a. Primärer Schanker.
h. Condyloma.	b. Plaque muqueuse.	b. Kondylom.
Molluscum contagio- sum.	Molluscum contagio- sum.	Molluscum contagio- sum.
Framboesia.	Pian.	Framboesia tropica.
Laesionum effectus.	Traumatismes.	Folge von Verletz- ungen.
Morbi parasitici.	Maladies parasitaires.	Parasitäre Erkrank- ungen.
Λ phthae.	Oïdium albicans.	Soor.
Deformitates ingenitae.	Vices de conforma- tion.	Angeborene Missbild- ungen.

IPSIUS	GLANDULAE MOR	BI.
874. Mastitis.	Inflammation. Syn., Mastite.	Entzündung. Syn., Mastitis.
a. Acuta.	a. Aiguë.	a. Akute.
(1) Neonatorum.	(1) Des nouveau- nés.	(1) Bei Neuge- borenen.
(2) Adolescentium.	(2) De la puberté.	(2) In der Zeit der Ge- schlechts- reife.
(3) Puerperalis.	(3) Puerpérale.	(3) Im Puer- perium.

DISEASES OF THE FEMALE BREAST.

Italics indicate that the disease in question should not be registered in this Section. The proper place is shewn by the number which follows.

DISEASES OF THE NIPPLE AND AREOLA.

- 871. Inflammation.
 - a. Cracked nipples.
 - b. Eczema of the nipple (932).
 - c. Paget's disease of nipple.

 Note.—If this disease has terminated in carcinoma the fact should be stated.
- 872. Abscess of the areola.
- 873. Ulceration.

New Growth, non-malignant (79).

New Growth, malignant (80).

Return according to list of tumours, p. 335.

Syphilis (42).

a. Primary chancre.

b. Mucous tubercle.

Molluscum contagiosum (994).

Yuics (48).

Effects of injuries (83).

Return according to list at p. 277.

Parasitic diseases (82).

Thrush; Blastomyces Albicans. Return according to list at p. 384.

Congenital malformations (78).

Return according to list at p. 347.

DISEASES OF THE MAMMARY GLAND.

- 874. Inflammation. Synonym, Mastitis.
 - a. Acute.
 - (1.) In new-born infants.
 - (2.) At puberty.
 - (3.) Puerperal.

LATIN EQ.

b. Chronica.

- (1) Mastitis lobularis. Cum cystibus.
- (2) Mastitis diffusa.

Cum cystibus.

875. Suppuratio.

a. Acuta.

(1) Puerperalis.

Mammae abscessus.

Sub mammâ abscessus.

(2) Non puerperalis. Ipsâ in mammâ.

Sub mammâ.

b. Chronica. Abscessus chronicus.

Tuberculosa.

Actinomycotica.

876. Hyperaemia.

a. Adolescentium.

b. Menstruantium.

877. Atrophia.

Involutio senilis.

878. Hypertrophia.

a. Telae glandularis.

- (1) Adolescentium.
- (2) Gravidarum.

b. Telae adiposae atque connexivae.

Tuberculosis.

Actinomycosis.

Syphilis.

FRENCH.

b. Chronique.

- (1) Mastite lobulaire. Avec Kystes.
- (2) Mastite difluse.

Avec Kystes.

Suppuration.

a. Aiguë.

(1) Puerpérale.

Abcès mammaire.

Abcès rétromammaire.

(2) Non-puerpérale.

Mammaire.

Rétro - mammaire.

b. Chronique. Abcès chronique du sein.

Tuberculose.

Actinomycose.

Hyperémie.

a. De la puberté.

b. A l'époque menstruelle.

Atrophie.

Atrophie sénile.

Hypertrophie.

a. Glandulaire.

- (1) De la puberté.
 - 2) De la grossesse.

b. Des tissus graisseux et conjonctifs.

Tuberculose.

Actinomycose.

Syphilis.

GERMAN.

b. Chronische.

(1) Lobuläre.

Mit Cysten.

(2) Diffuse. Syn.,
Fibröse Brustdrüseninduration.
Mit Cysten.

Eiterung.

a. Akute.

(1) In Puerperium.

In der Drüsensubstanz.
Mammärer
Abscess.
Hinter der
Drüse. Retromammärer
Abscess.

(2) Nicht puerperale. Mammäre.

> Retromammäre.

b. Chronische. Chronischer Brust-drüsenabscess.

Tuberkulöse.

Aktinomykotische.

Hyperämie.

a. In der Zeit der Geschlechtsreife.

b. Während der Monatsblutung.

Atrophie.

Senile Involution.

Hypertrophie.

a. Der Drüsensubstanz.

> (1) In der Zeit der Geschlechtsreife.

> (2) Während der Schwanger-schaft.

b. Des Fett-und Zellgewebes.

Tuberkulose.

Aktinomykose.

Syphilis.

- b. Chronic.
 - (1.) Lobular mastitis. With cysts.
 - (2.) Diffuse mastitis. Synonym, Fibrous induration of breast.

With cysts.

875. Suppuration.

a. Acute.

(1.) Puerperal.

In substance of gland. Mammary abscess.

Behind the gland. Sub-mammary abscess.

(2.) Non-puerperal.

Mammary.

Sub-mammary.

b. Chronic. Chronic abscess of breast.

Varieties:

Tuberculous (44).

Actinomycotic (1).

876. Hyperæmia.

a. At puberty.

b. During menstruation.

877. Atrophy.

Senile involution.

878, Hypertrophy.

a. Glandular.

- (1.) At puberty.
- (2.) During pregnancy.

b. Of fatty and connective tissue.

Tuberculosis (44).

Actinomycosis (1).

Syphilis (42).

LATIN Eo.

LATIN EQ.	FRENCH.	GERMAN.
Neoplasma non malig- num.	Néoplasme bénin.	Gutartige Neubild- ung.
Neoplasma malignum.	Néoplasme malin.	Bösartige Neubild- ung.
Cystis.	Kystes.	Cysten.
a. Galactocele.	a. Formés par rétention de sécrétion naturelle. Syn., Galactocèle.	a. Durch Zurückhalten des normalen Se- krets entstanden.
b. Cystis acinosa.	b. Kystes acineux.	b. Acinöse.
c. Ductus cystis.	c. Kystes des conduits.	c. Der Milchgänge.
d. Cystis serosa.	d. Kystes lympha- tiques.	d. Lymphatische.
Parasiti.	Parasites.	Parasiten.
Cystis hydatidica.	Kystes hydatiques.	Echinokokkuscyste.
Deformitates ingenitae.	Vices de conforma- tion.	Angeborene Missbild- ungen.
a. Amazia.	a. Absence congénitale des seins.	a. Amastie.
b. Polymazia.	b. Seins accessoires.	b. Polymastie.
879. Agalactia.	Absence du lait après l'accouchement.	Mangel der Milch- sekretion. Syn., Agalaktie.
880. Lac depravatum.	Défaut on altération du lait.	Qualitative Fehler der Milch.
881. Galactorrhoea.	Sécrétion excessive du lait. Syn., Galactorrhée.	Galaktorrhoe.
882. Lactis sine graviditate secretio.	Sécrétion du lait à part de la grossesse.	Milchsekretion ohne vorausgegangene Schwangerschaft.
Hyperaesthesia.	Hyperesthésie du sein.	Hyperaesthesia Mam- mae.
Neuralgia.	Névralgie du sein.	Mastodynie.

Return according list of tumours

p. 335.

Italics indicate that the disease in question should not be registered in this Section. The proper place is shewn by the number which follows.

New Growth, non-malignant (79). Return according to list of tumours at p. 335.

Cysts (81).

- a. Cysts formed by retention of the natural secretion.
 Synonym, Galactocele.
- b. Acinous cysts.
- c. Duct cysts.
- d. Lymphatic cysts.

Parasites (82).

Hydatid cysts.

Return according to list at p. 335.

Congenital malformations (78).

Return according to list at p. 347.

- a. Congenital absence of breasts. (State other malformations of chest wall, if any.)
- b. Supernumerary breasts. (State the situation of the abnormal breast, and whether functionally active or not.)
- 879. Absence of secretion of milk after parturition. Synonym, Agalactia.
- 880. Defect or alteration in quality of milk.
- 881. Excessive secretion of milk. Synonym, Galactor-rhea.
- 882. Secretion of milk apart from pregnancy.

Hyperwsthesia (129).

Neuralgia (131).

MAMMILLAE VIRILIS MORBI.

LATIN EQ.

883. Mastitis.

a. Neonatorum.

b. Adolescentium.

384. Hypertrophia.

Neoplasma non malignum.

Neoplasma malignum.

Cystis.

Deformitates ingenitae.

FRENCH.

Inflammation. Syn., Mastite.

a. Des nouveau-nés.

b. De la puberté.

Hypertrophie.

Néoplasme bénin.

Néoplasme malin.

Kyste.

Vices de conformation. GERMAN.

Entzündung. Syn., Mastitis.

a. Bei Neugeborenen.

b. In der Zeit der Geschlechtsreife.

Hypertrophie.

Gutartige Neubild-

ung.

Bösartige Neubildung.

Cyste.

Angeborene Missbildungen.

DISEASES OF THE MALE BREAST.

Italics indicate that the disease in question should not be registered in this Section. The proper place is shewn by the number which follows.

883. Inflammation. Synonym, Mastitis.

a. In new-born infants.

b. At puberty.

884. Hypertrophy.

New Growth, non-malignant (79).

New Growth, malignant (80).

Return according to list of tumours at p. 335.

Cyst (81).

Congenital malformations (78).

Return according to list at p. 347.

ORGANORUM MOTUS MORBI.

OSSIUM PRAETER SPINAM MORBI.

LATIN EQ.	FRENCH.	GERMAN.
885. Inflammatio.	Inflammation.	Entzündung.
a. Osteitis.	a. Ostéite.	a. Ostitis.
Osteomyelitis acuta infectiva.	Ostćomyelite aiguë.	Akute Osteomyel- itis.
Osteomyelitis chron- ica.	Ostéomyélite chron- ique.	Chronische Osteo- ınyelitis.
b. Periostitis.1. Acuta infectiva.	b. Périostite. 1. Aiguë.	b. Periostitis. Syn., Knochenhaut- entzündung. 1. Akute.
2. Circumscripta. I.v., Ossium nodi.	2. Circonscrite. Syn. Nodosité, Périostite gommense.	2. U m s c h rie- bene, Syn., Nodus.
3. Chronica diffusa.	3. Chronique et diffuse.	3. Chronische diffuse.
c. Perichondritis.	c. Périchondrite.	c. Perichondritis.
886. Abscessus chronicus.	Abcès chronique.	Chronischer Abscess.
887. Caries.	Carie.	Knochenfrass.
888. Necrosis.	Nécrose.	Nekrose.
889. Mollities ossium. <i>I.v.</i> , Osteomalacia.	Ostéomalacie.	Osteomalacie. Syn., Knochenerweich- ung.
890. Fragilitas ossium.	Fragilité des os.	Knochenzerbrech- lichkeit.
891. Atrophia.	Atrophie.	Atrophie.
892. Hypertrophia.	Hypertrophie.	Hypertrophie.

DISEASES OF THE ORGANS OF LOCOMOTION.

Italics indicate that the disease in question should not be registered in this Section. The proper place is shewn by the number which follows.

DISEASES OF BONES (EXCLUSIVE OF THE SPINE).

Note.—In all cases the bone affected should be specified.

885. †Inflammation.

a. Osteitis.

Special Forms:

* Acute infective osteo-myelitis (29).

Chronic osteo-myelitis.

Note.—In cases where inflammation is confined to the diaphysis or epiphysis respectively, this should be mentioned.

b. Periostitis.

- 1. * Acute infective (29).
- 2. Circumscribed. Synonym, Node.
- 3. Chronic diffuse.

c. Perichondritis.

886. †Chronic abscess.

887. † Caries.

888. †Necrosis.

889. Mollities ossium. Synonym, Osteomalacia.

890. Fragilitas ossium.

891. Atrophy.

892. Hypertrophy.

* If accompanied by Pyæmia, this should be stated.

[†] When the cause of this affection has been ascertained, the case should be returned under the head of the primary disease, the secondary affection being also specified.

LATIN EQ.	French.	GERMAN.
893. Leontiasis ossca.	Léontiasis des os.	Leontiasis ossium.
894. Osteoarthropathia ex pulmonum morbo.	Ostéo-arthropathic pulmonaire.	Pulmonäre Ostco- arthropathie.
895. Acromegalia.	Acromégalie.	Akromegalie.
896. Achondroplasia.	Achondroplasic.	Achondroplasic.
897. Osteitis deformans.	Ostéite deformante.	Ostitis deformans.
898. Myelomatosis.	Myélomatose.	Knoch enmyelom.
899. Costarum cartilagin- um ossificatio.	Ossification des cartilages costaux.	Verknöcherung der Rippenknorpel.
900. Fractura spontanea.	Fracture spontanée.	Spontanfraktur.
901. Fracture non solidata.	Fracture non-consol- idée.	Unvereinigte Frak-
Fracturae conjunctio fibrosa.	Réunion fibreuse.	Fibröse Verbind- ung.
Pseudarthrosis.	Fausse articulation.	Pseudarthrose.
Fractura irreparata.	Manque de réunion.	Nichtverbindung.
902. Callus immodicus.	Formation excessive de cal.	Kallusüberwucher- ung.
Cystis.	Kyste.	Cyste.
Neoplasma non malig- num.	Néoplasme bénin.	Gutartige Neubild- ung.
Neoplasma malignum.	Néoplasme malin.	Bösartige Neubild- ung.
Tuberculosis.	Tuberculose.	Tuberkulose.
Syphilis.	Syphilis.	Syphilis.
Actinomycosis.	Actinomycose	Aktinomykose.
Mycetoma.	Pied de Madura.	Madurafuss.
Podagra.	Goutte.	Gicht.
Rachitis.	Rachitisme.	Rachitis.
Scorbutus.	Scorbut.	Skorbut.
Parasiti.	Parasites.	Parasiten

- 893. Leontiasis ossea.
- 894. Pulmonary osteo-arthropathy.
- 895. Acromegaly.
- 896. Achondroplasia.
- 897. Osteitis deformans.
- 898. Myelomatosis.
- 899. Ossification of cartilages of ribs.
- 900. *Spontaneous fracture.
- 901. Un-united fracture.

Fibrous union.

False joint.

Non-union.

902. Excessive formation of callus.

Cyst (81).

New Growth, non-malignant (79). Return according to list of tumours at p. 335.

New Growth, malignant (80).

Tuberculosis (44).

Syphilis (42).

Actinomycosis (1).

Madura disease (24).

Gout (68).

Rickets (76).

Scurvy (77).

Parasites (82).

Return according to list at p. 384.

When the cause of this affection has been ascertained, the case should be returned under the head of the primary disease, the secondary affection being also specified.

LATIN EQ.

Laesionum effectus.

FRENCH.

Traumatismes.

GERMAN.

Folgen von Verletzungen.

Deformitates ingenitae.

Vices de conformation.

Angeborene Missbildungen.

ARTICULORUM MORBI.

903. Inflammatio.
Arthritis.

I.v.,

Inflammation. Syn.,

Entzündung. Syn., Arthritis.

Synovitis.

- (1.) Acuta.
- (2.) Chronica.

Villosa.

(3.) Infectiva.

Tuberculosa.

Gonorrhœica.

Pyaemica.

Synovite.

- (1.) Aiguë.
- (2.) Chronique.

Frangée.

(3.) Infectieuse.

Tuberculeuse.

Arthrite
blennorhagique.
Pyémique.

Synovitis.

- (1.) Akute.
- (2.) Chronische.

Zottige.

(3.) Infektiöse.

Tuberkulöse.

Syn., Arthrokace.

Tripperge-

Trippergelenkentzündung. Pyämische.

Tuberculosis.

Syphilis.

Febris rheumatica.

Podagra.

Haemophilia.

Osteoarthritis. I.v., Arthritis rheumatoides, Arthritis deformans.

- a. Malum coxae sen-
- b. Digitorum nodi.

Tuberculose.

Syphilis.

Rhumatisme aigu.

Goutte.

Hémophilie.

Ostéo-arthrite. Syn., Rhumatisme noueux, Arthrite déformante.

- a. Coxalgie sénile.
- b. Nodosités des doigts; Nodosités d'Heberden.

Tuberkulose.

Syphilis.

Akuter Gelenkrheumatismus.

Gicht.

Hämophilie.

Arthritis deformans.

- a. Malum coxae senile.
- b. Hebordon's che Knoten.

Effects of Injuries (83).

Return according to list at p. 277.

Congenital malformations (78).

Return according to list at p. 347.

DISEASES OF JOINTS (EXCLUSIVE OF THE SPINE).

Note.—In all cases the joint affected must be specified.

903.* Inflammation. Synonym, Arthritis.

Special Form:

Synovitis.

- (1.) Acute.
- (2.) Chronic.

Villous.

(3.) †Infective.

Tuberculous (44). Synonym, Pulpy degeneration of synovial membrane. Gonorrhæal arthritis (20).

Pycemic (33).

Tuberculosis (44).

Syphilis (42).

Rheumatic Fever (37).

Gout (68).

Hamophilia (69).

Osteo-arthritis (74). Synonyms, Rheumatoid arthritis, Arthritis deformans.

Special Forms:

- a. Malum coxæ senile.
- b. Digitorum nodi. Synonym, Heberden's nodes.

† When the nature of the infection has been ascertained, it should be

returned under the head of the primary disease.

^{*} When the cause of this affection has been ascertained, the case should be returned under the head of the primary disease, the secondary affection being also specified.

LATIN Eq.	Fı	French. German.	
Osteoarthropath pulmonum m			almonäre Osteo- arthropathie.
Cystis.	Kyste.		/ste.
Ganglion.	Ganglio	on. (Ganglion.
Cystis synoviali	_		Synovialcysten.
Neoplasma non num.	malig- Néoplasi		ntartige Neubild- ung.
Neoplasma mali	gnum. Néoplasr	ne malin. Bö	isartige Neubild- ung.
Articulorum r neuropathicus		névropath- Ne	europaralytische Gelenkkrankheit.
904. Articuli rigidita	s. Ankylos	e. Sta	arres Gelenk.
Ankylosis ossea		se. Syn., Anky-Sseuse.	Synostosis.
Ankylosis fibros	a. Ankylo	se fibreuse.	Ankylose durch Fasergewebe.
905. Cartilaginis i i articularis dis			elenk knorpelluxa- tion.
906. Corpus mobile.	Corps lil		reier Gelenkkörper. Syn., Gelenkmaus.
907. Ligamentorum atio.	relax- Relâcher ments		indererschlaffung.
908. Ossium dislocat	io. Luxation	ı. Kı	nochenluxation.
909. Coxa vara.	Coxa va	ra. Co	oxa vara.
7001 Collie Filler	00114		7200
910. Genu valgum.	Genu va cagnet	ux.	bein. Syn., Bückerbein, Genu valgum.
911. Genu varum.	Genu va		bein. Syn., Genu varum.
912. Genu extrorsur	n. Genu ex	ctrorsum. Ou	ut-knee.
913. Genu recurvatu	ım. Genou arrière		ohlknie. Syn., Genurecurvatum.
Laesionum effe	ctus. Trauma		olgen von Verletz ungen.
Neuromimesis.	Hystérie	e. Ne	euromimesis.

Pulmonary osteo-arthropathy (894).

Cyst (81).

Special Forms:

Ganglion.

Synovial cysts.

Return according to list of tumours at p. 335.

New Growth, non-malignant (79).

New Growth, malignant (80).

Neuropathic joint-disease.

Return under the nervous disease with which it is connected.

904. Stiff joint.

Special Forms:

Synostosis. Synonym, Osseous ankylosis.

Fibrous ankylosis.

- 905. Dislocation of intra-articular cartilage.
- 906. Loose body.
- 907. Relaxation of ligaments.
- 908. Dislocation of bone.

The cause to be stated.

- 909. Coxa vara.
- 910. *Knock-knee, or In-knee. Synonym, Genu valgum.
- 911. *Bow-leg. Synonym, Genu varum.
- 912. *Out-knee. Synonym, Genu extrorsum.
- 913. *Back-knee. Synonym, Genu recurvatum.

Effects of injuries (83).

Return according to list at p. 277.

Neuromimesis. Synonym, Hysterical joint (133).

^{*} When this deformity is congenital, it must be returned under Malformations, p.

SPINAE MORBI.

LATIN EQ.	French.	GERMAN.
914. Inflammatio. I.v., Spondylitis.	Inflammation. Syn., Spondylite.	Entzündung. Syn. Spondylitis.
Tuberculosa.	Tuberculeuse.	Tuberkulöse.
Spondylitis deformans.	Spondylite déformante.	Spondylitis deformans.
915. Atrophia.	A trophie.	Atrophie.
Absorptio ex com- pressione.	Absorption par compression.	Verschwinden durch Druck.
916 Caries.	Carie.	Caries. Syn., Knochenfrass.
917. Necrosis.	Nécrose.	Nekrose.
918. Abscessus psoadicus, lumbaris, aut post-	Abcès du Psoas, lombaire, post- pharyngien, et autres.	Psoas-, Lumbar-, Re- tropharyngeal- und andere spinale Abscesse.
919. Kyphosis.	Courbure du rhachis au arrière. $Syn.$, Cyphose.	Kyphose.
Deformitas angu- laris.	Difformité angu- laire.	Winklige Kyphose.
920. Skoliosis.	Courbure latérale, Scoliose.	Skoliose.
921. Lordosis.	Courbure du rhachis en avant. Syn., Lordose.	Lordose.
922. Ankylosis, sive Synostosis.	Ankylose.	Rückgratsankylose.
923. Dislocatio sine aut cum fracturâ.	Luxation, simple ou accompagnée de fracture.	Luxation und Luxation mit Fraktur.
Spondylolisthesis.	Spondylolisthése.	Spondylolist hesis. Syn., Wirbelverschiebung.

DISEASES OF THE SPINE.

The region or vertebra affected should be stated.

914. Inflammation. Synonym, Spondylitis.

Special Forms:

Tuberculous (44).

Spondylitis deformans.

915. Atrophy.

Special Form:

Absorption from pressure. Synonym, Pressure-atrophy.

- 916. Caries.
- 917. Necrosis.
- 918. *Psoas, lumbar, post-pharyngeal, and other spinal abscesses.
- 919. Posterior curvature (convexity backwards). Synonym, Kyphosis.

The cause should be stated.

Special Form:

Angular deformity.

- 920. Lateral curvature. Synonym, Curvature with skoliosis.
- 921. Anterior curvature (convexity forwards). Synonym, Lordosis.
- 922. Ankylosis. Synonym, Synostosis.
- 923. Dislocation and fracture-dislocation.

Special Form:

Spondylolisthesis.

^{*} When due to tuberculosis, the fact should be stated.

LATIN EQ. FRENCH. GERMAN. 924. Fractura spontanea. Fracture spontanée. Spontanfraktur. Neoplasma non malig-Néoplasme bénin. Gutartige Neubildnum. ung. Neoplasma malignum. Néoplasme malin. Bösartige Neubildung. Parasiti. Parasites. Parasiten. Laesionum effectus Traumatismes. Folgen von Verletzungen. Deformitates ingeni-Vices de conforma-Angeborene Missbildtae. tion. ungen. MUSCULORUM MORBI. 925. Inflammatio. Syn., Inflammation. Syn., Entzündung. Syn.,Myositis. Myosite, Myitis. Myositis. Myositis ossificans. Myosite ossifiante. Myositis ossificans. Mycsitis fibrosa. Myosite fibreuse. Myositis fibrosa. Myositis infectiva. Myosite infectieuse. Infektiöse Myositis. Abscessus. Abcès. Muskelabscess. 926. Degenerationes. Dégénérescences. Entartungen. a. Adiposa. Includitur a. Fettige, einschliess-lich die Fettina. Graisseuse, compre-nant l'infiltration Infiltratio adiposa. graisseu.e. filtration. b. Fibrosa. b. Fibreuse. b. Fibröse. c. Hyalina, sive vitrea. c. Hyaline. Syn., Wachsartige. c. Hyaline. Syn., *I.v.*, Degeneratio Dégénérescence de Zenker. Zenker. 927. Atrophia. I.v., Amyo-Atrophie. Atrophie. Syn., Amyotrophia. trophie. Atrophia muscularis Atrophie muscu-laire idiopathique. Myopathische Musidiopathica. kelatrophie. Pseudohypertro-phische Myo-Paralysis pseudo-Paralysie pseudohypertrophica. hypertrophique. pathie.

Atrophie muscu-

laire progressive

(Duchenne-Aran).

Progressive Muskel-

atrophic.

Atrophia musculorum

progressiva.

924. Spontaneous fracture.

New Growth, non-malignant (79). Return according to list of tumours at p. 335.

New Growth, malignant (80).

Parasites (82).

Return according to list at p. 384.

Effects of injuries (83).

Return according to list at p. 277.

Congenital malformations (78).

Return according to list at p. 347.

DISEASES OF THE MUSCLES.

In all cases the muscle or muscles affected should be specified.

925. Inflammation. Synonym, Myositis.

Special Forms:

Myositis ossificans.

Myositis fibrosa.

Infective Myositis.

Abscess.

926. Degenerations.

- a. Fatty, including fatty infiltration.
- b. Fibrous.
- c. Hyaline or vitreous. Synonym, Zenker's degeneration.
- 927. *Atrophy. Synonym, Amyotrophy.

Special Forms:

Idiopathic muscular atrophy. Synonym, Muscular dystrophy.

Pseudo-hypertrophic paralysis.

Progressive muscular atrophy (94).

^{*} When the cause of this condition has been ascertained, the case should be returned under the head of the primary disease, the secondary affection being also specified.

LATIN EQ. FRENCH. GERMAN. 928. Hypertrophia. Hypertrophie. Muskelhypertrophie. 929. Diruptio. Rupture. Ruptur. 930. Contractura. Contracture. Kontraktur. Ischaemica. Ischémique. Ischämische. 931. Myalgia. 1.v., Mus-Myalgie. Syn., Rhu-Myalgie. culorum rheumamatisme muscultismus. aire. Lumbago. Lumbago. Lenden lähmung. Syn., Hexenschuss. Myalgia intercostalis. Myalgie intercostale. Interkostalmyalgie. Collum rigidum. Myalgie des muscles Steifer Hals. du cou. Myasthenia gravis. Myasthénie grave. Myasthenia gravis. Paralysis. Paralysie. Paralyse. Tremor. Tremblement. Zittern. Spasmus. Spasme. Krampf. Myoclonus. Myoclonus. Myoklonie. Syphilis. Syphilis. Syphilis. Parasiti. Parasites. Parasiten. Trichinosis. Trichinose. Trichinose. Laesionum effectus. Traumatismes. Folgen von Verletzungen. Cystis. Kyste. Cyste. Neoplasma non mal-Neubild-Néoplasme bénin. Gutartige ignum. ung. Neoplasma malignum. Néoplasme malin. Bösartige Neubildung.

FASCIARUM MORBI

932. Inflammatio. Inflammation. Entzündung.933. Contractio. Contracture. Kontraktur.

Contractio Dupuytren. Contracture de Dupuytren. Dupuytren's Kontraktur.

928. *Hypertrophy.

929. Rupture.

930. *Contracture.

Special Form:

Ischæmic.

931. Myalgia. Synonym, Muscular rheumatism.

Varieties:

Lumbago.

Intercostal myalgia.

Stiff neck.

Myasthenia gravis (111).

*Paralysis (110).

Tremor (111).

*Spasm (116).

Myoclonus.

Syphilis (42).

Parasites (82).

Trichinosis.

Return according to list at p. 384.

Effects of injuries (83).

Return according to list at p. 277.

Cyst (81).

New Growth, non-malignant (79).

New Growth, malignant (80).

Return according to list at. p. 335.

DISEASES OF FASCIÆ.

932. Inflammation.

933. Contraction.

Special Form:

Dupuytren's contraction.

^{*} When the cause of this condition has been ascertained, the case should be returned under the head of the primary disease, the secondary affection being also specified.

TENDINUM MORBI.

LATIN Eq. 934. Inflammatio.	French. Inflammation.	GERMAN. Entzündung.
935. Gangraena.	Gangrène.	Brand.
936. Adhaerentia.	Adhérences.	Adhäsionen. Syn., Verwachsung.
937. Contractio.	Contracture.	Kontraktur.
938. Diruptio.	Rupture.	Ruptur.
939. Dislocatio.	Déplacement.	Luxation.
Laesionum effectus.	Traumatismes.	Folgen von Verletz- ungen.
Néoplasma non malig- num.	Néoplasme bénin.	Gutartige Neubild-
Néoplasma malignum.	Néoplasme malin.	Bösartige Neubild- ung.

TENDINUM THECARUM MORBI.

940. Inflammatio. I.v., Tenosynovitis.	Inflammation.	Entzündung. $Syn.$, Tendovaginitis.
Abscessus thecalis.	Abcès.	Sehnen s c h e i d e n- phlegmone.
941. Ganglion.	Ganglion.	Ganglion. Syn., Überbein.
a. Circumscriptum.	a. Circonscrit.	a. Umschriebenes.
b. Diffusum.	b. Diffus.	b. Diffuses.
942. Corpora mobilia.	Corps libres.	Freie Körper.
Laesionum effectus.	Traumatismes.	Folgen von Verletz- ungen.

BURSARUM MORBI.

		•
943. Bursitis.	Inflammation.	Entzündung.
a. Acuta.	a. Aiguë.	a. Akute.
b. Chronica.	b. Chronique.	b. Chronische.
Scrosa.	Séreuse.	Serösc.
Villosa.	Papillaire.	Papilläre.
Fibrosa.	Fibreuse.	Fibröse. Syn., Faserige.

DISEASES OF TENDONS.

934. Inflammation.

935. Gangrene.

936. Adhesions.

937. Contraction.

938. Rupture.

939. Displacement.

Effects of injuries (83).

Return according to list at p. 277.

New Growth, non-malignant (79).

New Growth, malignant (80).

Return according to list of tumours at p. 335.

DISEASES OF SHEATHS OF TENDONS.

940. Inflammation. Synonym, Tenosynovitis.

Thecal abscess.

941. Ganglion.

a. Circumscribed.

b. Diffused.

942. Loose bodies.

Effects of injuries (83).

DISEASES OF BURSÆ.

943. Inflammation. Synonym, Bursitis.

a. Acute.

b. Chronic.

Varieties: Serous. Papillary. Fibrous.

LATIN EQ. FRENCH. GERMAN. 944. Abscessus. Abcès. Abscess. 945. Bunion. Bunion. Syn.,Schwiele. 946. Bursae cystis. I.v.,Kyste. Taschenhygrom. Hygroma. Laesionum effectus. Traumatismes. Folgen von Verletzungen. Neubildungen. Neoplasmata. Néoplasmes. MEMBRORUM DEFORMITATES. Main-bote. 947. Manus curta. Klumphand. 948. Digitus resiliens. Doigt à ressort. Federnder oder schnellender Finger. 949. Talipes. Pied-bot. Klumpfuss. a. Hackenfuss. a. T. calcaneus. a. Pied talus. b. T. calcaneo-valgus, b. Pied talus avec valb. Pes calcaneo-varus. c. Pied cave. c. Hohlfuss. c. T. cavus. d. T. equinus. d. Pied équin. d. Spitzfuss. e. Pied équin avec vale. Pes equinovalgus. e. T. equino-valgus. gus. f. Pied équin avec f. Pes equinovarus. f. T. equino-varus. varus. g. Plattfuss. g. Valgus. g. T. valgus. h. Klumpfuss. Syn. h. T. varus. h. Varus. Pes varus. Pes valgus staticus. Pied-plat. 950. Pes planus. I.v., Talipes valgus falsus. Zehendeformitäten. Difformités 951. Digitorum pedis dedes orteils. formitates. a. Hallux valgus. a. Valgus du a. Hallux valgus. orteil. b. Hallux varus. b. Varus du b. Hallux varus. gros orteil. c. Hammer Toe. c. Orteil en chien c. Digitus flexus.

de fusil.

Syn., Zehenver-

kriimmung.

Section. The proper place is shown by the number which follows.

- 944. Abscess.
- 945. Bunion.
- 946. Bursal cyst. Synonym, Hygroma.

Effects of injuries (83).

New Growths (79, 80).

DEFORMITIES OF THE LIMBS.

- 947. *Club-hand.
- 948. Trigger-finger.
- 949. *Club-foot. Synonym, Talipes.
 - a. T. calcaneus.
 - b. T. calcaneo-valgus.
 - c. T. cavus.
 - d. T. equinus.
 - e. T. equino-valgus.
 - f. T. equino-varus.
 - g. T. valgus.
 - h. T. varus.
- 950. Flat foot. Synonym, Spurious talipes valgus.
- 951. Deformities of the toes.
 - a. Hallux valgus.
 - b. Hallux varus.
 - c. Hammer Toe.

^{*} When these deformities are congenital, they must be returned under Malformations, p. (78).

TELAE CONNEXIVAE MORBI.

LATIN EQ.	FRENCH.	GERMAN.
952. Inflammatio. <i>I.v.</i> , Cellulitis.	Inflammation. $Syn.$, Cellulite.	Entzündung. Syn., Cellulitis.
953. Abscessus.	Abcès.	Abscess.
954. Gangraena. <i>I.v.</i> , Sphacelus.	Gangrène. Syn., Sphacèle.	Brand. Syn., Gangrän.
955. Haemorrhagia.	Hémorrhagie.	Blutung.
956. Oedema. <i>I.v.</i> , Hydrops, Anasarca.	Oedème. Syn., Anasarque.	Ödem.
957. Elephantiasis.	Eléphantiasis.	Elephantiasis.
oro T		
958. Emphysema.	Emphysème.	Emphysem.
Furunculus.	Furoncle. Syn., Clou.	Furunkel.
Carbunculus.	Anthrax (bénin).	Karbunkel.
Erysipelas.	Erysipèle.	Erysipel.
Gumma syphiliticum.	Gomme syphili- tique.	Gumma.
Nodulus rheumaticus.	Nodule rhuma- tismal.	Rheumatische Schwiele. Syn., Meynet'sches Knötchen.
Concretum podagri- cum.	Concrétion goutteuse (tophus).	Gichtische Ablage- rung.
Myxoedema.	Myxœdème.	Myxödem.
Neoplasma non malig- num.	Néoplasme bénin.	Gutartige Neubild- ung.
Neoplasma malignum.	Néoplasme malin.	Bösartige Neubild- ung.
Morbus parasiticus.	Affections parasi- taires.	Parasitäre Erkrank- ung.
Corpora adventitia.	Corps étrangers.	Fremdkörper.
Laesiones.	Traumatismes.	Verletzungen.

DISEASES OF THE CONNECTIVE TISSUE.

Italics indicate that the disease in question should not be registered in this section. The proper place is shewn by the number which follows.

952. Inflammation. Synonym, Cellulitis.

953. Abscess.

954. Gangrene. Synonym, Sloughing.

955. *Hæmorrhage.

956. *Œdema. Synonyms, Dropsy, Anasarca.

957. Elephantiasis.

Note.—If due to Filaria this should be stated.

958. *Emphysema.

Boil (965).

Carbuncle (966).

Erysipelas (15).

Syphilitic gumma (42).

Rheumatic nodule (37).

Gouty concretion (68).

Myxwdema (72).

New Growth, non-malignant (79). Return according to the list of tumours at p. 355.

Parasitic disease (82).

Return according to list at p. 384.

Foreign bodies (84).

Injuries (83).

Return according to list at p. 277.

When the cause of this affection is known, the case should be returned under the head of the primary disease, the secondary affection being also specified.

CUTIS MORBI.

	LATIN	Eq.
59	Erythema	

- a. Multiforme. Includitur Iris.
- b. Nodosum.
- c. Scarlatiniforme.
- d. Haemorrhagicum.
- e. Induratum scrofulosorum.
- f. Pernio.

960. Urticaria.

- a. Oedematosa. I.v.,
 Oedema circumscriptum acutum,
 Oedema angioneuroticum.
- b. Pigmentosa.
- c. Papulosa. I.v., Lichen urticatus.
- 961. Prurigo. I.v., Prurigo Hebra.
- 962. Eczema.
- 963. Impetigo contagiosa.
- 964. Impetigo herpeti formis.
- 965. Furunculus.
- 966. Carbunculus.
- 967. Gangraena.
 - a. Symmetrica. I. v., Morbus Raynaud.
 - b. Diabetica.

FRENCH.

Erythème.

- a. Multiforme, comprenant E. iris.
- b. Noueux.
- c. Scarlatiniforme.
- d. Hémorrhagique.
- e. Induré des scrofuleux.
- f. Pernion. Syn., Engelure.

Urticaire.

- a. Urticaire œdémateuse. Syn., Œdème aigu circonscrit.
- b. Urticaire pigmentée.
- c. Urticaire papuleuse, Lichen urticatus.
- Prurigo. Syn., Prurigo chronique de Hebra; Prurigo de Willan.

Eczéma.

Impétigo.

Impétigo herpétiforme.

Furoncle. Syn., Clou.

Anthrax (bénin).

Gaugrène de la peau.

- a. Symétrique des extrêmités. Syn., Maladic de Raynaud.
- ò. Diabétique.

GERMAN.

Erythema.

- a. Exsudativum multiforme, einschliesslich des E. iris.
- b. Nodosum.
- c. Scarlatiniforme.
- d. Haemorrhagicum.
- e. Induratum Scrofulosorum.
- f. Pernio. Syn., Frostbeule.
- Urticaria. Syn., Nesselausschlag.
 - a. Angioneurotisches
 Ödem. Syn.,
 Feuchtiges
 Ödem.
 - b. Pigmentosa.
 - c. Papulosa. Syn., Lichen urticatus.
- Juckblattern. Syn., Prurigo.

Ekzem.

Impetigo contagiosa.

Impetigo herpetiformis. Syn., Herpes vegetans.

Furunkel.

Karbunkel.

Hautbrand.

- a. Raynaud'sche Krankheit.
- b. Diabetischer.

DISEASES OF THE SKIN.

Italics indicate that the disease in question should not be registered in this Section. The proper place is shewn by the number which follows.

959. Erythema.

Special forms:

- a. Multiforme, including Iris.
- b. Nodosum.
- c. Scarlatiniforme.
- d. Hæmorrhagicum.
- e. Induratum scrofulosorum (see Tuberculosis of skin, p. 267).
- f. Pernio. Synonym, Chilblain.

960. Urticaria. Synonym, Nettle rash.

Special forms:

- a. Œdematosa. Synonyms, Acute circumscribed œdema, Angioneurotic œdema.
- b. Pigmentosa.
- c. Papulosa. Synonym, Lichen urticatus.
- 961. Prurigo. Synonym, Hebra's prurigo.
- 962. Eczema.
- 963. Impetigo contagiosa.
- 964. Impetigo herpetiformis.
- 965. Boil. Synonym, Furuncle.
- 966. *Carbuncle.
- 967. Gangrene of skin.

Special forms:

- a. Symmetrical. Synonym, Raynaud's disease (323).
- b. Diabetic (66).

^{*} Formerly Anthrax was used as a synonym for carbuncle, but this term is now reserved for infection by the bacillus anthracis.

LATIN EQ.	French.	GERMAN.	
c. Tropica.	c. U l'e è re phagédé-	c. Phagedänismus	
	nique des pays chauds.	tropicus. Syn., Geschwür von Yemen u. s. w.	
d. Dermatitis infantum gangraenosa.	d. Gangréne infecti- euse disséminée (des enfants).	d. Dermatitis gangrä- nosa Infantum.	
968. Ulcus ex cubando.	Eschare du décubitus prolongé.	Druckbrand. $Syn.$, Decubitus.	
969. Gelatio.	Congélation.	Erfrierung.	
970. Herpes.	Herpès.	Herpes.	
a. Febrilis.	a. F ébrile.	a. Febrilis.	
b. Progenitalis.	b. Récidivant génital.	b. Progenitalis.	
971. Herpes zoster, sive Zona.	Zona.	Gürtelrose. $Syn.$, Zoster.	
972. Pemphigus.	Pemphigus.	Pemphigus. Syn., Schalblätter.	
a. Foliaceus.	a. Foliacé.	a. Foliaceus.	
b. Vegetans.	b. Végétant.	b. Vegetans.	
973. Dermatitis herpeti- formis. <i>I.v.</i> , Hydroa.	Dermatite her péti- forme (de Dühring).	Dermatitis herpetiformis.	
Hydroa gestationis.	Herpes gestationis.	Hydroa gestationis.	
974. Psoriasis.	Psoriasis.	Psoriasis. Syn., Schuppenflechte.	
975. Dermatitis exfolia- tiva. <i>I.v.</i> , Pityriasis rubra.	Pityriasis rubra.	Pityriasis rubra.	
976. Pityriasis rosea.	Pityriasis rosé de Gibert.	Pityriasis rosea.	
977. Lichen.	Lichen.	Lichen. Syn., Knöt- chenflechte.	
a. Planus.	a. L. plan.	a. Ruber planus.	
b. Acuminatus. I.v., Pityriasis rubra pilaris.	b. Pityriasis rubra pilaire.	b. Ruber acuminatus.	
c. Spin ulosis. I.v., Lichen pilaris.	c. L. spinulosus.	c. Pilaris. Syn., Ichthyosis folli- cularis.	

d. L. des scrofuleux,

e. Parakeratosis variegata.

d. Scrofulosorum.

e. Variegatus. *I.v.*,
Parakeratosis variegata.

d. Scrofulosorum.

e. Variegatus.

- c. Tropical Phagedæna.
- d. *Gangrenous dermatitis of children.
- 968. Bed-sore.
- 969. Frostbite.
- 970. Herpes.

Special forms:

- a. Febrilis.
- b. Progenitalis.
- 971. Shingles. Synonyms, Herpes zoster, Zona.
- 972. Pemphigus.

Special forms:

- a. Foliaceus.
- b. Vegetans.
- 973. Dermatitis herpetiformis. Synonym, Hydroa.

Special form:

Hydroa gestationis.

- 974. Psoriasis.
- 975. Dermatitis exfoliativa. Synonym, Pityriasis rubra.
- 976. Pityriasis rosea.
- 977. Lichen.

Special forms:

- a. Planus.
- b. Acuminatus. Synonym, Pityriasis rubra pilaris.
- c. Spinulosus. Synonym, Lichen pilaris.
- a. Scrofulosorum (see Tuberculosis of skin, p. 267).
- e. Variegatus. Synonym, Parakeratosis variegata.

^{*} When this follows chicken pox, the fact should be stated.

LATIN EQ.	FRENCH.	GERMAN,
978. Ichthyosis.	Ichthyose.	Ichthyosis. Syn., Fischschuppen- krankheit.
a. Congenita.	a. Fætalc, intra- utérine.	a. Schorrhoca universalis der
b. Hystrix.	b. Hystrix.	Neugeborenen. b. Hystrix. Syn., Hystrieismus.
979. Keratosis.	Kératose.	Hyperkeratosis.
α. Pilaris.	a. K. pilaire.	a. Pilaris.
b. Nigricans. I.v., Acanthosis nigri- cans.	b. Acanthosis nigricans.	b. Nigricans. Syn., Acanthosis nigricans.
c. Follicularis. I.v., Morbus Darier.	c. Psorospermose folli- culaire végétante(de Darier).	
d. Palmaris et plantaris.	d. K. palmaire et plantaire.	d. Palmaris et plan-
e. Porokeratosis.	e. Porokératose.	e. Porokeratosis.
980. Callositas.	Durillon.	Hautschwiele.
981. Papilloma.	Verrue.	Warze. Syn., Verruca.
982. Clavus.	Cor.	Leichdorn. Syn., Hühnerauge.
983. Cornu.	Corne.	Hauthorn.
984. Sclerodermia.	Sclérodermie.	Skleroderma.
a. Diffusa.	a. Diffuse.	a. Diffusum.
$b. \ ext{Circumscripta.} \ I.v., \ $	b. Circonscrite. Syn., Morphée.	b. Morphoea.
985. Sclerema neonatorum.	Sclerème des nouveau- nés.	Sklerema Neonatorum.
986. Oedema neonatorum.	Œdème des nouveau- nés.	Ödem Neonatorum.
987. Atrophia.	Atrophie de la peau.	Hautatrophie.
•		
a. Linearis et maculosa.	a. Linéaire et macu- leuse.	a. Lineäre und maku- läre.
b. Neuropathica.	b. Glossy skin.	b. Glanzhaut. Syn., Leiodermie.
988. Xerodermia pigmentosa.	Xérodermie pigmen- taire.	Xeroderma pigmen- tosum.
989. Leucodermia.	Vitiligo.	Leukoderma.

Albinisme.

Albinismus.

990. Albinismus.

978. Ichthyosis.

Special forms:

- a. Congenita. Synonym, Harlequin fœtus.
- b. Hystrix.

979. Keratosis.

Special forms:

- a. Pilaris.
- b. Nigricans. Synonym, Acanthosis nigricans.
- c. Follicularis. Synonym, Darier's disease.
- d. Palmaris et plantaris.
- e. Porokeratosis.
- 980. Callosity.
- 981. Wart.
- 982. Corn.
- 983. Horn.
- 984. Sclerodermia.

Special forms:

- a. Diffuse.
- b. Circumscribed. Synonym, Morphæa.
- 985. Sclerema neonatorum.
- 986. Œdema neonatorum.
- 987. Atrophy of skin.

Special forms:

- a. Linear and macular.
- b. Glossy skin.
- 988. Xerodermia pigmentosa.
- 989. Leucodermia.
- 990. Albinism.

	T	77	
001	LATIN EQ.	French.	GERMAN.
991.	Melasma.	Mélasme.	Melasma.
	Morbus Addison.	Maladie d'Addison.	Addison'sche Krank- heit.
992.	Lentigo.	Tache de rousseur. Syn., Lentigo.	Linsenfleck.
993.	Chloasma. Includitur Chloasma uterinum.	Chloasma (chloasma utérin).	Leberfleck. Syn., Chloasma.
994.	Molluscum contagio- sum.	Molluscum contagio- sum.	Molluseum contagi- osum.
995.	Xanthoma.	Xanthome.	Xauthoma.
996.	Degeneratio colloides. I.v., Milium Colloides.	Dégénérescence colloïde.	Colloid Milium.
	Tuberculosis.	Tuberculose cutanée.	Hauttuberkulose.
	Lupus vulgaris.	Lupus tuberculcux.	Lupus vulgaris.
	Scrofulodermia.	Scrofulodermie.	Skrophuloderma.
	Acuta Miliaria.	Ulcère tuberculeux miliaire.	Akute Miliartuber- kulose.
	Erythema induratum. <i>I.v.</i> , Morbus Bazin.	Erythème induré des scrofuleux (Bazin).	Bazin'sche Krankheit.
	Lichen scrofulosorum.	Lichen scrofulosorum.	Lichen Scrofulosorum.
	Acne scrofulosorum.	Tuberculides des scro- fuleux.	Acne Scrofulosorum.
997.	Lupus erythematosus.	Lupus érythémateux.	Lupus erythematosus. $Syn.$, Ulerythema centrifugum.
	Syphilis.	Syphilis.	Syphilis.
	Lepra.	Lèpre.	Lepra.
	Erysipelas.	Erysipèle.	Erysipel.
	Equinia.	Morve. Syn., Farcin, Farcinose.	Rotz.
	Anthrax.	Anthrax malin. Syn., Charbon.	Milzbrand.
	Framboesia.	Pian.	Yaws. Syn., Framboesia tropica.
	Verruga Peruviana.	Verruga péruvienne.	Verruga Peruviana. Syn., Oroyafieber.
998.	Ulcus Orientis. I.v., Furunculus Delhin- us, Furunculus Aleppensis.	Bouton d'Orient, de Biskra, &c.	Orientbeule. Syn., Aleppo-, Biskra-, u.s.w. Benle.
999.	Ulcus Africanum.	Veldt sore.	Veldtbeule.

Rhinosclérome.

1000. Rhinoscleroma.

Rhinosklerom.

991. Melasma.

Addison's disease (650).

992. Freckle. Synonym, Lentigo.

993. Chloasma (including Chloasma uterinum).

994. Molluscum contagiosum.

995. Xanthoma.

996. Colloid degeneration. Synonym, Milium Colloid.

Tuberculosis of skin (44).

Special forms:

Lupus vulgaris.

Scrofulodermia.

Acute Miliary tuberculosis.

Erythema induratum. Synonym, Bazin's disease.

Lichen scrofulosorum.

Acne scrofulosorum.

997. Lupus erythematosus. Synonym, Ulerythema.

Syphilis (42).

Leprosy (23).

Erysipelas (15).

Glanders (19).

Anthrax. Synonym, Malignant pustule (2).

Yaws. Synonym, Frambæsia (48).

Verruga Peruviana (46).

998. Oriental sore. Synonyms, Delhi boil, Aleppo boil, Biskra bouton, and other local names.

999. Veldt sore.

1000. Rhinoscleroma.

LATIN EQ.	FRENCH.	GERMAN.
1001. Mycosis fungoides.	Mycosis fungoïde.	Granuloma fungoides.
Pellagra.	Pellagre.	Syn., Mykosis. Pellagra. Syn., Mai- ländische Rose.
Myxoedema.	Myxœdème.	Myxödem.
Purpura.	Purpura.	Purpura. Syn., Blut- fleckenkrankheit.
Peliosis rheumatica.	Erythème pur- purique.	Peliosis rheumatica.
Exanthemata ex medicamentis aut venenis.	Eruptions produites par l'usage interne ou externe de médi- caments ou de poisons.	Giftausschläge.
Laesionum effectus.	Traumatismes.	Folgen von Verletz- ungen.
Neoplasma non malignum.	Néoplasme bénin.	Gutartige Neubild- ung.
Tumor Cheloides.	Chéloïde.	Keloid. Syn., Knollenkrebs.
Fibroma. Includitur Neurofibroma.	Fibrome, comprenant le neuro-fibrome.	Fibrom, mit Ein- schluss des Neuro- fibroms.
Myoma.	Myome.	Myom. Syn., Mus- kelgeschwulst.
Neuroma.	Névrome.	Neurom. Syn., Nervenge- schwulst.
Naevus pigmento- sus.	Nævus pigmentaire.	Pigmentmal.
Naevus vasculosus.	Nævus vasculaire.	Angiom. Syn., Naevus vascu- losus.
Lymphangioma cir- cumscriptum.	Lymphangiome cir- conscrit.	Umschriebenes Lymphangiom.
Adenoma sebaceum.	Epithelioma kyst- ique bénin.	Adenoma sebaceum.
Neoplasma malignum.	Néoplasme malin.	Bösartige Neubild- ung.
Carcinoma.	Carcinome. Cancer en cuirasse.	Karcinom. Cancer en Cuirasse
Epithelioma.	Epithelioma.	Epitheliom.
Ulcus rodens.	Ulcus rodens.	Ulcus rodens. Syn., Fressendes Ge- schwür.
8	0	Carlana

Sarcome.

Sarcoma.

Sarkom.

1001. Mycosis fungoides.

Pellagra (57).

Myxædema (72).

Purpura (75).

Special form:

Peliosis rheumatica.

Eruptions produced by internal or external use of drugs or poisons (85).

The drug to be named, and poisons returned according to list at p. 369.

Effects of external injuries (83).

Return according to list at p. 277.

New growth, non-malignant (79).

Cheloid.

Fibroma, including Neuro-

Myoma.

Neuroma.

Pigmented nævus. Synonym, Mole.

Vascular nævus.

Lymphatic nevus. Synonym, Lymphangioma circumscriptum.

Adenoma sebaceum.

New growth, malignant (80).

Carcinoma. Special form, Can-

Epithelioma.

Rodent ulcer.

Sarcoma.

See list of Tumours. p. 335.

See list of Tumours, p. 335.

LATIN EQ.	French.	GERMAN.
Morbi parasitici.	Maladies parasitaires.	Parasitäre Erkrank- ungen.
A. Ex plantis.	A. Hyphomyeètes. Champignons.	A. Parasiten mit Hyphen.
Tinea favosa. <i>I.v.</i> , Favus.	Favus.	Favus. Syn., Erb-grind.
Tinea trichophytina.	Trichophyties.	Herpes tonsurans. Syn., Scheerende Flechte.
a. T. tonsurans.	a. Teigne tondante.	a. Tinea tonsurans.
b. T. circinata.	b. Herpès circiné.	b. T. circinata.
c. T. barbae.	c. Trichophytie de la barbe. Syn., Sy-	c. T. barbae. Syn., Bartflechte.
d.T. unguium.	cosis parasitaire. d. Trichophytie un-	d. T. unguium.
e. T. cruris.	guéale. e. Trichophytie exo- tique.	e. T. cruris.
Tinea imbricata.	Tokelau.	Tinea imbricata.
Tinea versicolor. I.v., Pityriasis versicolor.	Pityriasis versicolore.	Tinea versicolor. Syn., Pityriasis versi- color
Erythrasma.	Erythrasma.	Erythrasma.
Actinomycosis.	Actinomycose cu- tanée.	Hautaktinomykose.
Mycetoma.	Mycétome. Syn., Pied de Madura.	Madurafuss. Syn., Mycetoma.
Pinta.	Caratès.	Pinta. Syn., Mal de
Blastomycosis.	Blastomycose.	Blastomykose.
B. Ex animalibus.	B. Parasites animaux.	B. Tierparasiten.
Scabies.	Gale.	Krätze. Syn., Scabies.
Pediculosis.	Poux. Syn., Phthiriase.	Läusesucht. Syn., Phthiriasis.
Capitis.	Pou du tête.	Capitis.
Corporis.	Pou du corps.	Corporis.
Pubis.	Pou de pubis. Syn., Morpion.	Pubis.

Parasitic disease (82).

A. Vegetable parasites.

See list of vegetable parasites, p. 394.

Tinea favosa. Synonym, Favus. (Due to Achorion Schönleinii.)

Tinea trichophytina. Synonym, Ringworm. (Due to large- and small-spored forms of Tricophyton.)

Special forms:

- a. T. tonsurans.
- b. T. circinata.
- c. T. barbæ.
- d. T. unguium.
- e. T. cruris (with various local tropical names such as "Dhobie itch").

Tinea imbricata. Synonym, Tokelau ringworm (due to Trichophyton Mansonii).

Tinea versicolor. Synonym, Pityriasis versicolor (due to Microsporon furfur).

Erythrasma (due to Microsporon Minutissimum.

Actinomycosis of skin (1).

Madura disease. Synonyms, Mycetoma, Fungus foot of India (24).

Pinta.

Blastomycosis.

B. Animal parasites.

See list of animal parasites, p. 384.

Scabies.

Pediculosis.

Varieties:

Capitis.

Corporis.

Pubis.

LATIN EQ. Filariasis.

Trypanosomiasis.

French.
Filariose (Filaire).

Trypanosome.

GERMAN.

Filariasis.

Trypanosomiasis.

GLANDULARUM SEBACEARUM MORBI.

1002 Seborrhoea.

Séborrhée.

Seborrhoe. Syn., Schleimfluss.

a. Oleosa.

a. Huileuse.

a. Oleosa.

b. Sicca.

b. Squameuse.

b. Sicca.

1003. Milium.

Milium.

Milium.

1004. Cystis sebacea.

Kyste sebacé, loupe.

Talgdrüsengeschwulst.

1005. Dermatitis seborrhœica.

Dermatite séborrhéique. Dermatitis seborrhœica.

a. Pityriasiformis.

a. Pityriasiforme. Syn., Pityriasis.

a. Pityriasiformis.

b. Eczematiformis.

b. Eczémateux.

b. Ekzematiformis.

c. Psoriasiformis.

c. Psoriasiforme.

c. Psoriasiformis.

d. Lichenoides. I.v., Lichen circumscriptus. d. Lichenöide.

d. Lichenoides.

1006. Acne.

Acné.

Akne. Syn., Haut-

a. Varioliformis. I.v.,

a. Nécrotique.

a. Varioliformis.

Syn., Acne necrotica.

b. Keratosa.

b. Cornée.

b. Indurata.

c. Scrofulosorum.

c. Scrofulosorum.

c. Scrofulosorum.

1007. Rosacea. Syn., Acne rosacea.

Couperose. Syn., Acné rosée. Kupferfinne. Syn., Acne rosacea.

GLANDULARUM SUDORIFERENTIUM EARUMQUE DUCTUUM MORBI.

1008 Sudamina.

Sudamina.

Sudamina. Syn., Schweissbläschen.

1009. Miliaria papulosa, sive Lichen tropicus.

Bourbouilles. $\overline{S}yn.$, Lichen tropicus.

Lichen tropicus. Syn., Roter Hund

1010. Hidrocystoma.

Hidrocystome.

Hidradenom.

Filariasis.

Trypanosomiasis.

In cases of lesions due to other parasites, state the name of the parasite.

DISEASES OF THE SEBACEOUS GLANDS.

1002. Seborrhæa.

Special forms:

a. Oleosa.

b. Sicca.

1003. Milium.

1004. Sebaceous cyst. Synonym, Wen.

1005. Dermatitis seborrhæica.

Special forms:

- a. Resembling Pityriasis.
- b. " Eczema.
- c. " Psoriasis.
- d. ,, Lichen. Synonym, Lichen circumscriptus.

1006. Acne.

Special forms:

- a. Varioliformis. Synonym, Acne frontalis.
- b. Keratosa.
- c. Scrofulosorum (see Tuberculosis of Skin, p. 267).

1007. Rosacea. Synonym, Acne rosacea.

DISEASES OF THE SWEAT COILS AND DUCTS.

1008. Sudamina.

1009. Prickly heat. Synonyms, Miliaria papulosa, Lichen tropicus.

1010. Hidrocystoma.

	LATIN EQ.	70	
1 011.	Hyperidrosis.	FRENCH. Hyperidrose.	GERMAN. Hyperidrosis.
1012.	Bromidrosis.	Bromidrose.	Bromidrosis.
1013.	Chromidrosis.	Chromidrose.	Chromidrosis.
1014.	Anidrosis.	Anidrose.	Anidrosis.
	PILORUM EORU	MQUE FOLLICULOR	UM MORBI.
1015.	Folliculitis.	Folliculite.	Haarbalgentzündung.
	a. Sycosis.	a. Sycosis.	a. Sykosis.
	(1) Ex micrococcis	(1) A microcoques	
	pyogenibus.	pyogènes.	(1) Idiopathica.
	(2) Extricophyton. I.v., Tinea barbae.	(2) Trichophytique, Sycosis para- sitaire.	(2) Parasitäre. Syn., Tinea barbae.
	b. Folliculitis de- calvans.	b. Folliculite décal- vante.	b. Follikulitis de-
	c. Dermatitis papillaris capillitii. I.v., Acne cheloides.	c. Acné chéloïdienne.	c. Akne disseminata.
1016.	Hirsuties.	Hypertrichose.	Hypertrichosis.
1017.	Trichorrhexis no-dosa.	Trichorrexie noueuse.	Trichorrhexis nodosa.
1018.	Monilithrix.	Aplasie moniliforme.	Monilithrix.
1019.	Lepidothrix.	Lepothrix.	Lepidothrix.
1020.	Piedra.	Piedra.	Piedra. Syn., Tricho- mykosis nodosa.
1021.	Alopecia.	Alopécie.	A lopecia. Syn., Kahlheit.
	Areata. I.v., Area.	Pelade.	${f Areata}_{f \cdot}$
1022.	Canities.	Canitie.	Canities.
	T	NGUIUM MORBI.	
	·	AGOIOM MORDI;	
1023.	Onychia.	Onyxis.	Onychia.
1024.	Paronychia.	Panaris. Tourniole.	Paronychia. Syn., Onychia lateralis.

- 1011. Hyperidrosis.
- 1012. Bromidrosis.
- 1013. Chromidrosis.
- 1014. Anidrosis.

DISEASES OF THE HAIR AND HAIR FOLLICLES.

1015. Folliculitis.

Special forms:

- a. Sycosis.
 - (1) Due to pyogenic cocci.
 - (2) Due to Trichophyton. Synonym, Tinea.
- b. Folliculitis decalvans.
- c. Dermatitis papillaris capillitii. Synonym, Acnecheloid.
- 1016. Hirsuties.
- 1017. Trichorrhexis nodosa.
- 1018. Beaded hairs. Synonym, Monilithrix.
- 1019. Lepidothrix.
- 1020. Piedra.
- 1021. Alopecia. Synonym, Baldness.

Special form:

Areata. Synonym, Area.

1022. Canities.

DISEASES OF THE NAILS.

1023. Onychia.

1024. Whitlow. Synonym, Paronychia.

LAESIONES.

LAESIONES GENERALES.

LATIN EQ.

1025. Caloris effectus.

a. Ambusta.

b. Caloris ictus.

c. Solis ictus.

1026. Frigoris effectus.

1027. Irritantium aut corrosivorum effectus.

1028. Fulminis effectus.

1029. Electricitatis effectus.

1030. Asphyxia.

a. Demersorum.

b. Strangulatorum.

c. Ex corporibus adventitiis respirationis itinera obturantibus.

d. Ex corpore superincubante.

e. Ex thoracis compressu.

f. Ex aeribus venenosis.

g. Ex nimiâ aeri pressione.

h. Nascentium.

1031. Fames.

1032. Sitis.

1033. Concussus.

FRENCH.

Effets de la chaleur.

a. Brûlures.

b. Coup de chaleur.

c. Coup de soleil.

Effets du froid.

Effets des irritants (chimiques) et des corrosifs.

Coup de foudre.

Effets du fluide electrique.

Suffocation. Syn., Asphyxie.

a. Par immersion.

b. Par strangulation.

c. Par corps étrangers obstruant les voies aériennes.

d. Par compression du corps par un autre corps couché dessus.

e. Par compression de la poitrine.

f. Par gaz délétères (poisons gazeux).

g. Par pression atmospherique anormale.

h. Du fœtus pendant l'accouchement.

Inanition.

Manque d'eau, soif.

Shock traumatique.

GERMAN.

Wirkungen der Hitze.

a. Verbrennungen und Verbrühungen.

b. Hitzschlag.

c. Sonnenstich.

Wirkungen der Kälte.

Wirkungen der Reizund Ätzmittel.

Wirkungen des Blitzes.

Wirkungen der Elektrizität.

Erstickungen.

a. Durch Ertrinken.

b. Durch Erdrosselung.

c. Durch Verstopfung der Luftwege durch Fremdkörper.

d. Durch Erdrückung.

c. Durch Druck der Brust.

f. Durch giftige Gase.

g. Durch verstärkerten Luftdruck.

h. Des Fötus bei der Geburt.

Verhungerung.

Entziehung von Wasser.

Shock.

INJURIES.

Italics indicate that the disease in question should not be registered in this Section. The proper place is shewn by the number which follows.

General Note.—In all cases of injury, specify, first, whether accidental, judicial, homicidal, self-inflicted, or received in battle; secondly, by what mechanism or agent inflicted.

GENERAL INJURIES.

1025. Effects of heat.

a. Burns and scalds.

Note.—When limited to one part of the body, the part is to be specified; and in all cases the extent and depth of the injury are to be stated.

- b. Heat-stroke.
- c. Sun-stroke.
- 1026. Effects of cold.
- 1027. Effects of irritants and corrosives.
- 1028. Effects of lightning.
- 1029. Effects of electricity.
- 1030. Suffocation. Synonym, Asphyxia.
 - a. From submersion.
 - b. ,, strangulation.
 - c. ,, plugging of air-passages with foreign bodies.
 - d. ,, overlaying.
 - e.,, compression of chest.
 - f., gaseous poisons. (See the list at p. 381.)
 - g., abnormal atmospheric pressure.
 - h. Of fœtus during parturition.
- 1031. Starvation.
- 1032. Deprivation of water.
- 1033. Shock.

LAESIONES LOCALES.

SECTION I.

LAESIONUM LOCALIUM ENUMERATIO.

Latin Eq. Ambusta.

Frigoris effectus.

a. Pernio.

b. Ambustio ex frigore.

Irritantium aut corrosivorum effectus.

Nimiae lucis effectus, X radiorum, Radii, aut aliorum corporum similium.

Fulminis et electricitatis effectus.

Abrasio.

Ambustio ex frictione.

Contusio.

a. Cum ecchymose.

b. Cum haematomate.

Vulnus.

a. Ex incisione.

b. Ex contusione.

c. Ex laceratione.

d. Ex puncturâ.

e. Vulnus laciniforme.

f. Ex tormentorum pilis.

g. Corporibus adventitiis infixis. FRENCH.

Brûlures.

Effets du froid

a. Engelure.

b. Congélation.

Effets des substances irritantes et corrosives.

Effets de la lumière, des rayons X, du radium, des substances radioactives.

Effets de la foudre et de l'électricité.

Abrasion.

Effets de la friction.

Contusion.

a. Avec ecchymose.

b. Avec hématome.

Blessure.

a. Par incision.

b. Par contusion.

c. Par lacération.

d. Par ponction.

f. Par arme à feu.

e. Á lambcau.

g. Avec pénétration de corps étrangers.

GERMAN.

Verbrühungen und Verbrühungen.

Wirkung der Kälte.

a. Frostbeule.

b. Erfrierung.

Wirkungen der Reizund Ätzmittel.

Strahlwirkungen.

Wirkungen des Blitzes und der Elektrizität.

Abschürfung.

Aufgeriebene Hautstelle.

Quetschung.

a. Mit Blutaustritt.

b. Mit Hämatom

Wunde.

a. Schnittwunde.

b. Quetschwunde.

c. Zerrissene Wunde.

d, Stichwunde.

e. Lappenwunde.

f. Schusswunde.

g. Mit Steckenbleiben von Fremdkörpern.

LOCAL INJURIES.

Section I. is an enumeration of the injuries affecting the body-tissues irrespective of situation. Section II. contains a list of injuries affecting the various systems or tissues of the body. Section III. gives the injuries affecting the anatomical regions or areas of the body. All returns should be made under Sections II. and III., and no return should be made from Section I.

SECTION I.

ENUMERATION OF LOCAL INJURIES, AS SUCH, INDEPENDENT OF THE PART AFFECTED.

Burns and scalds.

(Depth and extent should be stated.)

Effects of cold.

- a. Chilblain.
- b. Frost-bite.

Effects of irritants and corrosives.

Effects of light, of X rays, of radium, or of other radioactive bodies.

Effects of lightning and of electricity.

A.brasion.

Brush-burn. Synonym, Friction-burn.

Bruise or contusion.

- a. With ecchymosis.
- b. With blood-tumour. Synonym, Hæmatoma.

Wound.

- a. Incised.
- b. Contused.
- c. Lacerated.
- d. Punctured.
- e. Flap-wound.
- f. Gun-shot.
- g. With lodgment of foreign bodies.

LATIN EQ.

h. Corporis partem delibans, aut omnino disjungens.

i. Veneno organico a u t inorganico infectum

j. Infectum.

FRENCH.

h. Avec perte de substance, ou par séparation complète d'une partie du corps.

i. Infectée par substances organiques ou inorganiques.

j. Infectée.

GERMAN.

h. Mit Substanzver-

i. Mit Vergiftung.

j. Infektierte.

Partis strangulatio.

Stremma.

Pars dislocata.

Partium mollium diruptio.

Fractura.

Etranglement.

Traumatisme par effort.

Déplacement ou luxation.

Déchirure.

Fracture.

Abschnürung.

Verstauchung.

Luxation von Weichteilen.

Ruptur von Weichteilen.

Fraktur, Knochenbruch.

SECTION II.

ORGANORUM SINGULARIUM LAESIONES.

NERVORUM APPARATUS LAESIONES.

1034. Contusio.

1035. Tensio.

1036. Compressio.

1037. Diruptio.

1038. Vulnus.

a. Punctio.

b. Sectio, in parte aut tota.

c. Corporibus adventitiis infixis. Contusion.

Tension (distension)

exagérée.

Compression.

Rupture.

Blessure.

a. Par ponction.

b. Par division, partielle ou complète.

c. Avee pénétration de corps étrangers.

Quetschung.

Dehnung.

Druckverletzung.

Zerreissung.

Wunde.

a. Stiehwunde.

b. Vollständige oder partielle Durchtrennung.

c. Mit Festbleiben der Fremdkörper.

VASORUM SANGUIFERORUM LAESIONES.

A.—ARTERIARUM LAESIONES.

1039. Contusio.1040. Diruptio.

a. In parte.

b. Tota.

c. Tunicarum et intimae et mediae.

Contusion.

_

Rupture.

a. Partielle.

b. Complète.

c. Des tuniques internes et moyennes.

Quetschung.

Zerreissung.

a. Partielle.

b. Vollständige.

c. Der Intima und der Media.

- h. With loss of substance, or complete separation of a part of the body.
- i. Poisoned by organic or inorganic substances.

 Refer to list of poisons at p 369.
- j. Infected.

 Refer to list of vegetable parasites at p. 394.

Strangulation of a part.

Strain.

Displacement or dislocation of a part or parts.

Rupture of soft parts.

Fracture.

SECTION II.

Injuries to Systems or Tissues.

INJURIES OF NERVOUS SYSTEM.

1034. Contusion.

1035. Stretching.

1036. Compression.

1037. Rupture.

1038. Wound.

a. Puncture.

b. Division, partial or complete.

c. With lodgment of foreign bodies.

Injuries of Blood-Vascular System.

A .- INJURIES OF ARTERIES.

1039. Contusion.

1040. Rupture.

a. Partial.

b. Complete.

c. Of inner and middle coats.

	LATIN EQ.	FRENCH.	GERMAN.
1041.	Vulnus.	Blessure.	Wunde.
	a. Punctura.	a. Par ponction.	a. Stichwunde.
	b. Sectio, in parte aut tota.	b. Par division, partielle ou com- plète.	b. Durch Trennung, vollständige oder partielle.
	B.—V	ENARUM LAESIONES	s.
	Contusio.	Contusion.	Quetschung.
1043.	Diruptio.	Rupture.	Zerreissung.
1044.	Vulnus.	Blessure.	Wunde.
	a. Punctura.	a. Par ponetion.	a. Stichwunde.
	b. Sectio, in parte aut tota.	b. Par division, partielle ou complète.	b. Vollständige oder partielle Durchtrennung.
	c. Cum aeris ingressu.	c. Avec entrée d'air.	c. Mit Lufteintritt.
		LYMPHATICI LAE	SIONES.
1045.	Vasorum lymphati- corum diruptio.	Rupture des vaisse aux lymphatiques.	Saugaderzerreis- sung.
1046.	Vasorum lymphati- corum vulnus.	Blessure des vaisse aux lymphatiques.	Saugaderwunde.
	Ductus thoracis vul- nus.	Blessure du canal thoracique.	Wunde des Ductus thoracicus.
	Glandulae lym- phaticae contusio.	Contusion d'une glande.	Quetschung der Lymphdrüsen.
1049.	Glandulae lym- phaticae vulnus.	Blessure d'une glande.	Wunde der Lymph- drüsen.
	GLANDULARUM	SECERNENTIUM L	AESIONES.
1050.	Contusio.	Contusion.	Quetschung.
1051.	Diruptio.	Rupture.	Zerreissung.
1052.	Vulnus.	Blessure.	Wunde.
	Ductuum vulnus aut diruptio.	Blessure ou rupture des conduits.	Wunde oder Zerreissung der Drüsengänge.
1054.	Impacta in ductubus aut corpora adven- titia aut calculi.	Corps étrangers ou calculs fixés dans les conduits.	Einklemmung von Fremdkörpern oder Steinen in den Gängen.

1055. Contusio. Contusion. Quetschung.1056. Vulnus. Blessure. Wunde.

Ossium Laesiones.

1041. Wound.

a. Puncture.

b. Division, partial or complete.

B.—INJURIES OF VEINS.

1042. Contusion.

1043. Rupture.

1044. Wound.

a. Puncture.

b. Division, partial or complete.

c. With entrance of air.

INJURIES OF THE LYMPHATIC SYSTEM.

1045. Rupture of lymphatic vessels.

1046. Wound of lymphatic vessels.

1047. " of thoracic duct.

1048. Contusion of lymphatic gland.

1049. Wound of lymphatic gland.

INJURIES OF SECRETING GLANDS.

(The gland to be specified.)

1050. Contusion.

1051. Rupture.

1052. Wound.

1053. Wound or rupture of ducts.

1054. Impaction of foreign bodies or calculi in ducts.

INJURIES OF BONES.

1055. Contusion.

1056. Wound.

LATIN EQ. FRENCH GERMAN. 1057. Fractura. Fracture. Knochenbruch. 1058. Epiphysium diduc-Séparation de l'épi-Epiphysenlösung. physe. 1059. Fractura articulo Fracture intéressant Knochenbruch mit implicato. l'articulation. Gelenkverletzung.

ARTICULORUM LAESIONES.

1060. Contusio. Contusion. Quetschung. 1061. Stremma. Entorse. Zerrung. Ligamentorum dirup-Déchirure de ligament. Bandzerreissung. 1062. Cartilaginis intra-Luxation du cartil-Zwischenknorpelarticularis disage intra-articulluxation. locatio. aire. 1063. Stremma. Effort. Verstauchung. 1064. Vulnus. Blessure. Wunde.

MUSCULORUM LAESIONES.

1065. Contusio. Contusion. Quetschung.
1066. Stremma. Effort. Verstauchung.
1067. Diruptio. Rupture. Bruch.
1068 Laceratio. Déchirement. Zerreissung.
1069. Vulnus. Blessure. Wunde.

TENDINUM EORUMQUE THECARUM LAESIONES.

1070. Stremma. Effort. Verstauchung.
1071. Diruptio Rupture. Bruch.
1072. Laceratio. Déchirure. Zerreissung.
1073. Dislocatio. Luxation. Luxation.
1074. Vulnus. Blessure. Wunde.

CUTIS ET TELAE SUBCUTANEAE LAESIONES.

1075. Contusio.1076. Abrasio.Ecorchure.Abreibung.

1057. Fracture.

(The nature of the fracture to be specified:)

1058. Separation of Epiphysis.

1059. Fracture involving joint.

INJURIES OF JOINTS.

1060. Contusion.

1061. Sprain.

Laceration of ligament.

1062. Displacement of intra-articular cartilage.

1063. Strain.

1064. Wound.

INJURIES OF MUSCLES.

(The muscle to be specified.)

1065. Contusion.

1066. Strain.

1067. Rupture.

1068. Laceration.

1069. Wound.

Injuries of Tendons and their Sheaths.

(The tendon to be specified.)

1070. Strain.

1071. Rupture.

1072. Laceration.

1073. Displacement.

1074. Wound.

Injuries of the Skin and Subcutaneous Tissue.

(The locality and extent to be specified.)

1075. Contusion.

1076. Abrasion.

LATIN EQ.	FRENCH.	GERMAN.
1077. Vulnus.	Blessure.	Wunde.
1078. Ambusta.	Brûlure.	Verbrennungen und Verbrühungen.
1079. Gelatio.	Congélation.	Erfrierung.
1080. Irritantium aut corrosivorum effectus.	Effets des substances irritantes ou corrosives.	Wirkungen der Reiz- und Ätzmittel.
1081. Nimiae lucis effectus, X radiorum, Radii, aut aliorum cor- porum similium.	Effets de la lumière, des rayons X, du radium ou d'autres substances radio- actives.	Strahlwirkungen.
1082. Fulminis et electricitatis effectus.	Effets de la foudre et de l'électricité.	Wirkungen des Blitzes und der Elektrizität.

MEMBRANAE MUCOSAE ET TELAE SUBMUCOSAE LAESIONES.

1083. Contusio.	Contusion.	Quetschung.
1084. Abrasio.	Ecorchure.	Abreibung.
1085. Vulnus.	Blessure.	Wunde.
1086. Ambusta.	Brûlure.	Verbrennungen <i>und</i> Verbrühungen.
1087. Irritantium aut corrosivorum effectus.	Effets des substances irritantes et corrosives	Wirkungen der Reiz- und Ätzmittel.

SECTIO III.

REGIONUM ANATOMICARUM LAESIONES.

CAPITIS LAESIONES.

1088. Epicranii contusio.	Contusion du cuir chevelu.
a. Sanguine infra cutem effuso.	a. Avec épanche- ment sanguin sous la peau.
b. Sanguine infra	b. Avec épanche-

- b. Sanguine infra
 epicranii a poneurosim effuso.

 c. Sanguine infra

 b. Avec é panchement sanguin
 sous l'aponévrose épicranienne.

 c. Avec é panche
 - anguine infra c. Avec épancheperiosteum ment sanguin effuso. sous le périoste.

Quetschung der Kopfschwarte.

- a. Mit subkutanem Bluterguss.
- b. Mit Blutergussunter der Aponeurose.
- c. Mit Kephalhämatom.

1077. Wound.

(Specify the nature.)

- 1078. Burn or scald.
- 1079. Frost-bite.
- 1080. Effects of irritants or corrosives.
- 1081. Effects of light, of X rays, of radium, or of other radio-active bodies.
- 1082. Effects of lightning, and of electricity.

Injuries of Mucous Membrane and Submucous. Tissue.

(The locality and extent to be specified.)

- 1083. Contusion.
- 1084. Abrasion.
- 1085. Wound.
- 1086. Burn or scald.
- 1087. Effects of irritants or corrosives.

SECTION III.

INJURIES OF ANATOMICAL REGIONS.

INJURIES OF THE HEAD. (State the site of injury.)

1088. Contusion of scalp.

- a. With effusion of blood beneath skin.
- b. With effusion of blood beneath epicranial aponeurosis.
- c. With effusion of blood beneath periosteum.

	LATIN EQ.	FRENCH.	GERMAN.
1089). Epicranii vulnus.	Blessure du cuir	Wunde der Kopf- schwarte.
	a. Aponeurose laesâ.	a. I ntéressant l'aponévrose.	a. Mit Verletzung der Aponeurose.
	b. Periosteo laeso.	b. Intéressant le périoste.	b. Mit Verletzung des Periosts.
	c. Osse laeso.	c. Intéressant l'os.	c. Mit Verletzung des Knochens.
	d. Epieranii separatio.	d. Séparation du euir chevelu.	d. Lösung der Kopf- schwarte.
	e. Epicranii avulsio.	e. Arrachement du cuir ehevelu.	e. Ausreissen der Kopfsehwarte.
1090	. Cranii contusio.	Contusion du crâne.	Quetschung des Schädels.
1091.	. Calvariae fractura.	Fracture de la voûte du crâne.	Fraktur des Schädelgewölbes.
	a. Simplex.	a. Simple.	a. Einfache.
	b. Foras patens.	Compliquée.	b. Komplizierte.
1092.	Basis fractura.	Fracture de la base du crâne.	Fraktur der Schädel- basis.
	a. Simplex.	a. Simple.	· a. Einfache.
	b. Foras patens.	b. Compliquée.	b. Komplizierte.
1093.	Cranii vulnus.	Blessure du crâne.	Schädelwunde.
1094.	Cerebri mem- branarum laceratio.	Déchirure des mem- branes du cerveau.	Hirnhautzerreissung.
1095.	Haemorrhagia men- ingea traumatica.	Hémorrhagie men- ingée traumatique.	Traumatische Gehirn- hautblutung.
	i. Extra duram matrem.	i. Extra-durale.	i. Extradurale.
	ii. Sub durâ matre.	ii. Sous - durale ou arachnoïdienne.	ii. Subdurale.
	iii. Sub membranâ arachnoidi.	iii. Sous - araehnoïd- ienne.	iii. Subarachnoide.
1096.	Cerebri concussio.	Commotion du cerveau.	Gehirnerschütterung.
1697.	Cercbri contusio.	Contusion du cer- veau.	Gehirnquetschung.
1098.	Ccrebri compressio.	Compression du cerveau.	Gehirndruck.
1099.	Cerebri vulnus.	Blessure du cer- veau.	Gehirnwunde.
1100.	Corpus adventitium in cerebro infixum.	Pénétration de corps étrangers.	Fremdkörper im Gehirn.
1101	77 1	TOI	~ .

Blessure par arme à Schusswunde des feu. Gehirns.

1101. Vulnus ex tormentorum pilis.

1089. Wound of scalp.

- a. With injury to aponeurosis.
- b. With injury to periosteum.
- c. With injury to bone.
- d. Separation of scalp.
- c. Avulsion of scalp.
- 1090. Contusion of skull.
- 1091. Fracture of vault of skull.
 - a. Simple.
 - b. Compound.
 (Specify the nature and complications.)
- 1092. Fracture of base of skull.
 - a. Simple.
 - b. Compound.
 (Specify the fossa involved.)
- 1093. Wound of skull.
- 1094. Laceration of membranes of brain.
- 1095. Traumatic meningeal hæmorrhage.
 - i. Extra-dural.
 - ii. Sub-dural or arachnoid.
 - iii. Sub-arachnoid.
- 1096. Concussion of brain.
- 1097. Contusion of brain.
- 1098. Compression of brain.
 (State cause.)
- 1099. Wound of brain.
- 1100. Lodgment of foreign body.
- 1101. Gun-shot wound.

FACIEI ET ORIS LAESIONES.

	EACIEI	EI ORIS LAESION	ES.
	LATIN EQ.	FRENCH.	GERMAN.
1102.	Contusio.	Contusion.	Quetschung.
1103.	Vulnus.	Blessure.	Wunde.
1104.	Corpora adventitia in naso, in antro, aut aliis cavis infixa.	Corps étrangers dans les fosses nasales, de l'antre de High- more, ou autres cavités.	Fremdkörper in der Nase, im Antrum, u.s.w.
1105.	Fractura.	Fracture.	Fraktur.
1106.	Narium cartilaginum dislocatio.	Luxation des carti- lages du nez.	Verschiebung der Nasenknorpel.
1107.	Alveolorum et denti- um laesiones.	Traumatismes des alvéoles et des dents.	Verletzungen der Alveolen und Zähne.
	Maxillae inferioris dislocatio.	Luxation de la mâ- choire inférieure.	Unterkieferverrenk- ung.
1109.	Ambusta.	Brûlure.	Verbrennung oder Verbrühung
	Oc	CULI LAESIONES.	
1110.	Palpebrae contusio.	Contusion de la pau- pière avec ecchy- mose.	Quetschung der Augenlider. Syn., Blaues Auge.
1111.	Palpebrae vulnus.	Blessure de la pau- pière.	Wunde im Augenlid.
1112.	Glandulae lacrymalis, aut sacculi, aut ductus laesiones.	Traumatisme de la glande lacrymale, du sac ou conduit lacrymal.	Verletzungen des Tränenapparats.
1113.	Palpebrae aut oculi ambusta aut lae- siones chemicae.	Brûlures ou lésions résultant de sub- stances chimiques, soit de la paupière soit de l'œil.	Verletzungen der Lider oder des Auges durch Ver- brennung oder durch chemische Einwirkung.
1114.	Haemorrhagia sub- conjunctivalis.	Hémorrhagie sous- conjonctivale.	Subkonjunktivale Blutung.
1115.	Membranae conjunctivae vulnus.	Blessure de la conjonctive.	Bindehautwunde.
1116.	Globi contusio.	Contusion 'du globe de l'œil.	Quetschung des Augapfels.
	a. Tunicâ scleroticâ diruptâ.	$a.~{ m Avec}$ rupture de la sclérotique.	a. Ruptur.
	b. Lente dislocata.	b. Avec luxation du cristallin.	b. Mit Linsenver- renkung.

OF THE FACE AND MOUTH.

- 1102. Contusion.
- 1103. Wound.

(Specify part wounded.)

1104. Foreign bodies in nose, antrum, or other cavities.

1105. Fracture.

(Specify the bone or cartilage.)

- 1106. Dislocation of nasal cartilages.
- 1107. Injuries of alveoli and teeth.
- 1108. Dislocation of lower jaw.
- 1109. Burn or scald.

INJURIES OF THE EYE.

- 1110. Contusion of eyelid, with ecchymosis.
- 1111. Wound of eyelid.
- 1112. Injuries of lacrymal gland, sac, or duct.
- 1113. Burns or chemical injuries of eyelid or eye.
- 1114. Sub-conjunctival hæmorrhage.

(State cause, when possible.)

- 1115. Wound of conjunctiva.
- 1116. Contusion of eyeball.
 - a. With rupture of sclerotic. Synonym, Ruptured globe.
 - b. With dislocation of lens.

	LATIN EQ.	FRENCH.	GERMAN.
	c. Cum haemorrhagiâ intraoculari.	c. Avec hémorrhagie intra-oeulaire.	c. Mit Blutung in den Augapfel.
	d. Retinâ separatâ.	d. Avec décollement de la rétine.	d. Mit Netzhaut- ablösung.
1117.	Corpora adventitia in membranâ con- junctivâ aut tunicâ corneâ.	Corps étrangers de la conjonctive on de la cornée.	Fremdkörper in der Bindehaut oder in der Hornhaut.
1118.	Corpora adventitia in globo.	Corps étrangers dans le globe oculaire.	Fremdkörper im In- nern des Auges.
1119.	Globi vulnus.	Blessure du globe de l'œil.	Augapfelwunde.
	a. Iride laesâ aut prolapsâ.	a. Avee traumatis- me on prolapsus de l'iris.	a. Mit Verletzung oder Vorfall der Iris.
	b. Lente laesâ aut dislocatâ.	b. Avec traumatis- me on luxation du eristallin.	b. Mit Verletzung oder Verrenkung der Linse.
1120.	Globi dislocatio.	Luxation du globe oculaire.	Augapfelverrenkung.
1121.	Partium intra orbitam vulnera aut laesiones.	Blessures et trauma- stimes des parties in tra-oculaires.	Wunde <i>und</i> Verletz- ungen der Weich- teile innerhalb der Augenhöhle.
1122.	Corpora adventitia in orbitâ.	Corps étrangers de l'orbite.	Fremdkörper in der Augenhöhle.
	Aı	URIS LAESIONES.	
1123.	Pinnae contusio.	Contusion du pavillon.	Quetschung der Ohr- muschel.
1124.	Pinnae haematoma.	Hématome de l'oreille.	Hämatom der Ohr- muschel. Syn., Othämatom.
1125.	Pinnae vulnus.	Blessure du pavillon.	Wunde der Ohrmuschel.
1126.	Pinnae ab cranio dis-	Séparation de l'oreille	Ablösung der Ohr-

1128. Membranae tympani vulnus.

junctio (tota aut

1129. Corpora adventitia aut in meatu exin terno, aut tympano.

in parte).

diruptio.

1127. Membranae tympani

Elessure de la membrane du tympan.

du crâne (complète

on incomplète).

Rupture de la mem-

brane du tympan.

Corps étrangers du méat externe ou du tympan.

muschel.

Trommelfellbruch.

Trommelfellwunde.

Fremdkörper im äusseren Gehörgang *oder* in der Paukenhöhle.

- c. With hæmorrhage into eyeball. (State position of the hæmorrhage.)
- d. With detachment of retina.
- 1117. Foreign bodies in conjunctiva or cornea.
- 1118. Foreign bodies in the eyeball.
- 1119. Wound of the eyeball.

(State whether involving cornea or sclerotic, and whether perforating or not.)

- a. With injury or prolapse of iris.
- b. With injury to, or displacement of, lens.
- 1120. Dislocation of eyeball.
- 1121. Wounds and injuries of parts within orbit.
- 1122. Foreign bodies in orbit.

INJURIES OF THE EAR.

- 1123. Contusion of pinna.
- 1124. Hæmatoma of pinna.
- 1125. Wound of pinna.

(State part wounded.)

- 1126. Separation of pinna from skull (complete or incomplete).
- 1127. Rupture of membrana tympani. (State cause.)
- 1128. Wound of membrana tympani.
- 1129. Foreign bodies in external meatus, or tympanum.

CERVICIS LAESIONES, COLUMNÂ VERTEBRALI EXCEPTÂ.

O.	ERVICIS LAESTONE	s, COLUMNA VERT	EBRALI EXCEPTÂ.	
	LATIN EQ.	FRENCH.	GERMAN.	
1130	. Contusio.	Contusion.	Quetschung.	
1131	. Ossis hyoidis fractura.	Fracture de l'os hyoïde.	Bruch des Zungen- beines.	
1132.	Ossis hyoidis dislocatio.	Luxation de l'os hyoïde.	Verrenkung des Zungenbeines.	
	Cartilaginum laryngis fractura.	Fracture des cartilages du larynx.	Bruch der Kehlkopf- knorpel.	
1 134.	Tracheae diruptio.	Rupture de la trachée- artére.	Zerreissung der Luftröhre.	
	Cervicis vulnus.	Blessure du cou.	Wunde des Halses, einschliesslich des Halsabschneidens.	
1133.	Pharyngis ambusta aut oesophagi aut laryngis.	Brûlure du pharynx, de l'œsophage, i'du larynx.	Verbrennung oder Verbrühung des Rachens, der Speiseröhre oder des Kehlkopfes.	
1137.	Pharyngis, aut oeso- phagi, aut laryngis per corrosiva lae- siones.	Traumatisme du pharynx, ou de l'œsophage, ou du larynx, par sub- stances corrosives.	Verletzung derselben durch Ätzmittel.	
1138.	Pharyngis aut oeso- phagi a parte in- ternâ vulnus.	Blessure du pharynx ou de l'œsophage ab intra.	Von innen erzeugte Wunde der Speise- wege.	
1139.	Corpora adventitia in respirationis itineribus superioribus infixa.	Corps étrangers des voies respiratoires supérieures.	Fremdkörper in den Luftwegen.	
	Corpora adventitia in pharynge aut oesophago infixa.	Corps étrangers engagés dans le pharynx ou l'œsophage.	Fremdkörper in den Speisewegen.	
THORACIS LAESIONES.				
1141.	Compressio.	Compression.	Druck.	
1142.	Parietis contusio.	Contusion de la paroi thoracique.	Quetschung.	

1141. Compressio.	Compression.	Druck.
1142. Parietis contusio.	Contusion de la paroi thoracique.	Quetschung.
1143. Concussio.	Commotion.	Erschütterung.
1144. Costarum cartilagi- num dislocatio.	Luxation de's cartilages costaux.	Luxation der Rippen- knorpel.
a. De sterno.	a. Du sternum.	a. Von dem Brustbein.
b. De costis.	b. Des côtes.	b. Von den Rippen.
c. Interse.	c. L'un par rapport à l'autre,	c. Aus einander.

Injuries of the Neck, exclusive of the Vertebral Column.

- 1130. Contusion.
- 1131. Fracture of hyoid bone.
- 1132. Dislocation of hyoid bone.
- 1133. Fracture of cartilages of larynx.
- 1134. Rupture of trachea.
- 1135. Wound of neck, including cut-throat.

 (Mention structures implicated.)
- 1136. Burn or scald of pharynx, œsophagus or larynx.
- 1137. Injury of pharynx, œsophagus, or larynx by corrosive substances.
- 1138. Wound of pharynx or esophagus from within.
- 1139. Foreign bodies in upper air-passages.
- 1140. ,, impacted in pharynx or œsophagus.

INJURIES OF THE CHEST.

- 1141. Compression.
- 1142. Contusion of chest wall.
- 1143. Concussion.
- 1144. Dislocation of costal cartilages.
 - a. From sternum.
 - b. From ribs.
 - c. From each other.

LATIN EQ.

- 1145. Costarum fractura (includitur cartilaginum fracura).
 - a. Pleurâ laesâ.
 - b. Pulmone laeso.
 - c. Corde laeso.
 - d. Vasis sanguiferis laesis.
 - e. Diaphragmate laeso.
 - f. Abdominis viseeribus laesis.
- 1146. Sterni fractura.
- 1147. Sterni partium dislocatio.
- 1148. Parietis vulnus.

Cum arteriae la esione.

- 1149. Pleurae aut pulmonis vulnus penetrans
- 1150. Corpus in tracheâ aut broncho adventitium.
- 1151. Corpus in oesophago adventitium.
- 1152. Pericardii aut cordis vulnus.
- 1153. Cordis aut pulmonis sine vulnere contusio
- 1154. Cordis aut pulmonis aut tracheae diruptio sine vulnere aut fracturâ.
- 1155. Ex tormentorum pilis vulnus.
- 1156. Aliae laesiones.

FRENCH.

- Fracture des côtes (et des cartilages).
 - a. Avee lésion de la plèvre.
 - b. Avee lésion du poumon.
 - c. Avee lésion du eœur.
 - d. Avee lésion des vaisseaux sanguins.
 - e. Avec lésion du diaphragme.
 - /. Avec lésion des viseères abdominaux.

Fracture du sternum.

Luxation des diverses parties du sternum.

Blessure de la paroi.

Avee lésion de l'artère

- Blessure pénétrante de la plèvre et du poumon.
- Corps étranger engagé dans la trachée ou la bronche.
- Corps étranger engagé dans l'œsophage.
- Blessure du péricarde ou du cœur.
- Contusion du cœur ou du poumon sans blessure.
- Rupture du cœur, du poumon, ou de la trachée sans blessure ou fracture.
- Blessure par arme à feu.
- Autres lésions.

GERMAN.

- Bruch der Rippen, einschliesslich der Rippenknorpel.
 - a. Mit Rippenfellverletzung.
 - b. Mit Lungenverletzung.
 - c. Mit Herzverletz-
 - d. Mit Blutgefässverletzung.
 - e. Mit Zwerehfellverletzung.
 - f. Mit Verletzung der Eingeweide.
- Bruch des Brustbeins.
- Verrenkung einzelner Teile des Brustbeines.
- Wunde der Brustwände.

Mit Sehlagaderverletzung.

- Peuetrierende Wunde des Brustfells oder der Lunge.
- Fremdkörper in den Luftwegen.
- Fremdkörper in der Speiseröhre.
- Wunde des Herzbeutels oder des Herzens.
- Quetschung des Herzens oder der Lunge.
- Bruch des Herzens, der Lunge *oder* der Luftröhre.

Schusswunde.

Andere Verletzungen.

Dorsi Laesiones.

1157. Contusio.

1158. Stremma.

Contusion.

Entorse.

Quetschung.

Verstauchung.

1145. Fracture of ribs (including the costal cartilages).

a. With injury to pleura.

b. ,, lung.

c. , heart.

d. " blood-vessels.

e. ,, ,, diaphragm.

f. ,, abdominal viscera.

1146. Fracture of sternum.

1147. Dislocation of parts of sternum.

1148. Wound of parietes.

With wound of artery.

1149. Penetrating wound of pleura or lung.

1150. Foreign body in trachea or bronchus.

1151. ", " " wsophagus.

1152. Wound of the pericardium or heart.

1153. Contusion of heart or lung without wound.

1154. Rupture of heart, lung, or trachea without wound or fracture.

1155. Guu-shot wound.

1156. Other injuries.

INJURIES OF THE BACK (including the whole vertebral column).

(State the site of injury.)

1157. Contusion.

1158. Sprain.

LATIN EQ.	
1159. Vulnus.	Blessi
Cum medullae spina- lis aut membrana- rum vulnere.	\mathbf{A}^{\cdot}
1160. Spinae fractura sine dislocatione.	Fra colo
a. Vertebrarum la- minarum a u t	a.

a_{\bullet}	Vertebrarum la-
	minarum aut
	processuum spi-
	nalium.

-b. Vertebrarum eorporum.

1161. Spinae fractura cum dislocatione.

> a. Vertebrarum laminarum aut processuum spinalium.

b. Vertebrarum eorporum.

1162. Fractura foras patens.

1163. Ossis sacri aut coccygis fractura.

1164. Spinae dislocatio imperfecta aut perfecta.

a. Sine fracturâ.

b. Cum fraeturâ.

1165. Medullae spinalis concussio.

1166. Medullae spinalis sine fractura aut dislocatione compressio.

1167. Ex tormentorum pilis vulnus.

FRENCH.

ure.

vec lésion de la moelle ou de ses membranes.

cture de la onne vertébrale s luxation.

> Des apophyses épineuses et des lames latérales seules.

b. Des eorps.

Fracture de la colonne vertébrale avec luxation.

> a. Des apophyses épineuses et des lames latérales seules.

b. Des corps.

Fracture compliquée.

Fracture du sacrum et du coccyx.

Luxation de la colonne vertébrale, partielle ou complète.

a. Sans fracture.

b. Avec fracture.

Commotion de la moelle.

Compression de la moelle sans fracture ou luxation.

Blessure par arme à feu.

GERMAN.

Wunde.

Mit Wunde des Rüekenmarks oder der Häute.

Bruch der Wirbelsäule ohne] Verschiebung.

> a. Nur der Dornfortsätze und der Wirbelbogenplatten.

b. Der Wirbelkörper.

Bruch der Wirbelsäule mit Verschiebung.

a. Nur der Dornfortsätze undder Wirbelbogenplatten.

b. Der Wirbelkörper.

Komplizierter Bruch.

Bruch des Kreuzoder Steissbeins.

Wirbelverrenkung.

a. Ohne Brueh.

b. Mit Bruch.

Rückenmarkserschütterung. Rückenmarksdruck.

Schusswunde.

ABDOMINIS LAESIONES.

1168. Contusio.

- a. Musculis ruptis.
- b. Visceribus ruptis.

Contusion.

- a. Avec rupture de musele.
- b. Avec rupture de viseère.

Quetschung.

- a. Mit Muskelzerreissung.
- b. Mit Eingeweidezerreissung.

Italics indicate that the disease in question should not be registered in this Section. The proper place is shewn by the number which follows.

1159. Wound.

With wound of spinal cord or membranes.

- 1160. Fracture of spine without displacement.
 - a. Of spinous processes and laminæ only.
 - b. Of bodies.
- 1161. Fracture of spine with displacement.
 - a. Of spinous processes and laminæ only.
 - b. Of bodies.
- 1162. Compound fracture.
- 1163. Fracture of sacrum or coccyx.
- 1164. Dislocation of spine, partial or complete.
 - a. Without fracture.
 - b. With fracture.
- 1165. Concussion of spinal cord.
- 1166. Compression of spinal cord without fracture or dislocation.

(Hæmorrhage into the membranes (hæmatorrachis) or substance of the cord (hæmatomyelia) should be mentioned.)

1167. Gun-shot wound.

INJURIES OF THE ABDOMEN.

(In case of visceral injury, state the viscus involved.)

- 1168. Contusion.
 - a. With rupture of muscle.
 - b. With rupture of viscera.

Injury to spinal cord or nerves should be specified.

LATIN Eo.

1169. Parietis vulnera.

- a. Non penetrantia.
- b. Penetrantia.
 - i. Cum viscerum illa es o rum prolapsione.
 - ii, Cum viscerum laesorum prolapsione,
 - iii, Cum viseerum in situ manentium laesione.
 - iv. Cum vasorum aut nervorum laesione.
- 1170. Ex tormentorum pilis vulnus.
- 1171. Viscerum vulnus sine parietis vulnue.
 - a. per os.
 - b. per rectum.
 - c. per vaginam,
- 1172. Viscerum diruptio aut contusio, pariete laeso aut illaeso.
- 1173. Corpora in cavo abdominali adventitia.
- 1174. Corpora in ventriculo aut in intestino adventitia.

FRENCH.

Blessure des parois.

- a. Non-pénétrante.
- b. Pénétrante.
 - 1. Avec protrusion de viseères nonlésés.
 - 2. Avec protrusion de viscères lésés.
 - 3. Avec lésion de viscères non-protrus.
 - 4. Avec lésion de vaisseaux ou de nerfs importants.
- Blessure par arme à feu.
- Blessure de viscères sans blessure de parois.

Par eorps introduits-

- a. par la bouche.
- b. par le rectum.
- c. par le vagin.
- Rupture ou contusion de viscères, avec ou sans traumatisme des parois.
- Corps étrangers dans la cavité péritonéale.
- Corps étrangers dans le canal alimentaire.

GERMAN.

Bauchdeckenwunden.

- a. Oberflächliche.
- b. Penetrierende.
 - i. Mit Vorfall unverletzter Eingeweide.
 - ii. Mit Vorfall verletzter Eingeweide.
 - iii. Mit Verletzung
 der Eingeweide ohne
 Vorfall.
 - iv. Mit Verletzung grosser Gefässe oder Nerven.

Schusswunde.

Wunde der Eingeweide ohne Wunde der Bauchdecken.

- a. Vom Mund aus.
- b, Vom Mastdarm aus.
- c. Von der Scheide aus,
- Zerreissung oder Quetschung der Eingeweide mit oder ohne Verletzung der Bauchdecken.
- Fremdkörper in der Bauchhöhle.
- Fremdkörper im Magendarmkanal.

PELVIS ET GENITALIUM LAESIONES.

- 1175. Contusio.
- 1176. Urethrae virilis, perinaei, scroti, testis, aut penis vulnus.
- 1177. Perinaei muliebris aut vulvae vulnus.
- Contusion.
- Blessure de l'urèthre, du périnée, du scrotum, testicule, ou pénis.
- Blessure du périnée chez la femme ou de la vulve.

Quetschung.

- Wunde der männlichen Harnröhre, des Dammes, Hodensacks, eines Hodensoder des Gliedes.
- Wunde des weiblichen Dammes oder der äusseren Geschlechtsteile.

Italics indicate that the disease in question should not be registered in this Section. The proper place is shewn by the number which follows.

- 1169. Wounds of parietes.
 - a. Non-penetrating.
 - b. Penetrating.
 - i. With protrusion of uninjured viscera.
 - ii. ,, ,, injured viscera.
 - iii. With injury of unprotruded viscera.
 - iv. ,, ,, important vessels or nerves.
- 1170. Gun-shot wound.
- 1171. Wound of viscera without wound of parietes.

By bodies introduced—

- a. Through mouth.
- b. Through rectum.
- c. Through vagina.
- 1172. Rupture or contusion of viscera, with or without injury of parietes.
- 1173. Foreign bodies in peritoneal cavity.
- 1174. Foreign bodies in alimentary canal.

INJURIES OF THE PELVIS AND ORGANS OF GENERATION.

- 1175. Contusion.
- 1176. Wound of male urethra, perinæum, scrotum, testis, or penis.
- 1177. Wound of female perineum or vulva.

LATIN EQ.

- 1178. Vaginae aut partium interiorum muliebrium vulnus.
- 1179. Recti vulnus.
- 1180. Ani vulnus.
- 1181. Vesicae vulnus.
- 1182. Vesicae diruptio aut laceratio.
 - a. Intraperitonealis.
 - b. Extraperitonealis.
 - c. Cum pelvis fraeturâ.
- 1183. Urethrae diruptio aut laceratio.
 - a. Ex pelvis fracturâ.
 - b. Ex aliis causis.
- 1184. Uteri gravidi laesiones.
- 1185. Corpora adventitia in vaginâ.
- 1186. Corpora in recto adventitia.
- 1187. Corpora adventitia in urethrâ aut vesicâ.
- 1188. Symphysis pubis aut articuli sacro-iliaci diductio.
- 1189. Ossium coxarum fractura aut dislocatio.
- 1190. Testiculi contusio.

Cum haematocele.

- 1191. Vasis deferentis diruptio.
- 1192. Funiculi seminalis haematocele diffusa.
- 1193. Genitalia mutilata.
- 1194. Extormentorum pilis vulnus.

FRENCH.

- Blessure du vagin ou des organes génitaux chez la femme.
- Blessure du rectum.
- Blessure de l'anus.
- Blessure de la vessie.
- Rupture ou déchirure de la vessie.
 - a. Intra-péritonéale.
 - b. Extra-péritonéale.
 - c. Accompagnée de fracture du bassin.
- Rupture ou déchirure de l'urèthre.
 - a. A la suite de fracture du bassin.
 - b. A la suite d'autres causes.

GERMAN.

- Wunde der Scheide oder der inneren weiblichen Geschlechtsteile.
- Mastdarmwunde.
- Wunde des Afters.
- Blasenwunde.
- Riss oder Zerreissung der Blase.
 - a. Intraperitoneal.
 - b. Extraperitoneal.
 - c. Mit Beckenbruch.
- Riss oder Zerreissung der Harnröhre.
 - a. Durch Beckenbruch.
 - b. Durch andere Ursaehen.
- Traumatismes de l'utérus gravide.
- Corps étrangers du vagin.
- Corps étrangers du rectum.
- Corps étrangers de l'urèthre ou de la vessie.
- Séparation de la symphyse pubienne ou de l'articulation sacro-iliaque.
- Fracture ou luxation des os du bassin.
- Contusion du testicule.

Avec hématocèle.

- Rupture du canal déférent.
- Hématocèle diffuse du cordon.
- Mutilation des organes génitaux.
- Blessure par arme à feu.

- Verletzungen der schwangeren Gebärmutter.
- Fremdkörper in der Scheide.
- Fremdkörper im Mastdarm.
- Fremdkörper in der Blase *oder* in der Harnröhre.
- Diastase der Symphysis Pubis oder der Symphysis sacroiliaca.
- Bruch oder Verrenkung der Beckenknochen.
- Quetschung des Hodens.
 - Mit Hämatocelebildung.
- Riss des Samenleiters.
- Diffuse Hämatocele des Samenstrangs.
- Verstümmelung der Geschlechtsteile.
- Schusswunde.

Italics indicate that the disease in question should not be registered in this Section. The proper place is shewn by the number which follows.

- 1178. Wound of vagina or internal female organs.
- 1179. Wound of rectum.
- 1180. Wound of anus.
- 1181. Wound of bladder.
- 1182. Rupture or laceration of bladder.
 - a. Intra-peritoneal.
 - b. Extra-peritoneal.
 - c. Associated with fracture of pelvis.
- 1183. Rupture or laceration of urethra.
 - a. From fracture of pelvis.
 - b. From other causes.

(Note.—Situation of injury should be mentioned. State whether there is extravasation of urine.)

- 1184. Injuries of pregnant uterus.
- 1185. Foreign bodies in vagina.
- 1186. Foreign bodies in rectum.
- 1187. Foreign bodies in urethra or bladder.
- 1188. Separation of symphysis pubis or of sacro-iliac articulation.
- 1189. Fracture or dislocation of pelvic bones.

 (Note any injury of adjoining or included soft parts.)
- 1190. Contusion of testicle.

With formation of hæmatocele.

- 1191. Rupture of vas deferens.
- 1192. Diffuse hamatocele of cord.
- 1193. Mutilation of genitals.
- 1194. Gun-shot wound.

MEMBRI SUPERIORIS LAESIONES.

	T 73	The state of the s	
1105	LATIN EQ.	French.	GERMAN.
1195.	Contusio.	Contusion.	Quetschung.
1196.	Stremma.	Entorse.	Verstauchung.
1197.	Vulnus.	Blessure.	Wunde.
1198.	Vulnus aut articulum implicans, aut bursam, aut thecam.	Blessure intéressant l'articulation, les bourses muqueuses, ou les gaînes.	Wunde mit Verletz ung der Gelenke der Schleimbeutel, oder der Scheiden.
1199.	Fractura articulum implicans.	Fracture intéressant l'articulation.	Knochenbruch mit Gelenkver wickel- ung.
1200.	Epiphysium diductio.	Séparation de l'epi- physe.	Epiphysentrennung.
1201.	Ossis flexura, sive fractura imperfecta.	Courbure de l'os.	Knocheninfraktion.
1202.	Claviculae fractura.	Fracture de la clavi- cule.	Bruch des Schlüsselbeins.
1203.	Scapulae fractura.	Fracture de l'omoplate.	Bruch des Schulter- blattes.
1204.	Humeri fractura.	Fracture de l'humé- rus.	Bruch des Ober- arms.
1205.		Fracture des os de l'avant bras.	Bruch der Vorderarm- knochen.
	Radii fractura.	a. Radius.	a. Der Speiche.
	Ulnae fractura.	b. Cubitus.	b, Der Elle.
	Radii ulnaeque fract- ura.	c. Des deux os.	c. Beider Knochen.
1206.	Carpi, metacarpi, aut phalangium fractura.	Fracture du carpe, du métacarpe ou des phalanges.	Bruch der Hand- wurzel-, der Mittel- hand-, oder der Fing- erknochen.
1207	Claviculae dislocatio.	Luxation de la clav- icule.	Verrenkung des Schlüsselbeins.
1208.	Scapulae dislocatio.	,, de l'omo- plate.	Verrenkung des Schulterblattes.
1209.	Humeri dislocatio.	" de l'hum- érus.	Verrenkung des Oberarms.

Speicheverrenkung.

Ellenverrenkung.

du radius.

du cubitus.

1210. Radii dislocatio.

1211. Ulnae dislocatio.

Italics indicate that the disease in question should not be registered in this Section. The proper place is shewn by the number which follows.

INJURIES OF THE UPPER EXTREMITIES.

1195. Contusion.

1196. Sprain.

(Specify the joint injured.)

1197. Wound.

(Specify the structures injured.)

1198. Wound involving joint, bursa or theca.

1199. Fracture involving joint.

1200. Separation of epiphysis.

1201. Green-stick fracture or bending of bone.

1202. Fracture of clavicle.

1203. Fracture of scapula.

1204 Fracture of humerus.

1205. Fracture of bones of forearm.

a. Radius.

b. Ulna.

c. Both bones.

1206. Fracture of carpus, metacarpus, or phalanges.

Note.—In all cases of fracture, state whether simple, compound, comminuted, or incomplete; whether impacted, or involving joint; whether by direct or indirect violence, or by muscular action; also, part of bone broken.)

1207. Dislocation of clavicle.

1208. ,, scapula.

1209. , humerus.

1210. " radius.

1211. ,, ulna.

	* ,	
LATIN Eq. 1212. Radii ulnaeque dis- locatio.	French. Luxation du radius et du cub-	GERMAN. Verrenkung der Speiche <i>und</i> der
1213. Carpi dislocatio.	itus. ,, du carpe.	Elle. Handverrenkung.
1214. Metacarpi dislocatio.	" du méta- carpe.	Verrenkung des Meta.
1215. Pollicis phalangium dislocatio.	des phalanges du pouce.	verrenkung der Daumenglieder.
1216. Digitorum phalang- ium dislocatio.	,, des phal- anges des doigts.	Verrenkung der Fingerglieder
	~~,5 w.	
1217. Membri avulsio aut partim aut tota.	Arrachement d'une partie d'un membre ou du membre en entier.	Ausreissen des ganzen Gliedes <i>oder</i> eines Teils.
1218. Ex tormentorum pilis vulnus.	Blessure par arme à feu.	Schusswunde.
a. Sine fracturâ.	a. Sans fracture.	a. Ohne Bruch.
b. Cum fracturâ.	b. Avec fracture.	b, Mit Bruch.
Membri	INFERIORIS LAESIC	ONES.
1219. Contusio.	Contusion.	Quetschung.
1220. Stremma.	Entorse.	Verstauchung.
1991 (0	T	

1219. Contusio.	Contusion.	Quetschung.
1220. Stremma.	Entorse.	Verstauchung.
1221. Cartilaginis semillunaris dislocatio.	Luxation à l'intérieur du genou.	Innere Verletzung d Kniegelenks.
	a. Glissement du cartilage semilunaire.	a. Verrenkung d Semiluna knorpels,
	b. Autres déplace-	b. Andere Verle

Blessure.

1	222.	Vulnus.

1223.	Vulnus aut artic-	_
	ulum implicans aut	t
	bursam aut thecam	

1224. Fractura articulum implicans.

1225. Epiphysium diductio.

Blessure intéressant l'articul a ti o n, la bourse muqueuse, ou la gaîne.

ments.

déplace-

Fracture intéressant l'articulation.

Séparation d e l'épiphyse.

des

des r -

b. Andere Verletzungen.

Wunde.

Wunde mit Verletzung des Gelenks, des Schleimbeutels oder der Scheide.

Knochenbruch mit Gelenkverwickelung.

Epiphysentrennung.

**Italics indicate that the disease in question should not be registered in this Section. The proper place is shewn by the number which follows

1212. Dislocation of radius and ulna.

1213. , carpus.

1214. , metacarpus.

1215. , phalanges of thumb.

State if individual bones are dislocated.

1216. ,, fingers.

(Note.—In all cases of dislocation, state the direction, also whether partial or complete, simple or compound.)

1217. Avulsion of part or whole of limb.

1218. Gun-shot wound.

- a. Without fracture.
- b. With fracture. (State site.)

Injuries of the Lower Extremities.

- 1219. Contusion.
- 1220. Sprain.

(Specify the joint injured.)

- 1221. Internal derangement of knee-joint.
 - a. Slipped semilunar cartilage.
 - b. Other derangements.
- 1222. Wound.

(Specify structures injured.)

1223. Wound involving joint, bursa, or theca.

- 1224. Fracture involving joint.
- 1225. Separation of epiphysis.

	LATIN EQ.	French.	German.
1226.	Ossis flexura, sive fractura imperfecta.	Courbure de l'os.	Knocheniufraktion.
1227.	Femoris fractura.	Fracture du fémur.	Bruch des Ober- schenkels.
	Cervicis femoris.	Du col.	Des Schenkelhalses.
	i. Impacta.	i. A vec fixation	i. Eingekeilter,
	ii. Non impacta.	des fragments. ii. Sans fixation des fragments.	ii, Nicht einge- keilter,
1228.	Patellae fractura.	Fracture de la rotule.	Bruch der Kniescheibe.
1229.	Tibiae fractura.	" du tibia.	Schienbeinbruch.
1230.	Fibulae fractura.	" du péroné.	Bruch des Waden- beins.
	Tibiae fibulaeque fractura.	" du tibia et du péroné.	,, des Schien- beins und des Waden- beins.
1232.	Tarsi, metatarsi, aut phalangium fractura.	" du tarse, du métatars e o u d e s phalanges des orteils.	" des Tarsus, des Metatarsus, und der Zehenglieder.
1233.	Femoris dislocatio.	Luxation du fémur.	Verrenkung des Oberschenkels.
1234.	Patellae dislocatio.	" de la rotule.	Verrenkung der Kniescheibe.
1235.	Tibiae dislocatio, imperfecta aut perfecta.	,, du tibia (partielle ou com- plète).	Verrenkung des Schienbeins.
1236.	Fibulae dislocatio.	" du péroné.	Verrenkung des Wadenbeins.
	a. Extremitatis superioris.	a, De l'extrêmité supérieure,	a, Des oberen Endes.
	b. Extremitatis inferioris.	b. De l'extrêmité inférieure,	b. Des unteren Endes,
1237.	Pedis dislocatio.	Luxation du pied.	Fussverrenkung.
	a. Tibiâ fibulâque fractis.	a. A.vec fracture du tibia et du péroné,	a, Mit Schienbein- und Wadenbein- bruch.
	b. Fibulâ solum fractâ.	b. Avec fracture du péroné seul.	b. Mit Bruch des Wadenbeins.
1238.	Pedis sub astragalo dislocatio.	Luxation sous-astrag- alienne.	Verrenkung unter dem Talus.
1239.	Astragali dislocatio.	Luxation de l'astragale.	Verrenkung des Talus.

Italies indicate that the disease in question should not be registered in this Section. The proper place is shewn by the number which follows.

1226. Green-stick fracture or bending of bone.

1227. Fracture of femur.

Of neck.

- i. Impacted.
- ii. Unimpacted.
- 1228. Fracture of patella.
- 1229. . tibia.
- 1230. " fibula.
- 1231. .. tibia and fibula.

1232. Fracture of tarsus, metatarsus, or phalanges.

(Note.—In all cases of fracture, state whether simple, compound, comminuted, or incomplete; whether impacted, or involving joint; whether by direct or indirect violence, or by muscular action; also part of bone broken.)

- 1233. Dislocation of femur.
- 1234. ,, patella.
- 1235. ,, tibia (partial or complete).
- 1236. ,, fibula.
 - a. Of upper end.
 - b. Of lower end.
- 1237. Dislocation of foot.
 - a. With fracture of tibia and fibula.
 - b. With fracture of fibula only.
- 1238. Subastragalar dislocation.
- 1239. Dislocation of astragalus.

LATIN EQ.

- 1240. Calcanei dislocatio.
- 1241. Aliorum tarsi ossíum dislocatio.
- 1242. Metatarsi ossium et phalangium dislocatio.

FRENCH.

- Luxation du calcanéum.
- Luxation des autres os du tarse.
- Luxation des os du métatarse et des phalanges.

GERMAN.

- Verrenkung des Fersenbeins.
- Verrenkung anderer Fussknochen.
- Verrenkung der Mittelfuss- und der Zehenknochen.

- 1243. Membri avulsio aut partim aut tota.
- 1244. Ex tormentorum pilis vulnus.
 - a. Sine ossis fraoturâ.
 - b. Cum fracturâ.

Arrachement d'un e partie de membre ou d'un membre entier.

- Blessure par arme à feu.
 - a. Sans fracture.
 - b. Avec fracture.

Ausreissen des ganzen Gliedes oder eines Teils.

Schusswunde.

- a. Ohne Bruch.
- b. Mit Bruch.

Italics indicate that the disease in question should not be registered in this Section. The proper place is shewn by the number which follows.

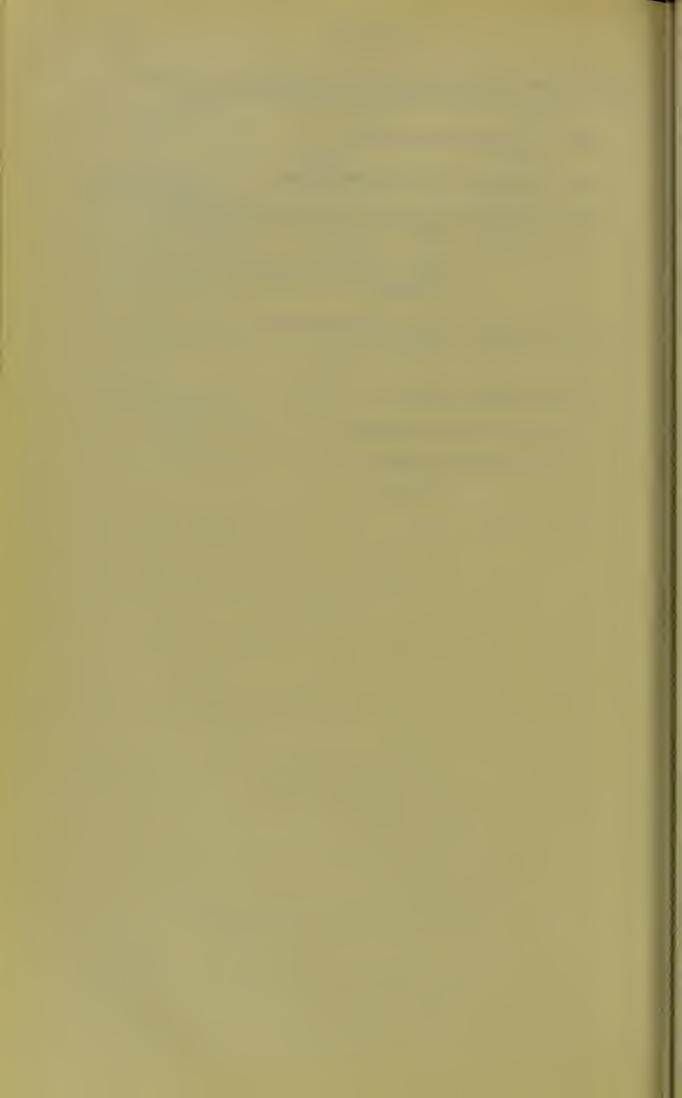
- 1240. Dislocation of os calcis.
- 1241. Dislocation of other tarsal bones.

State if individual bones are injured.

1242. Dislocation of bones of metatarsus and phalanges.

(Note.—In all cases of dislocation, state the direction, also whether partial or complete, simple or compound.)

- 1243. Avulsion of part or whole of limb.
- 1244. Gun-shot wound.
 - a. Without fracture.
 - b. With fracture. (State site.)



APPENDIX.

SURGICAL OPERATIONS.

OPERATIONS ON TUMOURS.

Removal by excision, enucleation, curetting, ligature, or similar methods.

Destruction by cautery, parenchymatous injection, electrolysis, exposure to x-rays.

State method of operation, site of the tumour and its nature, according to list of tumours, p. 335.

OPERATIONS ON CYSTS.

State the kind of cyst and its situation.

Removal by enucleation or excision.

Treatment by—

- (a) incision and plugging, with or without erasion, or application of a caustic to the wall.
- (b) free incision and drainage.
- (c) tapping or aspiration, with or without drainage, or injection.

OPERATION FOR ABSCESS.

State the site.

Acute abscess.

Incision.

Chronic abscess.

Incision and drainage.

,, with erasion and subsequent closure.

,, ,, ,, drainage.

Excision.

Aspiration, with or without injection.

REMOVAL OF FOREIGN BODIES.

State nature and situation of foreign body and method employed for its removal.

OPERATIONS ON ARTERIES.

Ligature.

State the material used, form of knot, and number of ligatures. State whether applied so as to leave the coats undivided, or so as to divide the internal and middle coats, and whether the vessel was divided between ligatures.

Temporary constriction.

Arteriotomy (blood-letting from an artery).

OPERATION FOR ANEURYSM.

Ligature of artery or arteries on proximal side.

Ligature on distal side.

Excision of sac.

Compression-

Of artery on proximal side—digital, instrumental, or both.

Of sac, either direct or by flexion.

Artificial coagulation of blood-

- (a) by insertion of foreign bodies into sac.
- (b) by acupuncture and scraping sac.
- (c) by galvano-puncture.
- (d) by subcutaneous injection of chemical agents.
- (e) by stasis.

Incision for suppuration around sac.

OPERATIONS ON VEINS.

Phlebotomy.

Ligature.

Excision.

Transfusion.

Infusion of saline or other fluid.

For varices—

Partial or complete excision.

Ligature of vein on proximal side.

Excision when thrombosed.

OPERATIONS FOR ARREST OF HÆMORRHAGE.

Compression, direct or indirect.

Ligature of bleeding point, or of artery on the proximal side.

Lateral ligature of vein.

Suture of artery.

Torsion of artery.

Occlusion by pressure-forceps.

Cauterisation.

Application of styptics.

Chemical, mechanical, thermal, animal.

Acupressure.

OPERATIONS ON LYMPHATICS.

Removal of lymphatic glands.

- (a) by excision.
- (b) by curetting.

Removal of lymphatic nevus.

Removal of varicose lymphatic vessels.

Anastomosis with vein.

OPERATIONS ON NERVES.

Division of nerve trunk—Neurotomy.

Excision of a portion of nerve trunk-Neurectomy.

Uniting a divided nerve-Neurorrhaphy.

Uniting separate nerve trunks.

Stretching of a nerve.

Removal of a nerve ganglion.

Nerve grafting.

OPERATIONS ON THE SKIN AND SUBCUTANEOUS TISSUES.

Plastic operations for cicatrices and congenital malformations.

Injection of paraffin.

Skin grafting.

State method.

Cupping.

Introduction of a seton.

Hypodermic injection.

State nature and amount of fluid injected.

Vaccination.

Curetting.

Linear scarification.

Cauterisation.

OPERATIONS ON BONES.

Specify the bone.

Incision of periosteum.

Osteotomy-linear, cuneiform.

Correction of deformity by fracture (Osteoclasis).

Wiring or otherwise uniting recent fractures or ununited fractures.

Grafting of bone.

Removal of sequestra.

Excision, partial or complete.

Evacuation of an abscess.

Enucleation of a new growth.

Removal of a tuberculous lesion.

OPERATIONS ON JOINTS.
Specify the joint.

Reduction of dislocation.

State method and whether for recent or old dislocation.

Passive movement.

Tapping or aspiration, with or without injection or irrigation.

Incision, with or without drainage.

Arthrectomy.

Excision, partial or complete.

Arthrodesis.

Removal of moveable bodies.

Fixation or removal of interarticular cartilages.

Operation for congenital dislocation.

State method.

OPERATIONS ON MUSCLES, TENDONS, AND FASCIÆ.

Specify the part.

Myotomy.

Tenotomy.

Union of a divided tendon.

State whether in a recent wound or after cicatrisation.

Union of a healthy muscle or tendon with the tendon of a paralysed muscle.

Grafting of a tendon.

Lengthening or shortening of a tendon.

Division of fasciæ or of aponeuroses,

Division of cicatricial adhesions.

AMPUTATIONS.

State the condition on account of which the amputation was performed, and if for injury, whether (a) primary, (b) intermediate, (c) secondary.

State the seat of the amputation or disarticulation. State also the method.

OPERATIONS ON THE SKULL.

State the condition on account of which the operation was performed.

Trephining or removing portions of skull.

Excision of portion of skull for microcephaly.

Elevation of depressed bone.

OPERATIONS ON THE BRAIN AND MENINGES.

Removal of clots or foreign bodies.

Excision of portions of cortex.

Excision of intracranial tumours.

Evacuation of intracranial abscess.

Paracentesis of cerebral ventricles.

Drainage of cerebral ventricles.

Injection of antitoxin.

*OPERATIONS ON THE SPINE AND SPINAL CORD AND MENINGES.

Lumbar puncture of subarachnoid space with or without drainage.

Injection into subarachnoid space.

Removal of neural arches. Laminectomy.

Removal of clots, sequestra, or foreign bodies.

Evacuation of intraspinal abscess.

Excision of intraspinal tumour.

Operations for spina bifida.
State method.

Removal of coccyx.

OPERATIONS ON THE FACE.

For restoration of nose. Rhinoplasty.

- ,, restoration of lips. Cheiloplasty.
- " hare lip.
- " salivary fistula.
- " relief of various acquired deformities.

OPERATIONS ON THE EYE AND ITS APPENDAGES. OPERATIONS ON THE EYELIDS.

For ectropion.

- " entropion.
- . trichiasis.
- " symblepharon and ankyloblepharon.
- " restoration of eyelid. Synonym, Blepharoplasty.
- " ptosis.
- " lengthening palpebral fissure. Synonym, Canthoplasty.
- ,, shortening palpebral fissure. Synonym, Canthor-rhaphy.
- " uniting the lids. Synonym, Blepharoplasty.
- ,, obliteration of conjunctival sac.
- , trachoma.
- " new growth.

OPERATIONS ON THE OTHER APPENDAGES OF THE EYE,

For strabismus.

- ", pterygium.
- " epiphora.
- ,, diseases of lacrymal sac and lacrymal obstruction.

For diseases of lacrymal gland.

" abscess, aneurysm, and tumour of orbit.

OPERATIONS ON THE EYEBALL.

Making artificial pupil.

State the method.

Iridectomy.

Iridotomy.

Sclerotomy, anterior or posterior.

For anterior or posterior synechia.

For conical cornea.

Tattooing cornea.

Corneal section or cauterisation for ulcer.

Paracentesis.

Peritomy.

Needling for solution of lens.

Extraction of lens.

Laceration of opaque capsule.

Extraction of opaque capsule.

Extraction of foreign bodies.

State method.

For staphyloma.

Evisceration of eyeball.

Excision of eyeball.

Excision of contents of orbit.

Optico-ciliary neurotomy.

For detachment of retina.

OPERATIONS ON THE MOUTH.

For salivary calculus.

,, ranula.

Division of fraenum of tongue.

Removal of tongue, partial or complete, with or without removal of neighbouring parts.

Excision of uvula.

Removal of tonsils.

For cleft palate.

Staphylorrhaphy; Uranoplasty.

State method and extent of operation.

DENTAL OPERATIONS.

Extraction.

Filling.

Other dental operations.

State nature of operation.

OPERATIONS ON THE NOSE AND ACCESSORY SINUSES.

For deviation of nasal septum.

- " septal ecchondrosis, spur, and exostosis.
- " removal of nasal polypus.
- " epistaxis.
- " correction of acquired deformity.

Operations on maxillary, ethmoidal, sphenoidal, or frontal sinuses.

State nature of operation.

Removal of the turbinated bodies, partial or complete.

Removal of hypertrophic mucous membrane from inferior turbinated bones.

Application of electric cautery.

OPERATIONS ON THE NASO-PHARYNX.

Removal of adenoid growths.

Removal of nasal or naso-pharyngeal growths (through the natural passages, through palate, or by temporary or partial resection of maxilla).

OPERATIONS ON THE EAR AND ACCESSORY CAVITIES.

For prominent auricle.

" auricular fissure.

Removal of polypus, or granulations.

Removal of exostosis.

Removal of hyperostosis.

Removal of wax, or foreign bodies.

Perforation of membrana tympani.

Ossiculectomy.

Inflation of tympanum.

Catheterisation of Eustachian tube.

Perforation of mastoid cells.

For acute suppurative otitis media.

Perforation of membrana tympani.

Opening of mastoid antrum.

Removal of infected mastoid cells.

For chronic suppurative otitis media.

Removal of membrana tympani and of the bone, so as to throw into one the mastoid antrum, attic, tympanum, and mastoid cells.

For labyrinthine suppuration.

Removal of infected portion of petrous bone (in addition to preceding operation).

Removal of infected thrombi from lateral sinus, and from internal jugular vein, by ligature and ablation of the latter.

OPERATIONS ON THE LARYNX AND TRACHEA.

Intubation of larynx.

Laryngotomy.

Tracheotomy.

Laryngo-tracheotomy.

Supra-thyroid laryngotomy (sub-hyoid pharyngotomy).

Thyrotomy.

Scarification.

Curetting.

Removal of laryngeal growths.

State method.

Removal of epiglottis.

Excision of larynx, unilateral or bilateral, partial or complete.

State method.

OPERATIONS ON THE THYROID BODY.

Tapping or aspiration of cysts, with or without injection.

Enucleation of cysts or adenomata.

Removal of one lobe of the gland.

Division or excision of isthmus.

Removal of malignant growths.

OPERATIONS ON THE PHARYNX AND ŒSOPHAGUS.

Pharyngotomy. (Lateral, supra-hyoid, sub-hyoid.)

Passage of an esophageal bougie.

Introduction of tubes (to be retained) in stricture.

Dilatation of a stricture.

Œsophagotomy.

Excision of an esophageal diverticulum.

Œsophagostomy.

OPERATIONS ON THE BREAST.

For cyst or benign tumour.

Excision of breast.

Excision of breast with axillary glands and adjacent structures.

State exact extent of operation.

OPERATIONS ON THE THORAX.

Paracentesis of pericardium.

Incision and drainage of pericardium.

Suture of the cardiac wall.

Paracentesis of pleura.

Incision and drainage of pleura. Thoracotomy.

Removal of a part of the thoracic wall for closure of an empyemic cavity. Thoracoplasty.

Exploration of lung.

" " pleura.

" " mediastinum.

Excision of lung.

Operation for hydatid of lung.

Incision and drainage of pulmonary cavity.

Transthoracic incision for drainage of sub-diaphragmatic or hepatic abscess or cyst.

OPERATIONS ON THE ABDOMEN.

Paracentesis or tapping.

Abdominal section. Synonyms, Laparotomy; Coliotomy. State for what purpose.

Operations on the stomach—

Washing out stomach.

Gastrorrhaphy.

Gastroplasty.

Gastrotomy.

Gastrostomy.
State method.

State method.

Gastro-gastrostomy.

Dilatation of orifice of stomach.

Pyloroplasty.

Pylorectomy.

Gastrectomy, partial or complete.

Operation for gastric or duodenal ulcer.

Operation for perforated gastric or duodenal ulcer.

Operation for hæmatemesis.

Gastro-enterostomy.

State method.

Operations on the intestines—

Enterotomy.

Enterostomy.

Suture of intestine. Enterorrhaphy.

Excision of portions of intestine.

a. Enterectomy.

b. Colectomy.

Colotomy.

State whether inguinal, transverse, or lumbar.

Intestinal anastomosis.

State what parts of bowel were united.

Operations for intestinal obstruction.

State seat, nature, and duration of the obstruction, and the method of operation.

Operations for disease of the vermiform appendix.

Excision of the appendix.

a. In the acute stage.

b. During a quiescent period.

Opening and drainage of abscess.

With removal of appendix.

Operations for external hernia.

State nature and situation of hernia.

a. For strangulation.

b. For radical cure.

State method.

Operations on the liver.

Suture.

Fixation.

For cirrhosis.

For abscess.

For hydatid cyst.

Excision of portions of liver.

Operations on the gall bladder and bile ducts-

Cholecystotomy.

Cholecystostomy.

Cholecystectomy.

Cholecystenterostomy.

State portion of bowel anastomosed.

Choledochotomy.

Operations on the spleen—

Suture.

Fixation.

Splenectomy.

Operations on the kidney—

Suture.

Puncture.

Nephrotomy.

Nephro-lithotomy.

Nephrectomy.

State method.

Nephrorrhaphy.

Decapsulation.

Operations on the ureters—

Catheterisation.

Ureterotomy.

Uretero-lithotomy.

State whether abdominal, vaginal, or rectal route.

Ureteroplasty.

Diversion of an ureter.

OPERATIONS ON THE RECTUM AND ANUS.

State methods.

For congenital malformations.

For anal fistula.

For recto-vesical, recto-urethral, or recto-vaginal fistula.

For anal fissure or ulcer.

For hæmorrhoids.

For polypus.

For prolapse.

For non-malignant stricture.

Dilatation of sphincter.

State indication.

Excision of rectum, partial or complete.

OPERATIONS ON THE BLADDER.

Suture.

Sounding.

Cystoscopy.

Supra-pubic puncture, by aspirator or trochar.

Cystotomy, supra-pubic, perineal, or vaginal.

State indication and method.

Lithotomy.

State method.

Lithotrity.

Litholaplaxy.

Excision of bladder, partial or complete.

State indication.

Plastic operations for extro-version.
State nature.

OPERATIONS ON THE PROSTATE.

Removal of calculus.

Removal of the prostate, partial or complete (prostatectomy).

State method.

OPERATIONS ON THE URETHRA.

Passing of a catheter or sound.

Suture of ruptured urethra.

Urethroscopy.

Dilatation of stricture.

State method.

Urethrotomy.

- a. Internal.
- b. External.
 State seat of operation.

Perineal section.
State method.

Excision of stricture.

Operation for extravasation of urine.

Operation for urethral fistula.

Removal of calculus or foreign body from urethra.

Dilatation of female urethra.

State indication.

OPERATIONS ON THE MALE GENERATIVE ORGANS.

Circumcision.

Amputation of penis, partial or complete.
With removal of inguinal glands.

For epispadias.

For hypospadias.

For phimosis.

For paraphimosis.

For displaced, or undescended testis.

For torsion of spermatic cord.

For varicocele.

For hydrocele.

State method.

For hæmatocele.

State method.

Removal of testis.

Removal of epididymis.

Removal of vas deferens, partial or complete.

Excision of seminal vesicles.

OPERATIONS ON THE FEMALE GENERATIVE ORGANS.

Operations involving Abdominal Section or Puncture.

Paracentesis of ovarian cyst or cyst in broad ligament.

Ovariotomy (single or double). Removal of ovary enlarged by new growth.

Oöphorectony (single or double). Removal of ovary. State reason for removal and condition of the ovary.

Ligature of Fallopian tube.

Removal of uterine appendages (single or double).

State disease.

Removal of cyst in broad ligament.

Drainage of cyst or abscess in connection with uterine appendages.

Removal of fœtus in ectopic gestation.

State details as to removal of placenta or fœtal sac.

Removal of uterus. Synonym. Abdominal hysterectomy.

- a. Partial. Synonym. Supra-vaginal hysterectomy.
- b. Complete. Synonym. Pan-hysterectomy.

 Note.—In non-pregnant condition only. State disease.

Removal of a pedunculated myoma or enucleation of a sessile one from uterus.

Ventral fixation of uterus.

Shortening of round ligament for retro-version.

Operations by the Vagina, or Vulva.

Removal of whole uterus. Synonym, Vaginal hysterectomy.

State disease.

Removal of whole uterus by combination of the vaginal and abdominal methods.

Removal of whole cervix uteri. Synonym, Supravaginal amputation.

State disease.

Removal of vaginal portion of cervix uteri.
State disease.

Removal of uterine appendages, either with or without uterus.

Vaginal fixation of uterus.

Enucleation of submucous myoma.

Removal of polypus.

State kind and situation.

Replacement of inverted uterus.

Curetting of uterus.

Plugging of uterus.

Dilatation of cervical canal.

Canalisation of imperforate cervix uteri.

Division of cervix uteri.

Repair of lacerated cervix uteri.

Removal of new growth of vagina.
State nature of growth.

Removal of septum of double vagina.

Dilatation of vagina.

State cause of stenosis.

Canalisation of imperforate vagina.

State cause of atresia.

Narrowing of vagina. Synonym, Colporrhaphy.

State condition requiring operation.

Evacuation of fluid collected in pelvis.

State nature of fluid evacuated.

Repair of fistula into uterus or vagina.

- · a. Urinary.
 - b. Fæcal.

Plugging of vagina.

Evacuation of retained menstrual fluid.

State situation of the fluid, and the cause of its retention.

Repair of ruptured perineum.

Dilatation of hymen.

Removal of hymen.

Amputation of clitoris.

State condition requiring its removal.

Removal of urethral caruncle.

- " Bartholin's gland for cyst.
- ,, new growth of vulva.

 State nature and situation of growth.
- " hypertrophied nymphæ or labia.

OBSTETRIC OPERATIONS.

Not necessarily involving injury to mother or fœtus.

Application of fillet to fotal head.

- " lever. Synonym, Vectis.
- " forceps.

Version. Synonym, Turning.

Podalic or cephalic.

State method (external, internal, or combined (bipolar)).

Rectification of misplaced feetal head.

Disengagement of locked twins.

Involving destruction of fœtus.

Perforation of feetal head. Synonym, Craniotomy.

Application of crotchet to feetal head.

, craniotomy-forceps.

Removal of vault of feetal skull. Synonym, Cranioclasm.

Crushing of feetal head. Synonym, Cephalotripsy.

Decapitation.

Division of spinal column. Synonym, Spondylotomy.

Paracentesis of fœtus.

Evisceration.

Division of double monsters.

Involving Surgical Injury to the Mother.

Cæsarean section.

Excision of pregnant uterus. Synonym, Porro's operation.

Delivery of fœtus through abdomino-vaginal incision. Synonym, Laparo-elytrotomy.

Symphyseotomy.

Other obstetric operations.

Induction of abortion.
State method.

Induction of premature labour.

State method.

Forced delivery.
State method.

Division of vulvar orifice.

Puncture of membranes.

Dilatation of cervix uteri.

State method,

Dilatation of vagina.

State method.

Plugging of cervix uteri.

" vagina.

Evacuation of uterus.

State indication, such as hydatid mole, imperfect abortion, retention of placenta, retention of membranes, missed labour.

Separation of placenta (partial or complete).

Separation and extraction of placenta and membranes after delivery.

State method.

Replacement of inverted uterus.

Evacuation of hæmatoma of vulva.

Suture of ruptured perineum.

TUMORUM IN CLASSES DISTRIBUTIO.

QUIBUS IN CLASSIBUS INCLUDUNTUR NEOPLASMATA MALIGNA ET NON MALIGNA, ATQUE CYSTES.

I.—NEOPLASMATA NON MALIGNA QUÆ CONFORMATIONE SUA SPECIEM ALIQUAM TELÆ CONNEXIVÆ AD NORMAM CONTEXTÆ REFERUNT.

Total Mark Miller 1.			
	LATIN EQ.	French.	GERMAN.
1.	Lipoma.	Lipome.	Lipom. Fettge- schwulst.
	a. Circumscriptum.	a. Circonscrit.	a. Umschriebenes.
	b. Diffusum.	b. Diffus.	b. Diffuses.
	c. Naevolipoma.	c. Nævo-lipome.	c. Nävolipom.
	d. Fibrolipoma.	d. Fibro-lipome.	d. Fibrolipom.
2.	Fibroma.	Fibrome.	Fibrom. Faserge-schwulst.
	a. Durum.	a. Dur.	a. Hartes.
	Tumor cheloides.	Chéloïde.	Keloid. Syn.,
	7 75 77 93		Knollenkrebs.
	b. Molle.	b. Mou.	b. Weiches.
		Fibromes multiples et diffus.	Von vielfacher oder diffuser Art.
	Molluscum fibro-	Molluscum	Molluscum
	sum. Neurofibroma-	fibreux.	fibrosum.
	tosis.	Neuro-fibro- matose.	Ne u ro fi bro- matose.
	c. Myxofibroma.	c. Myxo-fibrome.	c. Myxofibrom.
-3.	Chondroma.	Chondrome.	Chondrom. Knorpel- geschwulst.
	a. Osteochondroma.	a. Ostéo-chondrome.	a. Osteochondrom.
	b. Myxochondroma.	b. Myxo-chondrome.	b. Myxochondrom.
- <u>1</u> .	Osteoma.	Ostéome.	Osteom. Knochen- geschwulst.
	a. Spongiosum.	a. Exostose spongoïde.	a. Spongiöser Knoch- enauswuchs.
			Vielfacher Kuoch- enauswuchs.
	b. Compactum.	b. Exostose éburnée.	b. Elfenbeinartiger Knochenaus- wuchs.
·5.	Odontoma.	Odontome.	Odontom. Zahnge- schwulst.
	a. Dentis radicis. I.v., Dentis exostosis.	a. Exostose dentaire.	a. Odontoma radi- culare.

CLASSIFICATION OF TUMOURS,

COMPRISING BENIGN AND MALIGNANT NEW GROWTHS, AND CYSTS.

GROUP I.—BENIGN TUMOURS COMPOSED OF ONE OF THE MODIFICATIONS OF FULLY DEVELOPED CONNECTIVE TISSUE.

- 1. LIPOMA. Fat.
 - (a) Circumscribed.
 - (b) Diffuse.
 - (c) Naevo-lipoma.
 - (d) Fibro-lipoma.
- 2. FIBROMA. Fibrous tissue.
 - (a) Hard or firm fibroma. Cheloid.
 - (b) Soft Fibroma.

 Multiple and diffuse forms.

Molluscum fibrosum.

Neurofibromatosis.

- (c) Myxo-fibroma.
- 3. CHONDROMA. Synonym, ENCHONDROMA. Cartilage.
 - (a) Osteo-chondroma.
 - (b) Myxo-chondroma.

Note.—Malignant forms of tumour containing cartilage should not be returned under these headings.

- 4. OSTEOMA. Bone.
 - (a) Cancellous. Synonym, Spongy exostosis.

 Multiple exostosis.
 - (b) Compact. Synonym, Ivory exostosis.
- 5. Odontoma. Dental tissues.
 - (a) Connected with an otherwise normally developed tooth.

Radicular odontoma. Synonym, Dental exostosis.

LATIN EQ.
b. Odontoma compositum.

FRENCH.
b. O composé.

GERMAN.
b. Dentinoïd.

6. Myxoma.

Myxome.

Myxom. Schleimgewebsgeschwulst. Gliom.

7. Glioma.

Gliome.

II.—NEOPLASMATA NON MALIGNA QUÆ CONFORMATIONE SUA TELAS CORPORIS MINUS SIMPLICES ALIQUATENUS REFERUNT.

1. Myoma.

Myome.

Myom. Muskelgeschwulst.

a. Leiomyoma.

a. A fibres lisses.

a. Leiomyom.

Fibromyoma.

Fibromyome, Tumeur fibreuse de l'utérus.

Gebärmutterfasergeschwulst.

b. Rhabdomyoma.

b. A fibres striées.

b. Rhabdomyom.

2. Neuroma.

Névrome.

Neurom. Nervengeschwulst.

a. Medullatum.

a. Nerf blanc.

a. Markhaltiges.

b. Non medullatum.

b. Nerf gris.

b. Markloses.

c. Ganglionare.

c. Ganglion.

c. Ganglionisches.

3. Hæmangioma.

Angiome. Syn.

Angiom. Gefässgeschwulst.

a. Capillare.

a. Des capillaires.

a. Kapilläres.

Nævus hyper-

Nævus maternel.

Muttermal.

b. Venosum.

trophique.
b. Veineux.

Hypertrophisches.

v. venosum.

c. Artériel.

c. Arterielles.

b. Venöses.

c. Arteriale.

Aneurysma cirsoideum.

Anévrysme cirsoïde. Aneurysma cirsoideum.

4. Lymphangioma.

Lymphangiome.

Lymphangiom. Saug-

Macroglossia.

Vaisseaux lymphatiques. Macroglossie.

Makroglossie.

adergeschwulst.

5. Lymphoma.

Lymphome.

Lymphom. Lymph-drüsengeschwulst.

(b) Or various dental tissues, unconnected with a normal tooth.

Composite odontoma. Epithelial odontoma.

- 6. MYXOMA. Mucous tissue.
- 7. GLIOMA. Neuroglia.

Note.—Sarcomatous tumours should not be returned under this head.

- GROUP II.—BENIGN TUMOURS RESEMBLING IN STRUCTURE, MORE OR LESS CLOSELY, ONE OF THE MORE SPECIALISED TISSUES OF THE BODY.
 - 1. MYOMA. Muscle.
 - (a) Unstriped. Synonym, Leiomyoma. Fibromyoma, Uterine fibroid.
 - (b) Striped. Synonym, Rhabdomyoma.
 - 2. NEUROMA. Nervous tissue.
 - (a) Medullated nerve.
 - (b) Non-medullated nerve.
 - (c) Ganglionic neuroma.
 - 3. Hæmangioma. Synonym, Angioma. Blood vessels.
 - (a) Capillary.

Port-wine stain, Mother's mark.

Hypertrophic capillary naevus.

- (b) Venous. Synonym, Cavernous naevus.
- (c) Arterial.

 Cirsoid aneurysm.
- 4. Lymphangioma. Synonym, Lymphatic naevus. Lymphatic vessels.

Macroglossia.

See also Cystic hygroma (p. 343).

5. LYMPHOMA. Lymphatic gland tissue.

III.—NEOPLASMATA NON MALIGNA QUORUM AUT EPITHELIUM AUT ENDOTHELIUM PROPRIUM EST.

LATIN EQ.	FRENCH.	GERMAN.
1. Papilloma.	Papillome.	Papillom. Warzenge- wächs.
	a. Type cutané.	a. Zur Haut gehörig.
	Verrues.	Warzen.
Cornu cutaneum.	Cornes cutanées.	Hauthörner.
b. Villosum.	b. Type villeux.	b. Villoses
Vesicale.	De la vessie.	Der Blasen.
Intestini.	De l'intestin.	Des Darms.
Ductuum.	D'un conduit.	Der Gänge.

0 1 7		
2. Adenoma.	Adénome.	Adenom. Drüsen- geschwulst.
a. Adenofibroma.	a. Adéno-fibrome.	a. Drüsenfaserge- schwulst.
b. Adenomyxoma.	b. Adéno-myxome.	b. Drüsenschleim- gewebsge- schwulst.
c. Cystadenoma.	c. Cystadénome.	c. Cystadenom.
Papilliferens.	Papillifère (de l'ov- aire ou autre glande).	Mit Papillen.
3. Endothelioma.	Endothélioma.	Endotheliom.
a. Lymphendothelioma.	a. Lymphatique.	a. Lymphendotheliom.
b. Hæmendothelioma.	b. Vasculaire.	b. Hämendotheliom.
Psammoma.	. Psammome.	Psammom. Sandge- schwulst.

IV.—SARCOMA.

(non- Peritheliom.

Périthélioma

malin).

4. Perithelioma.

NEOPLASMATA MALIGNA QUÆ EX CELLULIS QUALES IN EMBRYONE INVENIUNTUR CONSTANT, ET NONNUNQUAM IN TELAM ALIQUAM CONNEXIVAM VERTI SOLENT.

1. Ex cellulis rotundis.	Sarcome à petites cellules.	Rundzellensarkom.
2. Lymphosarcoma.	Lympho-sarcome.	Lymphosarkom. Syn., Pseudoleukämie.

3. Ex cellulis fusiformibus. Sarcome à cellules fusibus. Spindelzellensarkom. formes.

GROUP III.—BENIGN TUMOURS OF WHICH EPITHELIUM OR ENDOTHELIUM FORMS AN ESSENTIAL CONSTITUENT.

1. Papilloma.

(a) Of Cutaneous type.

Warts.

Cutaneous horns.

(b) Of Villous type.

Vesical.

Intestinal.

Duct.

Note. — Carcinomatous forms should not be returned under this head.

2. ADENOMA.

- (a) Adeno-fibroma.
- (b) Adeno-myxoma.
- (c) Cyst-adenoma.

 Papilliferous (of ovary or other glands).

3. ENDOTHELIOMA.

- (a) Lymph-endothelicma.
- (b) Hæm-endothelioma.

 Psammoma.
- 4. Perithelioma (non-malignant).

GROUP IV.—SARCOMA.

MALIGNANT TUMOURS OF THE CONNECTIVE TISSUE SERIES,
BUT COMPOSED OF CELLS OF EMBRYONIC TYPE, SOMETIMES TENDING TO DEVELOP INTO ONE OF THE FORMS
OF CONNECTIVE TISSUE.

- 1. ROUND-CELLED SARCOMA.
- 2. LYMPHO-SARCOMA. Synonyms, MALIGNANT LYMPHADENOMA, (Lymphatic tissue).
- 3. Spindle-celled Sarcoma.

LATIN EQ.

Carcinoma

villosum.

6. Deciduoma malignum.

I.v., Chorionepithelioma, Syncytioma.

vesicæ

HATIN EQ.	FRENCH.	Capacia
4. Ex cellulis ingentibus.	Sarcome à grandes cell- ules.	GERMAN. Riesenzellensarkom.
Sarcoma myeloides.	Sarcome myéloïde.	Myelom.
5. Sarcoma pigmenta- tum.	Sarcome mélanique.	Melanosarkom.
6. Sarcomatum genera teligenetica.	Variétès de sarcome formant tissus di- vers.	Gewebsbildendes Sar- kom.
a. Fibrosarcoma.	a. Fibro-sarcome.	a. Fibrosarkom.
o. Myxosarcoma.	b. Myxo-sarcome.	b. Myxosarkom.
c. Chondrosarcoma.	c. Chondro-sarcome.	c. Chondrosarkom.
$d.~\mathrm{Osteosarcoma.}$	d. Ostéo - s a r c o m e . Syn ., Sarcome ossifiant.	d. Osteosarkom.
e. Sarcoma osteoides.	e. Sarcome ostéoïde.	e. Sarcoma osteoides.
	ET ENDOTHELIOM	A MALIGNUM.
NEOPLASMATA MALIC	GNA QUORUM AUT	EPITHELIUM AUT
ENDOT	HELIUM PROPRIUM	EST.
1. Carcinoma ex cellulis rotundis.	Carcinome à cellules spheroïdales.	Drüsenkrebs.
a. Carcinoma encephaloides.	a. Carcinome encéph- aloïde.	a. Enkephaloid krebs. Syn., Markschwamm.
b. Carcinoma durum.	b. Carcinome dur. Syn., Squirrhe.	b, Scirrhus.
c. Carcinoma coll- oides.	c. Carcinome colloïde.	c. Kolloidkrebs.
$d.~{ m Carcinoma~myxom-} \ { m atodes.}$	d. Carcinome myxo- mateux.	d. Carcinoma myxoma- todes.
2. Ex cellulis squamosis.	Carcinome squameux. Syn., Epithélioma.	Epitheliom.
3. Ulçus rodens.	Epithélioma superficiel cutané. Syn., Ulcus	Fressendes Geschwür.
4. Carcinoma ex cellulis cylindricis.	rodens. Carcinome à cellules cylindriques.	Zylinderzellenkrebs.
Cystocarcinoma proliferens.	Carcinome papilli- fère kystique.	Cystokarzinom mit. Papillen,
5. Ex cellulis intermediis.	Carcinome villeux de la vessie.	Übergangszellen- krebs.
CONTRACTOR OF TAXABLE PROPERTY.		VALLOGON MARCHANISMON

Déciduome malin.

Villoser Blasenkrebs.

Deciduoma malignum.

- 4. GIANT-CELLED SARCOMA.

 Myeloid sarcoma.
- 5. MELANOTIC SARCOMA.
- 6. TISSUE-FORMING VARIETIES OF SARCOMA.
 - (a) Fibro-sarcoma.
 - (b) Myxo-sarcoma.
 - (c) Chondro-sarcoma.
 - (d) Osteo-sarcoma. Synonym, Ossifying sarcoma.
 - (e) Osteoid sarcoma.

GROUP V.—CARCINOMA AND MALIGNANT ENDOTHELIOMA.

MALIGNANT TUMOURS, OF WHICH EPITHELIUM OR ENDO-THELIUM FORMS THE ESSENTIAL CONSTITUENT.

- 1. SPHEROIDAL-CELLED CARCINOMA.
 - (a) Encephaloid carcinoma. With little stroma.
 - (b) Scirrhus, or hard carcinoma. With dense fibrous stroma.
 - (c) Colloid carcinoma. With mucoid degeneration of cells.
 - (d) Carcinoma myxomatodes. With stroma of mucous tissue.
- 2. SQUAMOUS-CELLED CARCINOMA. Synonym, EPI-THELIOMA.
- 3. RODENT ULCER.
- 4. COLUMNAR-CELLED CARCINOMA. Synonym, Co-LUMNAR EPITHELIOMA.

Papilliferous cystic carcinoma.

- 5. Transitional-celled carcinoma.
 Villous carcinoma of bladder.
- 6. DECIDUOMA MALIGNUM. Synonyms, CHORION-EPITHELIOMA, SYNCYTIOMA.

LATIN Eo.

- 7. Endothelioma malignum.
 - a. Sarcoma alveolare.
 - b. Sarcoma plexiforme.
 - c. Angios arcoma,.
 I.v., Perithelioma malignum.

FRENCH.

Endothélioma malin.

- a. Sarcome alvéolaire.
- b. Sarcome plexiforme.
- c. Angio-sarcome.

GERMAN.

Bösartiges Endotheliom.

- a. Alveolarsarkom.
- b. Sarkoma plexiformes.
- c. Angiosarkom,

VI.—TERATOMA.

- 1. Neoplasma glandulæ parotidis aut palati mixtum.
- 2. Rhabdomyoma renum.
- 3. Neoplasma testiculi mixtum.
- 4. Neoplasma sacrococcygeale.
- 5. Epignathus.
- 6. Cystis der moides ovarii aut testiculi.

- Tumeur mixte de la parotide ou du palais.
- Rhabdomyosarcome du rein.
- Tumeur mixte du testicule.
- Tumeur sacro-coccygienne.

Epignathe.

Kyste dermöide de l'ovaire ou du testicule. Mischgeschwulst der Ohrspeicheldrüse oder des Gaumens.

Nierenrhabdomyosarkom.

Mischgeschwulst des Hodens.

Sakralgeschwulst.

Epignathus.

Dermoidgeschwulst des Eierstocks oder des Hodens.

VII.—CYSTES.

- 1. Cystes quae ex structuris normiter perstantibus oruintur.
 - a. Cystis glandularis.

Galactocele.

Spermatocele.

Cystis mucosa.

Ranula.

- b. Cystis sebacea, sive follicularis. Iv., Cystis atheromatosa.
- c. Cystis serosa.

Hygroma cysticum.

Kystes ayant leur origine dans une structure perma-nente.

a. Glandulaires.

Galactocèle.

Spermatocèle.

Kyste muqueux.

Grenouillette.

- b. Sébacés ou folliculaires. Syn., Loupes.
- c. Des espaces lymphatiques.

Hygrome kys-tique.

Cysten in normal beständigem Gewebe entstanden.

a. Drüsencyste.

Milchcyste.

Samencyste.

Schleimcyste.

Ranula.

- b. At her omencyste Syn, Balgige-schwulst.
- c. Seröse Cysten.

Hygroma cysticum.

7. MALIGNANT ENDOTHELIOMA.

- (a) Alveolar sarcoma.
- (b) Plexiform sarcoma.
- (c) Angio sarcoma. Synonym, Malignant perithelioma.

GROUP VI.—TERATOMA.

MIXED TUMOURS REPRESENTING EITHER (1) THE WHOLE OR PART OF A SECOND INDIVIDUAL, OR (2) A PORTION OF TISSUE FORMED ABERRANTLY OR MISPLACED DURING DEVELOPMENT.

- 1. MIXED TUMOUR OF PAROTID, PALATE, &c.
- 2. RHABDO MYOSARCOMA OF KIDNEY.
- 3. MIXED TUMOUR OF TESTICLE.
- 4. Sacro-coccygeal tumour.
- 5. Epignathus.
- 6. DERMOID OR TERATOMATOUS CYST OF OVARY OR TESTICLE.

GROUP VII.—CYSTS.*

- 1. Cysts arising in normally permanent structures.
 - (a) Glandular. arising in acini or ducts.

Galactocele.

Spermatocele.

Mucous cyst.

Ranula.

- (b) Sebaceous or follicular. Synonym, Atheromatous cyst or wen.
- (c) Cysts arising in lymphatic spaces. Synonym, Serous cysts.

Cystic hygroma.

[•] For parasitic cysts, see list of animal parasites, p. 384.

LATIN EQ.

- 2. Cystes'ingenitæ.
 - a. Cystis dermoides.
 - b. Branchialis.
 - c. Thyrolingualis.
 - d. Parovarii.
 - e. Cystis in tubâ Fallopii supernumcrariâ.
 - f. In organo Giraldès.
 - g. Urachatis.
 - h. Funiculi hydrocele.
 - i. In canale Nuck.
 - j. In intestino post

FRENCH.

- Kystes d'origine congénitale.
 - a. Dermoïdes.
 - b. Des branchies.
 - c. Thyro-linguaux.
 - d. Du parovaire.
 - e. De la trompe de Fallope accessoire.
 - f. De l'organe de Giraldès.
 - g. De l'ouraque.
 - h. Hydrocèle funiculaire.
 - i. Du canal de Nuck.
 - j. Du canal post-anal.

GERMAN. Angeborene Cysten.

- a. Einstülpung s d e rmoidcyste.
- b. Branchial cyste.
- b. Thyrolingualcyste.
- d. Parovarialcyste.
- e. Cystc eines acces sorischen Eileiters.
- f. Cyste des Giraldes'chen Organ.
- g. Urachuscyste.
- h. Samenstranghydrocele.
- i. Cyste des Nuck'schen Kanals.
- j. Cyste von dem post-analen Darm ausgehend.

2. CYSTS OF CONGENITAL ORIGIN.

- (a) Sequestration dermoid.
- (b) Branchial.
- (c) Thyro-lingual.
- (d) Parovarian.
- (e) Of accessory Fallopian tube.
- (f) In organ of Giraldés.
- (g) Urachal.
- (h) Funicular hydrocele.
- (i) In canal of Nuck.
- (j) Of post-anal gut.

DEFORMITATES INGENITAE.

I.

DEFORMITATES EX EVOLUTIONE INCONFECTA ORTAE.

A.

PARTES QUAE COALESCERE DEBUERANT DISSOCIATAE.

Cranium imperfecte clausum.

- a. Cum Meningocele.
- b. Cum Encephalocele aut Hydrencephalocele.

Malae fissura.

Partium oculi (iridis, tunicae scleroticae, retinae) aut palpebrarum fissura.

Labri superioris fissura.

- a. Labrum leporinum simplex; laterale (naribus affectis aut intactis); medium.
- b. Labrum leporinum duplex.

Palati fissura.

- a. Duri.
- b. Mollis.
- c. Uvulae fissura.

Labri inferioris fissura.

Linguae fissura.

Sterni fissura.

MALFORMATIONS.*

T.

MALFORMATIONS RESULTING FROM INCOMPLETE DEVELOPMENT.

Α.

THE INCOMPLETE DEVELOPMENT RESULTING IN THE WANT OF COALESCENCE OF PARTS WHICH SHOULD BECOME CONJOINED.†

Defective closure of the skull.

- a. With Meningocele.
- b. With Encephalocele, or Hydrencephalocele.

Fissure of the cheek.

- " parts of the eye (iris, choroid and ciliary processes, sclerotic, retina) or eyelids.
- " " upper lip.
 - a. Single harelip; lateral (extending or not into nostril); median.
 - b. Double harelip.
- " " palate.
 - a. Hard
 - b. Soft.
 - c. Uvula.
- ", ", lower lip.
- ", ", tongue.

Fissure of the sternum.

^{*} The list given under this title is limited to such malformations as are congenital, those acquired after birth being classified under the diseases of the several organs concerned. Certain congenital forms may be acquired during feetal life as a result of antenatal disease, but no attempt has been made to separate such from other kinds.

^{† (}For malformations of this variety affecting particular organs, see the following group "B.")

Thoracis fissura (cum viscerum herniâ sive ectopiâ, aut sine herniâ).

Diaphragmatis fissura (cum viscerum herniâ aut sine herniâ).

Abdominis fissura (cum viscerum herniâ aut sine herniâ).

Symphysis pubis fissura (cum viscerum herniâ aut sine herniâ).

Symphysis pubis atque vesicae parietis anterioris fissura cum extroversione et epispadiade.

Epispadias.

Hypospadias cum scroti fissurâ aut sine fissurâ; cum utero sociata, aut sine utero.

Spina bifida.

a. Sine prutrusione.

Spina bifida occulta.

Canale vertebrali aperto.

b. Cum protrusione.

Meningocele spinalis.

Meningomyelocele.

Hydromyelocele. I.v., Syringomyelocele.

В.

ORGANORUM EVOLUTIO SINGULARIUM INCONFECTA.

(1.) NERVORUM APPARATUS.

Anencephalia.

Cerebrum imperfecte evolutum.

Medulla spinalis aut imperfecta aut nulla.

Fissure of the thoracic wall (with or without hernia or ectopia of viscera).

- " diaphragm (with or without hernia of viscera).
- ,, abdominal wall (with or without hernia or ectopia of viscera).
- ", pubic symphysis (", ").
- " pubic symphysis and anterior wall of the urinary bladder with extroversion of the latter, and accompanying epispadias.

Epispadias.

Hypospadias, with or without fissure of the scrotum; and with or without uterus.

Spina bifida; Fissure of the spinal column.

a. Without protrusion.

Spina bifida occulta.

With open condition of the vertebral canal.

b. With protrusion.

Spinal meningocele.

Meningo-myelocele.

Hydromyelocele. Synonym, Syringomyelocele.

(Specify the region involved.)

В.

Incomplete Development affecting the several Organs, etc.

(1.) NERVOUS SYSTEM.

Brain absent (Anencephaly).

Brain incompletely developed. (Name parts defective, e.g., cerebellum.)

Spinal cord absent or imperfect (as in some forms of spina bifida).

(2.) SENSUUM SINGULARIUM ORGANA.

Globi aut exigui aut nulli.

Globi coaliti (Cyclops).

Palpebrae aut omnino aut partim conjunctae.

Palpebrae aut exiguae aut nullae.

Ptosis ingenita.

Auricula aut imperfecta aut nulla.

Meatus externus aut imperfectus aut nullus.

Auris media aut imperfecta aut nulla.

Auris interna aut imperfecta aut nulla!

Nasus aut imperfectus aut nullus.

Nares aut imperfectae aut nullae.

(3.) APPARATUS VASCULARIS (AUT SANGUINIS AUT LYMPHAE).

Cordis absentia.

Cordis apex bifidus.

Cordis cava ex septorum defectione pauciora.

- a. Singulae auriculae cum singulis ventriculis.
- b. Singulae auriculae cum binis ventriculis.
- c. Binae auriculae eum singulis ventriculis.

Septa imperfecta.

Septum interauriculare.

Foramen ovalc perstans.

b. Septum interventriculare.

Ostia aut obstructa aut imperfecta.

- a. Ostium aurieuloventriculare dextrum
- b. Ostium pulmonale.
- c. Ostium auriculoventriculare sinistrum.
- d. Ostium aorticum.

(2.) ORGANS OF SPECIAL SENSE, AND THEIR APPENDAGES.

Globes (one or both) absent or diminutive.

Globes coalesced and median (Cyclops).

Eyelids completely or incompletely united.

Eyelids small or absent.

Congenital ptosis.

External ear absent or imperfect.

Meatus externus absent, fissured, or imperfect.

Middle ear absent or imperfect.

Internal ear absent or imperfect.

Nose absent or imperfect.

Nares imperfect or closed.

(3.) VASCULAR SYSTEM (BLOOD AND LYMPH).

Heart absent (acardiac twin).

,, apex bifid.

Cavities of heart numerically deficient through absence of septa.

- a. One auricle and one ventricle.
- b. One auricle and two ventricles.
- c. Two auricles and one ventricle.

Septa incomplete.

a. Inter-auricular.

Foramen ovale persistent.

b. Inter-ventricular.

Orifices obstructed or imperfect.

- a. Right auriculo-ventricular.
- b. Pulmonary.
- c. Left auriculo-ventricular.
- d. Aortic.

Cordis valvulae imperfectae, aut valvularum segmenta pauciora

Foramen ovale praemature clausum.

Aortae arteriaeque pulmonalis capita inter se transposita.

" " communia.

Arcūs aortici stenosis. I.v., Coartatio.

Ductus arteriosus praemature clausus.

Arteriarum ortus aut dispositio abnormis.

Venae abnormes.

Pericardium aut imperfectum aut nullum.

Ductus thoracis absens.

(4.) RESPIRATIONIS APPARATUS.

Pulmonum absentia (alterutrius aut utriusque).

Pulmonum lobi aut pauciores aut exigui.

Larynx aut imperfecta aut nulla.

Trachea aut imperfecta aut nulla, aut cum oesophago communicans.

(5.) APPARATUS PEPTICUS.

Dentes aut imperfecti aut nulli.

Buccarum fissura praelonga aut brevior aut nulla.

Labrorum absentia.

Lingua frenata.

Pharynx imperforata (cum Agnathiâ sociata).

Oesophagus impervius, segmento inferiore cum tracheâ communicante aut praecluso.

Ventriculus in partes constrictus.

Cardiac valves imperfect; or with diminished number of segments.

Foramen ovale prematurely closed.

*Origins of aorta and pulmonary artery transposed.

* common.

Stenosis of aortic arch. Synonym, Coarctation.

Ductus arteriosus prematurely closed.

Abnormal origin and course of arteries.

Abnormalities of the veins.

Pericardium absent or defective.

Thoracic duct absent (as in general fætal dropsy).

(4.) RESPIRATORY SYSTEM.

Lung absent (one or both).

Lobes of lung deficient in number or size.

Larynx absent or imperfect.

Trachea absent or imperfect, or opening into asophagus.

(5.) DIGESTIVE SYSTEM.

Teeth deficient or imperfectly developed (see section "Teeth").

Buccal fissure abnormally long, small, or absent.

Lips absent.

Tongue tied.

Pharynx imperforate (associated with Agnathia).

Œsophagus; atresia, the lower segment communication or not with the trachea.

Stomach divided by constrictions.

^{*} Note associated malformations of cavities.

Intestinum aut in sacculis productum, aut coartatum, aut impervium, aut interruptum.

Appendix absens.

Intestinum rectum aut imperforatum aut nullum.

Intestinum cum urethrâ, aut cum vesicâ aut vaginâ aut fossâ naviculari cummunicans; aut in scroto aut abnormiter in perinaeo apertum.

Anus aut coartatus aut imperforatus.

Cloaca persistens.

Jecur aut exiguum aut cum lobis abnormibus.

Cystis fellea absens.

Jecoris ductus impervii.

Pancreas absens.

Pancreas duodenum cingens.

(6.) URINAE APPARATUS.

Renes aut exigui aut nulli.

Renes multifidi.

Renes in unum conjuncti.

Vesica in duos saccos constricta.

Ureteres aut constricti aut impervii aut nulli.

Urethra aut coartata aut impervium.

(7.) GENITALIA VIRILIA.

Praeputii defectio.

Phimosis.

Paraphimosis.

Penis aut pusillus aut nullus.

Testiculi (alterutrius aut utriusque) absentia; testiculus pusillus (in scroto aut male positus).

Intestine sacculated, narrowed, impervious, or interrupted.

Appendix vermiformis absent.

Rectum imperforate or absent.

Intestine opening abnormally (into urethra, bladder, vagina, fossa navicularis, or through scrotum or perineum).

Anus narrowed or imperforate.

Cloaca persistent.

Liver absent or abnormally small, or abnormally lobed.

Gall-bladder absent.

Biliary ducts impervious.

Pancreas absent.

encircling duodenum.

(6.) URINARY SYSTEM.

Kidney (one or both) diminutive or absent.

Kidney lobulated.

Horse-shoe kidney.

Bladder constricted to form two cavities.

Ureters absent, constricted, or impervious.

Urethra narrowed, or closed.

(7.) MALE ORGANS OF GENERATION.

Prepuce absent.

Phimosis.

Paraphimosis.

Penis diminutive or absent.

Testicle (one or both) absent; diminutive (descended, or undescended).

Testis inversio.

Glandula prostata aut exigua aut nulla.

(8.) GENITALIA MULIEBRIA.

Mamma absens.

Papilla aut deformis aut nulla.

Ovarium aut pusillum aut nullum.

Uterus aut pusillus aut nullus.

- " unicornis.
- " bicornis, unicollis.
- " " duplex.
- " septus, cum vaginae duplicitate aut sine duplicitate.

Tubae Fallopii aut exiguae aut constrictae aut nullae.

Vaginae totius aut partis absentia.

Vagina constricta aut imperforata.

Hymen imperforatus.

Labia adhaerentia.

Corporis perinealis absentia.

Vulva aut exigua aut nulla.

(9.) HERMAPHRODITISMUS.

Glandulae viriles cum glandulis muliebribus sociatae.

(10.) GLANDULAE SINE DUCTILUS.

Glandula thyroidea aut exigua aut nulla.

Splen aut exiguus aut nullus.

Uorpora adrenalia aut exigua aut nulla.

Testicle inverted.

Prostate small or absent.

(8.) FEMALE ORGANS OF GENERATION.

Mamma absent.

Nipple flat or otherwise deformed, or absent.

Ovary small or absent.

Uterus small or absent.

- .. unicornis.
- " bicornis, unicollis.
- " duplex.
- " septus, with or without duplication of vagina.

Fallopian tubes absent, small, or constricted.

Vagina absent in whole or in part.

" constricted or imperforate.

Hymen imperforate.

Labia adherent.

Perineal body absent.

Vulva absent or arrested in growth.

(9.) HERMAPHRODITISM.*

Co-existence of male and female sexual glands.

(10.) OF THE DUCTLESS GLANDS.

Thyroid absent or small.

Spleen ,, ,

Adrenals ,, ,,

^{*} The term "false hermaphroditism" is sometimes used to denote cases where sex is rendered ambiguous by reason of aberrations in the external organs or generative passages.

(11.) MEMBRA.

Membra aut exigua aut nulla; radii aut tibiae aut] [fibulae absentia.

Digitorum cohaesio.

Membrorum cohaesio.

Foetus sireniformis.

(12.) OSSA ATQUE MUSCULI.

Vertebrae lumbaris quintae arcūs fissura; cum spondylolisthese.

Vertebra lumbaris quinta ad vertebram ossis sacri] primam assimilata.

Pelvis aut exigua, aut obliqua, aut aliter imperfecta.

Radius aut ossa alia exigua aut nulla.

Musculi aut exigui aut nulli.

(13.) HUJUS GENERIS ALIAE DEFORMITATES.

Axis craniofacialis imperfecta.

Caput aut rude aut nullum.

Trunci absentia.

Placenta aut duplicata aut succenturiata aut in duos lobos constricta.

Funis in placentam abnormiter insertus.

II.

STRUCTURAE QUAE EVANESCERE DEBUERANT PERSISTENTES.

Arteria hyaloidea persistens.

Ductus vitellinus persistens.

(11.) LIMBS.

Limbs absent, small, or defective in certain segments or as to certain bones, e.g., radius, tibia, fibula.

Webbing of digits.

Webbing of limbs.

Sireniform fœtus.

(12.) SKELETON AND MUSCULAR SYSTEM.

Fissure of arch of fifth lumbar vertebra, with or without spondylolisthesis.

Assimilation of fifth lumbar to sacral vertebra; or of first coccygeal to fifth sacral.

Pelvis small, oblique, or otherwise imperfect.

Radius, or other bones, small or absent.

Muscles absent, small, etc.

(13.) OTHER MALFORMATIONS OF THIS CLASS.

Deficiency of cranio-facial axis, in its different forms.

Head absent or rudimentary (acephalous or microcephalous acardiac fœtus).

Trunk absent (acormous acardiac fœtus).

Placenta double, succenturiate, bilobed.

Umbilical cord—variations in vessels, irregular insertion into placenta.

II.

ABNORMAL PERSISTENCE OF STRUCTURES WHICH SHOULD NORMALLY DISAPPEAR OR UNDERGO OBLITERATION.

Persistent hyaloid artery.

, (vitelline duct Meckel's diverticulum).

(State length, abnormal connections; opening or not at the umbilicus.)

Intestinum post anum persistens.

Ductus thyrolingualis persistens.

Canalis eraniopharyngealis persistens.

Sacculus branchialis (sacculus pharyngealis).

Cystis branchialis.

Fistula branchialis.

Urachus persistens.

Processus vaginalis persistens.

Ductus Müller (alter aut uterque) in mare persistens.

"Gärtner (alter aut uterque) persistens.

Uterus in mare persistens.

Ductus arteriosus pervius.

Vena cava superior sinistra persistens.

Lanugo persistens.

III.

DEFORMITATES QUAE IN FOETU UNO EX PARTIUM FORMATIONE NIMIS NUMEROSA CONSTANT.

Hirsuties.

Ungues supernumerarii.

Vertebra supernumeraria, perfecta aut imperfecta.

Costae supernumerariae.

Digiti supernumerarii (parte membri vicinâ duplicatâ).

Persistent post-anal gut.

- ,, thyro-glossal duct. (State position.)
- ,, cranio-pharyngeal canal.

Branchial pouch (Pharyngeal pouch).

- " cyst.
- .. fistula.

Persistent urachus (cavity communicating or not with that of the bladder; opening or not at the umbilicus).

Processus vaginalis persistent, in whole or in part, in male: in female (Canal of Nuck).

Müller's duct (one or both) persistent in male.

Gärtner's duct (one or both) persistent.

Uterus, in male, with or without hypospadias.

Ductus arteriosus pervious.

Left superior vena cava persistent.

Lanugo persistent (one form of hirsuties).

III.

Malformations resulting from Numerical Excess in the Formation of Parts in a Single Fœtus.

Supernumerary hair (hirsuties).

- ,, nails.
- ,, vertebræ, complete or incomplete.
- " ribs.
- " digits.

(With duplication of the adjacent parts of the limb.)

Phalanx in pollice supernumeraria.

Puncta lacrymalia supernumeraria.

Pupillae supernumerariae.

Dentes supernumerarii.

Valvularum cordis segmenta supernumeraria.

Ostia auriculoventricularia supernumeraria.

Epiglottis supernumeraria.

Bronchi supernumerarii.

Pulmonum lobi supernumerarii.

Jecoris lobi supernumerarii.

Pancreas supernumerarium.

Splen supernumerarius.

Glandula thyroidea supernumeraria.

Corpus adrenale supernumerarium.

Renes aut renum pelvis supernumerarii.

Ureter supernumerarius.

Vesica supernumeraria.

Testiculus supernumerarius.

Penis supernumerarius.

Ovarium supernumerarium.

Tuba Fallopii supernumeraria.

Uterus et vagina supernumerarii.

Clitoris supernumeraria.

Nymphae supernumerariae.

Mamma supernumeraria.

Papilla supernumeraria.

Supernumerary phalanx in thumb.

- " puncta lacrymalia.
- " pupils.
- .. teeth.
- segments of cardiac valves.

(Auriculo - ventricular, pulmonary, aortic.)

- ,, auriculo-ventricular apertures.
- ,, epiglottis.
- .. bronchi.
- " lobes of lung.
- " lobes of liver.
- " pancreas.
- " spleen.
- ,, thyroid.
- .. adrenal.
- ,, kidneys, or renal pelvis.
- " ureter.
- ., bladder.
- .. testicle.
- " penis.
- " ovary.
- " Fallopian tube, in whole or in part.
- " uterus and vagina (see Group I. B.).
- ,, clitoris.
- ", nymphæ.
- " mamma.
- " nipple.

IV

FOETUS DUPLEX.

A.

Partibus duplicatis equaliter aut fere equaliter evolutis.

Foetubus conjunctis:

- a. Capite.
- b. Cervice.
- c. Thorace.
- d. Abdomine.
- e. Pelve.

Partes in numero redactae.

Oculi ad tres aut duos redacti.

Aures ad tres aut duas redactae.

Nasi ad unum redacti.

Ora ad unum redacta.

Cranium ad unum redactum aut partim aut in toto.

Medulla spinalis ad unam redacta aut partim aut in toto.

Membra superiora ad tria aut dua redacta.

Membra inferiora ad tria aut dua redacta.

Genitalia externa redacta aut imperfecta.

Apparatus nervorum centrales ad unum redacti aut partim aut in toto.

Thoracis aut abdominis viscera redacta aut partim aut in toto.

В.

Foetus duplex; foetu altero perfecte evoluto (autositus), altero imperfecte (parasitus, teratoma).

IV.

DOUBLE MALFORMATIONS.*

A.

The doubled parts being equally or fairly equally developed.

The individuals united:

- a. By head.
- b., neck.
- c., thorax.
- d., abdomen.
- e. " pelvis.

Reduction of parts or organs:

Eyes reduced to three or two.

Ears ,, ,, ,,

Nose single.

Mouth ,

Cranium single in whole or part.

Spinal cord single in whole or part.

Upper limbs reduced to three or two.

Lower limbs ,, ,, ,,

External genitals single or aberrant.

Central nervous system single in whole or part,

Thoracic and abdominal viscera single in whole or part.

(For list of malformations occurring in a single fœtus see previous lists.)

В.

Double malformations; one individual perfect (autosite), the other an appendage in which parts of a second individual admit of identification—trunk, limbs, head;

^{*} Usually regarded as due to the misdevelopment of homologous twins. In the following scheme of classification it is assumed for descriptive purposes that the double malformation is ideally represented by two individuals, the upper extremities, and likewise the lower, being four in number. The expression "reduced" means, therefore, that certain of the fully doubled parts in the ideal malformation are diminished in number; this may be with or without evidence of coalescence or fusion.

C.

Foetus triplex.

V.

PARTIUM DISLOCATIO ET POSITURA ABNORMIS IN FOETU.

Viscera inter se transposita, aut in thorace aut in abdomine aut in utroque cavo.

Intestinum aut appendix vermiformis male posita.

Ren mobilis aut male positus.

Testiculus non descensus aut male positus.

Ovarium male positum.

Uteri prolapsus.

Talipes.

Genu recurvatum.

Dislocatio ossium ingenita.

or the second individual without definite anatomical form (teratoma, e.g., sacral, epignathic, or within the thoracic or abdominal cavity, or in the viscera).

C

Triple malformations.

V.

CONGENITAL DISPLACEMENTS AND UNUSUAL POSITIONS OF PARTS OF THE FŒTUS.

Transposition of viscera: thoracic, abdominal, or both.

Intestine, or vermiform appendix, abnormally placed.

Kidney moveable or in abnormal position.

Testicle undescended or in abnormal position.

Ovary in abnormal position.

Prolapsus uteri.

Talipes. For varieties, see p. 257.

Genu recurvatum.

Congenital dislocations.

VENENA.

METALLA ET SALES METALLICI.

LATIN EQ. FRENCH. GERMAN. 1. Antimonium. Antimoine. Antimon. 2. Arsenicum. Arsenic. Arsen. Névrite arsénicale. Neuritis durch Arsenvergiftung. Arsenneuritis. 3. Barium. Barium. Barium. 4. Bismuthum. Bismuth. Wismut. 5. Chromium. Chrome. Chrom. a. Potassii bichromas. a. Bichromate de a. Doppeltchrompotasse. saures Kali. b. Chromate b. Plumbi chromas. de b. Chromsaures plomb. Bleioxyd. c. Acide chromique. c. Acidum chromie. Chromsäure. cum. Cuivre. 6. Cuprum. Kupfer. 7. Ferrum. Fer. Eisen. 8. Plumbum. Plomb. Blei. a. Colique saturnine. a. Bleikolik. Syn., Colique des peintres. b. Paralysie saturb. Bleilähmung. nine. c. Convulsions saturc. Irresein durch Blei. nines. d. Cachéxie saturd. Bleikachexie. nine. e. Blauer Rand des e. Liseré bleu des gencives. Zahnfleisches. Quecksilber. 9. Hydrargyrum. Mercure. a. Tremblement mera. Quecksilberzitcuricl. tern. b. Entzündung des b. Stomatite mer curiclle. Mundes durch Quecksilber.

c. Folie mercurielle.

Potassium.

10. Potassium.

c. Irresein durch Quccksilber.

Kalium.

POISONS.

In returning cases of poisoning, it should be stated what the precise agent was, and also whether the case was one of acute or of chronic poisoning

METALS AND THEIR SALTS.

- 1. Antimony.
- 2. Arsenic.

Arsenical neuritis.

- 3. Barium.
- 4. Bismuth.
- 5. Chromium.
 - a. Potassium bichromate.
 - b. Lead chromate. Synonym, Chrome yellow.
 - c. Chromic acid.
- 6. Copper.
- 7. Iron.
- 8. Lead.

Special forms of plumbism.

- a. Lead colic. Synonym, Painter's colic.
- b. Lead palsy.
- c. Lead insanity and convulsions.
- d. Lead cachexia.
- e. Blue line on gums.
- 9. Mercury.
 - a. Mercurial tremor.
 - b. Mercurial stomatitis.
 - c. Mercurial insanity.
- 10. Potassium.

LATIN EQ. FRENCH. GERMAN. 11. Argentum. Argent. Silber. Argyrie. 12. Uranium. Uranium. Uran. 13. Zincum. Zinc. Zink. ALCALIA CAUSTICA. 1. Ammonia. Ammoniaque. Ammoniak. 2. Calx. Chaux. Kalk. 3. Potassa. Potasse. Kali. 4. Soda. Sonde. Natrou. 5. Sales alcalini. Sels alcalins. Alkalische Salze. METALLIS SIMILIA ET EX EIS COMPOSITA. 1. Bromum. Brome. Brom. 2. Soda et calx chlo-Soude et chaux chlo-Chlornatron und rata. rurées. Chlorkalk. 3. lodum. Iode. Iod.

4. Phosphorus. Phosphore.

a. Nécrose des alvéoles dentaires et de la mâchoire.
b. Dégénérescence

b. Dégénéres cence graisseuse du foie et d'autres organes.

5. Selenium.

Potassii oxalas acida.

Sélénium.

Phosphor.

a. Phosphorentzündung und -nekrose der Alveolen.

b. Fettige Entartung der Leber und anderer Organen.

Selen.

ACIDA ET SALES ACIDI.

1. Acidum aceticum. Acide acétique. Essigsäure.

2. Acidum hydro- Acido chlerhydrique. Salssäure.

2. Acidum hydro- Acide chlorhydrique. Salzsäure. chloricum.

3. Acidum hydrofluori- Acide fluorhydrique. Fluorwasserstoffsäure.

4. Acidum nitricum. Acide nitrique. Salpetersäure.

5. Acidum oxalicum. Acide oxalique. Oxalsäure.

Oxalate de potasse acide. Syn., Sel Kali. Syn., Klee-salz.

11. Silver.

Argyria.

- 12. Uranium.
- 13. Zinc.

CAUSTIC ALKALIES.

- 1. Ammonia.
- 2. Lime.
- 3. Potash.
- 4. Soda.
- 5. Alkaline salts.

NON-METALS AND THEIR COMPOUNDS.

- 1. Bromine.
- 2. Chlorinated soda and chlorinated lime.
- 3. Iodine.
- 4. Phosphorus.
 - a. Phosphoric necrosis of the dental alveoli and jawbone.
 - b. Fatty degeneration of the liver and other organs.
- 5. Selenium.

ACIDS AND ACID SALTS.

- 1. Acetic acid.
- 2. Hydrochloric acid. Synonym, Spirits of salts.
- 3. Hydrofluoric acid.
- 4. Nitric acid. Synonym, Aqua fortis.
- 5. Oxalic acid.

Acid potassium oxalate. Synonym, Salt of lemon; salt of sorrel.

		0,2	
	LATIN EQ.	FRENCH.	GERMAN.
6.	Acidum phosphoricum.	Acide phosphorique.	Phosphorsäure.
7.	Acidum phosphoro- sum.	Acide phosphoreux.	Phosphorige Säure.
8.	Acidum sulphuricum.	Acide sulfurique. Syn., Vitriol.	Schwefelsäure.
	a. Indigi sulphas.	a. Sulfate d'indigo.	a. Indigosch wefel- säure.
	b. Potassii aut Sodii bisulphas.	b. Bi-sulfate de potasse ou de soude.	b. Saurcs schwefel- saures Kali oder Natron.
	c. Alumen.	c. Alun.	c. Alaun.
9.	Acidum tartaricum.	Acide tartrique.	Weinsteinsäure.
		ORGANICA.	
1	Medicamenta anti-	A 21 11.7 A	
	pyretica.	Acétanilide, Antipy- rine, et autres com- posés du même genre.	Antipyretische Heilmittel.
2.	Alcohol.	Alcool.	Alkohol.
3.	Anilina.	Aniline.	Anilin.
		Teintures aniliques.	Anilinfarben.
4.	Benzoleum.	Benzol. Syn., Benzine.	Benzol.
5.	Acidum carbolicum.	Phénol.	Carbolsäure.
6.	Chloralis hydras.	Hydrate de chloral.	Chloralhydrat.
7.	Chloroformum.	Chloroforme.	Chloroform.
8.		Cordite (explosif employé par l'armée anglaise).	
9.	Aether.	Ether.	Äther.
10.	Acidum hydrocyani-	Acide cyanhydrique.	Blausäure.
	a. Ole um amyg- dalæ amaræ.	a. Huile (essence) d'amandes amères.	a. Bittermandelöl.
	b. Aqua laurocerasi.	b. Eau de laurier- cerise.	b. Kirschlorbeerwasser.
	c. Potassii cyani- dum.	c. Cyanure de potas- sium et autres cyanures.	c. Cyankalium.
11.	Nitrobenzoleum.	Nitrobenzol ou nitro- benzine.	Nitro-benzol.
12.	Nitroglycerinum.	Nitroglycérine.	Nitro-glycerin.
13.	Petroleum.	Pétrole et paraffine liquide.	Petroleum.
	Acidum picricum. I.v., Acidum carbazoticum.	Acide picrique.	Pikrinsäure.
15.	Resorcina.	Résorcine.	Resorcin.
16.	Sulphonal et alia medicamenta hyp- notica.	Sulfonal et autres composés du même genre.	Sulphonal und andere hypnotische Mittel.

- 6. Phosphoric acid.
- 7. Phosphorous acid.
- 8. Sulphuric acid. Synonym, Oil of vitriol.
 - a. Sulphate of indigo.
 - b. Potassium bisulphate; sodium bisulphate.
 - c. Alum.
- 9. Tartaric acid.

ORGANIC SUBSTANCES.

- 1. Acetanilide, Phenazone (Antipyrin), and allied drugs. (Specify name.)
- 2. Alcohol.
- 3. Aniline.
 Aniline dyes. (Specify name.)
- 4. Benzol. Synonym, Benzene.
- 5. Carbolic acid. Synonym, Phenol.
- 6. Chloral hydrate.
- 7. Chloroform and other chlorinated anæsthetics.
- 8. Cordite.
- 9. Ether.
- 10. Hydrocyanic acid. Synonym, Prussic acid.
 - a. Oil of bitter almonds.
 - b. Laurel water.
 - c. Potassium cyanide and other cyanides.
- 11. Nitro-benzol or nitro-benzene.
- 12. Nitro-glycerin. Synonym, Trinitrin.
- 13. Petroleum and liquid paraffin.
- 14. Pierie acid. Synonym, Carbazotic acid.
- 15. Resorcin.
- 16. Sulphonal, and other hypnotic drugs. (Specify name.)

PLANTARUM VENENA.

	Pi	LANTARUM VENENA.	
	LATIN EQ.	French.	GERMAN.
1.	Artemisia absinthium.	Absinthe.	Wermut.
2.	Physostigma veno- sum.	Fève du Calabar.	Calabarbohne.
		Physostigmine. Syn., Esérine.	Eserin.
3.	Cinnamomum camphora.	Camphre.	Kampher.
4.	Ricinus communis.	Graines de Ricin.	Samen Ricinus (Wunderbaum).
5.	Schoenocaulon officinale.	Cévadille.	Sabadilla.
		Vératrine.	Veratrin.
6.	Erythroxylum coca.	Coca.	Coca.
		Cocaïne.	Kokaïn.
7.	Anamirta cocculus.	Coccule.	Cocculus Indicus (Kockelskörner).
		Picrotoxine.	Pikrotoxin.
8.	Colchicum autum-nale.	Colchique.	Colchicum (Herbstzeitlose).
		Colchicine.	Kolchicin.
9.	Citrullus colocynthis.	Coloquinte.	Koloquinte.
10.	Croton tiglium.	Huile de Croton.	Krotonöl.
11.	Strychnos toxifera.	Curare.	Woorara. Curara.
		Curarine.	Curarin.
12.	Lolium temulentum.	Ivraie.	Lolium temulentum (Taumelloch).
13.	Atropa belladonna.	Belladone.	Belladonna (Toll-kraut).
		Atropine.	Atropin.
		Homatropine.	Homatropin.
14.	Duboisia myoporoides.	Duboisie.	Duboisin.
15.	Ecballium officina-	Elatérium.	Elaterium (Spring- gurkenextrakt).
16.	Euphorbia officina- rum.	Euphorbe.	Euphorbium.

VEGETABLE POISONS.

- 1. Absinth. (ARTEMISIA ABSINTHIUM.—Linnaus.)
- 2. Calabar bean. (PHYSOSTIGMA VENENOSUM.—Balfour.)
 Physostigmine. Synonym, Eserine.
- 3. Camphor.

 (CINNAMOMUM CAMPHORA.—Nees and Ebermaier.)
- 4. Castor-oil seeds. (RICINUS COMMUNIS.—Linnœus.)
- 5. Cevadilla or Sabadilla.

 (SCHŒNOCAULON OFFICINALE.—Asa Gray.)

 Veratrine.
- 6. Coca. (ERYTHROXYLUM COCA.—Lamarck.)
 Cocaine.
- 7. Cocculus indicus. (ANAMIRTA COCCULUS.—Wight and Arnott.)
 Pierotoxin.
- 8. Colchicum. (colchicum autumnale.—Linnæus.)
 Colchicine.
- 9. Colocynth. (CITRULLUS COLOCYNTHIS.—Schrader.)
- 10. Croton oil. (CROTON TIGLIUM.—Linnœus.)
- 11. Curare. Synonyms, Wourali, Urari, (STRYCHNOS TOXIFERA.—Schomburgk.)
 Curarine.
- 12. Darnel. (LOLIUM TEMULENTUM.—Linnæus.)
- 13. Deadly nightshade. Belladonna.

 (ATROPA BELLADONNA.—Linnœus.)

 Atropine.

Homatropine.

- 14. Duboisia. (DUBOISIA MYOPOROIDES.—R. Brown.)
- 15. Elaterium. (ECBALLIUM OFFICINARUM.—A. Richard.)
- 16. Euphorbium.

(EUPHORBIA OFFICINARUM. - Linnaus, and other species.)

17. Acthusa cynapium. 28. Digitalis purpurea. Digitale. Digitaline. Digitaline. Claviceps purpurea. Acthus a cynapium (Hunds petersilie; kleiner Schierling). Digitaline. Claviceps purpurea. Amanita muscaria. Amanita muscaria. Amanita muscaria. Commetibles gatés. Amanita muscaria. And Muscarine. Amanita muscaria. And Muscarine. And Muscarine. Confitiger Mais. Amuscarine. Cutti. (Gummiguttae). Cutti. (Gummiguttae). Celsémine. Gelsemium. Celsémine. Gelsemium. Celsémine. Gelsemium. Celsémine. Celsémine. Celsémine. Celsémine. Celsémine. Celsémine. Celsémine. Celsémine. Celsemine. Celsémine. Celsémin	LATIN Eq.	FRENCH.	GERMAN.
18. Digitalis purpurea. Digitale. Digitaline. Abrut me alige rale set on the star of a set o	17. Aethusa cynapium.	Æthuse.	(Hundspetersilie;
19. Fungi. Claviceps purpurea. Claviceps purpurea. Amanita muscaria. Amanita muscaria. Claviceps purpurea. Amanita muscaria. Amanita muscaria. Claviceps purpurea. Amanita muscaria. Claviceps seigle. Claviceps purpurea. Amanita muscaria. Claviceps seigle. Claviceps purpurea. Amanita muscaria. Claviceps seigle. Cla	18. Digitalis purpurea.	Digitale.	0,
Claviceps purpurea. Amanita muscaria. An Prain et autres Brot. Mutterkorn. C. Giftiger Mais. A Muskarin. C. Giftiger Mais. A brus precatorius. C. Cannabis and indica. Pilokarpin. Abrus precatorius. Abrus precatorius.		Digitaline,	Digitalin.
Amanita muscaria. b, Ergot de seigle. c. Maïs toxique. d. Muscarine, d. Muskarin. 20. Garcinia Hamburyi. Gomme-gutte. Gelsémine. Gelsémine. Gelsémine. Gelsemium. Gelsemium. Gelsemin. 21. Gelsemium sempervirens. Gelsémine. Gelsémine. Gelsemine. Gelsemine. Gelsemine. Gelsemine. 22. Helleborus niger. Ellébore noir. Ellébore blanc. Veratrum album. Ellébore blanc. Veratrum (Weisse Nieswurz). Vératrine. Veratrin. 24. Conium maculatum. Cigùë. Cicutine. Conicine. Conium (Fleckschierling). Koniin. Conanthe crocata. Genanthe safranée. Jusquiame. Hyoscyamine, Hyoscyamin, Hyoscin. 27. Cannabis sativa. Cannabis indica. Syn., Hyoscyamin.	19. Fungi.	Champignons.	Giftige Pilze.
Amanita muscaria. b, Ergot de seigle. c. Maïs toxique. d. Muscarine, d. Muscarine. 20. Garcinia Hamburyi. Gelsemium. Gelsemium. Gelsemium. Gelsemium. Veratra albu us niger (Schwarze Nieswurz). Veratrine. Veratrine. Veratrine. Veratrin. Conium (Fleekschierling). Koniin. Conium (Fleekschierling). Koniin. Genanthe crocata a Rebendolde. Hyoscyamus niger. Hyoscyamine, Hyoscyamine, Hyoscyamine, Hyoscyamine, Hyoscyamine, Hyoscine. Cannabis sativa. Cannabis indica. Syn., Hachich. Gannabis Indica (Indischer Hanf). 28. Pilocarpus jaborandi. Pilocarpine, Pilokarpin. 29. Abrus precatorius. Jéquiriti. Abrus precatorius. Laburnum.	Claviceps purpurea.		
d. Muskarine, 20. Garcinia Hamburyi. Gomme-gutte. Gutti. (Gummi-guttae). 21. Gelsemium sempervirens. Gelsemium. Veratrium album. Ellébore blanc. Veratrum album (Weisse Nieswurz). Vératrine. Veratrin. 24. Conium maculatum. Cigùë. Cicutine. Conicine. Conium (Fleckschierling). Koniin. 25. Oenanthe crocata. Enanthe safranée. Genanthe croca ta Rebendolde. Hyoscyamus (Bilsenkraut). Hyoscyamine, Hyoscyamine, Hyoscyamin. Abrus precatorius. 30. Laburnum vulgare. Cytise. Laburnum.	Amanita muscaria.		
20. Garcinia Hamburyi. Gomme-gutte. Gutti. (Gummi-guttae). 21. Gelsemium sempervirens. Gelsémine. Gelsemium. Helleborus niger (Schwarze Nieswurz). Veratrum album. Veratrum album. Veratrine. Veratrum album (Weisse Nieswurz). Vératrine. Conium (Fleckschierling). Koniin. Connanthe crocata. Enanthe safranée. Genanthe crocata Rebendolde. Hyoscyamus (Bilsenkraut). Hyoscyamine, Hyoscyamin, Hyoscine. Hyoscyamin, Hyoscine. Cannabis indica. Syn., Hyoscyamin. Hyoscin. Cannabis Indica (Indischer Hanf). 28. Pilocarpus jaborandi. Pilocarpine, Pilokarpin. 29. Abrus precatorius. Jéquiriti. Abrus precatorius.		c. Maïs toxique.	c. Giftiger Mais.
guttae). 21. Gelsemium sempervirens. Gelsémine. Gelsémine. Gelsemin. Gelsemin. Gelsemin. Helle borus niger. Ellébore noir. Ellébore blanc. Veratrum album. Vératrine. Veratrum album. Vératrine. Veratrum. Veratrin. Conium (Fleckschierling). Gieutine. Conicine. Conium (Fleckschierling). Koniin. Conanthe crocata. Enanthe safranée. Genanthe crocata Rebendolde. Hyoscyamus niger. Jusquiame. Hyoscyamus (Bilsenkraut). Hyoscyamin. Hyoscine. Cannabis indica. Syn., Hyoscin. Cannabis Indica (Indischer Hanf). Reliccarpine, Pilocarpine, Pilokarpin. Abrus precatorius. Jéquiriti. Abrus precatorius. Cytise.		d. Muscarine,	d. Muskarin.
Virens. Gelsémine. Gelsémine. Gelsemin. Ellébore noir. Ellébore noir. Weratrum album. Ellébore blanc. Veratrum album (Weisse Nieswurz). Vératrine. Veratrin. Cigùë. Cicutine. Conicine. Conium (Fleckschierling). Koniin. Cicutine. Conicine. Wenatrum album (Weisse Nieswurz). Vératrine. Veratrum album (Weisse Nieswurz). Veratrin. Conium (Fleckschierling). Koniin. Denanthe crocata Rebendolde. Hyoscyamus (Bilsenkraut). Hyoscyamine, Hyoscyamine, Hyoscyamin. Hyoscine. Cannabis sativa. Cannabis indica. Syn., Hyoscin. Cannabis Indica (Indischer Hanf). Zer. Cannabis jaborandi. Pilocarpine, Pilokarpin. Abrus precatorius. Jéquiriti. Abrus precatorius.	20. Garcinia Hamburyi.	Gomme-gutte.	
22. Helleborus niger. Ellébore noir. Helleborus niger (Schwarze Nieswurz). 23. Veratrum album. Ellébore blanc. Veratrum album (Weisse Nieswurz). Vératrine. Veratrin. 24. Conium maculatum. Cighë. Cicutine. Conicine. Conium (Fleckschierling). Koniin. 25. Oenanthe crocata. Enanthe safranée. Oenanthe crocata Rebendolde. Hyoscyamus (Bilsenkraut). Hyoscyamine, Hyoscine, Hyoscyamin, Hyoscine. 27. Cannabis sativa. Cannabis indica. Syn., Hyoscin. Cannabis Indica (Indischer Hanf). 28. Pilocarpus jaborandi. Jaborandi. Pilocarpine, Pilokarpin. 29. Abrus precatorius. Jéquiriti. Abrus precatorius. 30. Laburnum vulgare. Cytise.		Gelsémium.	Gelsemium.
23. Veratrum album. Ellébore blanc. Veratrum album (Weisse Nieswurz). Vératrine. Veratrum album (Weisse Nieswurz). Vératrine. Conium (Fleckschierling). Koniin. 25. Oenanthe crocata. Enanthe safranée. Genanthe safranée. Hyoscyamus niger. Jusquiame. Hyoscyamine, Hyoscyamine, Hyoscine. Hyoscyamin. Hyoscine. Cannabis indica. Syn., Hachich. Cannabis Indica (Indischer Hanf). 28. Pilocarpus jaborandi. Pilocarpine, Pilokarpin. 29. Abrus precatorius. Jéquiriti. Abrus precatorius. 30. Laburnum vulgare. Cytise.		Gelsémine.	Gelsemin.
Vératrine. Vératrine. Veratrin. 24. Conium maculatum. Cigùë. Cicutine. Conicine. Cioutine. Conicine. Conium (Fleckschierling). Koniin. Cicutine. Conicine. Conanthe crocata a Rebendolde. Hyoscyamus niger. Jusquiame. Hyoscyamus (Bilsenkraut). Hyoscyamine, Hyoscyamin. Hyoscine, Cannabis indica. Syn., Hyoscin. Cannabis Indica (Indischer Hanf). 28. Pilocarpus jaborandi. Pilocarpine, Pilokarpin. 29. Abrus precatorius. Jéquiriti. Abrus precatorius. Cytise. Laburnum.	22. Helleborus niger.	Ellébore noir.	(Schwarze Nies-
24. Conium maculatum. Cigùë. Cicutine. Conicine. Cinanthe conicine. Cicutine. Conicine. Conium (Fleckschierling). Koniin. Cicutine. Conicine. Conium (Fleckschierling). Koniin. Oenanthe crocata Rebendolde. Hyoscyamus (Bilsenkraut). Hyoscyamine, Hyoscyamine, Hyoscine. Cannabis indica. Syn., Hyoscine. Cannabis Indica (Indischer Hanf). 28. Pilocarpus jaborandi. Pilocarpine, Pilokarpin. 29. Abrus precatorius. Jéquiriti. Abrus precatorius. Conium (Fleckschierling). Koniin. Cannathe crocata Rebendolde. Hyoscyamus (Bilsenkraut). Hyoscyamin, Hyoscine. Cannabis Indica (Indischer Hanf).	23. Veratrum album.	Ellébore blanc.	
Cicutine. Conicine. Cicutine. Conicine. Cicutine. Conicine. Cicutine. Conicine. Cicutine. Conicine. Conicine. Conanthe crocata Rebendolde. Hyoscyamus (Bilsenkraut). Hyoscyamine, Hyoscine, Hyoscyamin. Hyoscine. Cannabis indica. Syn., Hachich. Cannabis indica. Syn., Cannabis Indica (Indischer Hanf). Abrus precatorius. Jéquiriti. Abrus precatorius. Laburnum.		Vératrine.	Veratrin.
25. Oenanthe crocata. Œnanthe safranée. Oenanthe crocata Rebendolde. 26. Hyoscyamus niger. Jusquiame. Hyoscyamus (Bilsenkraut). Hyoscyamine, Hyoscyamin, Hyoscine. 27. Cannabis sativa. Cannabis indica. Syn., Cannabis Indica (Indischer Hanf). 28. Pilocarpus jaborandi. Jaborandi. Jaborandi. Pilocarpine, Pilokarpin. 29. Abrus precatorius. Jéquiriti. Abrus precatorius. 30. Laburnum vulgare. Cytise. Laburnum.	24. Conium maculatum.	Cigùë.	
Rebendolde. 26. Hyoscyamus niger. Hyoscyamine, Hyoscyamine, Hyoscyamin, Hyoscine, Cannabis indica. Syn., Hachich. Cannabis Indica (Indischer Hanf). 28. Pilocarpus jaborandi. Jaborandi. Pilocarpine, Pilokarpin. 29. Abrus precatorius. Jéquiriti. Abrus precatorius. Cytise. Rebendolde. Hyoscyamus (Bilsen-kraut). Hyoscyamin, Hyoscin. Piloscyamin, Hyoscyamin, Hyoscyamin		Cicutine. Conicine.	Koniin.
Hyoscyamine, Hyoscine, Hyoscine, Hyoscine, Cannabis indica. Syn., Hyoscine Cannabis indica. Syn., Hachich. Cannabis Indica (Indischer Hanf). Jaborandi. Pilocarpine, Pilokarpin. Abrus precatorius. Jéquiriti. Abrus precatorius. Laburnum.	25. Oenanthe crocata.	Œnanthe safranée.	
Hyoscine, Hyoscine. 27. Cannabis sativa. Cannabis indica. Syn., Cannabis Indica (Indischer Hanf). 28. Pilocarpus jaborandi. Pilocarpine, Pilokarpin. 29. Abrus precatorius. Jéquiriti. Abrus precatorius. Cytise. Laburnum.	26. Hyoscyamus niger.	Jusquiame.	
27. Cannabis sativa. Cannabis indica. Syn., Cannabis Indica (Indischer Hanf). 28. Pilocarpus jaborandi. Pilocarpine, Pilokarpin. 29. Abrus precatorius. Jéquiriti. Abrus precatorius. Cytise. Laburnum.		Hyoscyamine,	Hyoscyamin,
Hachich. (Indischer Hanf). 28. Pilocarpus jaborandi. Jaborandi. Pilocarpine, Pilokarpin. 29. Abrus precatorius. Jéquiriti. Abrus precatorius. 30. Laburnum vulgare. Cytise. Laburnum.		Hyoscine,	Hyoscin.
Pilocarpine, Pilokarpin. 29. Abrus precatorius. Jéquiriti. Abrus precatorius. 30. Laburnum vulgare. Cytise. Laburnum.	27. Cannabis sativa.		Cannabis Indica (Indischer Hanf).
29. Abrus precatorius. Jéquiriti. Abrus precatorius. 30. Laburnum vulgare. Cytise. Laburnum.	28. Pilocarpus jaborandi.	Jaborandi.	Jaborandi.
30. Laburnum vulgare. Cytise. Laburnum.		Pilocarpine,	Pilokarpin.
Justin and the grade of the control	29. Abrus precatorius.	Jéquiriti.	Abrus precatorius.
Cytisine. Cytisin.	30. Laburnum vulgare.	Cytise.	Laburnum.
		Cytisine.	Cytisin.

- 17. Fool's parsley. (ÆTHUSA CYNAPIUM.—Linnæus.)
- 18. Foxglove. Digitalis. (DIGITALIS PURPUREA.—Linnœus.)
 Digitalin.
- 19. Fungi. (The species of fungus should be specified.)
 - a. Mouldy bread and other food.
 - b. Ergot of rye. (CLAVICEPS PURPUREA.—Tulasne.)
 - c. Poisonous maize.
 - d. Muscarine. (AMANITA MUSCARIA.—Persoow.)
- 20. Gamboge.

(GARCINIA HANBURYI.—J. D. Hooker.)

21. Gelsemium, or Yellow jasmine.

(GELSEMIUM SEMPERVIRENS.—Aiton.)

Gelsemine.

- 22. Hellebore, black.

 (HELLEBORUS NIGER.—Linnæus.)
- 23. Hellebore, white.

 (VERATRUM ALBUM.—Linnæus.)

Veratrine.

- 24. Hemlock. Conium. (conium maculatum.—Linnœus.)
 Coniine.
- 25. Hemlock dropwort. (GENANTHE CROCATA.—Linnœus.)
- 26. Henbane. Hyoscyamus.

 (HYOSCYAMUS NIGER.—Linnœus.)

 Hyoscyamine.

 Hyoscine.
- 27. Indian hemp. Synonyms, Bang, Haschisch. (CANNABIS SATIVA.—Linnæus.)
- 28. Jaborandi. (PILOCARPUS JABORANDI.—Holmes.)
 Pilocarpine.
- 29. Jequirity. (ABRUS PRECATORIUS.—Linnœus.)
- 30. Laburnum. (LABURNUM VULGARE—J. Presl.)
 Cytisine.

LATIN EQ.	French.	German.
31. Lathyrus sativus.	Lathyrus.	Lathyrus.
32. Lobelia inflata.	Lobélia.	Lobelia.
33. Aspidium filix-mas.	Fougère mâle.	Aspidium filix-mas (Wurmfarn).
34. Aconitum napellus.	Aconit.	Akonit (Sturmhut).
	Aconitine.	Akonitin.
35. Myristica fragrans.	Noix de muscade.	Muskatnuss.
36. Strychnos nux- vomica.	Noix vomique.	Nux vomica (Brechnuss).
	a. Strychnine.	a. Strychnin.
	b. Brucine.	b. Brucin.
37. Papaver somniferum.	Opium.	Opium.
	a. Morphine.	a. Morphin.
	b. Codeïne.	b. Codein.
	c. Apomorphine.	c. Apomorphin.
	d. Héroine.	d. Heroin.
38. Mentha pulegium.	Pouliot.	Mentha pulegium (Polei).
39. Ligustrum vulgare.	Troëne.	Ligustrum (Hart- riegel).
40. Artemisia maritima.	Santonine.	Santonin (Zitwersamen).
41. Juniperus sabina.	Sabine.	Sabina (Sadebaum).
42. Scilla maritima.	Scille.	Scilla (Meerzwiebel).
43. Strophanthus kombe.	Strophanthus.	Strophanthus.
44. Tanacetum vulgare.	Tanaisie.	Tanacetum vulgare (Rainfarn).
45. Datura stramonium.	Stramoine.	Strammonium (Stechapfel).
46. Nicotiana tabacum.	Tabac.	Tabak.
	Nicotine.	Nikotin,
47. Terebinthina.	Térébinthine.	Terpentin.
48. Antiaris toxicaria.	Upas antiar.	Upas antiar.
49. Strychnos tieute.	Upas tieuté.	Upas tieute (Strychnos tieute).

- 31. Lathyrus. (Lathyrus sativus.—Linnæus.)
- 32. Lobelia. Synonym, Indian tobacco. (LOBELIA INFLATA.—Linnœus.)
- 33. Male fern. (ASPIDIUM FILIX-MAS.—Schwartz.)
- 34. Monkshood. Aconite.

(ACONITUM NAPELLUS.—Linnœus.)

Aconitine.

- 35. Nutmeg. (MYRISTICA FRAGRANS.—Houttuyn.)
- 36. Nux vomica. (strychnos nux-vomica.—Linnœus.)
 - a. Strychnine.
 - b. Brucine.
- 37. Opium. (PAPAVER SOMNIFERUM.—Linuœus.)
 - a. Morphine.
 - b. Codeine.
 - c. Apomorphine.
 - d. Heroine.
- 38. Penny Royal. (MENTHA PULEGIUM.—Linnæus.)
- 39. Privet. (LIGUSTRUM VULGARE.—Linnaus.)
- 40. Santonin. (ARTEMISIA MARITIMA.—Linnous.)
- 41. Savin. (Juniperus Sabina.—Liunaus.)
- 42. Squill. (SCILLA MARITIMA.—Linnœus.)
- 43. Strophanthus. (STROPHANTHUS KOMBE. Oliver.)
- 44. Tansy. (Tanacetum Vulgare.—Linnœus.)
- 45. Thorn apple. Stramonium.

 (DATURA STRAMONIUM.—Liunœus.)
- 46. Tobacco. (NICOTIANA TABACUM.—Liunœus.)
 Nicotire.
- 47. Turpentine.
- 48. Upas antiar. (Antiaris Toxicaria.—Leschenault.)
- 49. Upas tieuté. (STRYCHNOS TIEUTE.—Leschenault.)

LATIN EQ. FRENCH. GERMAN.

50. Cicuta virosa. Cicutaire. Cicuta virosa (Wasserschierling).

51. Taxus baccata. If. Taxus baccata (Eibenbaum).

Animalium Venena.

1. Venena. Vénins. Gifte. a. Serpentum. a. de serpents. a. von Schlangen, b. Scorpionum. b. de scorpions. b. von Skorpionen. c. Centipedum. c. de centipèdes, c. von Myriapoden. d. Insectorum aculeatd. Piqûres d'insectes. d. von stechenden Inorum. sekten. e. Piscium. e. de poissons. e. von Fischen. 2. Cantharis vesicatoria. Cantharides. Kantaride. Syn., Spanische Fliegen. Cantharidine. Kantaridin. 3. Sera. Sérums. Seren. Intoxication par les

4. Extracta. Extraits animaux. Tierische Extraktiv-

Extrait de Thyroïde, de capsule surrénale, &c.

Glandulæ thyroideæ,

glandulæ adrenalis.

stoffe. Halsdrüsen-, Nebennierenextrakt, u.s.w.

ALIMENTA MORBIDA.

AERES ET VAPORES VENENOSI.

1. Ammonia.	Ammoniaque.	Ammoniak.
2. Amyl nitris.	Nitrite d'amyle.	Amylnitrit.
3. Anilina.	Aniline.	Anilin.
4. Hydrogenii arsen- iuretum.	Hydrogène arsenié. Syn., Arséniure d'Hydrogène.	Arsenwasserstoffgas.
5. Benzoleum.	Benzol ou benzine.	Benzol.
6. Bromum.	Brome.	Brom.
7. Carbonis bisulph-idum.	Bisulfure de carbon.	Schwefelkohlenstoff.

- 50. Water hemlock. (CICUTA VIROSA.—Linnœus.)
- 51. Yew. (TAXUS BACCATA.—Linnœus.)

ANIMAL POISONS.

- 1. Venoms of
 - a. Snakes.
 - b. Scorpions.
 - c. Centipedes.
 - d. Stinging insects.
 - e. Fish.

In cases of injury from animals not mentioned here, the species should be mentioned.

2. Cantharides. Synonym, Spanish fly. (CANTHARIS VESICATORIA.—Geoffroy.)
Cantharidin.

3. Serums.

Serum intoxication.

4. Animal extracts.

Thyroid, adrenal, and other animal extracts.

Poisonous Food.—(Specify kind.)

Poisonous Gases and Vapours.

- 1. Ammonia.
- 2. Amyl Nitrite.
- 3. Aniline.
- 4. Arseniuretted hydrogen.
- 5. Benzol or benzene.
- 6. Bromine.
- 7. Carbon bisulphide.

LATIN EQ.	FRENCH.	GERMAN.
8. Acidum carbonicum.	Acide carbonique.	Kohlensäure.
9. Oxidum carbonicum.	Oxyde de carbone.	Kohlenoxydgas.
a. Vapor e ligni carbone.	a. Vapeurs de charbon de bois,	a. Holzkohlendünste.
b, Vapor e fornace.	b. Vapeurs de fours à chaux.	b. Brennofendämpfe.
c. Aër ex aquâ.	c. Gas d'éclairage fa- briqué à l'aide de l'eau.	c. Wassergas.
10. Chlorum.	Chlore.	Chlor.
11. Chloroformi vapor.	Vapeur de chloro- forme. Vapeurs d'autres chlorures anésthé- siants.	Chloroformdampf.
12. Carbonis vapor.	Gaz d'éclairage (ordinaire).	Kohlengas.
13. Cyanogenium.	Cyanogène.	Cyanogen.
14. Aetheris vapor.	Vapeur d'ether.	Ätherdampf.
15. Acidum hydrochloricum.	Acide chlorhydrique.	Salzsäure.
16. Acidum hydrofluor- icum.	Acide fluorhydrique.	Fluor wasserstoffsäure.
17. Vapores nitrici.	Vapeurs azotiques.	Salpetersaur e Dämpfe.
18. Oxidum nitrosum.	Protoxyde d'azote.	Stickoxydul.
19. Acidum osmicum.	Acide osmique.	Osmiumsäure.
20. Hydrogenii phos- phoretum.	Phosphure d'hydro- gène. <i>Syn.</i> , Hydro- gène phosphoré.	Phosphorwasserstoff.
21. Exhalationes putridæ.	Exhalations putrides.	Faulige Ausdünst- ungen.
22. Aër ex cloacis.	Gaz d'égout.	Kloakengas.
23. Hydrogenii sulphuretum.	Acide sulfydrique. Syn., Hydrogène sulfuré.	Schwefelwasserstoff.
24. Acidum sulphur- osum.	Acide sulfureux.	Schweflige Säure.

CORPORA IRRITANTIA.

1. Vitrum contusum.	Verre pilé.	Zerstossenes Glas.
2. Ferri scobis.	Limailles d'acier.	Eisenfeilspäne.
3. Pulvis ex adamanti- bus.	Poudre de diamant.	Diamantenpulver.

MEDICAMENTA IRRITANTIA.

- 8. Carbonic acid gas. Synonym, Carbon dioxide.
- 9. Carbonic oxide gas. Synonym, Carbon monoxide.
 - a. Charcoal fumes.
 - b. Kiln vapours.
 - c. Water gas.
- 10. Chlorine.
- 11. Chloroform vapour.

Vapours of other anæsthetic chlorides.

- 12. Coal gas. Synonym, Illuminating gas.
- 13. Cyanogen.
- 14. Ether vapour.
- 15. Hydrochloric acid.
- 16. Hydrofluoric acid.
- 17. Nitrie vapours.
- 18. Nitrous Oxide. Synonym, Laughing gas.
- 19. Osmic acid.
- 20. Phosphoretted hydrogen.
- 21. Putrid exhalations.
- 22. Sewer air. Synonym, Sewer gas.
- 23. Sulphuretted hydrogen.
- 24. Sulphurous acid.

Any other noxious vapours or effluvia, including those produced by explosives, should be specified.

MECHANICAL IRRITANTS.

- 1. Pounded glass.
- 2. Steel filings.
- 3. Diamond dust.

FRRITANT DRUGS.

Rashes and other abnormal effects occasionally produced in individuals by certain drugs. The particular drug should be specified.

PARASITES.

I. ANIMAL PARASITES.

Entozoa and Ectozoa belonging to the following Groups:—

- A. PROTOZOA.
- B. TREMATODA. Flukes.
- c. Cestoda. Tape-worms.
- D. NEMATODA. Round-worms and Thread-worms.
- E. ACANTHOCEPHALA. Thornheaded worms.
- F. HIRUDINEA. Leeches.
- G. INSECTA. Flies, gnats, fleas, beetles, lice, bugs.
- H. ARACHNIDA. Mites and ticks.

PROTOZOA.

- 1. Amæba coli and other Amæbina. (a.) Entamæba coli Schaudinn. (b.) Entamæba histolytica Schaudinn. Synonym, Amæba dysenteriæ. Habitat: Intestines and liver.
- 2. Laverania malariæ Grassi. Synonyms, Plasmodium precox Grassi and Feletti, P. falcipariens Welch. Parasite of pernicious malaria.
- 3. Plasmodium malariæ Laveran. Parasite of Quartan Ague.
- 4. Plasmodium vivax Grassi and Feletti. Parasite of Tertian Ague.
- 5. Coccidium cuniculi Rivolta. Habitat: Liver.
- 6. Coccidium perforans Kjellberg. Synonym, Eimeria hominis. Habitat: Intestine.
- 7. Coccidium bigeminum Stiles. Synonym, Eimeria bigemina.
- 8. Coccidioides immitis Gilchrist. Habitat: Skin and other parts.
- 9. Sarcocystis Lindemanni Rivolta. Habitat: Muscles.

- 10. Sarcocystis immitis Blanchard. Habitat: Liver.
- 11. Trypanosoma Gambiense Dutton. Habitat: Blood, cerebrospinal fluid and lymph in sleeping sickness(?)
- 12. Trypanosoma Ugandense Castellani. Habitat:
 Blood and cerebrospinal fluid.
- 13. Piroplasma hominis. Supposed cause of "Rocky Mountain Fever," or "Tick Fever" (doubtful).
- 14. Leishmania (species undetermined). Parasite of Kala Azar, Dum-Dum Fever, Delhi Sore.
- 15. Cercomonas intestinalis. Synonym, Lamblia duodenalis Davaine. Habitat : Intestines.
- 16. Paramœcium coli Malmsten. Synonym, Balantidium coli. Habitat: Intestines.
- 17. Trichomonas intestinalis Leuckart. Habitat: Intestines.
- 18. Trichomonas vaginalis Donné. Habitat: Vagina.
- 19. Balantidium minutum Schaudinn.
- 20. Cercomonas hominis Davaine.
- 21. Nyctotherus faba Schaudinn.
- 22. Monas pyophila Blanchard.
- 23. (?) Spirillum vel Spirochæta Obermeyeri. Habitat:
 Blood in relapsing fever.

TREMATODA.

- 24. Distomum hepaticum. Synonyms, Fasciola hepatica, Linnæus, Common fluke. Habitat: Liver.
- 25. Distomum crassum Busk. Synonyms, Distomum Buski, Fasciolopsis Buski Lankester. Habitat: Duodenum.
- 26. Distomum lanceolatum Mehlis. Synonym, Dicrocelium lanceatum. Habitat: Hepatic duct; intestines.
- 27. Distomum Rathouisii. Synonym, Fasciolopsis Rathousii Poirier. Habitat: Liver.
- 28. Distomum ophthalmobium Diesing. An immature form, Habitat: Eye.

- 29. Distomum heterophyes von Siebold. Synonym, Cotylogonimus heterophyes, Egyptian Fluke. Habitat: Small intestines.
- 30. Distomum conjunctum Cobbold. Synonym, Opisthorchis noverca. Habitat: Liver.
- 31. Distomum Sinense Cobbold. Synonym, Opisthorchis sinensis. Habitat: Liver.
- 32. Distomum Ringeri Cobbold. Synonyms, D. pulmonale Busk, Paragonimus Westermanni, Dicrocœlium Westermanni. Habitat: Lungs.
- 33. Bilharzia hæmatobia Cobbold. Synonyms, Distomum hæmatobium, Schistosomum hæmatobium. Habitat: Portal and venous blood; renal vessels; right side of heart.
- 34. Amphistomum hominis Lewis and McConnell.

 Synonym, Gastrodiscus hominis. Habitat: Intestines.
- 35. Monostomum lentis Nordmann. Habitat: Lens of the eye.
- 36. Opisthorchis felineus Rivolta. Synonym, Distomum sibiricum.
- 37. Fasciola angusta Railliet.
- 38. Schistosomum japonicum vel Cattoi Kathuda and Catto. Habitat: Mesenteric vessels.

CESTODA.

- 39. Bothriocephalus latus Bremser. Synonym, Dibothriocephalus latus. Habitat: Intestines.
- 40. Bothriocephalus cristatus Davaine. Habitat: Intestines.
- 41. Bothriocephalus cordatus Leuckart. Synonym,
 Dibothriocephalus cordatus. (Perhaps a variety
 of B. latus.) Habitat: Intestines.
- 42. Bothriocephalus liguloides Leuckart. Synonym,
 Bothriocephalus Mansoni Cobbold. Habitat:
 Intestines.
- 43. Tænia solium Linnæus. Habitat: Intestines.

- 44. Cysticercus of the Tænia solium. Synonym, Cysticercus telæ cellulosæ. Habitat: Solid organs and tissues.
- 45. Tænia saginata Goeze. Synonym, Tænia mediocanellata Küchenmeister. Habitat: Intestines.
- 46. Cysticercus acanthotrias Weinland. Larval state only known; doubtful species. Habitat: Intestines.
- 47. Tænia flavopuncta Weinland. Synonym, T. diminuta Hymenolepis diminuta. Habitat : Intestines.
- 48. Tænia nana von Siebold. Synonym, Hymenolepis nana. Habitat: Intestines.
- 49. Tænia lophosoma Cobbold. (Probably anomalous form of T. solium.) Habitat: Intestines.
- 50. Hymenolepis lanceolata Bloch. Habitat: Intestines.
- 51. Tænia Africana von Linstow. Habitat: Intestines.
- 52. Tænia confusa Ward. Habitat: Intestines.
- 53. Tenia Asiatica. Synonym, Davainea Asiatica. Habitat: Intestines.
- 54. Tænia elliptica Batsch. Synonyms, Tænia cucumerina, Dipylidium caninum. Habitat : Intestines.
- 55. Tenia Madagascariensis Davaine. Synonym, Davainea Madagascariensis. Habitat : Intestines.
- 56. Tenia tenella Cobbold. (Probably anomalous form of T. solium.)
- 57. Cysticercus tenuicollis: larval form of the Tænia marginata. Habitat: Soft parts generally.
- 58. Echinococcus hominis. Synonyms, E. polymorphus, Hydatid or cystic form of the Tænia echinococcus. Variety: Echinococcus multilocularis. Habitat: Soft parts and organs generally.

NEMATODA.

- 59. Ascaris lumbricoides Linnæus. Habitat: Intestines.
- 60. Ascaris Mystax Rudolphi. Synonym, Ascaris canis. Habitat: Intestines.

- 61. Trichocephalus dispar Rudolphi. Synonym, T. trichiurus. Habitat: Intestines.
- 62. Trichina spiralis Owen. Habitat: Intestines and Muscles.
- 63. Dracunculus Medinensis Gmelin. Synonym, Filaria Medinensis. English Synonym, Guinea-worm. Habitat: Skin and subcutaneous tissues.
- 64. Filaria lentis Diesing. Synonym, Filaria oculi Nordmann. Habitat: Eye.
- 65. Filaria labialis Pane. Habitat: The lips.
- 66. Filaria hominis oris Leidy. An immature form.
- 67. Filaria sanguinis hominis nocturna Lewis. Parental form Filaria Bancrofti Cobbold. Habitat: Mature form in lymphatics, larval form in blood.
- 68. Filaria sanguinis hominis diurna Manson. Habitat: the Blood. Parental form probably F. Loa.
- 69. Filaria sanguinis hominis perstans Manson. Habitat: the Blood. Parental form F. Perstans.
- 70. Filaria Demarquaii Manson. Habitat: the Blood.
- 71. Filaria Magalhaesi Blanchard. Habitat: the Blood.
- 72. Filaria Loa Guyot. Synonym, Dracunculus Loa Cobbold. Habitat: The eyes of negroes.
- 73. Filaria immitis Leidy. Habitat: Veins and right side of heart in dogs, rarely in man.
- 74. Filaria conjunctiva Addario. Habitat: Conjunctiva of the eye.
- 75. Filaria volvulus Leuckart.
- 76. Eustrongylus gigas Diesing. Habitat: Kidney, intestines.
- 77. Strongylus bronchialis Cobbold. Synonym, Filaria bronchialis. Habitat: Bronchial tubes.
- 78. Strongylus subtilis Loos. Habitat: Small intestine.
- 79. Ankylostomum duodenale Dubini. Synonyms, Strongylus duodenalis Leuckart, Dochmius duodenalis, Selerostoma duodenale Cobbold. Habitat: Duodenum.

- 80. Oxyuris vermicularis Bremser. Synonym, Threadworm. Habitat: Rectum and large intestine.
- 81. Rhabdonema strongyloides. Synonyms, Leptodera stercoralis, Strongylus intestinalis. Habitat: Intestines.
- 82. Rhabditis genitalis Schreiber. Synonym, Rhabditis pellio. Habitat: Urine.
- 83. Rhabditis Niellyi Blanchard. Habitat: the Skin.

ACANTHOCEPHALA.

84. Echinorhynchus gigas Goeze. Synonym, Echinorhynchus hominis. Habitat: Intestines.

HIRUDINEA.

- 85. Hirudo medicinalis. The grey leech.
- 86. Hirudo officinalis. The green leech.
- 87. Hirudo interrupta. The dragon-leech.
- 88. Hirudo Zeylanica. Meyen. The Ceylon wood-leech.
- 89. Hirado Javanica. Wahlberg. The Java leech.
- 90. Hamopis sanguisuga Moquin Tandon. Synonym, Hirudo Vorax. The horseleech. Attacks the mouth and nasal passages.
- 91. Hæmenteria officinalis Filippi. The American leech.
- 92. Hæmenteria Mexicana Filippi. The Mexican leech.
- 93. Hæmenteria Ghiliana Filippi. The Brazilian leech.
- 94. Cyclobdella lumbricoides. The blind leech of Brazil.

INSECTA.

- (1.) Internal or Entozoa, including some species only occasionally or accidentally parasitic.
 - 95. Œstrus hominis Say. (?) Larva of the gad-fly. Habitat: Intestines. Doubtful species; probably belonging to one or other of the species affecting domestic animals.

- 96. Œstrus Guildingii Hope. Synonym, Guilding's Bot: occurs at Trinidad. (Doubtful species.)
- 97. Œstrus Livingstonii Cobbold. Habitat: Skin.
- 98. Cuterebra noxialis. Synonym, Dermatobia cyaniventris, The Macaque worm. Habitat: Intestines.
- 99. Anthomyia canicularis Macquart. Synonym, Musca canicularis. Habitat: Intestines.
- 100. Musca vomitoria. The blue-bottle fly. Larva. Habitat: Nostrils; intestines.
- 101. Musca Cæsar. The sheep-fly. Larva. Habitat: Open wounds.
- 102. Musca domestica. The house-fly. Larva.
- 103. Musca stabulans. Larva.
- 104. Musca larvarum. Larva. | Habitat: Open wounds
- 105. Musca carnaria. Larva.
- 106. Musca cibaria. Larva.
- 107. Musca nigra. Larva.
- and sores.
- 108. Lucilia macellaria. Larva. The screw Synonym, Lucilia hominivora. Habitat: Nasal fossæ and frontal sinuses.
- 109. Helophilus pendulus. Larva. The rat-tailed maggot. Habitat: Intestines.
- 110. Sarcophaga carnaria.
- 111. Sarcophaga magnifica. Larva. Habitat: Subcut-
- 112. Sarcophaga ruficornis.
- 113. Ochromyia anthropophaga Blanchard.
- (2.) External, or Epizoa, including some species which occasionally feed on man, but are not truly parasitic. 25109
 - 114. Pediculus capitis. The Head-louse.
 - 115. Pediculus vestimenti. The Body-louse; Clotheslouse.

- 116. Phthirius inguinalis. Synonym, Pediculus pubis. The Crab-louse.
- 117. Acanthia lectularia. The bed bug.
- 118. Acanthia rotundata. Réunion Island bug.
- 119. Acanthia ciliata. Kasan bug.
- 120. Reduvius personatus. Fly-bug.
- 121. Reduvius amœnus. Borneo bug.
- 122. Reduvius serratus. Indian bug.
- 123. Reduvius cruentus. Bloodthirsty bug.
- 124. Pulex irritans. The common flea.
- 125. Pulex penetrans. ? The jigger, or chigoe. Habitat: The skin of the feet.
- 126. Stomoxys calcitrans. The leg-sticker.
- 127. Hæmatopota pluvialis. The clegg.
- 128. Glossina morsitans. The Tsetse fly of Nagana.
- 129. Glossina palpalis. The fly Tsetse which conveys the Trypanosoma of sleeping sickness.
- 130. Culex pipiens. The common gnat.

 131. Culex fatigans.

 May be intermediate host for Filarial parasites.
- 132. Stegomyia fasciata. The intermediate host for the parasite of Yellow Fever.
- 133. Cerapotogon varius (and other sp.). Among the species popularly called Midges.
- 134. Anopheles bifurcatus.
- 135. " maculipennis.
- 136. ,, nigripes.
- 137. Pyretophorus costalis.
- 138. Myzomyia funesta.

These, with other Anophelina, may be intermediate hosts for Malarial parasites.

- 139. Myzomyia culicifacies.
- 140. Myzorhynchus pietus.
- 141. " pseudopictus.
- 142. Nyssorhynchus fuliginosus.
- 143. Myzomyia Listoni.
- 144. ,, Rossi (?).
- 145. Myzorhynchus nigerrimus.
- 146. Cellia argyrotarsis.
- 147. " albipes.
- 148. Simulium reptans. Creeping gnat.
- 149. Pangonia Brucei. The "Seroot" or "Zimb" fly.
- 150. Conorhinus nigrovarius. The pampas benchucha.
- 151. Conorhinus sanguisuga.

ARACHNIDA (CHIEFLY EPIZOA).

- 152. Pentastomum denticulatum Rudolphi. Habitat:
 Liver, small intestine, spleen. The larval state of
 Linguatula rhinaria Pilger. Synonym, Pentastomum tænioides, which inhabits nostrils and
 frontal sinuses of dog, wolf, &c.; very rarely of
 man.
- 153. Pentastomum constrictum. Synonym, Porocephalus constrictus von Siebold. Habitat: Liver.
- 154. Sarcoptes scabiei Latreille. Synonym, Acarus scabiei. The Itch-mite. Habitat: The skin in scabies.
- 155. Demodex folliculorum Owen. Synonym, Acarus folliculorum. Habitat: Follicles of rudimentary hairs.
- 156. Tyroglyphus Mericourti Laboulbène. Habitat: The skin.
- 157. Ixodes ricinus Latreille.
- 158. Ixodes hexagonus Leach.

These, with other Anophelina, may be intermediate hosts for Malarial parasites.

May be intermediate hosts for Filarial parasites.

- 159. Amblyomma Americanum Koch.
- 160. Amblyomma dissimile Koch.
- 161. Amblyomma hebraum Koch.
- 162. Hyalomma Aegyptium Linnæus.
- 163. Rhipicephalus sanguineus Latreille.
- 164. Dermacentor reticulatus Fabricius.
- 165. Dermacentor electus Koch.
- 166. Dermacentor Andersoni Stiles.
- 167. Argas reflexus Fabricius.
- 168. Argas Persicus Fischer.
- 169. Argas Tholozani Laboulbène.
- 170. Argas talaje Guérin-Meneville.
- 171. Argas monbata Murray.
- 172. Ornithodorus Savignyi Audouin.
- 173. Ornithodorus turicata Dugès.
- 174. Leptus autumnalis. The "harvest bug."

VEGETABLE PARASITES.

EXTERNAL AND INTERNAL.

In this list are enumerated the principal species of the lower plants which are found living as parasites in, or upon, the human body.

The list includes—

- (1) those species of pathogenic vegetable parasites of which complete bacteriological descriptions have been given, and which appear to have a definite causative connection with the condition of disease in which they have been found; and
- (2) certain presumably harmless vegetable parasites which are found in, or upon, the human body; and also some which are commonly found in articles of food.

It has been recognised that in the present state of our knowledge no accurate and scientific classification of these parasites is practicable, and none is here attempted.

For practical purposes it has been found convenient to arrange these achlorophyllous vegetable micro-organisms into three main groups, distinguished by the following broad characteristics:—

I. The Fission-Fungi. Synonyms, Schizomycetes, Bacteria.

Achlorophyllous unicellular organisms which reproduce themselves either by a process of fission or of spore-formation. or in both ways.

II. The Yeast-Fungi. Synonym, Blastomycetes.

Achlorophyllous unicellular organisms which reproduce themselves by a process of gemmation, or "budding," and in some species under certain conditions by a process of spore-formation.

III. The Mould-Fungi. Synonym, Hyphomycetes.

Achlorophyllous organisms which have specially differentiated spore-bearing organs, "sporangia," spore-bearing hyphæ," and the like.

It being understood that this grouping has been adopted for practical convenience in medical work, rather than as complying with strict botanical requirements, the various species are enumerated in such order as seemed most convenient in view of either morphological characters or pathogenic action.

I. FISSION-FUNGI. Synonyms, SCHIZOMYCETES, BACTERIA.

1. Staphylococcus pyogenes aureus. Synonym, Micrococcus pyogenes aureus.

A common cause of suppuration; occurs in cutaneous pustules, boils, carbuncles, localised abscesses, deep and visceral inflammations, catarrhs of the mucous membranes, and is occasionally a cause of a general blood-infection.

Note.—Some closely allied, or identical, forms have been described as distinct species, as—for examples—the Micrococcus of Veldt Sore, the Micrococcus of Biskra bouton.

2. Staphylococcus pyogenes albus. Synonym, Micrococcus pyogenes albus.

Occurs as a normal parasite of the skin, and is found in slight superficial and deep suppurative lesions; has been found associated with infective endocarditis, and as a cause of general bloodinfection.

3. Streptococcus pyogenes.

Is found as the cause of local abscesses, diffuse inflammation of the connective tissues, puerperal septicæmia, and other cases of blood-infection, erysipelas, endocarditis, meningitis, &c.

Note.—Probably several distinct species are commonly included under the term Streptococcus pyogenes, as—for examples—Streptococcus erysipelatis (Fehleisen), S. longus, S. brevis, S. conglomeratus, S. scarlatinae, &c. To none of these forms, however, can any distinct botanical position as separate species be given, nor can we at present assign any distinct specific pathogenic action to them individually.

4. Pneumococcus. Synonym, Micrococcus pneumoniæ, Diplococcus pneumoniæ, Diplococcus lanceolatus (Fraenkel).

A common parasite of the mouth, and a cause of lobar and lobular pneumonia, of certain forms of pleurisy, pericarditis, peritonitis, meningitis, suppurative inflammations of mucous membranes, and various other suppurative lesions.

5. Meningococcus. Synonym, Micrococcus intracellularis, Diplococcus intracellularis meningitidis (Weichselbaum).

A parasite of intracellular habit, a cause of epidemic cerebro-spinal fever, of sporadic cases of cerebro-spinal meningitis, and of posterior basal meningitis of children.

6. Gonococcus. Synonym, Micrococcus gonorrhææ, Diplococcus gonorrhææ.

A parasite of intracellular habit, the cause of gonorrhea, and found in the various manifestations of gonorrheal infection.

7. Micrococcus melitensis.

The cause of Malta or Mediterranean Fever.

8. Micrococcus tetragenus.

Occurs as a parasite in the mouth; is found in abscesses of the gums, in cavities of the lung in pulmonary tuberculosis, and is occasionally the cause of a general infection.

9. Sarcina ventriculi.

A coccus sometimes found in the contents of the stomach.

10. Bacillus anthracis.

The cause of anthrax, malignant pustule, and Woolsorters' Disease in man, and of splenic fever or anthrax in animals.

11. Bacillus aerogenes capsulatus. Synonym, Bacillus emphysematosus.

An anaërobic parasite, the cause of some cases of emphysematous gangrene.

12. Bacillus ædematis maligni.

An anaërobic parasite, the cause of certain cases of malignant œdema or emphysematous gangrene.

13. Bacillus enteritidis sporogenes.

An anaërobic organism, sometimes found in the intestinal excreta, and believed to be capable of producing infection through the medium of milk.

14. Bacillus tetani.

An anaërobic parasite, the cause of tetanus in man and animals.

15. Bacillus coli communis.

Occurs as a normal parasite in the intestinal tract of man and animals. Outside its normal habitat the bacillus becomes a cause of peritonitis,

cystitis, meningitis, and other lesions; it is also a cause of general infection, and of terminal infection in the dying.

Note.—Closely allied forms are the paracolon and paratyphoid bacilli.

16. Bacillus enteritidis (Gärtner).

Occurs frequently in the intestinal tract of man and animals, and is believed to be, under certain conditions, a cause of disease in man and animals.

17. Bacillus dysenteriæ.

The cause of one form of acute tropical dysentery, and believed to be the cause of Asylum Dysentery, and of sporadic and epidemic cases of acute dysentery in temperate zones.

18. Bacillus typhosus. Synonyms, Bacillus typhi abdominalis, B. febris entericae.

The cause of enteric fever; found in the lymphoid tissue of the intestines, in the glands, spleen, liver, gall-bladder, kidneys, also in various manifestations of typhoid infection, such as meningitis, pleurisy, periostitis.

19. Bacillus cholerae. Synonym, the Comma Bacillus, Vibrio cholerae, Spirillum cholerae. (Koch.)

The cause of Asiatic cholera, found in the intestinal contents and in the epithelium.

20. Bacillus pyocyaneus.

Occurs in blue pus, and may be a cause of general infection, especially in children.

21. Bacillus mallei.

The cause of acute glanders and farcy in man, and of similar diseases in animals, especially horses.

22. Bacillus pestis bubonicæ. (Kitasato, Yersin.)

The cause of bubonic plague in man, and of the similar disease in monkeys, rats, and other animals.

23. Bacillus influenzæ epidemicæ.

An organism which is believed to be the cause of epidemic influenza.

24. Bacillus diphtheriæ.

The cause of the various lesions of diphtheritic infection in man—also described as giving rise to similar lesions in lower animals.

25. Bacillus tuberculosis.

The cause of the various manifestations of Tuberculosis in man and animals.

26. Bacillus lepræ.

A micro-organism found in the lesions characteristic of Leprosy.

27. Bacillus acidi lactici.

A non-sporing, non-pathogenic bacillus causing a fermentation of milk with the production of lactic acid.

28. Bacillus butyricus.

Three different species of bacilli, all of which are capable of causing a butyric acid fermentation in milk, have been described by Pasteur, Hueppe, and Botkin.

- II. YEAST-FUNGI. Synonym, BLASTOMYCETES.
- 29. Blastomyces albicans. Synonyms, Saccharomyces albicans, Oidium albicans.

Present in some cases of membranous stomatitis ("Thrush"), and occasionally in lesions of the intestine and skin.

30. Blastomyces dermatitidis.

A yeast which has been found associated with certain chronic ulcerative lesions of the skin.

Note.—Other species of yeasts have been described as occurring in association with various forms of disease, but as a rule proof of definite causative influence has been wanting.

III. MOULD-FUNGI (HYPHOMYCETES).

31. Streptothrix bovis communis. Synonyms, the Ray Fungus, Actinomyces bovis, Actinomyces bovis sulphureus, Streptothrix actinomycotica.

The cause of Actinomycosis in cattle ("wooden tongue," "wens," &c.) and of a similar disease in man.

32. Streptothrix Maduræ. Synonyms, Chionyphe vel Streptothrix Carteri, Actinomyces maduræ.

Found in the soft tissues and bones of the hand and foot in Madura disease or Mycetoma.

33. Streptothrix asteroides. Synonym, Actinomyces Eppingeri.

Found in certain cases of actinomycosis in man.

34. Sporothrix Schenckii.

An organism which has been found in some forms of infective granuloma.

35. Achorion Schönleinii.

Found in favus.

36. Microsporon Audouini.

Found in ringworm of the scalp, especially in children.

37. Microsporon furfur.

Found in pityriasis versicolor.

38. Microsporon minutissimum.

Found in erythrasma.

39. Trichophyton megalosporon endothrix.

Found in cases of ringworm in man.

40. Trichophyton megalosporon ectothrix.

Found in tinea sycosis, and in some cases of ringworm of the nails.

41. Aspergillus fumigatus.

Found in old vomicæ in the lungs; also a cause of granulomatous nodules in the lungs and other organs in man and animals.

42. Aspergillus flavescens vel flavus.

Found in the external auditory meatus in aural mycosis.

43. Aspergillus niger.

Found in the same situations as the last.

44. Mucor mucedo.

Found in the ear.

Conditionum et Actionum Morbidarum Enumeratio, ad quam Partium singularum Morbi disponuntur.

Partium su	ngularum Morbi dispo	nuntur.
LATIN EQ. Inflammatio, acuta aut	FRENCH. Inflammation, aiguë ou	GERMAN. Entzündung.
chronica.	chronique.	6
Suppuratio.	Suppuration.	Eiterung.
Ulcus.	Ulcération.	Geschwürsbildung.
Gangræna.	Gangrène	Brand. Syn., Gangrän.
Necrosis.	Nécrose.	Nekrose.
Hæmorrhagia.	Hémorrhagie.	Blutung. Syn., Hä- morrhagie.
Thrombosis et Embolismus.	Thrombose et Embolie.	Thrombose und Embolie.
Hydrops.	Hydropisie.	Wassersucht.
Hyperæmia, sive Congestio.	Hyperhémie ou congestion.	Hyperämie.
Anæmia.	Anémie.	Anämie.
. Degenerationes.	Dégénérescences.	Entartungen.
a. Granulosa.	a. Dégénérescence granuleuse.	a. Körnige. Syn., Trübe Schwellung.
b. Adiposa.	b. Dégénérescence graisseuse.	b. Fettige.
c. Calcarea.	c. Dégénérescence calcaire.	c. Kalkige.
d. Fibrosa.	d. Dégénérescence fibreuse.	d. Fibröse.
e. Mucosa, sive myxoides.	e. Dégénérescence muqueuse (myx- oïde).	e. Schleimige.
f. Colloides.	f Dégénérescence colloïde.	f. Kolloide.
g. Hyalina.	g. Dégénérescence hyaline.	g. Hyaline.
h. Lardacea. I.v., Albuminoides, Amyloides, Cerea.	h. Dégénérescence lardacée.	h. Speckige. Syn., Amyloide.
i. Pigmentaria.	i. Dégénérescence pigmentaire.	i. Pigmentäre.
Atrophia.	Atrophie.	Atrophie.
Hypertrophia.	Hypertrophie.	Hypertrophie.
Concreta et calculi.	Concrétions et calculs.	Konkremente und Steine.
Tumores.	Tumeurs.	Geschwülste.
a. Neoplasma non malignum.	a. Néoplasme bénin.	a. Gutartige Neubild- ung.
h Neonlasma malig-	b. Néoplasme malin.	b. Bösartige Neubild-

b. Néoplasme malin.

c. Kyste.

b. Neoplasma malig-num.

c. Cystis.

b. Bösartige Neubild-

ung. c. Cyste.

An Enumeration of Morbid States and Processes used as the Basis of Arrangement of Local Diseases.

Inflammation, acute or chronic.

Suppuration.

Ulceration.

Gangrene.

Necrosis.

Hæmorrhage.

Thrombosis and Embolism.

Dropsy.

Hyperæmia, Congestion, or Engorgement.

Anæmia.

Degenerations.

- a. Cloudy Swelling. Synonym, Granular Degeneration.
- b. Fatty.
- c. Calcareous.
- d. Fibrous.
- e. Mucous or Myxoid.
- f. Colloid.
- g. Hyaline.
- h. Lardaceous. Synonyms, Albuminoid, Amyloid, Waxy.
- i. Pigmentary.

Atrophy.

Hypertrophy.

Concretions and calculi.

Tumours.

- a. New growth, non-malignant.
- b. New growth, malignant.
- c. Cyst.

(For List of Tumours, see p. 335.)

LATIN EQ.

Infectivarum, aut toxicarum, aut conditionum aliarum generalium effectus.

Venenorum effectus.

- a. Animalium.
- b. Plantarum.
- c. Metallorum.

FRENCH.

Resultats toxiques de maladies infectieuses ou générales.

Poisons et leurs effets.

- a. Poisons animaux.
- b. Poisons végétaux.
- c. Poisons minéraux.

GERMAN.

Infektiöse, toxische, und andere Krankheiten des gesamten Organismus.

Vergiftungen.

- a. Durch tierische Substanzen.
- b. Durch Pflanzen.
- c. Durch Mineralien.

Parasitorum aggressio.

- a. Animalium.
- b. Plantarum.

Parasites.

- a. Parasites animaux.
- b. Parasites végétaux.

Parasitäre Erkrank-

- a. Durch tierische Parasiten.

Laesionum effectus.

Morbi mechanici.

- a. Dislocatio (luxatio).
- b. Dilatatio.
- c. Contractio.
- d, Strictura.
- e. Compressio.
- f. Obturatio (Impactio).
- g. Erosio.
- h. Perforatio.
- i. Laceratio.
- j. Diruptio.
- k. Fractura.

Deformitates ingenitæ.

Traumatismes et leurs effets.

Affections d'ordre mécanique.

- a. Luxation (dislocation).
- b. Dilatation.
- c. Contraction, contracture.
- d. Rétrécissement.
- e. Compression.
- f. Obturation (Emboîtement).
- q. Erosion.
- h. Perforation.
- i. Lacération.
- j. Rupture, déchirure.
- k. Fracture.

ungen.

- b. Durch pflanzliche Parasiten.

Verletzungen.

Mechanische Affektionen (physikalische Veränderungen).

- a. Lageveränderungen und Verrenkungen.
- b. Erweiterung.
- c. Verengerung.
- d. Striktur.
- e. Kompression.
- f. Einkeilung.
- g. Erosion.
- h. Perforation. Syn., Durchbohrung.
- i. Zerfetzung.
- j. Zerreissung. Syn.,Ruptur.
- k. Fraktur.

Deformitates acquis-

Difformités acquises.

Anomalies congénitales (comprenant vices de conformation).

Désordres des fonctions.

Erworbene Deformi täten.

Bildungsfehler (einschl. die Missbildungen).

Funktionsstörungen.

naturalium Actionum vitia.

Results of infective, toxic, or other general conditions. (For List see pp. 3, 9, 11.)

Effect of poisons.

- a. Animal.
- b. Vegetable.
- c. Mineral.

(For List of Poisons, see p. 369.)

Parasitic invasion.

- a. Animal.
- b. Vegetable

(For List of Parasites, see p. 384.)

Effects of injuries.

(For List of injuries, see p. 277.)

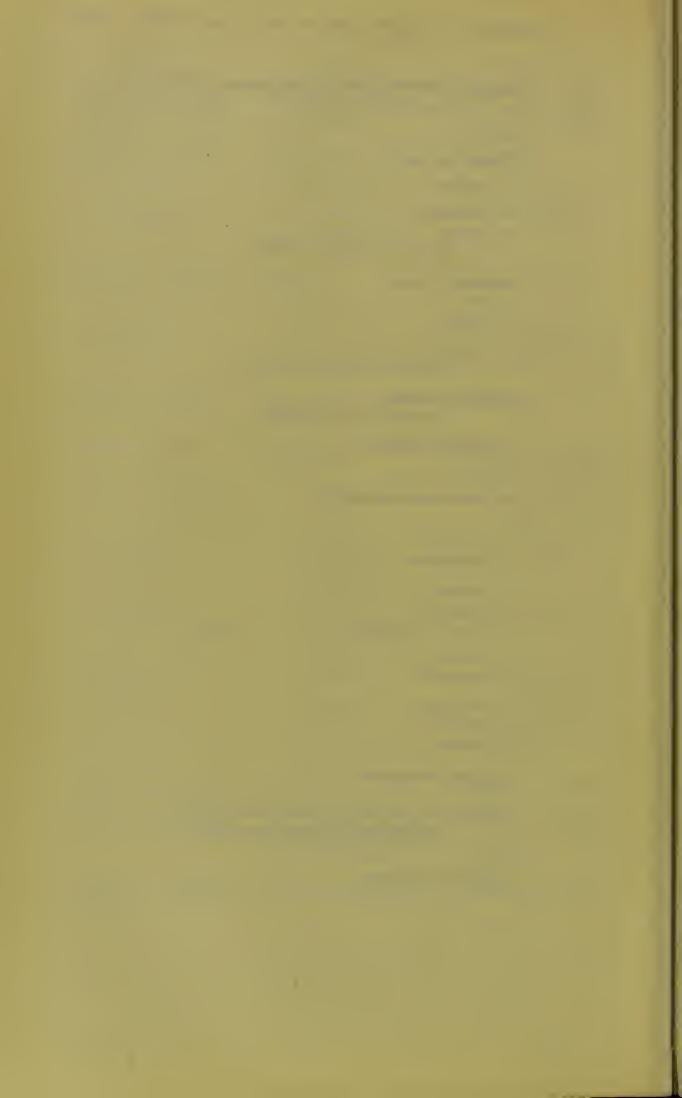
Mechanical affections.

- a. Displacement (dislocation).
- b. Dilatation.
- c. Contraction.
- d. Stricture.
- e. Compression.
- f. Plugging (impaction).
- g. Erosion.
- h. Perforation.
- i. Laceration.
- j. Rupture.
- k. Fracture.

Acquired deformities.

Errors of development (including Malformations). (For List of Malformations, see p. 347.)

Disorders of function.



INDEX.

EXPLANATION.

Types.—The names for common use are printed in Egyptian type, and Synonyms, which are not to be employed in the registration of diseases, in *Italies*.

FIGURES.—The figures refer to the pages of the book, not to the numbers of the various headings.

Figures without parentheses indicate where the disease should be registered; figures within parentheses indicate pages where the disease is entered for the sake of classification only, and not for registration.

ABD

Abdomen, Contusion of, 299.

- with rupture of muscles, 299.
- --- of viscera, 299.
- Gunshot wound of, 301.
- Paracentesis of, Operation, 324.
- Foreign bodies in, 301.
- Injuries of, 299.
- Wound of, with protrusion of uninjured viscera,
- ---- of injured viscera, 301.
- --- with injury of unprotruded viscera, 301.
- ——— with injury of important vessels or nerves, 301.
- New growths of, 13; and see under the various Abdominal Viscera under their several sections.
- Wound of parietes of, 301.
- Wound of viscera without wound of parietes of, 301.

Abdominal hysterectomy, see Removal of uterus, Operation, 329.

Abdominal paracentesis, Operation, 324.

- section, Operation, 324.
- walls, Fissure of, Malformation, 349.

Abnormal form of teeth, 125.

Abortion, 219.

- missed, 219.

Abrasion, (279).

- of skin, 285.
- - mucous membranes, 287.

Abscess of areola, 233.

- —— auricle, 81.
- -- bones, chronic, 241.
- brain, 23.
- - breast, female, and varieties, 235.
- - behind gland, 235.
- ——— following parturition, 231.
- -- bursa, 257.
- -- cornea, 45.
- - connective tissue, 259.

ABS

Abscess of dental periosteum, 123.

- — external ear, 81.
- -- eyelids, 73.
- Evacuation of, Operation, 313, 317, 318.
- — by aspiration, 313.
- — by free incision and drainage, 313.
- by incision with erasion and subsequent closure, 313.
- by incision, 313.
- ischio-rectal, 147.
- of kidney, 177.
- - lacrymal gland, 71.

Abscess, Lacrymal, see Acute Dacryo-Cystitis, 73.

Abscess of larynx, 107.

- -- liver, and varieties, 151.
- -- Operation for, 326.
- lumbar, 249.
- of external meatus, 81.
- muscles, 251.
- — nasal septum, 87.

Abscess of nose, see Inflammation of soft parts of nose, 87.

Abscess, Operation for, 313.

- by incision, &c., 313.
- by excision, 313.
- - by aspiration, 313.
- in orbit, 77.
- of ovary, 201.
- pancreas, 149.
- Parametric, 205.
- Pelvic, following parturition, 229.
- of penis, 193.
- Perimetric, 205.
- Perinephric, 171.
- Post-pharyngeal, 131, 249.
- of prostate gland, 191.
- Psoas, 249.
- of scrotum, 195.
- - septum of the nose, 87.
- -- spermatic cord, 197.

EXPLANATION.

Types.—The names for common uso are printed in Egyptian type, and Synonyms, which are not to be employed in the registration of diseases, in *Italies*.

FIGURES.—The figures refer to the pages of the book, not to the numbers of the various headings. Figures without parentheses indicate where the disease should be registered; figures within parentheses indicate pages where the disease is entered for the sake of classification only, and not for registration.

ABS

Abscess of spine, 249.

- -- spleen, 161.
- -- testicle, 199.
- Thecal, 255.
- o imale urethra, 189.
- -- uterus, 207.
- -- uterine ligaments and varieties, 05.
- in connection with uterine appendages, drainage of, Operation, 329.
- -- vagina, 211.
- -- vulva, 213.

Absence (congenital) of breasts, (237), 357, 13.

- of menstruation, see Amenorrhea, 215.
- of secretion of milk after parturition, 237.
- of thymus, 169.

Absinth, Poison, 375.

Absorption of dentine and cementum, 123.

- from pressure, of vertebræ, 249.

Acanthia lectularia, Parasite, 391.

- ciliata, Parasite, 391.
- rotundata, Parasite, 391.

Acanthocephala, Parasites, 384, 389.

Acanthosis nigricans, see Keratosis nigricans, 265.

Acardiac twin, Malformation, 351.

Acarus folliculorum, Parasite, see Demodex folliculorum, 392.

Acarus scabiei, Parasite, see Sarcoptes scabiei. 392.

Accessory Adrenals, 175.

Accessory Sinuses, Diseases of, 89.

- -- Foreign bodies in, (89), 13.
- -- Inflammation of, and varieties, 89.
- -- New Growth, Malignant of, (89), 13.
- --- Non-malignant, (89), 13.
- Parasites of, (89), 13.

Accessory Spleen, 163.

— — Diseases of, 163.

Accessory thyroid, 173.

Accumulation of wax in external meatus, 81.

Acephalous or microcephalus acardiac fœtus, Malformation, 359.

Acetic Acid, Poison, 371.

Acetanilide, Poison, 373.

Achondroplasia, 243.

Achorion Schoenleinii, Parasite, 399.

Achromatopsia, see Congenital colour blindness, 67.

Acid, Acetic, Poison, 371.

- Carbazotic, Poison, see Picric Acid, 373.

ACU

Acid, Carbolic, Poison, 373.

- Carbonic, Gas, Poison, 383.
- Hydrochloric, Poison, 371; Vapour, Poison, 383.
- Hydrocyanic, Poison, 373.
- Hydrofluoric, Poison, 371; Vapour, Poison, 383.
- Nitric, Poison, 373.
- Osmic, Poison, 383.
- Oxalate of potassium, Poison, 371.
- Oxalic, Poison, 371.
- Phosphoric, Poison, 373.
- Picric, Poison, 375.
- Prussic, see, Hydrocyanic Acid, Poison, 373.
- Sulphuric, Poison. 373.
- Sulphurous, Vapour, Poison, 383.
- Tartaric, Poison, 373.

ACIDS AND ACID SALTS. Poisons, 371.

Acne, 273.

- Cheloid, see Dermatitis papillaris Capillitii, 275.
- frontalis, see A. varioliformis, 273.
- keratosa, 273.
- rosacea, see Rosacea, 273.
- scrofulosorum, (273), 267.
- varioliformis, 273.

Aconite, Poison, 379.

Aconitine, Poison, 379.

Acormous acardiac fœtus, Malformation, 359.

Acquired deformities, Appendix, (403).

- -- of cornea, 47.
- -- of liver, 155.

Acromegaly, (119), 241.

Actinomyces, Parasite, see under Streptothrix, 398, 399.

Actinomycosis, (113), (119), (121), (141), (153), 3.

Action of heart, disordered, 97.

Acupressure, Operation, 315.

Acute Albuminuria, see Acute nephritis, 177.

Acute anterior poliomyelitis, 19.

- ascending paralysis, 21.
- bronchitis, 109.
- circumscribed Œdema, see Urticaria œdematosa, 261.
- cystitis, see Inflammation of bladder, 183.
- delirious mania, see Acute delirium, 37.
- delirium, 37.
- desquamative parenchymatous, tubal, or diffuse nephritis, see Acute nephritis, 177.
- infective gangrene. 3.

TYPES.—The names for common use are printed in Egyptian type, and Synonyms, which are not to be employed in the registration of diseases, in *Italies*.

FIGURES.—The figures refer to the pages of the book, not to the numbers of the various headings.

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ACU

Acute infective osteomyelitis and periostitis, 5.

- inflammation of female breast, 233.
- — prostate, 191.
- -- thymus, 169.
- --- thyroid, 171.
- Laryngitis, see Inflammation of arynx, 105.
- nephritis, 177.
- ædema of larynx, see infective inflammation of larynx, 105.
- orchitis, 199.
- renal dropsy, see Acute nephritis, 177.
- rheumatism, see Rheumatic fever, 5.
- Synovitis, 245.
- tubal nephritis, see Acute nephritis, 245.
- vellow atrophy of liver, 153.

Addison's disease. (267), 175.

Adeno-fibroma, tumour, 339.

Adenoid growths, removal of, Operation, 321.

- vegetations, 91.

Adeno-myxoma, tumour, 339.

Adenoma, tumour, and varieties, 339.

Adenoma sebaceum of skin, 269.

Adherent pericardium, 93.

Adhesions of Fallopian tube, 205.

- - labia of vulva, 213.
- — penis to scrotum, (195), 13.
- -- peritoneum, 159.
- —— pleura, including thickening and calcification, 115.
- tendons, 255.

Adrenal Adenoma, (179), 13.

- extract, Poison, 381.

Adrenals (suprarenals), Absent or small, Malformation, 357.

- -- Atrophy of, 175.
- Cyst of, (175), 13.
- — Degenerations of, 175.
- — Diseases of, 175.
- -- Hæmorrhage of, 175.
- — Inflammation of, 175.
- -- Injuries of, (175), 13.
- — Malformations of, (175), 13.
- -- Necrosis of, 175.
- -- New growth of, Malignant and Non-malignant, (175), 13.
- -- Suppuration of, 175.
- ——!Syphilis of, (175), 7.

ALV

Adrenals (suprarenals), Tuberculosis of, (175), 7.

Æstivo-Autumnal Malaria, 5.

AFFECTIONS CONNECTED WITH PARTURITION, 223.

- --- PREGNANCY, 219.
- CONSEQUENT ON PARTURITION, 229.

Affections of cranial nerves, 27.

- -- motor nerves and external muscles of eyeball or eyelid, 69.
- globe of eye, 65.
- - lacrymal apparatus, 71.
- -- lung, due to chemical or other irritants, 113.
- Mechanical, Appendix (403).

Agalactia, see Absence of secretion of milk after parturition, 237.

Agnathia, Malformation, 353.

Ague, see Malaria, 5.

Air, Entrance of, into veins, (103).

Air passages, upper, foreign bodies in, 295.

— — suffocation, from plugging of, 277.

Albinism, 265.

Albuminoid degeneration, see Lardaceous degeneration (Appendix 401).

Albuminuria, 187.

- Acute, see Acute nephritis 177.
- Chronic, see Bright's disease, 177.

Albuminuric retinitis, see Rena retinitis, (59), 177.

Albumosuria, 187.

Alcohol, Poison, 373.

Alcoholic insanity, 37.

— mania, 35.

Alcoholism, (33), 2.

Aleppo boil, see Orisutal Sore, 267.

Alkalies, Caustic, Poisons, 371.

Alkaline Salts, Poisons, 371.

Alkaptonuria, 187.

Alimentary Canal, foreign bodies in, 301.

Alopecia, 275.

Alopecia areata, 275.

Alternating insanity, 37.

Alum, Poison, 373.

Alveoli and teeth, injuries of, 291, 13.

Alveoli of teeth, Caries of, 123.

- -- Dentigerous cyst of, (125), 13.
- Diseases of, 123.
- —— Exotosis of, (125), 13.
- -- Inflammation of 123.

TYPES.—The names for common use are printed in Egyptian type, and Synonyms, which are not to be employed in the registration of diseases, in *Italics*,

FIGURES.—The figures refer to the pages of the book, not to the numbers of the various headings.

Figures without parentheses indicate where the disease should be registered; figures within parentheses indicate pages where the disease is entered for the sake of classification only, and not for registration.

ALV

Alveoli of teeth, Inflammation of, Mercurial, (123), 9.

-- Necrosis of, 123.

-- Phosphoric inflammation and necrosis of, (123), 9.

-- Scorbutic inflammation of, (125), 11.

- - Suppuration of, 123.

-- Symmetrical osteoma of, (125), 13.

—— Syphilis of, (125), 7.

Amaurosis, 65.

- fugax, see Temporary blindness, 67.

Amblyomma Americanum, Parasite, 393.

- dissimile, Parasite, 393.

- hebraum, Parasite, 393.

Amblyopia, 65.

- congenital, 65.

- hysterical, (65), 33.

- toxic, (65), 13.

Amenorrhœa and varieties, 215.

Ametropia, 67.

Ammonia, Poison, 371.

- Gaseous poison, 381.

Ammonio-magnesian phosphate calculus, see Triple phosphate calculus, 185.

Amnion, dropsy of, 219.

Amœba Coli, and other Amœbinæ, Parasites, 384.

Amphistomum hominis, Parasite, 384.

Amputations, see Note, 318.

Amputation of the Clitoris, 331.

Amyl nitrite, Gaseous poison, 381.

Amyloid disease, see Lardaceous degeneration, (Appendix, 401).

- degeneration of liver, see Lardaceous liver, 153.

--- spleen, see Lardaceous spleen, 161.

-- - ktdney, see Lardaceous kidney, 177.

Amyotrophic lateral sclerosis, see Spinal cord, degeneration of, 19; and Brain, degeneration of, 25.

Amyotrophy, see Atrophy of muscles, 251.

Anæmia, 11, (Appendix 401).

- of brain, 23.

- chronic splenic, (163), 11.

- idiopathic of Addison, see Pernicious anæmia, 11.

- of internal ear, 85.

- pernicious, 11.

— of retina, 59.

Anæsthesia, 31.

- of eyeball, 67.

ANI

Anæsthesia, General, 31.

- Local, 31.

- of larynx, 107.

—— tongue, (129), 31.

Anæsthetic Chlorides, vapours of, Poisons, 383.

- leprosy, see Leprosy, 5.

Anal fissure or ulcer, Operation for, 327.

- fistula, Operation for, 326.

Anasarca, see Œdema of connective tissue, 259.

Anastomosis, intestinal, Operation, 325.

- of lymphatics with veins, Operation, 315.

Anencephaly, Malformation, 349.

Aneurysm, 101.

- by anastomosis, 101.

- of arteries, 101.

- arterio-venous, 103.

— of brain, (25).

- cirsoid, see Aneurism by anastomosis, 101, 337.

— diffused, 101.

- dissecting, 101.

— embolic, 101.

- fusiform, 101.

— of heart, 95.

-- pulmonary artery (branches of), (111), 101.

-- valves of heart, 95.

— miliary, 101.

- Operations for, 314.

- saccular, 101.

- traumatic 101.

- varicose, 103.

Aneurysmal varix, 103.

Angina pectoris, 97.

Angioma, see Hæmangioma, tumour, 337.

- arterial, 337.

- capillary, 337.

- venous, 337.

- of nose (87), 13.

Angioneurotic ædema, see Urticaria ædematosa 261.

Angiosarcoma, tumour, 343.

Angular deformity of spine, 249.

Anidrosis, 275.

Aniline, Poison, 373.

- Gaseous poison, 381.

- dyes, Poison, 373.

Animal extracts, Poisons, 381.

— parasites, (Appendix 384).

TYPES.—The names for common use are printed in Egyptian type, and Synonyms, which are not to be employed in the registration of diseases, in *Italia*s.

FIGURES.—The figures refer to the pages of the book, not to the numbers of the various headings.

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ANI

Animal poisons (Appendix 381).

Anisometropia, 69,

Ankyloblepharon, 75.

— Operation for, 319.

Ankylosis of joint, and varieties, 247.

- -- arytænoid cartilages, 107.
- — ossicles of ear, 83.
- —— spine, 249.

Ankylostomum duodenale, Parasite, 388.

Annular calcification of arteries, see Calcareous degeneration of arteries, 99.

Annular scleritis, 47.

Anopheles bifurcatus, Parasite, 391.

- maculipenuis, Parasite, 391.
- nigripes, Parasite, 391.

Anorexia, see Loss of appetite, 139.

Anosmia, see Loss of smell, 89.

Anteflexion of uterus, 209.

Anterior curvature of spine, 249.

Anterior poliomyelitis, 19.

Anteversion of uterus, 209.

Anthracosis, see Collier's lung, 113.

Anthrax, 3.

- of intestines, (141), 3.
- -- lips, (117), 3.
- -- skin, (267), 3.
- stomach, (137), 3.

Antimony, Poison, 369.

Antipyrin, Poison, 373.

Antitoxin, injection of, into brain, Operation, 318.

Antrum of Highmore, foreign bodies in, 291, 13.

Anuria, see Suppression of urine, 187.

Anus, Abscess of, 147.

- Diseases of, 147.
- Fissure of, 147.
- Fistula of, 147.
- --- Operation for, 326.
- Gangrene of, 147.
- Hæmorrhage of, 147.
- Inflammation of, 147.
- —Injuries of, 13, (149).
- Laceration of, 149.
- Malformations of, (149), 13.
- --- Operations for, 326.
- Narrowed or imperforate, Malformation, 13, 355.
- New Growth of, Malignant and Non-malignant, (147), 13.

ARG

Anus, Operations on, 326.

- Prolapse of, 149.
- Pruritus of, 149.
- Stricture of, 149.
- Ulceration of, 147.
- Wound of, 303.

Aorta and pulmonary artery, origins of, transposed, Malformation, 353.

--- common, Malformation, 353.

Aortic arch, stenosis of, Malformation, 353.

Aortic valve, disease of, 93.

Apex of heart bifid, Malformation, 351.

Aphakia, 63.

Aphasia, 33.

Aphtha, see Thrush, (119), 398, 13.

Appendicitis, 139.

Appendix, excision of, Operation, 325.

- removal of, Operation, 325.
- opening and draining abscess in connection with, Operation, 325.
- vermifornis, absent, Malformation, 355.

Appetite, excessive, 133.

- loss of, 139.
- perversions of, 139.

Application of craniotomy forceps, Operation, 332.

- -- crotchet, Operation, 332.
- fillet, Operation, 331.
- -- forceps, Operation, 331.
- -- lever, Operation, 331.
- - styptics, Operation, 295.

Apomorphia, Poison, 379.

Aponeuroses, diseases of, see Fasciæ, diseases of, 253.

Apoplexy, 27.

- sanguineous, see Hæmorrhage of brain, 23.
- pulmonary, see Hæmorrhage into lung, 111.

Aqua fortis, see Nitric Acid, Poison, 371.

Arachnida, Parasites, 384, 391.

Arachnoid, inflammation of, see inflammation of membranes of brain, 21, and of spinal cord, 17.

Arcus senilis, 47.

Area, see Alopecia Areata, 275.

Areola, abscess of, 233.

— diseases of, 233.

Argas monbata, Parasite, 393.

- Persicus, Parasite, 393.
- talaje, Parasite, 393.

TYPES.—The names for common use are printed in Egyptian type, and Synonyms, which are not to be employed in the registration of diseases, in Italics.

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ARG

Argas, Tholozani, Parasite, 393.

Argyria, 371.

Arsenic, Poison, 369.

Arsenic, chronic poisoning by, 9.

Arsenical neuritis, (33), 15, 369.

Arseniuretted hydrogen, Gaseous poison, 381.

Arterial nævus, 99.

- sclerosis, 99.

Arteries, abnormal origin and course of, Malformation, 353.

- Aneurysm of, 101.
- -- by anaxtomosis of, 101.
- annular calcification of, see calcareous degeneration of, 99.
- Cerebral, diseases of, (25).
- cirsoid aneurysm of, see Aneurysm by anastomosis, 101.
- Complete rupture of, 281.
- Contusion of, 281.
- Degeneration of (and Subdivisions), 99.
- Dilatation of, 99.
- Diseases of, 99.
- Embolism of, 101.
- Elongation and tortuosity of, 99.
- Fatty degeneration of, 99.
- Hypertrophy of muscular coat of, 99.
- Injuries of, (101), 13, 281.
- Ligature of (for other conditions than aneurysm or hæmorrhage), Operation, 314.
- Malformations of, (101), 13, 353.
- Narrowing and obliteration of, 99.
- Obstruction or occlusion of, by clot, 101.
- Occlusion of, by compression, 99.
- Operations on, 314.
- Rupture of, and varieties, 101.
- -- from injury, 281.
- Syphilis of, (99), 7.
- Temporary constriction of, Operation, 314.
- Traumatic aneurysm of, 101.
- Thrombosis of, 101.
- Tuberculosis of, (99), 7.
- Wound of, 283.

Arterio-capillary, fibrosis, 99.

Arterio-sclerotic atrophy of kidney, 177.

Arterio-venous aneurysm, 103

Arteritis, 99.

Arteriotomy, Operation, 314.

ATM

Artery, bloodletting from an, Operation, 314.

Arthrectomy, Operation, 317.

Arthritis deformans, see Osteoarthritis, 11, (245).

- nodosa, see Osteoarthritis, 11, (245).
- rheumatoid, see Osteoarthritis, 11, (245).

Arthritis. see Inflammation of joints, 245.

- gonorrhoal, (245), 5.

Arthrodesis, Operation, 317.

Articular cartilage, displacement of, 285.

Artificial anus, operation for, see under Operations.

for Malformations of Anus, 326.

Artificial pupil, Operation for making,

Ascaris lumbricoides, Parasite, 387.

- mystax, Parasite, 387.

Ascites, see Dropsy of peritoneum, 159.

Asiatic cholera, see Cholera, 3.

Aspergillus flavescens vel flavus, Parasite, 399.

- fumigatus, Parasite, 399.
- niger, Parasite, 399.

Aspergillosis of lung, 113.

Asphyxia, see Suffocation, (105), 277.

Aspiration of abscess, Operation, 313.

- -- cyst, Operation, 313.
- - joint, Operation, 317.

Assimilation of certain vertebræ, Malformation, 359.

Associated nuclear paralyses, 25.

Asthenopia, and varieties, 69.

Asthma, 105.

- Grinder's, 113.
- Hay, see Hay fever, 105.
- Miner's, 113.
- spasmodic, see Asthma, 105.

Astigmatism, and Subdivisions, 69.

Astragalus, dislocation of, 309.

Ataxic paraplegia, see under Spinal cord, degene-rations of, 19.

Ataxia, locomotor, see under Spinal cord, degenerations of, 19.

- family or hereditary, see under Spinal cord,. degenerations of, 19.

Atelectasis of lung, 113.

Atheroma of arteries, see Arterial sclerosis, 99.

Atheroma of valves of heart, 95.

Atheromatous erosion of arteries, 99.

Athetosis, 29.

Atmospheric pressure, abnormal, suffocation from,..

FYPES.—The names for common use are printed in Egyptian type, and Synonyms, which are not to be employed in the registration of diseases, in *Italics*.

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ATO

Atony of intestines, see Paresis of intestines, 147.

— - stomach, see Paresis of stomach, 139.

Atony of uterus during parturition, 223.

Atresia, congenital, of male urethra, (191), 13.

Atresia of uterus, see Occlusion of uterus, 209.

— — vagina, see Occlusion of vagina, 211.

-- Operation for, 330.

Atrophic cirrhosis of liver, see Portal cirrhosis, 153.

— spinal paralysis, see Acute anterior poliomyelitis,

19.

Atrophy, (Appendix 401).

- of adrenals, 175.
- — bones, 241.
- — alveoli, 123.
- —— brain, 25.
- — breast, female, 235.
- — choroid and varieties, 53.
- — gall bladder or ducts, 155.
- gums, 125.
- -- heart, 95.
- Idiopathic muscular, (21), 251.
- of intestines, 141.
- -- iris, 49.
- – kidney, 177.
- — liver, 153.
- -- acute yellow, 153.
- — lymph glands, 165.
- — mammary gland, 223.
- -- muscles, 251.
- Progressive muscular, see under Spinal cord, degeneration of, 19.
- Optic nerve and varieties, 57.
- Ovary, 201.
- Pancreas, 151.

Atrophy of periosteum of jaws, gums, or lveoli, 123.

- — prostate, 191.
- — skin and varieties, 265.
- spine, 249.
- - spleen, 161.
- — stomach, 135.
- — supra-renals, 175.
- — testicle, 199.
- - thymus, 169.
- -- thyroid gland, 171.
- - tongue, 127.
- — uterus and varieties, 207.

BAC

Atrophy of vagina, 211.

— — vulva, 213.

Atropine, Poison, 375.

Aural or auditory vertigo, 31, (85).

Auricle of the ear, Abscess of, 81.

- -- Diseases of, 81.
- ——— Gouty disposits in, (81), 11.
- - Hæmatoma of, 81.
- -- Hyperostosis of, 81.
- — Inflammation of, 81.
- -- Injuries of, (81), 13.
- — Malformations of, (81), 13.
- ——— New Growths of, Malignant; and Non-malignant, (81), 13.
- -- Parasitic disease of, (81), 13.
- — Prominence of, Operation for, 322.
- -- Raynaud's disease of, (81), 101.
- -- Syphilis of, (81), 7.

Auricular fissure, Operation for, 322.

Avulsion of part or whole of upper limb, injury,

———— lower limb, injury, 311.

Axial rotation, see Torsion of testicle, 201.

Bacilli, Parasites, 396-398.

Bacilluria, 187.

Bacillus Acidi lactici, 398.

- aerogenes capsulatus, 396.
- anthracis, 396.
- butyricus, 398.
- choleræ, 397.
- coli communis, 396.
- diphtheriæ, 398.
- dysenteriæ, 397.
- Emphysematosus, see B. aerogenes capsulatus, 396.
- enteriditis, 397.
- - sporogenes, 396.
- febris entericæ, see B. typhosus, 397.
- influenzæ epidemicæ, 397.
- lepræ, 398.
- mallei, 397.
- œdematis maligni,1396.
- pestis buhonicæ, 397.
- pyocyaneus, 397.

TYPES.—The names for common uso are printed in Egyptian type, and Synonyms, which are not to be employed in the registration of diseases, in *Italics*.

FIGURES.—The figures refer to the pages of the book, not to the numbers of the various headings.

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BAC

Bacillus tetani, 396.

- tuberculosis, 398.
- typhi abdominalis, see B. typhosus, 397.
- typhosus, 397.

Back, Contusion of, 297.

- Gunshot wound of, 299.
- Injuries of, 297.
- Sprain of, 297.
- Wound of, 299.

Back-knee, 247.

Bacteria, see Fission fungi, Parasites, 394, 395.

Balanitis, see Inflammation of glaus penis, 193.

Balantidium Coli, see Paramecium Coli, Parasite, 385.

Baldness, see Alopecia, 275.

Bang, see Indian hemp, Poison, 377.

Barium, Poison, 369.

Bartholini's gland, Removal of, Operation, 331.

Basedow's disease, see Exophthalmic goitre, 11, (79), (171).

Bazin's disease, see Erythema induratum, 267.

Beaded hairs, 275.

Bedsore, 263.

Belladonna, Poison, 375.

Bending of bone or Green-stick fracture, 305, 309.

Benzene, see Benzol, Poison, 373.

Benzol, Poison, 373.

— Gaseous poison, 381.

Beri-beri, 3.

Bichloride of methylene, see Vapours of anæsthetic chlorides, 383.

Bichromate of potassium, Poison, 369.

Bifid uvula, (129), 13.

Bilharzia hæmatobia, Parasite, (185), 386.

Bile-ducts, Operations on the, 326.

Bile inspissated, 155.

Bilharzia hæmatobia, Parasite, (185), 386.

Biliary cirrhosis of liver, 153.

Biliary ducts impervious, Malformation, 355.

Biliary colic, 155.

— fistula, 157.

Birth, Premature, 227.

Biskra bouton, see Oriental sore, 267.

Bismuth, Poison, 369.

Bisulphate of sodium or potassium, Poison, 373.

Bisulphide of carbon, Gaseous poison, 381.

BLE

Bitter almonds, Oil of, Poison, 383.

Black eye, see Ecchymosis of eyelid 73.

Black hellebore, Poison, 377.

Black induration of lung, 113.

Black tongue, 127.

Blackwater fever, 3.

Bladder, Calculus of, 183.

- constricted to form two cavities, Malformation, 355.
- Diseases of, 183.
- Distension of, 183.
- Excision of, Operation, 327.
- Extroversion of, (185), 13.
- --- Operation for, 327.
- Hernia of, 183.
- Hypertrophy of, 183.
- Inflammation of, and varieties, 183.
- Injuries of, (183), 13.
- Inversion of, 183.
- Irritability of, 183.
- Laceration of, from fracture, 303.
- Malformations of, (183), 13.
- Neuralgia of, (183), 33.
- New Growth of, Malignant and Non-malignant, (183), 13.
- Operations on, 327.
- Paralysis of, (183), 27.
- Parasitic disease of, (183), 13.
- Rupture of, 183.
- --- from fracture of pelvis, 303.
- Sacculation of, 183.
- Sloughing of, 183.
- after parturition. 229.
- Spasm of, (183), 29.
- Suppuration of, 183.
- Suture, Operation, 327.
- Tapping of, above pubes, Operation, 327.
- Tuberculosis of, (183), 7.
- Ulceration of, 183.
- Wound of, 303.

Blastomycetes, see Yeast fungi, Parasites, 394, 398.

Blastomyces albicans, (233), 398, 13.

- dermatidis, 398.

Blastomycosis of skin, 271.

Blennorrhagia, see Gonorrhæa, 5.

Blepharitis marginalis, 73.

Blepharophimosis, 75.

TYPES.—The names for common use are printed in Egyptian type, and Synonyms, which are not to be employed in the registration of diseases, in *Italics*.

FIGURES.—The figures refer to the pages of the book, not to the numbers of the various headings.

Figures without parentheses indicate where the disease should be registered: figures within parentheses indicate pages where the disease is entered for the sake of classification only, and not for registration.

BLE

Blepharoplasty, see Operation for restoration of eyelid or for uniting the lids, 319.

Blepharospasm, 77.

Blinding from intense light, 65.

Blindness, Congenital colour, 67.

- Day, 67.

- Fortification, see Megrim blindness, 67.

- Functional night, 65.

- Megrim, 67.

- from quinine, 59.

- Temporary, 67.

Blood letting, see Phlebotomy, Operation, 314.

- from artery, see Arteriotomy, Operation, 314.

Blood vessel tumour, see Hæmangioma, 337.

Blood vessels, Diseases of, 99.

- Injuries of, 281.

- Operations on, 314.

- Tumours of, and varieties, 337.

Blue line on gums from lead, (125), 9, 369.

Boil, (259), 261.

- Aleppo, see Oriental sore, 251.

- Delhi, see Oriental sore, 251.

Bones, Abscess, chronic, of, 241.

- Actinomycosis of, (243), 3.

Actinomy costs or, \=

— Atrophy of, 241,

- Bending of, see under Greenstick fracture, 305, 309.

- Correction of deformity of, by fracture, Opera-

- Congenital malformations of, (245), 13.

— Contusion of, 283.

tion, 316.

- Cyst of, (243), 13.

- Diseases of (exclusive of spine), 241.

- Effects of injuries of, (245), 13.

- Excision of, Operation, 316.

- Fracture of, 285.

-- operation for un-united, 316.

- or dislocation of the pelvic, 303.

-- spontaneous, 243.

- Gout of, (243), 11.

- Grafting, Operation, 316.

- Hypertrophy of, 241.

- Inflammation of, and varieties, 241.

- Injuries of, 283.

- Madura disease of, (243), 5.

- Malformations of, (245), 13.

- Necrosis of, 241.

BRA

Bones, New Growth of, Malignant and Non-malignant, (243), 13.

- Operations on, 316.

- Parasitic disease of, (243), 13.

- Removal of sequestra from, Operation, 316.

- Rickets of, (243), 11.

- Scurvy of, (243), 11.

- Syphilis of, (243), 7.

- Tumour composed of, and varieties, 335,

- Un-united fracture of, 243.

- Wound of, 283.

Bothrio-cephalus cordatus, Parasite, 386.

- cristatus, Parasite, 386.

- latus, Parasite, 386.

- liguloides, Parasite, 386.

Bow-leg, 217.

Bradycardia, see Disordered action of heart, 97.

Brain, Abscess of, 23.

- Absent, Malformation, 349.

- Anæmia of, 23.

- Arteries of, diseases of, (25), 99.

- Atrophy of, 25.

- compression, 289.

- Congestion of, see Hyperæmia of, 23.

- contusion, 239.

- Cyst of, (25), 13.

- Degenerations of, 25.

Development of, incomplete, Malformation,
 349.

— Diseases of, 23.

- Hæmorrhage of, 23.

- Hydrocephalus of, 25.

- Hyperæmia of, 23.

- Inflammation of, 23.

- Lodgment of, foreign body in, 289.

- Malformations of, (27), 13, 349.

- Membranes of, diseases of, 21.

-- laceration of, 289.

- New Growth of, Malignant and Non-malignant, (25), 13.

- Operations on, 318.

- Parasitic disease of, (25), 13.

- Sclerosis of, and varieties, 52.

- Sinuses of, diseases of, (27), 101.

- Softening of, 23.

-- necrotic, from occlusion of vessels, 23.

-- from pressure, 23.

TYPES.—The names for common use are printed in Egyptian type, and Synonyms, which are not to be employed in the registration of diseases, in *Italics*.

FIGURES.—The figures refer to the pages of the book, not to the numbers of the various heading.

Figures without parentheses indicate where the disease should be registered; figure within parentheses indicate pages where the disease is entered for the sake of classification only, and not for registration.

BRA

Brain, Syphilis of, (25), 7.

- Tuberculosis of, (25), 7.

- Veins of, diseases of, (27), 101.

- Wound of, 289.

Branchial cyst, congenital tumour or malformation, 345, 361.

- fistula, Malformation, 361.

- pouch, Malformation, 361.

Brawny infiltration of sclera, see Annular scleritis, 47.

Breast, Female, Actinomysis of, (235), 3.

-- Congenital absence of, (237), 13.

- Abscess of, 235.

--- after parturition, 231.

-- Atrophy of, 235.

-- Congenital malformations of, (237), 13.

-- Cysts of, and varieties, (237), 13.

- Diseases of, 237.

-- Excision of, Operation, 323.

-- Hydatid cysts of, (237), 13.

-- Hyperæmia of, 235.

-- Hyperæsthesia of, (237), 31.

-- Hypertrophy of, and varieties, 237.

- Inflammation of, and varieties, 233, 235.

---- following parturition, 231.

— New Growth of, Malignant and Non-malignant, (237), 13.

— — Neuralgia of, (237), 33.

- — Operations on, 323.

-- Parasitic disease of, (237), 13.

- - Senile involution of, 235.

-- Supernumerary, (237), 13.

-- Suppuration of, and varieties, 235.

- Syphilis of, (235), 7.

— Tuberculosis of, (235), 7.

- Male, Congenital malformations of, (239), 13.

- Cyst of, (239), 13.

— — Diseases of, 239.

—— Hypertrophy of, 239.

-- New Growth of, Malignant and Non-malignant, (239), 13.

Bright's disease, and varieties, 275.

Bromine, Poison, 371.

Gaseous poison, 331.

Bronchi, Contraction, see Stricture of, 103.

- Dilatation of, 109.

- Diphtheria of, (109), 3.

BUR

Bronchi, Diseases of, 109.

- Foreign bodies in, (109), 13, 297.

— Inflammation of, see Bronchitis, 109.

- Malformations of, (109), 13.

- Necrosis of cartilages of, 109.

- New Growth of, Malignant and Non-malignant (109), 13.

- Ossification of cartilages of, (109), 13.

- Parasitic disease of, (109), 13.

- Syphilis of, (109), 7.

— Tuberculosis of, (109), 7.

- Ulceration of, 109.

Bronchial asthma, see Asthma, 105.

Bronchiectasis, see Dilatation of bronchi, 109.

Bronchitis, Acute or chronic, 109.

- Catarrhal, 109.

- Plastic, 109.

Bronchocele, see Goitre, 171.

Broncho-pneumonia, 111.

Brown induration of lung, 111.

Brucine, Poison, 379.

Bruise or contusion, 299, (279).

- with blood tumour, (279).

- with ecchymosis, (279).

Brush-burn, (279).

Bubo, see Inflammation of lymph-glands, 163.

Bubonic plague, see Plague, 5.

Buccal fissure abnormally long or small, or absent Malformation, 353.

Bugs, Species of, Parasites, 391.

Bulbar paralysis, see under Associated nuclear paralyses, 25.

Bulimia, see Excessive appetite, 139.

Bunion, 257.

Burns and scalds, 277, (279).

Burns or chemical injuries of eyelid or eye, 291.

Burn or scald of larynx, 295.

- of mouth or face, 291.

— — œsophagus, 295.

—— pharynx, 295.

-- skin, 287.

--- mucous membrane, 287.

Bursæ, Abscess of, 257.

— Diseases of, 255.

- Inflammation of, and varieties, 255.

- Injuries of, (257), 13.

- New growths of, (257), 13.

TYPES.—The names for common use are printed in Egyptian type, and Synonyms, which are not to be employed in the registration of diseases, in Italics.

FIGURES.—The figures refer to the pages of the book, not to the numbers of the various headings. Figures without parentheses indicate where the disease should be registered; figures within parentheses indicate pages where the disease is entered for the sake of classification only, and not for registration.

BUR

Bursal cyst, 257.

Bursitis, see Inflammation of bursæ, 255.

Cachexia, Lead, Poison, 369.

- Malarial, see Chronic malaria, 5.

Cæsarian section, Operation, 332.

Caisson disease, 21.

Calabar bean, Poison, 375.

Calcareous degeneration (Appendix 401).

- — of arteries, 99.
- - of myocardium, 95.
- infiltration of lymphatic glands, see Calcification of lymphatic glands, 163.

Calcification, Nodular, of dental pulp, 121.

- of lymphatic glands, 163.
- and ossification of cartilages of larynx, 107.
- — trachea and bronchi, 109.

Calculi, Biliary, 155.

Calculi and concretions (Appendix 401).

Calculus of bladder and varieties, 185.

- Ammonio-magnesian-phosphate, see Triple phosphate, 185.
- Carbonate of calcium, 185.
- Cystine, 185.
- Fusible, 185.
- Oxalate of calcium, 185.
- Phosphate of calcium, 185.
- Triple phosphate, 185.
- Urates, 185.
- Uric acid, 185.
- Uric oxide, see Xanthin, 185.
- Xanthic oxide, see Xanthin, 185.
- Xanthin, 185.

Calculus of kidney, 179.

- — pancreas, 151.
- pelvis of kidney, 179.
- prostate, (191), 13.
- ——— removal of, Operation, 327.
- Salivary, 13l.
- in ureter, 181.
- — urethra, impacted, 189.
- --- removal of, Operation, 328.

Callosity, 265.

Callus, Excessive formation of, 243.

CAR

Camphor, Poison, 375.

Canal of Nuck, Cyst in, Malformation, 345.

— — Partially obliterated, 361.

Canalisation of imperforate cervix, Operation, 330.

-- vagina, Operation, 330.

Cancer, see under Carcinoma, Tumours, 341.

Cancer en cuirasse, see under New growth, Malignant, of skin, 269.

Cancrum oris, see Gangrene of mouth, 119.

Canities, 275.

Cannabis indica, Poison, see Indian hemp, 377.

Cantharides, Poison, 381.

Cantharidin, Poison, 381.

Canthoplasty, see Operations for lengthening or shortening palpebral fissure, 319.

Capillaries, Fatty degeneration of, 103.

- Lardaceous degeneration of, 103.
- Dilatation of, 103.
- Diseases of, 103.
- Rupture of, 103.

Capillary nævus, 103.

Capsular cataract, 63.

Capsule of lens, Extraction of opaque, Operation, 320.

- - Laceration of opaque, Operation, 320.

Capsules, Supra-renal, see under Adrenals, 175.

Carbazotic acid, see Picric acid, Poison, 373.

Carbolic acid, Poison, 373.

Carbon bisulphide, Gaseous poison, 381.

- dioxide, see Carbonic acid gas, 383.
- monoxide, see Carbonic oxide gas, 383.

Carbonate of calcium calculus, 185.

Carbonic acid gas, Poison, 383.

- oxide gas, Poison, 383.

Carbuncle, (259), 261.

— of lips, (117), 261.

Carcinoma and malignant endothelioma and varieties, Tumours, 341.

Carcinoma, Colloid, 341.

- Columnar-celled, 341.
- Epithelioma, see Squamous-celled, 341.
- Encephaloid, 341.
- Myxomatodes, 341.
- Scirrhous or hard, 341.
- Squamous-celled, 341.
- Spheroidal-celled, 341.
- -- Transitional-celled, 341.

Types.—The names for common use are printed in Egyptian type, and Synonyms, which are not to be employed in the registration of diseases, in *Italies*.

FIGURES.—The figures refer to the pages of the book, not to the numbers of the various headings. Figures without parenthoses indicate whore the disease should be registered; figures within parentheses indicate pages where the disease is entered for the sake of elassification only, and not for registration.

CAR

Carcinoma of skin, see under Malignant new growth, (269), 13.

Cardiac or pulmonary thrombosis, or embolism, (sudden death from), after delivery, 231.

Cardiac or syncopic blindness, see Temporary blindness, 67.

Cardiac valves, Diseases of, 93.

-- Imperfect, Malformation, 353.

Cardialgia, see Heart-burn, 139.

Caries of dental alveoli, 123.

-- bone, 241.

- - dentine and cement, 123.

-- external meatus, 81.

- middle ear, 83.

-- nose, 87.

-- orbit, 77.

-- ossicles, 83.

-- spine, 249.

Carneous mole connected with pregnancy, 219.

Carpo-pedal spasm, see Tetany, 31.

Carpus, Dislocation of, 307.

- Fracture of, 305.

Cartilage, Dislocation of intra-articular, 247.

- Loose, see Loose body in joint, 247.

- of larynx, Fracture of, 295.

--- Necrosis of, 107.

-- Calcification and ossification of, 107.

- Nasal, Dislocation of, 291.

- of ribs, Ossification of, 243.

- Semilunar, Slipped, 307.

- of trachea, Calcification and ossification of, 109.

Cartilaginous tumour, see Chondroma, 335.

Caseous inflammation of soft parts of nose, 87.

Castor oil seeds, Poison, 375.

Castration, see Removal of testis, Operation, 329.

Catalepsy, 33.

Cataract, 61.

- Acquired, 61.

- Anterior polar, 61.

- Calcareous, 63.

- Capsular, 63.

- Complete, 63.

- Cortical, 61.

— Diabetic, (63), 11.

- Hard or senile, 63.

- Juvenile or soft, 63.

- Lenticular, 61.

CER

Cataract, Nuclear, 61.

- Posterior polar, 61.

- Primary, 61.

- Pyramidal, 61.

- Secondary, 63.

- Shrunken, 61.

- Soft, 63.

- Traumatic, 63.

- Zonular, see Lamellar, 61.

Catarrh of cervix uteri, (219). 205.

-- vagina, (219), 211.

Catarrhal bronchitis, 109.

- conjunctivitis, 41.

- inflammation of mouth, 119.

--- fauces, see Sore throat, 129.

--- uterus, 205.

- laryngitis, 105.

- pneumonia, see Broncho-pneumonia, 111.

Catheter, Passing of, Operation, 328.

Catheterisation, Urethral, see Passing of Catheter, Operation, 328.

- of Eustachian tube, Operation, 326.

-- esophagus, Operation, 322.

-- ureter, Operation, 326.

Cauterisation for hæmorrhage, Operation, 315.

- of skin, Operation, 316.

Cautery, Electric, application of, to nose, Operation, 321.

Cavernous lymph-angioma, (165), 13.

- nævus, see Venous hæmangioma, Tumour, 337.

Cavities of heart, Deficiency of, and varieties, Malformation, 351.

Cellia argyrotarsis, Parasite, 392.

- albipes, Parasite, 392.

Cellulitis, see Inflammation of connective tissue, 259.

— Pelvic, 205.

- of orbit, and varieties, (77), 259.

Cement of teeth, Diseases of, 123.

Centipedes, Venom of, 381.

Cephalalgia, see Headache, 31.

Cephalhamatoma, see Contusion of scalp, 287.

Cephalotripsy, see Crushing head of child, Operation, 332.

Cerapotogon varius, Parasite, 391.

Cercomonas hominis, Parasite, 385

- intestinalis, Parasite, 385.

TYPES.—The names for common use are printed in Egyptian type, and Synonyms, which are not to be employed in the registration of diseases, in *Italics*.

FIGURES.—The figures refer to the pages of the book, not to the numbers of the various headings.

Figures without parentheses indicate where the disease should be registered; figures within parentheses indicate pages where the disease is entered for the sake of elassification only, and not for registration.

CER

Cerebral arteries, Diseases of, (25), 99.

- diplegia of children, 27.
- hæmorrhage, 23.
- -- Sudden death from, after delivery, 231.
- veins and sinuses, Diseases of, (27), 101.

Cerebro-spinal fever, 3.

— meningitis, Epidemie, see Cerebro-spinal fever, 3.

Cerebro-spinal meningitis, see Inflammation of membranes of spinal cord, 17, and of brain, 21.

Cerebro-spinal rhinorrhæa, 89.

Cervical canal, Catarrh of, 205.

- -- Dilatation of, Operation, 330.
- - Occlusion of, 209.
- Stricture of, 209.

Cervical catarrh, Whites, see Leucorrhœa, 217.

Cervix femoris, Fracture of, see Fracture of neck of femur, 309.

Cervix uteri, Canalisation of imperforate, Operation, 330.

- — Catarrh of, 205.
- —— Dilatation of, Operation, 332.
- - Division of, Operation, 330.
- - Ectropium of, 211.
- — Elongation of, 207, 209.
- Granular inflammation, and varieties, 207.
- Lacerations of, 211.
- --- Repair of, Operation, 330.
- —— Malposition of, as obstacle to parturition, 223.
- —— New growth of, as obstacle to parturition, 223.
- — Plugging of, Operation, 330.
- -- Removal of, Operation, 330.
- ---- vaginal portion of, Operation, 330.
- — Sloughing of, after parturition, 229.
- —— Ulcer of, 207.

Cestoda, Parasites, 384, 386.

Cevadilla, Poison, 375.

Chalazion, (75), 13.

Chancre, Hard, see Syphilis, 7.

— Soft, 195.

Charcoal fumes, Poison, 383.

Cheek, Fissure of the, Malformation, 347.

Cheiloplasty, Operation, 319.

Cheloid (269), 13, 335.

Chemical injuries of the eyelid or eye, 291.

Chemosis of conjunctiva, 43.

CHO

Chest, Compression of, 295.

- Concussion of, 295.
- Contusion of, 295.
- Gunshot wound of, 297.
- Injuries of, 295.
- Wound of parietes of, 297.

Chicken-pox, 3.

Chigoe, Parasite, see Pulex penetrans, 391.

Chilblain, see Erythema permio, 261, (279).

Chionyphe, see under Streptothrix Maduræ, Parasite, 399.

Chloasma, 267.

Chloral hydrate, Poison, 373.

Chlorinated soda and lime, Poisons, 371.

Chlorine, Poison, 383.

Chloroform, and other chlorinated anæsthetics, Poisons, 373.

- vapour, Poison, 383.

Chlorosis, 11.

Choked disc, see Papillitis. 57.

Cholangitis, see Inflammation of gall-ducts, 155.

Cholecystectomy, Operation, 326.

Cholecystenterostomy, Operation, 326.

Cholecystitis, see Inflammation of gall-bladder, 155.

Cholecystotomy, Operation, 326.

Choledochotomy, Operation, 323.

Cholera, 3, (141).

- Asiatic, see Cholera, 3.

Chondroma, Tumour, 335.

Chondrosarcoma, Tumour, 341.

Chordee, 195.

Chorea, 29.

- Hereditary, 29.
- Insanity of, 29.

Chorion-epithelioma, see Deciduoma malignum, (221), 13, 341.

Choroid, Atrophy of, 53.

- Congestion of, 53.
- Degeneration of, 53.
- Detachment of, 53.
- Injuries of, (55), 13.
- Hæmorrhage of, 53.Malformation of, (55), 13.
- Non-malignant new growth of, (53), 13.

Choroiditis and varieties, 53.

- Anterior, see Scleritis, 47.

TYPES.—The names for common use are printed in Egyptian type, and Synonyms, which are not to be employed in the registration of diseases, in *Italics*.

FIGURES.—The figures refer to the pages of the book, not to the numbers of the various headings.

Figures without parentheses indicate where the disease should be registered; figures within parentheses indicate pages where the disease is entered for the sake of classification only, and not for registration.

CHR

Chromate of lead, Poison, 369.

Chromatopsia, 67.

Chrome yellow, Poison, see Lead chromate, 359.

Chromic acid, Poison, see under Chromium, 369.

Chromidrosis, 275.

Chromium, Poison, 369.

Chronic abscess of bone, 241.

- albuminuria, see Bright's disease, 177.
- Bright's disease, 177.
- bronchitis, 109.
- cystitis, 183.
- enlargement of prostate, see Hypertrophy of prostate, 191.
- inflammation of female breast, 235.
- --- thyroid gland, 171.
- interstitial inflammation of lung, 111.
- laryngitis, 105.
- malaria, 5.
- nephritis, 177.
- -- Interstitial see Granular kidney, 177.
- — Parcnchymatous, tubal, or diffusc, see Chronic nephritis, 177.
- peritonitis, 157.
- pleurisy, 113.
- spinal muscular atrophy, see Spinal cord, Degeneration of anterior cornua, 19.
- splenic anæmia, (163), 11.
- synovitis, 245.

Chylous hydrothorax, 115.

Chyluria, 187.

Cicatricial adhesions, Division of, Operation, 317.

Cicatrix, or band of, vagina, 211.

--- as obstacle to parturition, 223.

Ciliary body, Diseases of, 53

Circular insanity, 37.

CIRCULATORY SYSTEM, DISEASES OF, 93.

Circumcision, Operation, 328.

Cirrhosis of liver, and varieties, 153.

- --- Operation for, 326.
- -- lung, see Chronic interstitial inflammation of, 111.

Cirsoid ancurysm, see Aneurysm by anastomosis, 101, 337.

CLASSIFICATION OF TUMOURS, 335.

Clavicle, Dislocation of, 305

- Fracture of, 205.

Cleft palate, Malformation, (129), 13.

COL

Cleft palate, Operation for, 321.

Clegg, Parasite, 391.

Clitoris, Amputation of, Operation, 331.

Cloaca, Persistent, Malformation, 355.

Cloudy swelling, (Appendix 401).

- -- of adrenals, 175.
- -- of liver, 153.

Clots in the heart, 97.

Club-foot, and varieties, 257.

Club-hand, 257.

Coagulation of blood for cure of aneurysm, Operation, 314.

Coal-gas, Poison, 383.

Coarctation, see Stenosis of aortic arch, Malformation, 353.

Coca, Poison, 375.

Cocaine, Poison, 375.

Cocaine habit, see Cocainism, 9.

Cocainism, 9, (37).

Coccidia, (185), 13.

Coccidioides immitis, Parasite, 384.

Coccidium cuniculi, Parasite, 384.

- perforans, Parasite, 384.
- bigeminum, Parasite, 384.

Cocculus indicus, Poison, 375.

Coccygodynia, see Neuralgia (217), 33.

Coccyx, Fracture of, 299.

- Removal of, Operation, 329.

Cæliotomy see Abdominal section, Operation, 324.

Codeine, Poison, 379.

Colchicum, Poison, 375.

Cold, Effects of, 277, (279).

Colectomy, Operation, 325.

Colic, 145.

- Biliary, 155.
- Lead, (145), 9.
- Renal, 181.

Colitis, 139.

Collapse of lung, 113.

Collier's lung, 113.

Colloid carcinoma, 341.

- degeneration, (Appendix 401).
- -- of skin, 267.

Coloboma. Return under Malformations of eye, 13.

Colocynth, Poison, 375.

Colotomy, Operation, 325.

Colour-blindness, 67.

TYPES.—The names for common use are printed in Egyptian type, and Synonyms, which are not to be employed in the registration of diseases, in *Italics*.

FIGURES.—The figures refer to the pages of the book, not to the numbers of the various headings.

Figures without parentheses indicate where the disease should be registered; figures within parentheses indicate pages where the disease is entered for the sake of elassification only, and not for registration.

COL

Colporrhaphy, see Narrowing of vagina, Operation, 330.

Columnar-celled carcinoma, 341.

Columnar epithelioma, see Columnar-celled carcinoma, 341.

Combined sclerosis of spinal cord, 19.

Comma bacillus, see Bacillus choleræ, 397.

Common fluke, see Distomum hepaticum, 385.

Commotio retinæ, (61), 13.

Compound fracture of vault of skull, 289.

Compression (Appendix 403).

- of artery for cure of aneurysm, Operation, 314.
- -- brain, 289.
- -- chest, 295.
- - suffocation from, 277.
- -- intestines, 145.
- -- lymphatic vessels, 167.
- - nerves, 281.
- -- spinal cord, (21), 299.
- -- vessels for arrest of hæmorrhage, Operation, 315.

Concretions and Culcuti (Appendix 401).

- intestinal, 141.
- of prepuce, 193.
- —— stomach, 135.
- - vesiculi seminales, 191.

Concussion of brain, 289.

- —— chest, 295.
- —— spinal cord, 299,

Concussion-adema of retina, see Commotio retinæ, (61), 13.

Condyloma of penis, 195.

— — vulva, 215.

Congenital atresia of male urethra, (191), 13.

- dislocations, 367.
- -- Operation for, 315.
- displacements, &c., of parts of fœtus, Malformation, 367.
- hernia, see under Hernia, 143.
- malposition of pupil, (51), 13.
- muscular deficiencies of eyeball, 71.
- phimosis, Malformation, 355.
- ptosis, Malformation, 351.
- syphilis, see Inherited syphilis, 7.

Congestion (Appendix 401).

Congestion of brain, see Hyperæmia of brain, 153.

Congestion of choroid, 53.

CON

Congestion of kidney, 177.

- — liver, see Hyperæmia of liver, 153.
- -- lung, 111.
- — optic disc, 57.
- -- spleen, 161.
- -- stomach, see Hyperæmia of stomach, 135.

Conical cornea, 47.

- — Operation for, 320.

Coniine, Poison, 377.

Conium, Poison, 377.

Conjugate deviation of eyes, 71.

Conjunctiva, Chemosis of, 43.

- Degenerations of, 43.
- Diseases of, 41.
- Ecchymosis of, 43.
- Effects of chemical agents on, (43), 13.
- Foreign bodies in, 293.
- Hyperæmia of, 43.
- Injuries of, 13, (43).
- Leprosy of, 11, (43).
- Lymphangiectasis of, (43), 167.
- New Growth of, Malignant and Non-malignant, (43), 13.
- Œdema of, 43.
- Parasitic disease of, (43), 13.
- Pigment patch of, (43), 13.
- Pinguecula of, (43), 13.
- Pterygium of, (43), 13.
- Syphilis of, (43), 7.
- Tuberculosis of (including Lupus), (43), 7.
- Wound of, 291.

Conjunctival sac, Obliteration of, Operation, 319.

Conjunctivitis and varieties, 41.

- Acute, 41.
- Chronic, 41.
- Catarrhal, 41.
- caused by drugs, 41.
- Diphtheritic, (41), 3.
- Follicular, 41.
- Gonorrheal, (41), 5.
- from other genital discharges, 41.
- Granular, 41.
- Herpetic, see Phlyctenular, 41.
- Membranous, 41.
- Ophthalmia nodosa, 41.
- Phlyctenular, 41.
- Purulent, 41.

TYPES.—The names for common use are printed in Egyptian type, and Synonyms, which are not to be employed in the registration of diseases, in *Italies*,

FIGURES.—The figures refer to the pages of the book, not to the numbers of the various headings.

Figures without parentheses indicate where the disease should be registered; figures within parentheses indicate pages where the disease is entered for the sake of classification only, and not for registration.

CON

Conjunctivitis of newborn infants, see note, 41.

- Spring catarrh, 41.

Connective tissue, Abscess of, 259.

-- Diseases of, 259.

-- Elephantiasis of, 259.

-- - Emphysema of, 259.

-- Foreign bodies in, (259), 13.

-- Gangrene of, 259.

-- Gouty concretion in, (259), 11.

-- Hæmorrhage of, 259.

—— Injuries of, (259), 13.

-- Inflammation of, 259.

-- New Growth of, Malignant and Non-malignant, (259), 13.

—— Œdema of, 259.

-- Parasitic disease of, (259), 13.

-- Rheumatic nodule in, (259), 5.

-- Slough, see Gangrene of, 259.

-- Syphilitic gumma in, (259), 7.

Conorhinus nigrovarius, Parasite, 392.

- sanguisuga, Parasite, 392.

Consecutive atrophy of optic nerve, see Atrophy of optic nerve from papillilis, 57.

Constipation, 145.

Constriction, temporary, of arteries, Operation,

Continued fever, simple, see note, p. 5, No. 34.

Contracted palmar fuscia, see Dupuytren's Contraction, 253.

Contracting granular kidney, see Granular kidney, 177.

Contraction (Appendix 403).

- and stricture of gall-bladder and ducts, 157.

- of fasciæ, 253.

-- stomach, 137.

-- tendons, 255.

Contracture of muscles, 253.

Contused wound, (279).

Contusion, (279).

Contusion of abdomen, 299.

--- with rupture of muscle, 299.

--- viscera, 299.

Contusion of abdominal viscera, with or without injury of parietes, 301.

Contusion of arteries, 281.

-- back, 297.

- brain, 289.

COR

Contusion of bone, 283.

-- chest-wall, 295.

—— eyeball, 291.

-- with detachment of retina, 293.

--- with dislocation of lens, 291.

—— with hæmorrhage into eyeball, 293.

--- with rupture of sclerotic, 291.

-- eyelid, 291.

—— face, 291.

- heart or lung, without wound, 297.

—— joint, 285.

-- lower extremity, 307.

—— lymph gland, 283.

— — mucous membrane, 287.

-- mouth, 291.

—— muscle, 285.

-- neck, 295.

—— nerves, 281.

—— organs of generation, 301.

—— pelvis, 301.

— — pinna, 293.

-- scalp and varieties, 287.

-- secreting glands, 283.

— — skin and subcutaneous tissue, 285.

— — skull, 289.

—— testicle, 303.

- upper extremity, 305.

—— veins, 283.

Convulsions, and special forms, 31.

- consequent on parturition, 231.

- during parturition, (227).

- puerperal, 31, 231.

Copper, Poison, 369.

Cord, spermatic, Abscess of, 197.

— — Diseases of, 197.

-- Hæmatocele of, 197.

- Hydrocele of, and varieties, 197.

-- Inflammation of, 197.

-- Injuries of, (197), 13.

— — Neuralgia of, (197), 33.

-- New Growth of, Malignant and Non-malignant, (197), 13.

— — varicocele of, 197.

Cord, spinal, Diseases of, 17.

Cordite, Poison, 373.

Corectopia. see Congenital malposition of pupil, (51), 13.

Types.—The names for common use are printed in Egyptian type, and Synonyms, which are not to be employed in the registration of diseases, in *Italics*.

FIGURES.—The figures refer to the pages of the book, not to the numbers of the various headings.

Figures without parentheses indicate where the disease should be registered; figures within parentheses indicate pages where the disease is entered for the sake of classification only, and not for registration.

COR

Corn, 265.

Cornea, acquired deformities of, 47.

- Arcus senilis of, 47.
- conical, 47.
- -- Operation for, 320.
- Degeneration of, 47.
- Diseases of, 45.
- Fistula of, 47.
- Gangrene of, 45.
- Foreign bodies in, 293.
- Hydrophthalmos anterior, 47.
- Inflammation of, see Keratitis, and varieties, 45.
- Injuries of, (47), 13.
- Leprosy of, (47), 5.
- Malformations of, (47), 13.
- New growth of, malignant and non-malignant, (47), 13.
- Nodular opacity of, 47.
- Opacity of, 47.
- Reticular opacity of, 47.
- Staphyloma of, 47.
- Transverse opacity of, 47.
- Tuberculosis of, (47), 7.
- Ulceration of, 45.

Corneal section, or cauterisation for ulcer, Operation, 320.

Coronary arteries, Diseases of, (97), 99.

Corpora cavernosa of penis, Gouty induration of, 195.

Correction of deformity of bone by fracture, Operation, 316.

Cortex of brain, Excision of portions of, Operation, 318.

Coryza, see Inflammation of Nose, 87.

Costal cartilages, Dislocation of, 295.

- --- from each other, 295.
- --- from sternum, 295.

Cow-pox, 3.

Coxa vara, 247.

Crab-louse, see Phthirius inguinalis, Parasite, 391.

Cracked nipples, 233.

Craft neuroses, 29.

Cramp, see Spasm (of muscles), 29.

Cramp, Intestinal, see Colic, 145.

Cramp and spurious labour pains, 219.

Cranial nerves, Affections of, 27.

— — Degeneration of, (27), 15.

CYS

Cranial nerves, New growth, malignant and non-malignant, of, (27), 13.

— — Syphilis of, (27), 7.

Cranio-clasm, see Removal of vault of skull of child, 332.

Cranio-facial axis, Deficiency of, Malformation, 359

Cranio-pharyngeal canal absent, Malformation, 361.

Craniotomy, see Perforation of feetal head, Operation, 332.

Craniotomy forceps, Application of, to fætal head, Operation, 332.

Crescent tertian, see Æstivo-autumnal malaria, 5.

Cretinism, (37), (171), 11.

Crotchet, Application of, to fætal head, Operation, 332.

Croton oil, Poison, 375.

Crushing of head of child, Operation, 332.

Culex fatigans, Gnat, Parasite, 391.

- pipiens, Gnat, Parasite, 391.

Cupping, Operation, 316.

Curara, Poison, 375.

Curarine, Poison, 375.

Curetting of larynx, Operation, 323.

- - uterus, Operation, 330.

Curvature of spine, Angular, 249.

- -- Anterior, 249.
- -- Lateral, 249.
- -- posterior, 249.
- -- with skoliosis, see Lateral curvature, 249.

Cut-throat, see Wound of neck, 295.

Cuterebra noxialis, Parasite, 390.

Cyanide of potassium, and other cyanides, Poison, 373.

Cyanogen, Poison, 383.

Cyclobdella lumbricoides, Parasite, 389.

Cyclops, Malformation, 351.

Cyst, 13, (Appendix 401).

Cysts and varieties, Tumours, 343.

Cyst of accessory Fallopian tube, 345.

- — adrenals, (175), 13.
- -- alveoli, Dentigerous (125), 3.
- bone, (243), 13.
- -- brain, (25), 13.
- Branchial, 345.
- of breast, female, and varieties, (237), 13.

TYPES.—The names for common use are printed in Egyptian type, and Synonyms, which are not to be employed in the registration of diseases, in *Italics*.

FIGURES.—The figures refer to the pages of the book, not to the numbers of the various headings.

Figures without parentheses indicate where the disease should be registered; figures within parentheses indicate pages where the disease is entered for the sake of classification only, and not for registration.

CYS

Cyst, bursal, 257.

- in canal of Nuck, 345.

- Dentigerous, (125), 13.

- Dermoid, of ovary or testicle, 343.

-- Sequestration, 345.

- of epididymis, Spermatocele, (199), 13.

—— eyelids, (75), 13.

-- Fallopian tube, (203), 13.

-- gall-bladder and ducts, (155), 13.

-- hydatid, see Parasites, 13, 384.

-- jaws, (121), 13.

-- joints, (247), 13.

-- kidney, (179), 13.

-- lips, (117), 13.

-- liver, (153), 13.

-- lymphatic glands, (165), 13.

--- vessels, (165), 13.

-- membranes of brain, (23), 13.

-- mouth, (119), 13.

-- mucous, 343.

-- muscle, (253), 13,

- Operations on, 313.

- of ovary, (201), 13.

-- Paracentesis of, Operation, 329.

- in organ of Giraldés, 345.

- of pancreas, (151), 13.

- Parovarian, 193.

-- Paracentesis of, Operation, 329.

- of peritoneum, (159), 13.

-- post-anal gut, 345.

-- prostate gland, (191), 13.

- Removal of, Operation, 313.

- of salivary glands, (131), 13.

- Sebaceous, 343.

- Serous, 343.

- Sequestration dermoid, 345.

- of spleen, (161), 13.1

-- stomach (135), 13.

- Synovial, 247.

— of testicle, (199), 13.

—— thymus, (169), 13.

-- thyroid gland, (171), 13.

- Thyro-lingual, 345.

- of tongue, (127), 13.

-- tubo-ovarian, (203), 13.

- Urachal, 345.

- of ureter, (181), 13.

DEA

Cyst of uterine ligaments, (205), 13.

--- ligament, Paracentesis of, Operation, 329.

--- Removal of, Operation, 329.

- in connection with uterine appendages, Drainage of, Operation, 329.

- of vagina, (211), 13.

— vulva, (213), 13.

Cyst-adenoma, 339.

Cystic disease of kidney, 179.

- goitre, 171.

- hygroma, 343.

-lymphangioma, (165), 13.

Cysticercus, Parasite, 386, 387.

- acanthotrias, Parasite, 387.

- of conjunctiva, (43), 13.

- telæ cellulosæ, see Cysticercus, Parasite, 387.

- tenuicollis, Parasite, 387.

Cystine (Calculus), 185.

Cystinuria, 187.

Cystitis, see Inflammation of bladder and varieties,

Cystocele, see Prolapse of anterior wall of vagina, 211.

Cystoscopy, Operation, 327.

Cystotomy, Operation, 327.

Cysts arising in normally permanent structures, 343.

--- lymphatic spaces, 343.

- of congenital origin, and varieties, 345.

- Operations on, 313.

- Parasitic, see note on p. 343.

Cytisine, Poison, 377.

Dacryo-adenitis, see Inflammation of lacrymal gland, 71.

Dacryo-cystitis, 73.

Dacryo-lithiasis, 73.

Daeryops, see Distension of lacrymal ducts, 71.

Darnel, Poison, 375.

Darier's disease, see Keratosis follicularis, 265.

Day blindness, 67.

Deadly nightshade, Poison, 375.

Deaf-dumbness, 85.

Deafness, 58.

Types.—The names for common use are printed in Egyptian type, and Synonyms, which are not to be employed in the registration of diseases, in *Italics*.

FIGURES.—The figures refer to the pages of the book, not to the numbers of the various headings. Figures without parentheses indicate where the disease should be registered; figures within parentheses indicate pages where the disease is entered for the sake of classification only, and not for registration.

DEA

Death, Sudden, after delivery, 231.

Decapitation of fœtus, Operation, 332.

Decapsulation of kidney, Operation, 326.

Decidual endometritis, see Inflammation of lining membrane of pregnant uterus, 219.

Deciduoma malignum, (221), 341, 13.

Deficiency of cranio-facial axis, Malformation, 359.

Defect or alteration in quality of milk, 237.

Defective closure of the skull, Malformation, 347.

Deformities, Acquired, (Appendix 403).

Deformities of cornea, 47.

- —— liver, 155.
- Congenital, see Malformations, 13, 403, 347.
- of great toe, 257.
- foot, 257.
- hand, 257.
- limbs, 257.
- toes, 257.

Degeneration, (Appendix 401).

- Albuminoid, see Lardaceous, (Appendix 401).
- Amyloid, see Lardaceous, (Appendix 401).
- of arteries, 99.
- Calcareous, (Appendix 401).
- - of arteries, 99.
- of capillaries, 103.
- -- choroid, and varieties, 53.
- — conjunctiva, and varieties, 43.
- -- cornea, and varieties, 47.
- cranial nerves, (27), 15.
- Colloid, (Appendix 401).
- Fatty, (Appendix 401).
- of arteries, 99.
- --- capillaries, 103.
- -- liver, 153.
- -- heart, 95.
- — dental pulp, 121.
- -- muscles, 251.
- Fibrous, (Appendix 401).
- of dental pulp, 121.
- -- heart, 95.
- -- muscles, 251.
- Granular, see Cloudy swelling, (Appendix 401).
- Hyaline, (Appendix 401).
- - of adrenals, 175.
- --- arteries, 99.
- -- heart, 95.

DEN

Degeneration, Hyaline, of lymphatic glands, 163.

- ——— muscles, 251.
- Lardaceous, (Appendix 401).
- -- of adrenals, 175.
- -- arteries, 99.
- -- capillaries, 103.
- -- liver, 153.
- — lymphatic glands, 163.
- Mucous or myxoid, (Appendix 401).
- of muscles, and varieties, 251.
- -- nerves, and varieties, 15.
- -- optic nerve, and varieties, 57.
- Pigmentary, (Appendix 401).
- — of heart, 95.
- -- liver, 153.
- Pulpy, of synovial membrane of joints, see Tuberculous synovitis, (245), 7.
- of pancreas, 151.
- — retina and varieties, 59.
- - spinal cord and varieties, 19.
- -- sclerotic and varieties, 49.
- — stomach, 135.

Degeneration, Waxy, see Lardaceous degeneration (Appendix 401.)

Delhi boil, see Oriental sore, 267.

Delirious mania, see Acute delirium, (35), 57.

Delirium, 33.

- Acute, 37.
- tremens, (33), (37), 9.

Delivery of child through abdomino-vaginal incision, Operation, 332.

Delivery, sudden death after, and various causes of, 231.

Delusional insanity, 37.

Dementia, Primary or secondary, 39.

- Developmental, 39.
- Epileptic, 39.
- from organic brain disease, 39.
- from other acute or chronic disease or from injury, 39.
- Senile, 39.
- Syphilitic, 39.

Dental pulp, Diseases of, 121.

- -- Degeneration of, and varieties, 121.
- -- Gangrene of, 121.
- — Inflammation of, 121.
- - Nodular calcification of, 121.

Types.—The names for common use are printed in Egyptian type, and Synonyms, which are not to be employed in the registration of diseases, in *Italics*.

FIGURES.—The figures refer to the pages of the book, not to the numbers of the various headings.

Figures without parentheses indicate where the disease should be registered; figures within parentheses indicate pages where the disease is entered for the sake of classification only, and not for registration.

DEN

Dental pulp, New Growth of Malignant and Non-malignant, (121), 13.

-- Polypus of, 121.

-- Suppuration of, 121.

Dentigerous Cyst, (125), 13.

Dentine, Absorption of, 123.

- Caries of, 123.

- New Growth of, Malignant and Non-malignant, (123), 13.

- Odontoma of, (125), 13.

Dentition, Disorders of, 121.

Deprivation of water, 277.

Dermatitis exfoliativa, 263.

- gangrenosa, 263.

- capillitii, 275.

- seborrhæica and varieties, 273.

Dermatocentor Andersonii, Parasite, 393.

- electus, Parasite, 393.

- reticulatus, Parasite, 393.

Dermoid cyst of ovary or testicle, 343.

Detachment of choroid, 53.

-- retina, 61.

Development, Errors of, (Appendix 403).

Deviation of nasal septum, 87.

Dhobie itch, see tinea cruris, 271.

Diabetes, 11.

- insipidus, 187.

- Insanity of, 39.

- mellitus, see Diabetes, 11.

Diabetic gangrene, (261), 11.

Diaphragm, Fissure of, Malformation, 349.

Diaphragmatic hernia, 143.

Diarrhœa, 145.

Diarrhaa, epidemic, see Enteritis, infective, 3.

Diffuse periostitis, see under Inflammation of bone, 241.

Diffuse mastitis, 235.

Diffused ganglion, 255.

- aneurysm, 101.

DIGESTIVE SYSTEM, DISEASES OF, 117.

Digitalin, Poison, 377.

Digitalis, Poison, 377.

Digitorum nodi, (245), 11.

Dilatation (Appendix 403).

- of arteries, 99.

-- bronchi, 109

-- capillaries, 103.

DIS

Dilatation of cardiac orifices, 95.

-- cervical canal, Operation, 330.

-- cervix uteri, Obstetrie operation, 332.

-- Fallopian tube, 203.

-- female urethra, Operation, 328.

- - gall-bladder and ducts, 157.

-- heart, 95.

-- hymen, Operation, 331.

-- intestines, 145.

— — lymphatic vessels, 167.

-- orifices of stomach, Operation, 321.

-- pancreatic duct, (151), 13.

— pharynx and œsophagus, including diverticula, 131.

-- sphincter ani, Operation, 327.

-- stomach, 137.

- stricture of pharynx, Operation, 313.

---- urethra, Operation, 328.

-- vagina, Operation, 330, 333.

Diphtheria, 3, (105).

- of bronchi, (109), 3.

-- larynx, (107), 3.

-- mouth, (119), 3.

— mose, (89), 3.

— palate and fauces, (129), 3.

— pharynx and œsophagus, (133), 3.

-- trachea (109), 3.

Diphtheritic conjunctivitis, (41), 3.

- neuritis, 15, 3; see also Paralysis, 27.

Diplegia, 27.

Diplo-bacillary conjunctivitis, 41.

Diplococcus, Parasite, and various species, see among the synonyms on pp. 395, 396.

Diplopia and varieties, 69.

Direct inguinal hernia, 143.

Discharge of water fluid from pregnant uterus, 219.

Diseases of accessory sinuses, 89,

—— adrenals, 175.

— — th**y**roid, 173.

DISEASES OF THE ADRENALS (SUPRA-RENALS), 175.

Diseases of alveoli, 123.

—— anus, 147.

-- arteries, 99.

- - auricle of ear, 81.

— — bladder, 183.

-- blood-vessels, 99.

Types.—The names for common use are printed in Egyptian type, and Synonyms, which are not to be employed in the registration of diseases, in *Italics*.

FIGURES.—The figures refer to the pages of the book, not to the numbers of the various headings.

Figures without parentheses indicate where the disease should be registered; figures within parentheses indicate pages where the disease is entered for the sake of classification only, and not for registration.

DIS DIS Diseases of joints, 245. Diseases of bones. 241. - - kidney, 177. -- brain and its membranes, 21. — — lacrymal apparatus, 71. — — breast, female, 233. - larynx, 105. -- male, 239. - - lens and capsule, 61. - - bronchi, 109. - - lips, 117. — — bursæ, 255. - liver, 151. — — capillaries, 103. - - lung, 111. - cerebral arteries, (25), 99. DISEASES OF LYMPHATIC SYSTEM, 161. - - veins and sinuses, (27). 101. Diseases of lymphatic glands, 163. - - choroid and ciliary body, 53. - - vessels, 165. DISEASES OF THE CIRCULATORY SYSTEM, 93. DISEASES OF MALE BREAST, 239. Diseases of conjunctiva, 41. Diseases of male organs of generation, 189. DISEASES OF THE CONNECTIVE TISSUE, 259. -- urethra, 189. Diseases of coronary arteries, (97), 99. - - mammary gland, 233. - cord, spermatic, 197. — — mastoid cells, 83. -- spinal, 17. -- mediastinum. (The return should be made -- cornea, 45. under the organ or tissue affected.) - - dental periosteum, 123. — — membrana tympani, 83. ——— pulp, 121. - Mental, 35. - dentine and cement, 123. — of the mesenteric glands, see Lymphatics, 163. DISEASES OF THE DIGESTIVE SYSTEM, 117. — — mouth, 119. DISEASES OF THE EAR, 81. — — muscles, 251. Diseases of ear, external, 81. - nails, 275. -- internal, 85. — — nasal septum, 87. -- middle, 83. - maso-pharynx, 91. — — Eustachian tube, 83. —— nerves, 15. - external meatus of ear, 81. DISEASES OF THE NERVOUS SYSTEM, 15. DISEASES OF THE EYE, 41. DISEASES OF THE NOSE, 87. Diseases of eyelids, 73. Diseases of nipple and areola, 233. — — Fallopian tube, 203. -- orbit and neighbouring parts, 77. —— fasciæ, 253. — — esophagus, 131. - fauces, 129. -- optic nerve, 57. DISEASES OF THE FEMALE BREAST, 233. DISEASES OF THE ORGANS OF LOCOMOTION, Diseases of female organs of generation, 201. — — gall-bladder and ducts, 155. Diseases of ossicles of ear, 83. DISEASES OF THE GENERATIVE SYSTEM, 189. -- ovary, 201. Diseases of generation, female organs of, 201. - palate and fauces, 129. -- male organs of, 189. — — pancreas, 149. —— gums, 123. — — hair and hair follicles, 275. - penis, 193. - - pericardium, 93. -- heart, 93. -- periosteum, see bone, 225. --- endocardium of, 93. - - peritoneum, 157. —— — myocardium of, 95. -- pharynx, 131. — — pericardium of, 93. — — pleura, 113. - intestines, 139.

—— iris, 49. —— jaws, 119. — — prepuce, 193.

— -- prostate gland, 191.

Types.—The names for common use are printed in Egyptian type, and Synonyms, which are not to be employed in the registration of diseases, in *Italies*.

FIGURES.—The figures refer to the pages of the book, not to the numbers of the various headings.

Figures without parentheses indicate where the disease should be registered; figures within parentheses indicate pages where the disease is entered for the sake of classification only, and not for registration.

DIS

Diseases of rectum and anus, 147.

DISEASES OF THE | RESPIRATORY SYSTEM, 105.

Diseases of the respiratory system, not strictly local, 105.

- -- retina, 59.
- -- salivary glands, 131.
- -- sclerotic, 47.
- -- scrotum, 195.
- -- sebaceous glands, 273
- -- sheaths of tendons, 261.

DISEASES OF THE SKIN, 261.

Diseases of spermatic cord, 185.

- -- spinal cord and its membranes, 17.
- —— spine, 249.
- -- spleen, 161.
- -- accessory spleen, 163.
- -- stomach, 135.
- -- suprarenals, see Adrenals, 175.
- -- sweat coils and ducts, 273.
- - teeth, alveoli, and gums, 121.
- -- tendons, 255.
- — testicle, 199.
- —— thymus, 169.
- thyroid body, 171.
- -- tongue, 127.
- -- trachea and bronchi, 109.
- -- tunica vaginalis, 199.
- - tympanic membrane, 83.
- -- tympanum, 83.
- --- ossicles of the, 83.
- — urethra, male, 189.
- -- ureters, 181.

DISEASES OF THE URINARY SYSTEM, 177.

Diseases of uterine ligaments and adjacent tissue, 205.

- -- uterus and cervix, 205.
- -- vagina, 211.
- — veins, 101.
- vesiculæ seminales, 191.
- -- vitreous humour, 63.
- — vulva, 213.

Disengagement of locked twins, Operation, 331.

Dislocation of astragalus, 309.

- — bone (at joint), 247.
- — carpus, 307.
- —— clavicle, 305.

DIS

Dislocation of costal cartilages, 295

- --- from each other, 295.
- ———— from sternum, 295.
- — eyeball, 293.
- —— femur, 309.
- -- fibula and varieties, 309.
- —— foot, 309.
- --- with fracture of fibula only, 309.
- --- tibia and fibula, 309.
- —— humerus, 305.
- -- hyoid bone, 295.
- - intra-articular cartilage, 249.
- -- lens and varieties, 63.
- ——— from injury, 291, 293.
- —— lower jaw, 291.
- -- metatarsus and phalanges, 311.
- — nasal cartilages, 291.
- —— os calcis, 311.
- -- parts of steruum, 297.
- —— patella, 309.
- -- phalanges of thumb, 307.
- --- fingers, 307.
- -- pelvic bones, 303.
- —— radius, 305.
- -- and ulna, 307.
- reduction of, Operation, 317.
- of scapula, 305.
- -- spine, (from disease), 249.
- --- partial or complete, Injury, 239.
- --- with fracture, 299.
- — without fracture, 299.
- subastragalar, 309.
- of tibia, 309.
- -- ulna, 30.

Disordered action of heart, 97.

Disorders of accommodation of eye, and varieties, 69.

- -- dentition, 121.
- — function (Appendix 403).
- — urinary, 187.
- vision and sensation without visible changes in the eyes, 65.
- --- due to defects of nervous mechanism, 65.
- ———— errors in refraction or in muscular action,

Displacement (dislocation), (Appendix 403).

- of articular cartilage, 285.

Types.—The names for common use are printed in Egyptian type, and Synonyms, which are not to be employed in the registration of diseases, in *Italics*.

FIGURES.—The figures refer to the pages of the book, not to the numbers of the various headings.

Figures without parentheses indicate where the disease should be registered; figures within parentheses indicate pages where the disease is entered for the sake of classification only, and not for registration.

DIS

Displacement of Fallopian tube, 203.

- - ovary, 203.

- (congenital) and unusual positions of parts of fætus, Malformation, 367.
- or dislocation of a part or parts (281).
- of stomach, 137.
- —— spleen, 163.
- — tendons, 255, 235.
- and distortions of uterus and varieties, 209.
- of uterus during pregnancy, (219).

Dissecting aneuryism, 101.

Disseminated myelitis, 19.

Disseminated sclerosis, see Insular sclerosis, 19, 25.

Disseminated suppurative nephritis, 177.

Distended rectum as obstacle to parturition, 225.

Distension of bladder, 183.

- — Fallopian tube, 203.
- --- with mucous or watery fluid, 203.
- ---- bloody fluid, 203.
- ---- purulent fluid, 203.
- -- sinuses bordering on orbit, 77.
- - uterus, and varieties, 209.

Distomum crassum, Parasite, 385.

- conjunctum, Parasite, 386.
- hepaticum, Parasite, 386.
- lanceolatum, Parasite, 385.
- ophthalmobium, Parasite, 385.

Distomum pulmonale, see D. Ringeri, Parasite, 386.

Distomum Rathouisii, Parasite, 385.

- Ringerii, Parasite, 386.
- Sinense, Parasite, 386.

Distortions of uterus, 209.

Diuresis, see Diabetes insipidus, 187.

Diver's paralysis, 21.

Diversion of an ureter, Operation, 326.

Diverticula of intestine, 145.

Divided nerve, union of, Operation, 315.

Division of cervix uteri, Operation, 330.

- - cicatricial adhesions, Operation, 317.
- — double monsters, Operation, 332.
- -- fasciæ, Operation, 317.
- —— frænum of tongue, Operation, 320.
- - isthmus of thyroid, Operation, 323.
- partial or complete, of nerve, by injury, 281.
- of nerve-trunk, Operation, 315.
- -- spinal column, Operation, 332.
- -- vulvar orifice, Operation, 332.

EAR

Dochmius duodenalis, see Ankylostomum duodenale, Parasite, 388.

Double malformations, and classification of them,

- monsters, division of, Operation, 332.

Dracunculus medinensis, Parasite, 388.

- Loa, Parasite, see Filaria Loa, 388.

Drainage of cerebral ventricles, Operation, 313.

 -- cyst of abscess in connection with uterine: appendages, Operation, 329.

Dropsy, (Appendix 401).

Dropsy, Acute renal, see Acute nephritis, 177.

Dropsy, see Edema of connective tissue, 259.

Dropsy of amnion, 219.

- - hernial sac, 145.
- -- peritoneum, 159.

Drugs, irritant, 383, 269.

Drug-rashes, see Eruptions produced by use of drugs, 269.

Dry mouth, 131.

- tongue, see Dry mouth, 131.

Duboisia, Poison, 375.

Ducts of secreting glands, impaction of foreignbodies or calculi in, 283.

Ductus arteriosus prematurely closed, Malformation, 353.

-- pervious, Malformation, 361.

Dumbness, 35.

Duodenal ulcer, 139.

— — Operation for, 325.

Dupuytren's contraction, 253.

Dura mater, Inflammation of, 17, 21.

Dyschromatopsia, see Congenital colour blindness,

Dysentery, 3, (141).

Dysmenorrhæa, 215.

Dyspareunia, 217.

Dyspepsia, see Indigestion, 137, 145.

Dystrophy, muscular, see Idiopathic muscular atrophy, 251, (21).

Ear, Diseases of, 81.

- External, diseases of, 81.
- External, absent, Malformation, 351.
- Foreign bodies in, 13, (83), 293.

Types.—The names for common uso are printed in Egyptian type, and Synonyms, which are not to be employed in the registration of diseases, in *Italies*.

FIGURES.—The figures refer to the pages of the book, not to the numbers of the various headings.

Figures without parentheses indicate where the disease should be registered; figures within parentheses indicate pages where the disease is entered for the sake of classification only, and not for registration.

EAR

Ear, Injuries of, 293.

- Internal, absent or imperfect, Malformation, (85), 13, 359.
- -- Diseases of, 85.
- —— Malformations of, (85), 13, 351.
- -- Necrosis of, 85.
- -- New growth of, Malignant, (85), 13.
- —— Syphilis of, (85), 7.
- Meatus externus of, absent, Malformation, 351.
- Middle, absent, Malformation, 351.
- Diseases of, 83.
- —— Syphilis of, (83), 7.
- Operations on, 322.

Ecchondrosis of nose, (87), 13.

Ecchymosis of conjunctiva, 43.

-- eyelids, 73.

Echinococcus hominis, Parasite, 387.

Echinorhynchus gigas, Parasite, 389.

Eclampsia, see Convulsions, 31.

Ectopic gestation and varieties, 221.

Ectozoa, Parasites, 384.

Ectropion and varieties, 75.

- Operation for, 319.

Ectropium of cervix uteri, 211.

Eczema, 261.

- of nipple, (233), 261.

Effects of cold, 277, (279).

- —— electricity, 277, (279).
- -- external injuries on skin, (269), 13.
- -- foreign bodies, 13.
- ---- in bladder, (185), 13.
- -- heat, 277.
- -- injuries, 13, (Appendix 403), and see under Injuries of various parts.
- —— irritants or corrosives, 277, (279).
- ---- on mucous membranes, 287.
- —— light, X rays, radium, or other radio-active bodies, (279).
- —— lightning, 277, (279).
- --- and of electricity on skin, 287.
- —— parasites, 13.
- - poisons, (Appendix 403).
- --- on gall-bladder or ducts, (157), 13.
- --- intestines, (141), 13.

ENC

Effect of poisons on pancreas, (151), 13.

--- pharynx and esophagus, (133), 13.

--- skin, (269), 13.

--- stomach, (137), 13.

Egyptian fluke, see Distomum heterophyes, Parasite, 386.

Egyptian ophthalmia, see Granular conjunctivitis, 41. Eimeria, see under Coccidium, Parasite, 384.

Elaterium, Poison, 375.

Electricity, Effects of, 277, (279).

-- on skin, 287.

Electrolysis of tumours, Operation, 313.

Elephantiasis of connective tissue, 259.

- -- lymphatic vessels, 167.
- —— penis, (195), 167.
- -- scrotum, (195), 167.
- vulva, (213), 167.

Elongation of uvula, 129.

- and tortuosity of arteries, 99.
- of Fallopian tube, 205.
- — supravaginal portion of cervix uteri, 207.
- – vaginal portion of cervix uteri, 207, (219).

Embolic aneurysm, 101.

Embolism, (Appendix 401).

- of arteries, 101.
- —— intestine, 141.
- -- kidney, 179.
- -- lung, (pulmonary artery), 101, (111).
- - spleen, 161.
- as cause of sudden death after delivery, 231.

Embolus of heart, 97.

Emphysema, Atrophic, 113.

- Hypertrophic, 113.
- Interlobular and subpleural, 113.
- Vesicular, 113.
- of connective tissue, (77), 259.
- — eyelids, 73.
- lung, and varieties, 113.
- -- orbit, (77), 259.

Empyema, 115.

- of accessory sinuscs, see Inflammation of, 89.

Enamel, Diseases of, 123.

Encephalitis, see Inflammation of brain, 23.

Encephalocele, (27), 13, 347.

Encephaloid carcinoma, 341.

Enchondroma, see Chondroma, 335.

Encysted hydrocele, (199), 13.

Types.—The names for common use are printed in Egyptian type, and Synonyms, which are not to be employed in the registration of diseases, in *Italics*.

FIGURES. The figures refer to the pages of the book, not to the numbers of the various headings. Figures without parentheses indicate where the disease should be registered; figures within parentheses indicate pages where the disease is entered for the sake of elassification only, and not for registration.

END

Endarteritis, Acute infective, 99.

- Deformans, 99.
- Obliterans, 99.
- Syphilitic, see note, p. 99.

Endocarditis, 93.

- Infective, 3, (93).

Endocardium, Diseases of, 93.

Endometritis, see Inflammation of uterus, 205.

Endothelioma and varieties, 339.

Engorgement, (Appendix 401).

Engorgement of intestine, see Hyperæmia of, 141.

— of stomach, see Hyperæmia of, 135.

Enlargement, Chronic, of prostate, see Hypertrophy of, 191.

Enteralgia, 145.

Enterectomy, 325.

Enteric fever, 3, (141).

Enteritis, 139.

- Infective, 3.

Enteroliths, see Concretions in intestines, 141.

Enteroptosis, 143.

Enterorrhaphy, Operation, 325.

Enterostomy, Operation, 325.

Enterotomy, Operation, 325.

Entozoa, Parasites, 384.

Entrance of air into veins, (103), 13.

---- Sudden death from, after delivery, 231.

Entropion and varieties, 73.

- Operation for, 319.

Enucleation of cysts or adenomata from thyroid, Operation, 323.

- new growth from bone, Operation, 317.
- — myoma from uterus, Operation, 329.

Enumeration of morbid states and processes, Appendix, 401.

Epidemic cerebro-spinal meningitis, see Cerebro-spinal fever, 3.

Epidemic diarrhaa, see Enteritis, Infective, 3.

Epidemic gangrene, see Ergotism, 9.

Epidemic pneumonia, 5.

Epidemic rose-rash, see German measles, 3.

Epididymis, Cyst of, (199), 13.

- Removal of, Operation, 329.

Epididymitis, 199.

Epiglottis, Removal of, Operation, 323.

Epignathus, 343.

Epilepsy, 31.

ERY

Epilepsy, Major or severe, 31.

- Minor or slight, 31.

Epiphora, 71.

— Operation for, 319.

Epiphysis, Separation of, 285.

Epiphyses, separation of, of lower extremities,

--- upper extremities, 305.

Episcleritis, see Anterior scleritis, 47.

Epispadias, Malformation, 349.

— Operation for, 328.

Epistaxis, 89.

- Operation for, 321.

Epithelioma, see Squamous-celled carcinoma, 341.

Epithelioma of skin, see under New growth, Malignant, of skin, (269), 13.

Epulis, (125), 13, 335, 341.

Epizootic stomatitis, see Foot and mouth disease, 3.

Ergot of rye, Poison, 377.

Ergotism, 9.

Erosion (Appendix 403).

Erosion, Atheromatous, of arteries, 99.

- of cervix uteri, see Granular inflammation of cervix, 207.
- of intestines, 139.
- — lymphatic vessels, 167.
- —— spleen, 163.
- — stomach, 135.

Errors of form, number, attachment and development of the dental tissues and alveoli, 125.

Errors of development, (Appendix 403).

Eructation, 139.

Eruption produced by internal or external use of drugs or poisons, (269), 388, 13.

Erysipelas, 3, (259).

- of eyelids (75), 3.
- -- lips (117), 3.
- — lymphatic vessels (167), 3.
- — orbit (77), 3.
- --- skin (267), 3.

Erysipelatous, see Suppurative laryngitis, 105.

Erythema and varieties, 261.

- hæmorrhagicum, 261.
- induratum (261), 267.
- multiforme (including erythema iris), 261.
- nodosum, 261.
- -- pernio, 261.

TYPES.—The names for common use are printed in Egyptian type, and Synonyms, which are not to be employed in the registration of diseases, in Italics.

FIGURES.—The figures refor to the pages of the book, not to the numbers of the various headings. Figures without parentheses indicate where the disease should be registered; figures within parentheses indicate pages where the disease is entered for the sake of classification only, and not for registration.

ERY

Erythema scarlatiniforme, 261.

Erythrasma, 271.

Erythropsia, 67.

Eserine, see Physostigmine, Poison, 375.

Ether, Poison, 373.

Ether-vapour, Poison, 383.

Euphorbium, Poison, 375.

Eustachian tube, Catheterism of, Operation, 322.

- - Obstruction of, 83.

Eustrongylus gigas, Parasite, 388.

Evacuation of abscess of bone, Operation, 317.

- - intracranial abscess, Operation, 318.

-- fluid collected in pelvis, Operation, 331.

-- retained menstrual fluid, Operation, 331.

-- uterus, Operation, 333.

Eversion of puncta lacrymalia, 71.

Evisceration, Obstetric operation, 332.

- of eyeball, Operation, 320.

Excess of uric acid in the urine, see Lithuria, 187.

Excessive appetite, 139.

- growth on fat in heart, 95.

- formation of callus, 243.

- secretion of milk, 237.

Excessive menstruation, see Menorrhagia, 215.

Excision of abscess, Operation, 313.

— appendix, Operation, 325.

-- bladder, Operation, 327.

-- bones, Operation, 297.

- - breast, Operation, 323.

-- with axillary glands, &c., Operation, 323.

— — cyst, Operation, 313.

— — contents of orbit, Operation, 320.

-- eyeball, Operation, 320.

— — intracranial tumour, Operation, 318.

- - intraspinal tumour, Operation, 318.

— — isthmus of thyroid, Operation, 323.

- - larynx, Operation, 323.

- - lung, Operation, 324.

— portion of cortex of brain, Operation, 327.

— — intestine, Operation, 325.

-- liver, Operation, 326.

--- csophagus, Operation, 323.

-- nerve, Operation, 315.

——— skull for microcephaly, Operation, 318.

— — pregnant uterus, Operation, 332.

— — rectum, Operation, 327.

-- sac of aneurysm, Operation, 314.

Excision of seminal vesicles, Operation, 329.

-- stricture of urethra, Operation, 328.

-- uvula, Operation, 321.

-- varices, Operation, 315.

-- - thrombosed, Operation, 315.

-- veins, Operation, 314.

-- vermiform appendix, Operation, 325.

Excretory lacrymal ducts, distension of, 71.

-- fistula of, 71.

Exhalations, putrid, Poisons, 383.

Exophthalmic goitre, 11, (79), (97), (171).

Exophthalmos and varieties, 77.

Exostosis, see Osteoma, tumour, 335.

Exoslosis of alveoli, see New growth, non-malignant of, (125), 13.

-- external meatus, see New growth, non-malignant of, (81), 13.

Exostosis of nose, (87), 13.

- removal of, Operation, 322.

Exploration of lung, Operation, 324.

— mediastinum, Operation, 324.

-- pleura, Operation, 324.

External ear, absent or imperfect, Malformation, (83), 13, 351.

— — gouty deposit in auricle, (81), 11.

- necrosis of, 81.

External meatus (of Ear), Abscess of, 81.

-- Accumulation of wax in, 81.

- Caries of, 81.

- Diseases of, 81.

--- Exostosis of, see New growth of, (81), 13.

— Foreign bodies in, (83), 13, 293.

— — Hæmatoma of, 81.

— — Hyperostosis of, 81.

— — Injuries of, (83), 13.

-- Inflammation of, 81.

— — Malformation of, (83), 13, 351.

-- New Growths of, Malignant and Non-malignant, (81), 13.

- Parasitic affections of, (81), 13.

-- Polypus, see New growth of, (83), 13.

-- Syphilis of, (81), 7.

Extraction of foreign bodies from the eye, Operation, 320.

— — lens, Operation, 320.

— — opaque capsule, Operation, 320.

— — teeth, Operation, 321.

Types.—The names for common use are printed in Egyptian type, and Synonyms, which are not to be employed in the registration of diseases, in *Italies*.

FIGURES.—The figures refer to the pages of the book, not to the numbers of the various headings.

Figures without parentheses indicate where the disease should be registered; figures within parentheses indicate pages where the disease is entered for the sake of classification only, and not for registration.

EXT

Extracts, Animal, Poison, 381.

Extra-vaginal hæmatocele, 195.

Extravasation of urine, 189.

Extra-uterine pregnancy, 221.

Extremities, Lower, Avulsion of whole or part,

- - Contusion of, 307.
- — Dislocations of, 309, 311.
- —— Fracture of, 307, 39.
- -- Greenstick, 309.
- Gunshot wound of, 311.
- — Injuries of, 307.
- - Separation of epiphyses of, 307.
- — Sprain of, 307.
- — Wound of, 307.
- --- joint of, 307.

Extremities, Lower or upper, absent or defective, Malformation, 359.

- Upper, Avulsion of whole or part, 307.
- Contusion of, 305.
- — Dislocation of, 305, 307.
- Fractures of, 305.
- _ — greenstick, 305.
- Gunshot wound of, 307.
- Injuries of, 305.
- - Separation of epiphyses of, 305.
- - Sprain of, 305.
- — Wound of, 305.
- - joint of, 305.

Evacuation of intraspinal abscess, Operation, 318.

Extroversion of bladder, (185), 13.

-- Operations for, 327.

Eye, Black, see Ecchymosis of eyelid, 73.

Eye, Chemical injuries of, and of eyelids, 293.

EYE, DISEASES OF, 41.

Eye, Burns of, 291.

- Fissure of parts of, Malformation, 347.
- Foreign bodies in, 291.
- Injuries of, 291, 13.
- Malformations of, see under various parts of Eye, and 351, 13.
- Operations on, 319.
- Wounds of, see under Injuries of, 291.

Eyeball, Anæsthesia of, 67.

- Contusion of, 291.
- --- with detachment of retina, 293.
- --- dislocation of lens, 291.

FAC

Eyeball, Contusion of, with hæmorrhage into eyeball, 293.

- — rupture of sclerotic, 291.
- Dislocation of, 293.
- Evisceration of, Operation, 320.
- ——— Operation, 320.
- Extraction of foreign bodies from, Operation, 320.
- Foreign bodies in, 293.
- Neuralgia of, 67.
- Operations on, 320.
- Panophthalmitis of, 65.
- Shrunken, 65.
- Sympathetic irritation of, 67.
- Wound of, 293.
- --- with injury or displacement of lens, 233.
- ---- prolapse of iris, 293.

Eyelids, Abscess of, 73.

- Absent, Malformation, 351.
- Chemical injuries of, and of eye, 291.
- Completely or incompletely united, Malformation, 351.
- Contusion of, 291.
- Cyst of, (75), 13.
- Diseases of, 73.
- Ecchymosis of, 73.
- Emphysema of, 73.
- Erysipelas of, (75), 3.
- Fissure of, Malformation, 347.
- Injuries to, (77), 13.
- Malformations of, (77), 13.
- New growth of, Malignant and non-malignant, (75), 13.
- Œdema of, and varieties, 75.
- Operations on, 319.
- -- for new growth, 319.
- --- uniting, 319.
- Parasitic diseases of, (77), 13.
- Restoration of, Operation, 319.
- Small or absent, Malformation, 351.
- Syphilis of, (75), 7.
- Wound of, 291.

Eyes, Absent or diminutive, Malformation, 351.

Face and mouth, Burn or scald (f, 291.

-- Contusion of, 291.

TYPES.—The names for common use are printed in Egyptian type, and Synonyms, which are not to be employed in the registration of diseases, in *Italics*.

FIGURES.—The figures refer to the pages of the book, not to the numbers of the various headings.

Figures without parentheses indicate where the disease should be registered; figures within parentheses indicate pages where the disease is entered for the sake of classification only, and not for registration.

FAC

Face, Foreign bodies in parts of, 291.

- Fracture of bones of, 291.
- Injuries of, 291.
- Operations on, 319.
- Wound of, 291.

Facial hemiatrophy, (119), 33.

- spasm, 29.

Fæcal accumulations, 141.

Fainting fit, see Syncope, 97.

Falling sickness, see Epilepsy, 31.

Fallopian tube, Adhesion of, 205.

- —— Cyst of, (203), 13.
- -- Dilatation of, 203.
- Diseases of, 203.
- -- Displacement of, 203.
- -- Distension of, and varieties, 203.
- -- Elongation of, 205.
- -- Hernia of, 203.
- -- Inflammation of, 203.
- -- Ligature of, Operation, 329.
- — Malformations of, (205), 13.
- -- New growth of, Malignant and non-malignant, (203), 13.
- -- Occlusion of, 205.
- -- Rotation of, 203.
- -- Small, absent, or constricted, Malformation, 357.
- -- Stricture of, 203.
- -- Suppuration of, 203.
- -- Tuberculosis of, (203), 7.

False joint (after fracture of bone), 243.

Family or hereditary ataxia, 19.

Famine fever, see Relapsing fever, 5.

Farcy, see Glanders, 5.

Fasciæ, Contraction of, 253.

- Diseases of, 253.
- Inflammation of, 253.
- Operations on, 317.
- Division of, Operation, 317.

Fasciola angusta, Parasite, 386.

- hepatica, see Distomum hepaticum, Parasite,

Fat, Excessive growth of, on heart, 95.

Fatty degeneration, (Appendix 401).

- -- of adrenals, 175.
- --- arteries, 99.
- --- capillaries, 103.

FEV

Fatty degeneration of heart, 95.

- -- liver, 153.
- --- from phosphorus poisoning, 371.
- — or infiltration of muscles, 251.
- tumour, see Lipoma, 335.

Fauces and palate, Diphtheria of, (129), 7.

- --- Diseases of, 129.
- ——— Leprosv of, (129), 5.
- --- Lupus of, (129),
- ——— Malformations of, (129), 13.
- --- New growth of, Malignant and non-malignant, (129), 13.
- --- Paralysis of, (129), 27.
- ——— Syphilis of, (129), 7.
- ——— Tuberculosis of, (129), 7.
- --- Ulceration of, 129.

Favus, see Tinea favosa, 271.

Febricula, see note, page 5, No. 34.

Female Breast, Diseases of (for their subdivision see Breast, Female).

- organs of generation, affections of, connected with parturition, 223.
- ------ consequent on parturition, 229.
- ---- connected with pregnancy, 219.
- ---- Diseases of, 201.
- --- Functional and symptomatic disorders of, 215.
- ———— Malformations of, (203), (205), (211), (213), (215), 13, 357.
- --- Wounds and injuries of, 301, 303.
- --- Operations on, 329.

Femoral hernia, 145.

Femur, Dislocation of, 309.

- Fracture of, 309.
- Fracture of neck of, impacted, 309.
- ---- unimpacted, 309.

Fever, Blackwater, 3.

- Break-bone, see Dengue, 3.
- Cerebrospinal, 3.
- Enteric. 3.
- Famine, see Relapsing fever, 5.
- Malarial, see Malaria, 5.
- Malta, 5.
- Mediterranean, see Malta fever, 5.
- Puerperal, see note, pp. 7, 229.
- Relapsing, 5.

Types.—The names for common use are printed in Egyptian type, and Synonyms, which are not to be employed in the registration of diseases, in *Italics*.

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FEV

Fever, Remittent, see Malaria, 5.

- Rheumatic, 5.
- Scarlet, 5.
- Simple continued, see note, p. 5, No. 34.
- Splenic, see Anthrax, 3.
- Typhoid, see Enteric, 3.
- Urethral, 189.
- Yellow, 7.

Fibroid disease of heart, see Fibrous degeneration of heart, 95.

Fibroid phthisis, see Lung, Chronic interstitial inflammation of, 111.

Fibroid tumour of uterus, see Non-malignant new growth of uterus, (207), (221), 13, 337.

Fibrolipoma, 335.

Fibroma, 335.

- of skin, 269.

Fibromatmolluscum, see Non-malignant new growth of skin, (269), 13, 335.

Fibromyoma, (207), (221), 337, 13.

Fibrosarcoma, 341.

Fibrosis of adrenals, 175.

Fibrosis of kidney, see Granular kidney, 177.

Fibrosis of lymphatic glands, 163.

- —— spleen, 161.
- —— thymus, 169.

Fibrous ankylosis of joint, 247.

- degeneration (Appendix 401).
- of muscles, 251.
- -- heart, 95.
- induration of breast, see Diffuse mastitis, 235.
- tissue on optic disc (59), 13.
- tumours, see Fibroma, 335.
- union of fractured bone, 243.

Fibula, Dislocation of, 309.

- Fracture of, 309.

Filaria, Parasite, and species of, 388.

— loa of conjunctiva (43), 13, 388.

Filariasis of lymphatic glands (165), 13.

- --- vessels, (167), 13.
- -- skin, (273), 13.

Filings, Steel, Poison, 383.

Fillet to head of child, Application of, Operation, 331

Filling teeth, Operation, 321.

Fingers and toes, webbed, Malform tion, 359.

-- - deficient, Malformation, 359.

FIS

Fingers and Toes, supernumerary, Malformation, 361.

Fish, Venom of, 381.

Fission-fungi, 394, 395.

Fissure of abdominal wall, Malformation, 349.

- —— anus, 147.
- ——— Operation for, 327.
- - arch of fifth lumbar vertebra, Malformation, 359.
- — cheek, Malformation, 349.
- - chest wall, Malformation, 349.
- - choroid and ciliary processes, Malformation,
- diaphragm, Malformation, 349.
- — external ear, Malformation, 351.
- -- eyelids, Malformation, 347.
- - iris, Malformation, 347.
- -- lower lip, Malformation, (117), 247.
- -- upper lip, Malformation, (117), 347.
- ---- single harelip, 347.
- —— lips, double harelip, 347.
- -- palate, Malformation, (129), 347.
- --- hard, Malformation, 347.
- --- soft, Malformation, 347.
- - parts of eye, Malformation, 347.
- - pubic symphysis, Malformation, 349.
- ———— and of anterior wall of bladder, with extroversion of bladder, Malformation, 349.
- palpebral, Operation for lengthening, 319.
- --- shortening, 319.
- of retina, Malformation, 347.
- -- sclerotic, Malformation, 347.
- — scrotum, Malformation, 349.
- -- spinal column, Malformation, 349.
- -- sternum, Malformation, 347.
- - thoracic wall, Malformation, 349.
- urethra, epispadiac, Malformation, 349.
- --- hypospadiac, Malformation, 349.
- — uvula, Malformation, 347.

Fistula in ano, 147.

- Biliary, 157.
- Cervico-vesical, 209.
- Corneal, 47.
- Gastric, 135.
- Ileo-vesical, 183.
- Intestinal, 141.
- of lacrymal sac, 73.

Types.—The names for common uso are printed in Egyptian type, and Synonyms, which are not to be employed in the registration of diseases, in *Italics*.

FIGURES.—The figures refer to the pages of the book, not to the numbers of the various headings.

Figures without parentheses indicate where the disease should be registered; figures within parentheses indicate pages where the disease is entered for the sake of classification only, and not for registration.

FIS

Fistula, Lacrymal, 71.

- Lymph, 167.

— Operations for, 326, 327, 328, 331, 31.

- from parturition, 231.

- Recto-urethral, 147, (213).

- Recto-vesical, 147, (183).

- Salivary, 131.

-- Operation for, 319.

- of scrotum, 195.

—— stomach, 135.

- Urinary, see Diseases of bladder, 183.

- of ureter, 181.

- Uretero-vaginal, 213.

- Urethral, 189.

- Urethro-vaginal, 211.

- of uterus and varieties, 209.

- Utero-intestinal, 209.

- Utero-vesical, (183), 209.

- Vaginal, 211, 213.

- Vesico-vaginal, (183), 211.

Fixation of liver, Operation. 325.

-- spleen, Operation, 326.

Flat-foot, 257.

Flap-wound, (279).

Flea, Parasite, 391.

Flickering scotoma, see Migraine blindness, (67), 31. Floating kidney, see Moveable kidney, 179.

Fluid, collected in pelvis, Evacuation of, Operation, 330.

- Evacuation of retained menstrual, Operation, 331. Flukes, Parasites, 334, 385.

Fætal head, Rectification of misplaced, Operation, 331.

 Application of instruments to, Operation, 331.
 Fætus, Numerical excess of parts in a single, Malformation, 361.

- Double, Malformation, 365.

- Triple, Malformation, 367.

Congenital displacements of parts of, Malformation, 367.

- Evisceration of, Operation, 332.

- Paracentesis of, Operation, 332.

- Removal of, in ectopic gestation, 329.

Follicular conjunctivitis, 41.

- inflammation of pharynx, 131.

- tonsillitis, see under Inflam nation of tonsils, 129.

FOX

Folliculitis, 275.

- decalvans, 275.

Food, Poisonous, 381.

Fool's parsley, Poison, 377.

Foot, Club, 251.

- Dislocations of, and varieties, 309.

- Flat, 257.

- Fracture of bones of, 309.

Foot and mouth disease, 3.

Foramen ovale, Persistent, Malformation, 351.

-- Prematurely closed, Malformation, 353.

Forced delivery, Operation, 332.

Forceps, Application of, Obstetrie operation, 331.

Forearm, Fracture of bones of, 305.

Foreign bodies, Effects of, 13.

Foreign bodies in accessory sinuses, (89), 13.

——— air passages, 295, 297.

-- alimentary canal, 301.

——— antrum, 301.

--- bladder, (185), 13, 303.

—— bronchi, (109), 13, 297.

——— connective tissue, (259), 13.

——— cornea or conjunctiva, 293.

——— ducts of glands, Impaction of, 283.

——— external meatus of ear, (83), 13, 293.

--- eye (see Injuries of eye), 293.

——— eye ball, 293.

-- head, 289.

-- intestines, (141), 13.

--- larynx, (107), 13.

——— nose, (89), 13, 291.

——— œsophagus, 13, 295, 297.

——— orbit, 293.

-- peritoneal cavity, 13, 301.

——— pharynx, 13, 295.

--- punctum lacrymale, (71), 13.

--- rectum, (147), 13, 303.

——— stomach, (135), 13.

--- trachea, (109), 13, 297.

—— tympanum, 293.

——— ureter, (181), 13.

-- urethra, (189), 13, 303.

-- vagina, 303.

—— Removal of, Operation, 314, 318, 320, 322.

Fortification blindness, see Migraine blindness, (67),

13.

Foxglove, Poison, 377.

TYPES.—The names for common use are printed in Egyptian type, and Synonyms, which are not to be employed in the registration of diseases, in *Italies*.

FIGURES.—The figures refer to the pages of the book, not to the numbers of the various headings.

Figures without parentheses indicate where the disease should be registered; figures within parentheses indicate pages where the disease is entered for the sake of classification only, and not for registration.

FRA

Fracture, (281).

Fracture of bone, Spontaneous, 243.

- bones, 285.
- -- involving joint, 285.
- — of forearm, 305.
- -- carpus, metacarpus, and phalanges, 305.
- cartilages of larynx, 295.
- — clavicle, 305.
- - facial bones, 291.
- —— femur, 309.
- -- fermur, neck of, Impacted or unimpacted, 309.
- —— fibula, 309.
- foot, bones of, 309.
- forearm, bones of, 305.
- —— humerus, 305.
- - hyoid bone, 295.
- — lower extremity, involving joint, 307.
- metacarpus, 305.
- — metatarsus, 309.
- — patella, 309.
- -- pelvic bones, or dislocation, 303.
- -- phalanges of fingers, 305.
- --- toes, 309.
- ribs (or costal cartilages), 297.
- --- with injury to abdominal viscera, 297.

- ____ heart, 297.
- ____ lung, 297.
- ---- pleura, 297.
- —— radius, 305.
- —— sacrum or coccyx, 299.
- -- skull, base of, and varieties, 289.
- -- vault of, and varieties, 289.
- - spine, with displacement, and varieties, 299.
- — without displacement and varieties, 299.
- ——— Compound, 299.
- Spontaneous, of bones, 243.
- ——— spine, 251.
- of sternum, 297.
- —— tarsus, 309.
- —— tibia, 309.
- — tibia and fibula, 309.
- ulna, 305.
- Un-united, and varieties, 243.
- of upper extremity involving joint, 305.

Fractures of lower extremity, Greenstick, 309,

GAL

Fractures of upper extremity, Greenstick, 305.

Fracture-dislocation of spine, 249.

Fragilitas ossium, 241.

Frambæsia, see Yaws, 7, (267).

Frænum of tongue, Division of, Operation, 320.

Freckle, 267.

Friction-burn, see Brush-burn, (279).

Friedreich's disease, see Family or hereditary ataxia, 19.

Frost-bite, 263, (279), 287.

Function, Disorders of, (Appendix 401).

Functional night-blindness, 65.

Functional and symptomatic disorders of female organs of generation, 203.

Fungus foot of India, see Madura disease, (271), 5.

Fungi, Parasites, 398.

Fungi, Poisons, and species, 377.

Fungus testis, see Hernia testis, 199.

Funicular hydrocele, see Congenital hydrocele of the spermatic cord, 197, and under Malformations, 345.

Furuncle, see Boil, 261.

Fusible calculus, 185.

Fusiform aneurysm, 101.

Fusion of teeth, 125.

Gaddy, larva of, see Estrus hominis, Parasite, 389. Galactocele, see under Cyst of breast (237), 13, and under Malformations, 343.

Galactorrhoxa, see Excessive secretion of milk,

Gall-bladder, Absent, Malformation, 355.

Gall-bladder and ducts, Atrophy of, 155.

- -- Contraction or stricture of, 157.
- -- Cyst of, (157), 13.
- -- Dilatation of, 157.
- ——— Diseases of, 155.
- -- Gangrene of, 155.
- --- Hypertrophy of, 155.
- -- Inflammation of, and varieties, 155.
- -- Injuries of, (157), 13.
- ——— Malformations of, (157), 13.
- ——— New growth of, Malignant and Non-malignant, (157), 13.

TYPES.—The names for common use are printed in Egyptian type, and Synonyms, which are not to be employed in the registration of diseases, in *Italies*.

FIGURES.—The figures refer to the pages of the book, not to the numbers of the various headings.

Figures without parentheses indicate where the disease should be registered; figures within parentheses indicate pages where the disease is entered for the sake of classification only, and not for registration.

GAL

--- Perforation of, 157.

-- Effects of poisons on, (157), 13.

--- Plugging of, 157.

——— Rupture of, 157.

--- Stricture of, 157.

--- Ulceration of, 155.

Gall-stones, see Calculi, Biliary, (141), 155.

Gamboge, Poison, 377.

Ganglion, 247, 255.

- Circumscribed, 255.

- Diffused, 355.

Ganglionic neuroma, 337.

Gangrene, (Appendix 401).

- Acute infective, 3.

- Epidemic, see Ergotism, 9.

Gangrene of alveoli, (123), 119.

—— anus, 147.

-- connective tissue, 259.

-- cornea, 45.

-- dental pulp, 121.

-- gall-bladder or ducts, 155.

—— gums, (123), 119.

-- intestines, 141.

-- lung, 111.

—— mouth, 119.

-- pancreas, 149.

—— penis, 193.

—— rectum, 147.

-- skin, 261.

-- stomach, 135.

— — tendons, 255.

—— testicle, 199.

— — thyroid gland, 171.

— — uterus, 207.

— — vulva, 213.

Gangrenous dermatitis of children, 263.

- laryngitis, 105.

Gartner's duct, Persistent, 361.

Gases, Poisonous, 381.

— — suffocation from, 277.

Gastralgia, 139.

Gastrectasis, see Dilatation of stomach, 137.

Gastrectomy, Operation, 325.

Gastric fistula, 135.

- ulcer, see Ulceration of stomach, 135.

GLA

Gastric ulcer, Operation for, 325.

Gastritis, see Inflammation of stomach, 135.

Gastro-enterostomy, Operation, 325.

Gastro-gastrostomy, Operation, 324.

Gastro-plasty, Operation, 324.

Gastroptosis, 137.

Gastrorrhaphy, Operation, 324.

Gastrostomy, Operation, 324.

Gastrotomy, Operation, 324.

Gelsemine, Poison, 377.

Gelsemium, Poison, 377.

Gemination of teeth, 125.

General injuries, 277.

GENERAL DISEASES (other than infective diseases or intoxications), 11.

General paralysis of the insane, 39.

General paresis, see General paralysis of the insane, 39.

General stenosis of ureters, 181.

Generation, Organs of, Injuries of, 301.

Generation, Female organs of, affections of, connected with parturition, 223.

————— consequent on parturition, 229.

---- connected with pregnancy, 205.

———functional and symptomatic disorders of, 215.

—— Malformations of, 357, 13, (203), (205), (211), (213), (215).

Generation, Male organs of, diseases of, 189.

—— Malformations of, 355, 13, (191), (193), (195), (197), (199), (201).

Generative organs, Male, Operations on, 328.

— Female, Operations on, 329.

Genitals, Mutilation of, 303.

Genu extrorsum, see Outknee, 247.

- recurvatum, see Back-knee, 247.

- recurvatum, Malformation, 367.

- valgum, see Knock-knee, or In-knee, 247.

- varum, see Bow-leg, 247.

Geographical tongue, see Wandering rash of tongue, 127.

Giant-celled sarcoma, 341.

Glanders, 5, (165).

— of nose, 5, (87).

-- skin, 5, (267).

Glands, Lymphatic, Diseases of, 163, for subdivisions see under Lymphatic glands.

Types.—The names for common use are printed in Egyptian type, and Synonyms, which are not to be employed in the registration of diseases, in *Italies*.

FIGURES.—The figures refer to the pages of the book, not to the numbers of the various headings.

Figures without parentheses indicate where the disease should be registered; figures within parentheses indicate pages where the disease is entered for the sake of classification only, and not for registration.

GLA

Glands, Salivary, Diseases of, 131, for subdivisions see under Salivary Glands.

- Secreting, Injuries of, 283.

Glandular cysts, 343.

Glans penis, Inflammation of, 193.

Glass pounded, Poison, 383.

Glancoma, 53.

- Primary, and varieties, 53.

- Secondary, and varieties, 53.

— Simple, see Primary non-congestive glancoma,

Gleet, 189.

Glioma, 337.

Globe of eye, Affections of, 65, and see under Eyeball.

-- Injuries of, 291, and see under Eyeball.

Globes of eyes absent, or diminutive, Malformation, 351.

-- coalesced and median, Malformation, 351.

Glomerular nephritis, 177.

Glossina morsitans, Parasite, 391.

- palpalis, Parasite, 391.

Glossitis, see Inflammation of tongue, 127.

Glossy skin, 265.

Glottis, Œdema of, see Œdema (passive) of larynx, 107.

Glottis, Spasm of, see Laryngismus stridulus, 31.

Glycosuria, 187.

Goître, 171.

- Adenomatous, 171.

- Cystic, 171.

- Exophthalmic, 11, (79), (97), (171).

- Fibrous, 171.

- Parenchymatous, 171.

Gonococcus, Parasite, 396.

Gonorrhæa, 5, (189).

- of uterus, 5, (207).

—— vagina, 5, (211).

— vulva, 5, (215).

Gonorrhœal arthritis, 5, (245).

— conjunctivitis, 5, (41).

— iritis, 5, (49).

- ophthalmia, see under Conjunctivitis, 5, (41).

- rheumatism, see under Arthritis, 5, (245).

Gout, 11.

- of bones, (243), 11.

- joints, (245), 11.

GUN

Gouty concretion of connective tissue, (259), 11.

- deposit in auricle, (81), 11.

- induration of corpora cavernosa, 195.

— iritis, (49), 11.

- kidney, see Granular kidney, 177.

- synovitis, see Gout of joints, (245), 11.

Grafting bone, Operation, 316.

- nerve, Operation, 316.

- skin, Operation, 316.

- tendon, Operation, 317.

Granular conjunctivitis, 41.

- degeneration, see Cloudy swelling, (Appendix 401)

- inflammation of cervix uteri, and varieties, 207.

——— pharynx, 131.

- kidney, 177.

Gravel (urinary), 185.

(fraves' disease, see Exophthalmic goitre, 11, (79), (97), (171).

—— Insanity of, 39.

Greenstick fracture of upper extremity, 335.

——— lower extremity, 309.

Grinder's asthma, 113.

Growth, New, Malignant and non-malignant, see under New growth, 13.

Guinea-worm, see Dracunculus medinensis, Parasite, 388.

Gum-boil, see Abscess of dental periosteum, 123.

Gumma, see Syphilis, 7.

Gums, Atrophy of, 123.

— Blue line on, from lead, &c., (125), 9, 13.

— Diseases of, 123.

- Hypertrophy of, 123.

- Inflammation of, 123.

--- Mercurial, (123), 7.

——— Phosphoric, (123), 9.

- New growth of, Malignant or non-malignant, (125), 13.

— Scurvy of, (125), 11.

— Syphilis of, (125), 7.

- Tuberculosis of, (125), 7.

— Ulceration of, 123.

Gunshot wound, (279).

- of abdomen, 301.

——— back, 299.

-- chest, 297.

- - head, 289.

TYPES.—The names for common use are printed in Egyptian type, and Synonyms, which are not to be employed in the registration of diseases, in *Italics*.

FIGURES.—The figures refer to the pages of the book, not to the numbers of the various headings.

Figures without parentheses indicate where the disease should be registered; figures within parentheses indicate pages where the disease is entered for the sake of classification enly, and not for registration.

GUN

Gunshot wound of lower limb, 311.

---- upper limb, 307.

——— pelvis, 303.

Gutta rosea, see Rosacea, 273.

Hæmangioma, Tumour, 337.

Hæmatemesis, 135.

- Operation for, 325.

Hamatinuria, see Hæmoglobinuria, 187.

Hæmatocele of spermatic cord, 197.

--- - Diffuse, 303.

- of tunica vaginalis, 199.

--- Operation for, 329.

- uterine ligaments, and varieties, 205.

Hamatoma, see Bruise with blood-tumour, 279.

Hæmatoma of auricle, 81.

Hæmatoma of dura mater, see under Inflammation of dura mater of brain, 21.

Hæmatoma of nasal septum, 87.

— — pinna, 293.

—— uterine ligaments, see Hæmatocele of uterine ligaments, 205.

— — vulva, 213.

Hamatometra, see Distension of uterus with bloody fluid, 209.

Hamatomyelia, see Hamorrhage of spinal cord, 19.

Hamatonephrosis, 179.

Hæmatopota pluvialis, Parasite, 391.

Hæmato-porphyrinuria, 187.

Hæmatorrhachis, see Hæmorrhage of membranes of spinal cord, 17.

Hæmatosalpinx, see Distension of the Fallopian tube, 203.

Hæmaturia, 187.

Hæmendothelioma, 339.

Hæmenteria Ghiliana, Parasite, 389.

- Mexicana, Parasite, 389.

- officinalis, Parasite, 389.

Hæmoglobinuria, 187.

Hæmopericardium, 93.

Hæmopis sanguisuga, Parasite, 389.

Hamoptysis, see Hæmorrhage from the lung, 111.

Hæmorrhage, (Appendix 401).

- of adrenals, 175.

HAY

Hæmorrhage of brain, 23.

-- choroid, 53.

-- connective tissue, 259.

- Intestinal, 141.

- of iris, 49.

—— lung, 111.

-- lymphatic glands, 163.

-- membranes of brain, and varieties, 23.

---- Traumatic, 289.

---- spinal cord, 17.

- Operations for, 315.

- of orbit, 77.

-- ovary, 201.

— pancreas, 149.

- during parturition, and varieties, 225.

-- pregnancy, 219.

- Post partum, 229.

- from rectum, 147.

- of retina, 59.

-- spinal cord, 19.

—— spleen, 161.

-- stomach, 135.

- Subconjunctival, 291.

- of thymus, 169.

- - thyroid gland, 171.

-- urethra, 189.

— — uterus, 207, 217.

-- vitreous, 63.

Hæmorrhagic mole, 219.

Hamorrhoids, see Piles, 147.

- Operation for, 327.

Hæmothorax, 115.

Hair and hair follicles, Diseases of, 275.

Hallux valgus, 257.

- varus, 257.

Hammer toe, 257.

Hand, Club, 257.

Hard cataract, 63.

- chancre, see Primary syphilis, 7.

- palate, Fissure of, Malformation, (129), 13, 347.

Hare-lip, Malformation, (117), 13, 347.

— Operation for, 319.

Harlequin factus, see Icthyosis congenita, 265.

Harvest bug, Parasite, 393.

Haschisch, see Indian hemp, Poison, 377.

Haschisch, Insanity of, 39.

Hay asthma, see Hay fever, 105.

Types.—The names for common use are printed in Egyptian type, and Synonyms, which are not to be employed in the registration of diseases, in *Italics*.

FIGURES.—The figures refer to the pages of the book, not to the numbers of the various headings.

Figures without parentheses indicate where the disease should be registered; figures within parentheses indicate pages where the disease is entered for the sake of classification only, and not for registration.

HAY

Hay fever, 105.

Head, Absent or rudimentary, Malformation, 359. Headache, 31.

Head, Gunshot wound of, 289.

- Injuries of, 287.
- Operations on, 318.

Heart, Abscess of, see Suppurative inflammation of, 95.

- Absent, Malformation, 351.
- Aneurysm of, 95.
- Aortic aperture of, obstructed or imperfect, Malformation, 351.
- Apex bifid, Malformation, 351.
- Atrophy of, 95.
- Cavities of, deficient in number, Malformation, 351.
- Clots in, 97.
- contusion, without wound of, 297.
- Degeneration of, and varieties, 95.
- - Calcareous, 95.
- -- Fatty, 95.
- -- Fibroid, 95.
- ——— Hyaline, 95.
- -- Pigmentary, 95.
- Dilatation of, 5.
- Disease of coronary arteries of, (97), 99.
- — myocardium, 95.
- --- valves of, 93.
- Disordered action of, in rate or rhythm, 97.
- Excessive growth of fat on, 95.
- Fatty degeneration of, 95.
- Fibroid degeneration of, 95.
- Hypertrophy of, 95.
- Inflammation of, 95.
- Injuries of, (97), 297.
- Left auriculo-ventricular aperture of, obstructed, Malformation, 351.
- Malformation of, 13, 351, (97).
- New Growth of, Malignant and Non-malignant, 13, (97).
- Orifices of, obstructed or imperfect, Malformation, 351.
- Parasitic diseases of, 13, (97).
- Pulmonic aperture of, obstructed or imperfect, Malformation, 351.
- Right auriculo-ventricular aperture of, obstructed or imperfect, Malformation, 351.

HER

Heart, Rupture of, 95.

- Septa of, incomplete, Malformation, 351.
- Septum, auricular, incomplete, Malformation, 351.
- - ventricular, incomplete, Malformation, 351.
- Strain of, 97.
- Syphilis of, (97), 7.
- Suture of, Operation, 321.
- Tuberculosis of, (97), 7.
- Valves, disease of, 93.
- valves, Imperfect, Malformation, 353.
- valves, Supernumerary, Malformation, 363.
- Wound of, 297.

Heart-burn, 139.

Heat, Effects of, 277.

Heat-stroke, 277.

Heberden's nodes, see Digitorum nodi, (245), 11.

Hebra's prurigo, see Prurigo, 261.

Hellebore, Black, Poison 377.

- White, Poison, 377.

Helophilus pendulus, Parasite, 390.

Hemeralopia, see Day-blindness, 67.

Hemianæstheria, 31.

Hemianopia, 67.

Hemiatrophy, Facial, 33.

Hemiatrophy of tongue, 127.

Hemicrania, see Sick headache, 31.

Hemiplegia, 27.

Hemlock, Poison, 377.

- dropwort, Poison, 377.

Hemp, Indian, Poison, 377.

Henbane, Poison, 377.

Hepatic ducts, see under Gall-ducts, 155.

Hepatitis, see Inflammation of liver and varieties,

Hepatoptosis, 155.

Hereditary or family ataxia, 19.

- chorea, 29.

Hermaphroditism, Malformation, 357

Hernia (of intestines), varieties of, 143.

- of bladder, 183.
- Diaphragmatic, 143.
- of Fallopian tube, 203.
- Femoral, 143.
- Inguinal, 143

Types.—The names for common use are printed in Egyptian type, and Synonyms, which are not to be employed in the registration of diseases, in Italies.

FIGURES.—The figures refer to the pages of the book, not to the numbers of the various headings. Figures without parentheses indicate where the disease should be registered; figures within parenthesos indicate pages where the disease is entered for the sake of classification only, and not for registration.

HER

Hernia, Inguinal, Bubonocele, 143.

- -- Congenital, 143.
- -- Direct, 143.
- -- External, 143.
- - Funicular, 143.
- -- Infantile, 143.
- -- Internal, 143.
- —— Labial, 143.
- —— Oblique, 143.
- -- Scrotal, 143.
- Interstitial or intraparietal, 143.
- Internal or intra-abdominal, 143.
- Lumbar, 143.
- Obturator, 143.
- Omental, (143), 159.
- Operations for, 325.
- of ovary, 203.
- Perineal, 143.
- Pudendal, 143.
- Retroperitoneal, 143.
- Radical cure of, Operation, 317.
- Sciatic, 143.
- of spleen, 163.
- of stomach, diaphragmatic, 137.
- Strangulated, Operation for, 325.
- Testis, 199.
- Umbilical, 143.
- of uterus, 209.
- Vaginal, 143.
- Ventral, 143.

Hernial sacs, Adhesions of, 145.

- - Affections of, 145.
- —— Dropsy of, 145.
- -- Inflammation of, 145.
- — Laceration of, 145.
- -- Suppuration of, 145.

Herpes, 263.

- Febrilis, 263.
- Labialis (117), 263.
- of mouth, 119.
- penis, (193), 263.
- —— prepuce, (193), 263.
- progenitalis, 263.
- of tongue, 127.

Herpes zoster, see Shingles, 263.

Herpetic conjunctivitis, see Phlyctenular conjunctivitis, 41.

HYD

Heterochromia iridis, see Differently coloured irides, (51), 13.

Hiccup, 35.

Hidrocystoma, 273.

Hip-joint disease, see on p. 245.

Hirsuties, 275, 361.

Hirudinea, Parasite, 384, 389.

Hirudo interrupta, Parasite, 389.

- Javanica, Parasite, 389.
- medicinalis, Parasite, 389.
- officinalis, Parasite, 389.
- Zeylanica, Parasite, 389.

Hirudo vorax, see Hæmopis sanguisuga, 389.

Hobnail liver, see Portal cirrhosis, 153.

Hodgkin's disease, see Lymphadenoma, 11.

Homatropine, Poison, 375.

Honeycombed enamel, 125.

Hordcolus, see Sty, 73.

Horn, 265, 339.

Horse-shoe kidney, Malformation, 355.

Hour-glass contraction of stomach, 137.

Housemaid's knee, see Inflamed bursa (patellæ), 255.

Humerus, Dislocation of, 305.

- Fracture of, 305.

Huntington's chorea, see Hereditary chorea, 29.

Hyaline degeneration, (Appendix 401).

- -- of adrenals, 175.
- -- conjunctiva, 43.
- -- lymphatic glands, 163.
- — muscles, 251.

Hyalitis, 63.

Hyaloid artery, Persistent, Malformation, 359.

Hyalomma Aegyptium, Parasite, 393.

Hydatid cysts of breast, 13, (237).

- cyst of liver, 13, (153).
- ---- Multilocular, 13, (153).
- --- Operation for, 326.
- -- lung, Operation for, 324.
- ——— spleen, (163), 13.

Hydatid mole, see Vesicular mole, 219.

Hydatid cyst of tænia echinococcus, Parasite, 387.

Hydramnios, see Dropsy of amnion, 219.

Hydrate of chloral, Poison, 373.

Hydrencephocele, Malformation, 347.

Hydroa, see Dermatitis herpetiformis, 203.

Hydroa gestationis, 263.

Types.—The names for common use are printed in Egyptian type, and Synonyms, which are not to be employed in the registration of diseases, in Italies.

FIGURES.—The digures refer to the pages of the book, not to the numbers of the various headings.

Figures without parentheses indicate where the disease should be registered; figures within parentheses indicate pages where the disease is entered for the sake of classification only, and not for registration.

HYD

Hydrocele, Congenital, (199), 13.

- Chylous, 199.

- Encysted, (199), 13.

— Infantile, (199), 13.

- in canal of Nuck, Cyst, 345.

- of spermatic cord, 197.

____ Congenital, (197), 13.

____ Diffused, 197.

_ _ _ _ Encysted, 197.

- of tunica vaginalis, and varieties, 199.

— Operations for, 329.

Hydrocephalus, Acquired, 25.

- Congenital, 25.

Hydrochloric acid, Poison, 371.

— — Gaseous poison, 383.

Hydrocyanic acid, Poison, 373.

Hydrofluoric acid, Poison, 371.

— — Gaseous poison, 383.

Hydrogen, Arseniuretted, Poison, 381.

- Sulphuretted, Poison, 383.

Hydrometra, see Distension of uterus, with mucous

or watery fluid, 209.

Hydromyclia, see Hydrorrhachis, (21), 13.

Hydromyelocele, Malformation, 349.

Hydropericardium, 93.

Hydronephrosis, 179.

Hydrophobia, see Rabies, 5.

Hydrophthalmos anterior (of cornea), 47.

Hydrops amnii, see Amnion, Dropsy of, 219.

Hydrorrhachis, (21), 13.

Hydrorrhoa, in pregnancy, 219.

Hydrosalpinx, see Distension of Fallopian tube, 203.

Hydrothorax and variety, 115.

Hygroma, see Bursal cyst, 257.

Hygroma, Cystic, Tumour, 343.

Hymen, Dilatation of, 331.

- Imperforate, Malformation, (213), 13, 357.

- Removal of, Operation, 331.

Hymenolepsis lanceolata, Parasite, 387.

Hyoid bone, Dislocation of, 295.

- Fracture of, 295.

Hyoscyamine, Poison, 377.

Hyoscyamus, Poison, 377.

Hyoscine, Poison, 377.

Hyperæmia (Appendix 401).

- of brain, 23.

- conjunctiva, 43.

HYP

Hyperæmia of internal ear, 85.

— — intestine, 141.

— — mammary gland, and varieties, 235.

—— stomach, 135.

Hyperæsthesia, 31.

- General, 31.

— Local, 31.

— of breast, (237), 31.

—— larynx, 109.

— tongue, (127), 31.

Hyperchlorhydria, 137.

Hyperidrosis, 275.

Hypermetropia, 67.

Hyperopia, see Hypermetropia, 67.

Hyperostosis of the external meatus, 81.

---- Removal of, Operation, 322.

Hyperplasia of uterus, 207.

Hypertrophy (Appendix 401).

— of alveoli of teeth, 123.

-- arteries, muscular coat of, 99.

—— bladder, 183.

—— bones, 241.

— — breast, female, and varieties, 235.

--- gall-bladder or ducts, 155.

—— gums, 125.

-- heart, 95.

— intestines, 141.

- kidney, 179.

— — lips, see Macrocheilia, 117.

—— liver, 153.

—— lymph glands, 165.

- male breast, 239.

- - mammary gland, and varieties, 235.

—— mucous membrane of nose, 87.

—— inflammation of nose, 87.

—— muscles, 253.

—— nose, 87.

— — ovary, 201.

— — periosteum of jaws, 123.

-- pharyngeal tonsil, adenoid vegetations, 91.

—— prepuce, 193.

— — prostate gland, 191.

—— skin and sebaceous glands of nose, 87.

—— stomach, 135.

— - thymus, 169.

—— tonsils, 129.

TYPES.—The names for common use are printed in Egyptian type, and Synonyms, which are not to be employed in the registration of diseases, in Italics.

FIGURES.—The figures refer to the pages of the book, not to the numbers of the various headings Figures without parentheses indicate where the disease should be registered; figures. within parentheses indicate pagos where the disease is entered for the sake of classification only, and not for registration.

HYP

Hypertrophy of uterus and varieties, 207.

— — vulva, 213.

Hypertrophic capillary nævus, 337.

- cirrhosis of liver, see Biliary cirrhosis, 153.

- stenosis of pylorus, 137.

Hyphomycetes, see Mould fungi, Parasites, 394, 398.

Hypnotic drugs, Poison, 373.

Hypodermic injection, 316.

Hypoplastic teeth, 125.

Hypopyon, see note, 57.

- keratitis, 45.

Hypospadias, (191), 13, 349.

- Operation for, 328.

Hysteralgia, see Neuralgia of uterus, 219.

Hysterectomy, Abdominal, see Removal of uterus,

- Vaginal, see Removal of uterus, 330.

Hysteria, 33.

- Anæsthetic, 33.

- Convulsive, 33.

- Hyperæsthetic, 33.

- Paralytic, 33.

- Spasmodic, 33.

Hysterical mania, 35.

Hysterical joint, see Neuromimesis, (247), 33.

Ichthyosis, and varieties, 265.

- Congenita, 265.

- Hystrix, 265.

Icterus, see Jaundice, 155.

Idioglossia, 35.

Idiopathic anamia of Addison, see Pernicious anæmia, 11.

Idiopathic muscular atrophy, (21), 251.

Idiocy, 5.

Ileo-vesical fistula of bladder, 183.

Illuminating gas, see Coal gas, Poison, 383.

Imbecility, Congenital and infantile, see Idiocy, 35

Impacted calculus in male urethra, 189.

Impaction, see Plugging (Appendix 403).

Impaction of intestines, (145).

- - foreign bodies in ducts, 283.

-- rectum, 149.

— — teeth, 125.

INF

Imperforate anus, Operation for, 326.

- cervix uteri, canalisation of, Operation, 330.

- hymen, Malformation, (213), 13.

- vagina, canalisation of, Operation, 330.

Impetigo contagiosa, 261.

- herpetiformis, 261.

Impotence, 201.

Implantation, epithelial wound of iris, (49), 13.

Impulsive insanity, 37.

Incised wound, 279.

Incision of abscess, Operation, 313.

-- cyst, Operation, 313.

-- joints, Operation, 317.

-- periosteum, Operation, 316.

- for stricture of rectum, Operation, 319.

-- suppuration round sac of aneurysm, Operation, 314.

Incision and drainage of lung cavities, Operation,

--- pericardium, Operation, 324.

---- pleura, Operation, 324.

Incontinence of urine, 187.

Indian hemp, Poison, 377.

- tobacco, see Lobelia, 379.

Indigestion, 137.

- intestinal, 145.

Induction of abortion, Operation, 332.

-- premature labour, Operation, 332.

Induration of lung, Black 113.

--- Iron-grey, 113.

— — brain, see Sclerosis, 25.

Inertia of uterus, see Atony of uterus during parturition, 223.

Infantile convulsions, 31.

- cortical degeneration (of brain), 25.

- paralysis, see Poliomyelitis, Acute anterior, 19.

- scurvy, 11.

Infarct of kidney, 179.

Infarction of lung, see Hæmorrhage into lung,

— — spleen, 161.

INFECTIVE DISEASES, 3.

Infective endarteritis, 99.

- endocarditis, (93), 3.

- enteritis, (141), 3.

- laryngitis, 105.

- myositis, 251.

TYPES.—The names for common use are printed in Egyptian type, and Synonyms, which are not to be. employed in the registration of diseases, in Italics.

FIGURES.—The figures refer to the pages of the book, not to the numbers of the various headings. Figures without parentheses indicate where the disease should be registered; figures within parentheses indicate pages where the disease is entered for the sake of classifica-

tion only, and not for registration. INF Infective osteomyelitis and periostitis, 5. - periarteritis, 99. - phlebitis, 101. - Toxic, or other general conditions, results of, (Appendix 403). ---- results on spleen (163). Inferior nuclear paralysis, see Bulbar paralysis, 25 Inflammation (Appendix 401). - of accessory sinuses and varieties, 89. — - adrenals, 175. — — alveoli, 123. -- anus, 147. —— arachnoid, 17, 21. — — areola, 233. - - auricle, 81. -- nerves, 15. — — bladder, 183. - bones and varieties, 241. —— nose, 87. —— brain, 23. -- general, 23. - - local, 23. - ovary, 2)1. -- membranes of, 21. -- breast, consequent on parturition, 231. — — penis, 193. — — bursæ, and varieties, 255. — — capsule of spleen, see Perisplenitis, 161. - cerebral membranes, 21. — — connective tissue, (77), 259. — — cranial nerves, (27). — — dental periosteum, 123. — — pulp, 121. - - dura mater, 17, 21. — — external meatus of ear, 81. — — fasciæ, 253. — — Fallopian tube, 203. -- gall-bladder and ducts, and varieties, 155. - - glans penis, 193. — granular, of uterus, 207. - of gums, 123. - - hepatic ducts, 155. - - hernial sac, 145. — — intestines, and varieties, 139. — — internal ear, 85. --jaws, 119.- joints, 245. — — lacrymal gland, 71.

—— larynx, 105.

-- lining membrane of pregnant uterus, 219.

Inflammation of lips, 117.

- - liver and varieties, 151.
- — lungs, chronic interstitial, 111.
- — lymphatic vessels, 165.
- ——— glands, 163.
- — male breast, 239.
- mammary gland and varieties, 233. 235.
- — membrana tympani, 83.
- - membranes of brain, 21.
- ____ spinal cord, 17.
- — middle ear, 83.
- —— mouth, 119.
- — mucous membrane of larynx, 105.
- — muscles, 251.
- -- myocardium and varieties, 95.
- — nasopharynx and varieties, 91.
- — nipple, 233.
- — optic nerve, 57.
- — œsophagus, 131.
- -- pancreas and varieties, 149.
- — peritoneum, and varieties, 157.
- - pharynx and œsophagus, 131.
- — pia mater and arachnoid, 17, 21.
- — portal vein, see Pylephlebitis (155), 101,
- — prepuce, 193.
- - prostate gland, and varieties, 191.
- rectum, 147.
- —— salivary glands, 131.
- —— scrotum, 195.
- \rightarrow --- sheaths of tendons, 255.
- — soft parts of nose, 87.
- — spermatic cord, 197.
- - spinal cord, 17.
- —— spine, 249.
- - stomach, and varieties, 135.
- tendons, 255.
- — testicle, 199.
- thymus, 169.
- — thyroid gland, and varieties, 171.
- — tongue, and varieties, 127.
- — tonsils, 129.
- — tunica vaginalis, 199.
- — tympanum, 83.

Types.—The names for common use are printed in Egyptian type, and Synonyms, which are not to be employed in the registration of diseases, in *Italies*.

FIGURES.—The figures refer to the pages of the book, not to the numbers of the various headings.

Figures without parentheses indicate where the disease should be registered: figures within parentheses indicate pages where the disease is entered for the sake of classification only, and not for registration.

INF

Inflammation of uterine ligaments, 205.

—— uterus, 205, 219.

——— catarrhal, 205.

——— granular, 207.

—— vagina, 211.

-- vesiculæ seminales, 191.

—— vulva, 213.

Inflation of tympanum, Operation, 322.

Influenza, 5, (105).

Infusion into veins, Operation, 314.

Inguinal hernia, 143.

Ingrown toe nail, see Onychia, 275.

Injection of bronchocele, Operation, 323.

-- antitoxin into brain, Operation, 318.

- into sub-arachnoid space of cord, Operation, 318.

— Subcutaneous, see Hypodermic injections, Operation, 316.

INJURIES, List of, 277.

Injuries of abdomen, 13, 299.

-- adrenals, 13, (175).

-- alveoli and teeth, (127), 13, 291.

-- anatomical regions, 287.

—— arteries, (101), 13, 281.

-- auricle of ear, (83), 13.

-- back, 13, 297.

— bladder (urinary), (185), 13.

- blood vascular system, 13, 281.

—— bones, 13, (243), 233.

—— brain, 13, 289.

- Chemical, of eyelid or eye, 13, 291.

— of chest, 13, 295.

- - child during parturition, 227.

—— choroid (53), 13.

- conjunctiva, 13, (43).

—— connective tissue, 13, (259).

- cornea, 13, (47).

— — cranial nerves, 13, (27).

—— ear, 13, (83), (85), 293.

- Effects of, 13, (Appendix 403).

- of external ear, (83), 13.

—— eye, 13, 291.

-- eyelids, 13, (77).

—— face and mouth, 13, 291.

-- gall-bladder and ducts, (157), 13.

— General, 277.

- of head and face, 13, 237.

-- heart, 13, (97), 297.

INJ

Injuries of hepatic ducts, (157), 13.

-- iris, (51), 13.

—— intestines, (143), 13.

-- jaws and teeth, (127), 13.

— joints, (247), 13, 285.

—— kidney, (179), 13.

—— lacrymal apparatus, (73), 13, 291.

—— larynx, (107), 13.

--- by corrosive substances, 295.

- Local, 279.

— of lower extremities, 13, 307.

——lung, 13, (113).

-- lymphatic system 13, 283.

— — membrana tympani, 13, (83).

—— middle ear, 13, (83).

—— muscles, 13, (253), 285.

— mucous membrane and submucous tissue, 13,

-- neck (exclusive of vertebræ), 13. 295.

-- nerves, (17), 13.

— — nervous system, 281.

— nipple or areola, (233), 13.

— mose, (89), 13.

—— œsophagus (133), 13.

— orbit, (79), 13.

--- parts within, 293.

-- organs of generation, 13, 301.

—— penis, (195), 13.

-- peritoneum, (159), 13.

-- pharynx and esophagus by corrosive sub-

stances, (131), 13, 295.

—— pleura, (115), 13.

-- pregnant uterus, 303.

-- rectum, (149), 13.

—— retina, (61), 13.

—— sclerotic, (49), 13.

—— secreting glands and viscera, 13, 233.

—— sheaths of tendons, 255.

—— skin and subcutaneous tissue, 13, (269), (285).

—— spermatic cord, 13, (197).

—— spinal cord, 13, (21).

—— spine 13, (251).

—— spleen 13, (163).

—— stomach, 13, (137).

— to systems or tissues, 281.

— teeth, (127), 13, 291.

— tendons, (255), 13, 285.

Types.—The names for common use are printed in Egyptian type, and Synonyms, which are not to be employed in the registration of diseases. in *Italics*.

FIGURES.—The figures refer to the pages of the book, not to the numbers of the various headings.

Figures without parentheses indicate where the disease should be registered; figures within parentheses indicate pages where the disease is entered for the sake of classification only, and not for registration.

INJ

Injuries to testicle, (201), 13.

- -- thyroid body, (173), 13.
- -- trachea and bronchi, (109), 13.
- tympanum, (83), 13.
- -- upper extremities, 13, 305.
- ureter, (181), 13.
- -- urethra, male, (191), 13.
- uterus, pregnant, 13, 281.
- vagina, (213), 13.
- veins, (103), 13, 283.
- — vitreous, (65), 13.
- vulva, (215), 13.

In-knee or knock-knee, 247.

Insanity, see Mental diseases, 35, 37, 39.

- Alcoholic, 37.
- Alternating, 37.
- Circular, 37.
- Confusional, 37.
- Delusional, 37.
- Impulsive, 37.
- Moral, 37.
- Obsessive, 37.
- Post febrile, 37.
- Puerperal, 231, 35.
- of chorea, 39.
- —— diabetes, 39.
- - Graves' disease, 39.
- haschisch, 39.
- -- lead or other poisons, 39.
- -- myxædema, 39.
- -- pellagra, 39.
- - systematized delusions, see Delusional insanity, 37.

Insect parasites, (flies, gnats, fleas, beetles, lice, bugs), 384, 389.

Insects, Stinging, Venom of, 381.

Inspissated bile, 155.

Insular sclerosis, 19, 25.

Intellectual monomania, see Delusional insanity, 37.

Intercostal myalgia, 253.

Intermittent hamaturia, see Hæmoglobinuria, 187.

Internal derangement of knee-joint, 307.

Internal ear, Absent or imperfect, Malformation, (85), 13, 351.

- -- Anæmia of, 85.
- -- Diseases of, 85.

INT

Internal ear, Hyperæmia of, 85.

- Inflammation, 85.
- — Malformations of, (85), 13.
- — New growth of, Malignant, (85), 13.
- -- Necrosis of, 85.
- -- Syphilis of, 85, 7.

Internal piles, 147.

- urethrotomy, Operation, 328.

Interstitial hepatitis, see Chronic Inflammation of the liver, 153.

Interstitial keratitis, 45.

Intestinal anastomosis, Operation, 325.

- cramp, see Colic, 145.
- indigestion, 145.
- obstruction, Operations for, 325.

Intestine, or vermiform appendix, Abnormally placed, Malformation, 367.

Intestines, Actinomycosis of, (141), 3.

- Anthrax of, (141), 3.
- Atony of, 145.
- Atrophy of, 141.
- Compression of, 145.
- Concretions in, 141.
- Degeneration of, 141.
- Diseases of, 139.
- Diverticula of, 145.
- Effects of injuries to, (143), 13.
- --- poisons on, (143), 13.
- Embolism or thrombosis of, 141.
- Excision of portion of, Operation, 325.
- Fæcal accumulation in, 141.
- Fistula of, 141.
- Foreign bodies in, (141), 13.
- Gall-stones in, (141), 155.
- Gangrene of, 141.
- Hæmorrhage of, 141.
- Hernia of, and varieties, 143.
- Hyperæmia of, 141.
- Hypertrophy of, 141.
- Impaction of, 145.
- Inflammation of, and varieties, 139.
- Injuries of, (143), 13.
- Intus-susception of, 145.
- Laceration of, 145.
- Lardaceous disease of, see under Degeneration of, 141.
- Malformations of, 13, 355.

Types.—The names for common use are printed in Egyptian type, and Synonyms, which are not to be employed in the registration of diseases, in *Italics*.

FIGURES.—The figures refor to the pages of the book, not to the numbers of the various headings.

Figures without parentheses indicate where the disease should be registered; figures within parentheses indicate pages where the disease is entered for the sake of elassification only, and not for registration.

INT

Intestines, New growth of, Malignant and non-malignant, (141), 13.

- Obstruction of, 145.
- opening abnormally, Malformation, 355.
- Parasitic disease of, (143), 13.
- Paresis of, 145.
- Perforation of, 145.
- Sacculated, Narrowed, Impervious, or Interrupted, Malformation, 355.
- Stricture of, 145.
- Syphilis of, (141), 7.
- Thrombosis or embolism of, 141.
- Tuberculosis of, (141), 7.
- Tympanites of, 145.
- Ulceration of, and varieties, 139.
- Volvulus of, 145.

INTOXICATIONS, 7.

Introduction of seton, Operation, 316.

-- tubes into pharynx or œsophagus, Operation, 323.

Intubation of larynx, Operation, 322.

Intus-susception (of intestine), (149), 145.

Invagination, see Intus-susception, 145.

Inversion of bladder, 183.

- testicle, (201), 13.
- -- uterus, 209.
- ——— during parturition, (227), 209.

Involution, Senile, of female breast, 235.

Iodine, Poison, 371.

Iridectomy, Operation, 320.

Irides, Differently-coloured, (51), 13.

Iridochoroiditis, 53.

Iridoplegia, 51.

Iridotomy, Operation, 320.

Iris, Atrophy of, 49.

- Diseases of, 49.
- Fissure of, Malformation, 347.
- Hæmorrhage of, 49.
- Injuries of, (51), 13, 293.
- Malformations of, (51), 13, 347.
- Mydriasis of, and varieties, 51.
- Myosis of, and varieties, 51.
- New growth of, Malignant and non-malignant, (49), (51), 13.
- Paralysis of, see Irido plegia, 51.
- Synechia of, and varieties, 51.
- Tremulous, 51.

JAW.

Iris, Wound of, 293.

Iritis, 49.

- Chronic, including Serous cyclitis, and Serous iritis, 49.
- Diabetic, (49), 11.
- Gonorrheal, (49), 5.
- Gouty, (49), 11.
- Secondary, 49.
- Sympathetic, 49.
- Symptomatic (49).
- Syphilitic, (49), 7.
- Tranmatic, 49.
- Tubercular, (49), 7.

Iron, Poison, 369.

Iron-grey induration of lungs, 113.

Irregularity of heart, see Disordered action of heart, 97

Irritability of bladder, 185.

Irritant drugs, Effects of, Poisons, 383.

Irritants, Mechanical, Poisons, 383.

- Affections of lungs due to, 113.

Ischæmia of retina, see Anæmia of retina, 59, 67.

Ischæmic contracture of muscle, 253.

Ischio-rectal abscess, 147.

Itch, see Parasitic affections of skin, 271.

Itch-mite, see Sarcoptes scabiei, Parasite, 392.

Ixodes hexagonus, Parasite, 392.

- ricinus, Parasite, 392.

Jaborandi, Poison, 377.

Jasmine, Yellow, see Gelsemium, Poison, 377.

Jaundice, 155.

Jaw, lower, Dislocation of, 291.

Jaws, Acromegaly of, (119), 243.

- Actinomycosis of, (121), 3.
- Cyst of, (121), 13.
- Diseases of, 119.
- Facial hemiatrophy of, (119), 33.
- Malformation of, (121), 13.
- New Growth of, Malignant and Non-malignant, (121), 13.
- Leontiasis ossea of, (119), 243.
- Osteoarthritis of articulation, (121), 11.

Types.—The names for common use are printed in Egyptian type, and Synonyms, which are not to be employed in the registration of diseases, in *Italics*.

FIGURES.—The figures refer to the pages of the book, not to the numbers of the various headings.

Figures without parentheses indicate where the disease should be registered; figures within parentheses indicate pages where the disease is entered for the sake of classification only, and not for registration.

JAW

Jaws, Osteitis deformans of, (119), 243.

- Parasitic disease of, (121), 13:

Jejunal ulcer following gastro-enterostomy, 139.

Jequirity, Poison, 377.

Joint, Hysterical, see Neuromimesis, (247), 33.

Joint, Stiff, 247.

Joints, Aspiration of, Operation, 317.

- Contusion of, 285.
- Cyst of, (245), 13.
- Diseases of, (exclusive of spine), 245.
- Dislocation of, 247.
- Effects of injuries to, (247), 13.
- Excision of, partial or complete, Operation, 317.
- fixation or removal of interarticular cartilages, Operation, 317.
- Gonorrheal arthritis of, (245), 5.
- Gout of, (245), 11.
- Hæmophilia of, (245), 11.
- Incision of, Operation, 317.
- Inflammation of, and varieties, 245.
- Injuries of, (247), 13, 285.
- Loose body in, 247.
- — removal of, Operation, 317.
- Neuropathic disease of, (247).
- New growth of, Malignant and Non-malignant, (247), 13.
- Operations on, 317.
- Osteoarthritis of, (245), 11.
- Pulmonary osteopathy of, (247), 243.
- Pyæmia of, (245), 5.
- Relaxation of ligaments of, 247.
- Rheumatic fever of, (245), 5.
- Sprain of, 285.
- Strain of, 285.
- Syphilis of, (245), 7.
- Tapping, with or without injection, Operation,
- Tuberculosis of, (245), 7.
- Tuberculous synovitis of, (245), 7.
- Wound of, 285.

Kala-Azar, 5.

Kakké, see Beri-beri, 3.

Keratitis, and varieties, 45.

KID

Keratitis, Deep, 45.

- following Herpes (45), 263.
- Intestitial, 45.
- Neuro-paralytic, 45.
- Pannus, 45.
- Punctata, (45), 49, 53.
- Secondary to cyclitis, 45.
- Sclero-keratitis, (45), 47.
- Superficial, 45.
- Suppurative, 45.
- Syphilitic, (45), 7.
- Traumatic, (45), 13.
- Ulcerative, see Ulceration of cornea, 45.

Keratomalacia, see Gangrene of cornea, 45.

Keratosis, and varieties, 265.

- follicularis, 265.
- -- palmaris et plantaris, 265.
- pilaris 265.
- nigricans, 265.

Kidney abnormally placed, Malformation, 365.

- Abscess of, and varieties, 177.
- Absent, Malformation, 355.
- Acute nephritis of, 177.
- Amyloid, see Lardaceous disease of, 177.
- Atrophy of, 177.
- Bright's disease of, and varieties, 177.
- Calculus of, and varieties, 179.
- Chronic nephritis of, 177.
- Congestion of, 177.
- Contracting granular, see Granular kidney, 177.
- Cystic disease of, 179.
- — congenital, 179.
- Cysts of, (179), 13.
- Decapsulation of, Operation, 326.
- Diminutive or absent, Malformation 355.
- Diseases of, 177.
- Embolism of, 179.
- Fibrosis of, see Granular kidney, 177.
- Floating, 179.
- Gouty, see Granular kidney, 177.
- Granular, 177.
- Horseshoe, Malformation, 355.
- Injuries of, (179), 13.
- Infaret of, 179.
- Lardaceous, 177.
- Large white, see Chronic nephritis, 177.
- -- Lobulated, Malformation, 355.

TYPES.—The names for common uso are printed in Egyptian type, and Synonyms, which are not to be employed in the registration of diseases, in *Italies*.

FIGURES.—The figures refer to the pages of the book, not to the numbers of the various headings.

Figures without parentheses indicate where the disease should be registered; figures within parentheses indicate pages where the disease is entered for the sake of classification only, and not for registration.

KID

Kidney, Malformations of, (181), 13, 355.

- Movable, 179, 367.
- New growth of, Malignant and Non-malignant, (179), 13.
- Operations on, 326.
- Parasitic disease of, (179), 13.
- Puncture of, Operation, 326.
- Surgical, see Disseminated suppurative nephritis, 177.
- Suture of, Operation, 326.
- Syphilis of, (179), 7.
- Thrombosis of, 179.
- Tuberculosis of, (179), 7.
- Waxy, see Lardaceous kidney, 177.

Kiln-vapours, Poison, 383.

Knee joint, Internal derangement of, 307.

Knee, Back, 247.

- Knock- or In-, 247.
- Out-, 247.

Knock-knee, 247.

Kraurosis, 213.

Kyphosis, see Posterior curvature of spine, 249.

Labia adherent, Malformation, 357.

Labio-glossal paralysis, see Bulbar paralysis, 25.

Laburnam, Poison, 377.

Labyrinthine or auditory vertigo, sec Aural vertigo, 31.

Labyrinthine suppuration, Operation for, 322. Lacerated wound (279).

Laceration of anus, 149.

- — bladder, 303.
- - intestines, 145.
- - ligament of joint, 285.
- membranes of brain, 289.
- — muscle, 285.
- - opaque capsule, Operation, 320.
- -- peritoneum during parturition, 227.
- -- rectum, 149.
- — spinal cord, 21.
- —— stomach, 137.
- — tondon, 285.
- - urinary bladder during parturition, 227.
- -- urethra, 303.

LAR

Laceration of uterus, and varieties, 211.

- --- during parturition, 225.
- vagina, (213), 13.
- --- during parturition, 225.
- -- valves of heart, 95.
- vulva during parturition, 227.

Lacrymal apparatus, affections of, 71.

— — Operations for diseases of, 319, 320.

Lacrymal fistula, 71, 73.

- gland, Abscess of, 71.
- -- Affections of, 71.
- - Distension of excretory ducts of, 71.
- Fistula of excretory ducts of, 73.
- -- Inflammation of, 71.
- —— Injuries of, (73), 13, 291.
- — Malformations of, (73), 13.
- -- New Growth of, Malignant and Non-malignant, (73), 13.
- -- Operations for diseases of, 320.
- Parasitic diseases of, (73), 13.
- obstruction, Operations for, 319.
- sac, Abscess of, 73.
- Fistula of, 71.
- — and duct, Injuries of (73), 13.
- tracts, Affections of, 71.

Lacunar tonsillitis, see Folliculæ inflammation of tonsils, 129.

Lagophthalmos from paralysis of facial nerve. (71), 75.

Lambdia duodenalis, see Cercomonas intestinalis, parasite, 385.

Landry's disease, see Acute ascending paralysis, 21.

Lanugo persistent, Malformation, 361.

Laparo-elytrotomy, see Delivery of child through abdomino-vaginal incision, Operation, 332.

Laparotomy, see Abdominal section, Operation, 324.

Lardaceous degeneration (Appendix 401).

- -- of adrenals, 175.
- ——— conjunctiva, 43.
- ——— intestines, see Degenerations of intestines, 141.
- --- kidney, 177.
- ———liver, 153.
- ——— lymph glands, 163.
- --- splcen, 161.
- --- thyroid body, 171.

TYPES.—The names for common use are printed in Egyptian type, and Synonyms, which are not to be employed in the registration of diseases, in *Italies*.

FIGURES.—The figures refer to the pages of the book, not to the numbers of the various headings.

Figures without parentheses indicate where the disease should be registered; figures within parentheses indicate pages where the disease is entered for the sake of elassification only, and not for registration.

LAR

Large white kidney of nephritis, see Chronic nephritis, 177.

Larva of gadfly, see under Estrus hominis, Parasite, 389.

Laryngismus stridulus, 31.

Laryngitis, see Inflammation of mucous membranes of larynx, and varieties of, 105.

Laryngotomy, Operation, 322.

- Suprathyroid, Operation, 322.

Laryngo-tracheotomy, Operation, 322.

Larynx, Abscess of, 107.

- Absent or imperfect, Malformation, 353.
- Anæsthesia of, 107.
- Ankylosis of arytænoid cartilages of, 107.
- Burn and scald of, 295.
- Calcification of, 107.
- Diphtheria of, (107), 3.
- Diseases of, 105.
- Excision, in part or whole, Operation, 323.
- Foreign bodies in, 107.
- Fracture of cartilages of, 295.
- Hyperæsthesia, 109.
- Inflammation of mucous membrane of, and subdivisions, 105.
- Injuries of, 13, (107).
- — by corrosive substances, 295.
- Intubation of, Operation, 322.
- Leprosy of, (107), 5.
- Lupus of, (107).
- Malformation, (107), 13.
- Narrowing of, 107.
- Necrosis of cartilages of, 107.
- New Growth of, Malignant and Non-malignant, (107), 13.
- Neuralgia of, 109.
- Edema of, acute inflammatory, see Edema of larynx, 105.
- œdema, passive, 107.
- Operations on, 322.
- Paralysis of, 107.
- Perichondritis of, 107.
- Spasm of, 107.
- Syphilis of (107), 7.
- Ulceration of, 107.
- Tuberculosis of, (107), 7.

Latent menstruation, 215.

Lateral curvature of spine, 249.

LET

Lateral sinus, Removal of thrombi from, Operation, 322.

Lathyrism, 9.

Lathyrus, Poison, 379.

Laughing gas, see Nitrous oxide, Poison, 283.

Laurel water, Poison, 373.

Laverania malariæ, Parasite, 384.

Lead, Poison, 369.

- Blue line on gums from, 363.
- cachexia, 369.
- chromate, Poison, 369.
- colic, 339.
- insanity, 39, 369.
- palsy, (33), 13, 369.

Leeches, Enumeration of species of, 339.

- Parasites, 384, 389.

Leg-sticker, Parasite, 391.

Leishmania, Parasite, 385.

Leiomyoma, see Myoma, unstriped, Tumour, 337.

Lens, Contusion of eyeball with dislocation of the, 291.

- Diseases of, 61.
- Dislocation of, 63.
- -- from contusion, 291.
- Extraction of, Operation, 320.
- Malformations of, (63), 13.
- Solution of, Operation, 320.
- Wound of, 293.

Lenticular cataract, and varieties, 61.

Lentigo, see Freckle, 267.

Leontiasis ossea, (119), 243.

Lepidothrix, 275.

Leprosy, 5.

- Anæsthetic, 5.
- Nodular, 5.
- of conjunctiva, (43), 5.
- -- cornea, (47), 5.
- — external meatus, (81), 5.
- —— fauces, (129), 5.
- -- larynx, (107), 5.
- nerves, (15), 5.
- -- nose, (89), 5.
- — pharynx and esophagus, (133), 5.
- sclerotic, (49), 5.
- -- skin, (267), 5.
- — tongue, (127), 5.

Lethargy, Negro, see Sleeping sickness, 7.

TYPES.—The names for common use are printed in Egyptian type, and Synonyms, which are not to be employed in the registration of diseases, in *Italics*.

FIGURES.—The figures refer to the pages of the book, not to the numbers of the various headings.

Figures without parentheses indicate where the disease should be registered; figures within parentheses indicate pages where the disease is entered for the sake of elassification only, and not for registration.

LEP

Leptodera stercoralis, see Rhabdonema strongyloides, Parasite, 389.

Lepto-meningitis, see Inflammation of pia mater and arachnoid, 17, 21.

Leptus autumnalis, Parasite, 393.

Leuchamia, see Leuco cythæmia, 11.

Leucocythæmia, 11.

- of liver, (153), 11.

—— lymph-glands, (165), 11.

-- spleen, (161), 11.

Leuco cythæmic retinitis, (59), 11.

Leucodermia, 265.

Leucoma, see Opacity of cornea, 47.

Leucoplakia, see Chronic inflammation of tongue, 127.

Leucorrhœa, 217.

Lever, Application of, to feetal head, Operation, 331.

Lice, Species of, 390, 391.

Lichen, and varieties, 2.3.

Lichen acuminatus, 263.

- -circumseriptus, see under Dermatitis schorrhæica, 273.
- pilaris, see Lichen spinulosus, 263.
- planus, 263.
- scrofulosorum, (263), 267.
- spinulosus, 263.
- tropicus, see Prickly heat, 273.
- urticatus, see Urticaria papulosa, 261.
- variegatus, 263.

Ligature of arteries, Operation, 314.

- -- for cure of aneurysm, Operation, 314.
- -- Fallopian tube, Operation, 329.
- - veins, Operation, 314.
- -- vessels for hæmorrhage, Operation, 314.

Light, Effects of, (279).

——— on skin, 287.

Lightning, Effects of, 277, (279).

- - on skin, 237.

Limbs absent, small, or defective, Malformation, 359.

— Deformities of, 257.

Lime, Poison, 371.

Linear atrophy of skin, 235.

Lingual tonsil, Enlargement of, 127.

Lip, Restoration of, Operation, 319.

- Hare-, Malformation, (117), 13, 347.

LIV

Lip, Hare-, Operation for, 319. Lips, Absent, Malformation, 353.

- Anthrax of, (117), 3.
- Carbuncle of (117), 261.
- Cyst of, (117), 13.
- Diseases of, 117.
- Erysipelas of, (117), 3.
- Fissure of, 117.
- -- Malformation, (117), 13, 347.
- Herpes of, see Vesicular inflammation of, 117.
- Inflammation of, 117.
- Malformations of, (117), 13.
- New Growth of, Malignant and Non-malignant, (117), 13.
- Operation for restoration of, 319.
- Paralysis of, (117), 27.
- Syphilis of, (117), 7.
- Ulceration of, 117.

Lipoma and varieties, 335.

Lippitudo, 73.

Liquefaction of vitreous, 63.

Lithotomy, Operation, 327.

Lithotrity, Operation, 327.

Lithuria, 187.

Liver, Abscess of and varieties, 151.

- -- Pyæmic, (151), 5.
- Absent, abnormally small, or abnormally lobed, Malformation, 355.
- Acquired deformities of, 155.
- Actinomycosis of, (153), 3.
- Acute yellow atrophy of, 153.
- Amyloid, see Lardaceous liver, 153.
- Atrophy of, 153.
- Cirrhosis of, and varieties, 153.
- Congestion of, 153.
- Cyst of, (153), 13.
- Degeneration of, and varieties, 153.
- Diseases of, 151.
- Effects of injuries on, (155), 13.
- ——— poisons on, (153), 13.
- Fatty, 153.
- Hobnail, see Portal cirrhosis, 153.
- Hydatid of, (151), (153), 13.
- Hyperæmia of, 153.
- Inflammation of, and varieties, 151.
- -- of capsule of, see Perihepatitis, 153.
- Lardaceous, 153.

Types.—The names for common use are printed in Egyptian type, and Synonyms, which are not to be employed in the registration of diseases, in *Italies*.

FIGURES.—The figures refer to the pages of the book, not to the numbers of the various headings.

Figures without parentheses indicate where the disease should be registered; figures within parentheses indicate pages where the disease is entered for the sake of classification only, and not for registration.

LIV

Liver, Leucocythæmic, (153), 11.

- Malaria of, (153), 5.
- Malformations of, (155), 13, 355.
- New Growth of, Malignant and Non-malignant (153), 13.
- Operations on, 325.
- Parasitic disease of, (153), 13.
- Pyæmia of, (153), 5.
- Syphilis of, (153), 7.
- Tuberculosis of, (153), 7.
- Waxy, see Lardaceous liver, 153.

Lobelia, Poison, 379,

Lobular mastitis, 235.

LOCAL INJURIES, 279.

— — Enumeration of, 279.

Locked twins, Disengagement of, Operation, 331.

LOCOMOTION, DISEASES OF ORGANS OF, 241.

Locomotor ataxia, see Degeneration of posterior columns of cord, 19.

Loose bodies in sheaths of tendons, 255.

- -- tunica vaginalis, 199.
- body in joint, 247.
- ---- removal of, Operation, 317.

Lordosis, see Anterior curvature of spine, 249.

Loss of appetite, 139.

- or perversion of sense of smell, 89.

Lower extremities, Contusion of, 307.

- —— Dislocation of, 309, 311.
- — Fractures of, 307, 309.
- - Greenstick, fracture of, 309.
- -- Gunshot wound of, 311.
- Injuries of, 307.
- - Separation of epiphyses of, 307.
- - Sprain of, 307.
- —— Wound of, 307.

Lower extremity, Avulsion of whole or part of, 311.

Lucilia macellaria, Parasite, 390.

Lumbago, 253.

Lumbar abscess, 249.

- hernia, 145.
- puncture of subarachnoid space with or without drainage, Operation, 319.

Lung, Abscess of, 111.

- --- pyæmic, (111), 5.
- -Absent, one or both, Malformation, 353.

LUN

Lung, Actinomycosis of, (113), 3.

- Affections of, due to inhalation of irritants, 113.
- Aneurysm (of pulmonary artery), (111), 101.
- Aspergillosis of, 113.
- Atelectasis of, 113.
- Black induration of, 113.
- Bronchopneumonia of, 111.
- Brown induration of, 111.
- Cavities in, incision and drainage of, Operation, 324.
- Chronic interstitial inflammation of, 111.
- Cirrhosis of, see Chronic interstitial inflammation,
- Collapse of, 113.
- Collier's, 113.
- Congestion of, 111.
- Contusion of, without wound, 297.
- Diseases of, 111.
- Embolism (of pulmonary artery), (111), 101.
- Emphysema of, and varieties, 113.
- --- -- Atrophic, 113.
- -- Hypertrophic, 113.
- --- Interlobular and subpleural, 113.
- ——— Vesicular, 113.
- Exploration of, Operation, 324.
- Excision of, Operation, 324.
- Gangrene of, 111.
- Hæmorrhage of, 111.
- Inflammation of, see Pneumonia, abscess, &c., 111.
- Injuries of, (113), 13.
- Iron grey induration of, 113.
- -- Lobes of, deficient in number or size, Malformation, 353.
- Malformations of, (113), 13, 353.
- New Growth of, Malignant and Non-malignant (111), 13.
- Œdema of, 111.
- Parasitic disease of, (113), 13.
- Pyæmia of, (111), 5.
- Rupture of (from injury), without wound or fracture, 297.
- Stone-mason's, 113.
- Supernumerary lobes of, Malformation, 363.
- Syphilis of, (113), 7.
- Thrombosis of pulmonary artery, (111), 101.

Types.—The names for common uso are printed in Egyptian type, and Synonyms, which are not to be employed in the registration of diseases, in *Italics*.

FIGURES.—The figures rofer to the pages of the book, not to the numbers of the various headings.

Figures without parentheses indicate where the disease should be registered; figures within parentheses indicate pages where the disease is entered for the sake of classification only, and not for registration.

LUN

Lung, Tuberculosis of, (113), 7; see also Phthisis, 111.

- Vomica of, 111.
- Wound of, penetrating, 297.

Lupus of conjunctiva, (43).

- -- fauces, (129).
- —— larynx, (107).
- -- nose, (89).
- palate and fauces, (129).
- -- pharynx and esophagus, (133).
- Erythematosus, 267.
- Vulgaris, 267.

Lymph fistula, 167.

- scrotum, see Lymphangiectasis of scrotum, 197.

Lymphadenoma, 11.

- of lymphatic glands, (165), 11.
- - spleen, (163), 11.

Lymphangiectasis, 167.

- of conjunctiva, (43), 167.
- —— scrotum, (197), 167.

Lymphangioma, 337.

- circumscriptum, see Lymphatic nævus of skin, 269.

Lymphangitis, see Inflammation of lymphatic vessels, 165.

- of uterine ligaments, 205.

Lymphatic glands, Atrophy of, 165.

- — Calcification of, 163.
- — Caseation of, see Tuberculosis, (165), 7.
- -- Contusion of, 283.
- Cyst of, 165.
- Fibrosis of, 163.
- Filariasis of, (165), 13.
- — Glanders of, (165), 5.
- — Gonorrhæa of, (165), 5.
- — Hæmorrhage of, 163.
- --- Hyaline degeneration of, 163.
- Hypertrophy of, 165.
- - Inflammation of, 163.
- Lardaceous degeneration of, 163.
- Leucocythæmia of, (165), 11.
- - Lymphadenoma of, (165), 11.
- -- New Growth of, Malignant and Non-malignant, (165), 13.
- — Parasitic disease of, (165), 13.
- Pigmentary infiltration of, 165.
- -- Plague of, (165), 5.

MAL

Lymphatic glands, Removal of, Operation, 315.

- - Suppuration of, 163.
- —— Syphilis of, (165), 7.
- - Tuberculosis of, (165), 7.
- -- Wound of, 283.

Lymphatic navus, see Lymphangioma, 337.

Lymphatic nævus of skin, 269.

- -- Operation for, 315.
- organs, Operations on, 315.

LYMPHATIC SYSTEM, DISEASES OF, 161.

Lymphatic vessels, Compression of, 167.

- —— Cyst of, (165), 13.
- -- Dilatation of, 167.
- Erysipelas of, (167), 3.
- -- Elephantiasis of, 167.
- Filariasis of, (167), 13.
- -- Glanders of, (167), 5.
- -- Inflammation of, 165.
- —— Injuries of, 283.
- —— New Growth of, Malignant and Non-malignant, (165), 13.
- -- Parasitic disease of, (167), 13.
- Removal of varicose, Operation, 315.
- -- Rupture of, 167, 283.
- - Suppuration of, 165.
- -- Tuberculosis of, (167), 7.
- —— Wound of, 283.

Lymphatism, see Status thymicus, 169.

Lymphendothelioma, 339.

Lymphoma, 337.

Lymphorrhea, 167.

Lymphosarcoma, 339.

Macrocheilia, 117.

Macroglossia, Tumour, 337.

Macropsia, 67.

Macular atrophy of skin, 285.

Madarosis, 73.

Madura disease, 5.

- of bone, (243), 5.
- --- skin, (271), 5.

Maize, Poisonous, 73.

Malaria, and varieties, 5.

- of liver, (153), 5.

- Types.—The names for common use are printed in Egyptian type, and Synonyms, which are not to be employed in the registration of diseases, in *Italies*.
- FIGURES.—The figures refer to the pages of the book, not to the numbers of the various headings.

 Figures without parentheses indicate where the disease should be registered; figures within parentheses indicate pages where the disease is entered for the sake of classification only, and not for registration.

MAL

Malarial cachexia, see Chronic malaria, 5.

Malarial spleen, (161), 5.

Male breast, Congenital Malformations of, (239), 12.

- -- Cyst of, (239), 13.
- —— Diseases of, 239.
- — Hypertrophy of, 239.
- — Inflammation of, 239.
- -- New Growth of, Malignant and Non-malignant, (239), 13.

Male organs of generation, Diseases of, 189.

- --- Malformations of, (191), (195), (197), (201),
 - 13, 355.
- --- Operations on, 328.
- urethra, Diseases of, 189.

Malformations, 13 (Appendix 403).

MALFORMATIONS, LIST OF, 347.

Malformations of adrenals, (175), 13.

- anus, (149), 13.
- -- arteries, (101), 13.
- —— auricle, (83), 13.
- - bladder, (185), 13, 355.
- —— bones, (243), 13.
- —— brain, (27), 13, 349.
- breast, female, (237), 13.
- —— choroid, (53), 13.
- -- cornea, (47), 13.
- digestive system, (117, 121, 125, 127, 129, 133, 137, 145, 149, 151, 155, 157, 159), 13, 353.
- Double, 365.
- of ductless glands, 357.
- - ear, (83), 13, 351.
- eye, (47, 51, 55, 59, 61, 63, 65), 13, 351.
- —— eyeball, muscles of, (71), 13.
- -- eyelids, (77), 13.
- Fallopian tube, (205), 13.
- —— fauces, (129), 13.
- female organs of generation, (203, 205, 211, 213, 215), 13, 357.
- gall-bladder and ducts, (157), 13.
- globe of eye, (65), 13.
- —— heart, (97), 13, 351.
- — internal ear, (85), 13, 351.
- intestines, (145), 13, 355.
- -- iris, (51), 13.
- —— kidney, (179), 13, 355.
- -- jaws, (121), 13.
- -- lacrymal apparatus, (73), 13.

MAL

Malformations of larynx, (107), 13.

- limbs, 359.
- —— lips, (117), 13.
- liver, (155), 13, 355.
- —— lung, (113), 13, 353.
- male organs of generation, (191, 195, 197, 201), 13, 355.
- — mammary glands, (237), 13.
- — membranes of brain, (23), 13, 349.
- _ - spinal cord, meningocele, (17), 13, 349.
- nervous system, (17, 23, 27), 13, 349.
- nipples, (233), 13.
- mose, (87), 13.
- — esophagus, (133), 13.
- -- optic nerve, (59), 13.
- -- organs of special sense, and their appendages, 351.
- -- ovary, (203), 13.
- palate and fauces, (129), 13.
- -- pancreas, (151), 13.
- -- penis, (195), 13.
- peritoneum, (159), 13.
- — prepuce, (193), 13.
- --- rectum and anus, (159), 13, 355.
- respiratory system, (107, 109, 113), 13, 351.
- resulting from abnormal persistence of structures, 359.
- -- incomplete development, 347.
- --- affecting the various organs, 349.
- ———— coalescence of parts which should become conjoined, 347.
- of retina, (61), 13.
- -- scrotum (197), 13.
- - skeleton and muscular system, 359.
- -- spinal cord, 13, 349.
- spine, (251), 13.
- spleen, (163), 13.
- stomach, (137), 13, 353.
- — teeth, (125), 13, 353.
- testicle, (201), 13, 355, 356.
- --- thyroid gland, (201), 13.
- -- tongue, (127), 13, 353.
- trachea and bronchi, (109), 13, 353.
- — urethra, (191), 13, 355.
- — ureters, (181), 13, 355,

Types.—The names for common use are printed in Egyptian type, and Synonyms, which are not to be employed in the registration of diseases. in *Italics*.

FIGURES.—The figures refer to the pages of the book, not to the numbers of the various headings. Figures without parentheses indicate where the disease should be registered; figures within parentheses indicate pages where the disease is entered for the sake of classification only, and not for registration.

MAL

Malformations of urinary system, (181), (185), 13, 355.

- -- uterus, (211), 13, 357.
- - vascular system, 351.
- vagina, (213), 13, 357.
- valves of heart, (95), 13, 353.
- -- vitreous, (65), 13.
- -- vulva, (215), 13, 357.

Male fern, Poison, 379.

Malignant New Growth, see New Growth, Malignant.

- Endothelioma, 343.
- lymphadenoma, see Lymphosarcoma, 339.
- lymphoma, see Lymphosarcoma, 339.
- perithelioma, see Angiosarcoma, 343.
- tertian, see Æstivo-autumnal Malaria, 5.

Malposition of teeth, 125.

— testicles, (201), 13.

Malta fever, 5.

Malum coxæ senile, (245), 11.

Mamma absent, Malformation, 357.

Mammary abscess, 235.

- gland, see also under Breast, Diseases of, 233.
- - Atrophy of, 235.
- — Congenital malformations, (237), 13.
- -- Cysts of, and varieties, (237), 13.
- -- Diseases of, 233.
- -- Hyperæmia of, and varieties, 235.
- Hypertrophy of, and varieties, 235.
- - Inflammation of, and varieties, 233.
- -- New Growth of, Malignant and Non-malignant, (237), 13.
- —— Parasites of, (237), 13.
- - Suppuration of, and varieties, 235.
- Syphilis of, (235), 7.
- -- Tuberculosis of, (235), 7.

Mania, Acute, recurrent or chronic, 35.

- Alcoholic, 35.
- Delirious, see Acute delirium, (35), 37.
- Epileptic, 35.
- from other acute or chronic disease, or from injury, 35.
- Hysterical, 35.
- Puerperal, 35.
- Senile, 35.

Mastitis, see Inflammation of mammary gland, 231, 233, 239.

MEM

Mastoid cells, Diseases of, see under Diseases of middle ear, 83.

- -- Removal of infected, Operation, 322.
- -- or Antrum, Opening of, Operation, 322.
- --- Perforation of, Operation, 322.

Maxilla, Saddle-shaped, (121), 13.

- V-shaped, (121), 13.
- Lateral asymmetry of, (121), 13.

Measles, 5.

- German, 3.

Meatus externus, Absent or imperfect, Malformation, 351.

- —— Diseases of, see External meatus, Diseases of, 81.
- urinarius, Vascular tumour of, (213), 13.

Mechanical affections, (Appendix 403).

- -- of lymphatic vessels, 167.
- ——— spleen, 163.
- ——— stomach, 137.
- irritants, Poisons, 383.
- obstacles to expulsion of fœtus, and varieties,
 223.

Meckel's diverticulum, Malformation, 359.

Mediastinum, Affections of, to be returned under diseases of the several contained organs and tissues

Mediastinum, Exploration of, Operation, 359.

Mediterranean fever, see Malta fever, 5.

Medullated nerve fibres, Malformation of retina, (61), 13.

Meibomian eyst, see Chalazion, (75), 13.

Melæna, see Hæmorrhage of stomach, 135.

Melancholia, Acute, Recurrent, or Chronic, 37.

- Agitated, 37.
- Climacteric, 37.
- from other acute or chronic disease, or from injury, 37.
- Hypochondriacal, 37.
- Puerperal, 37.
- Senile, 37.
- Stuporous, 37.

Melanotic sarcoma, Tumour, 341.

Melanuria, 187.

Melasma, 267.

Membrana tympani, Diseases of, 83.

- -- Inflammation of, 83.
- — Injuries of, (83), 13.

Types.—The names for common use are printed in Egyptian type, and Synonyms, which are not to be employed in the registration of diseases, in *Italics*.

FIGURES.—The figures refer to the pages of the book, not to the numbers of the various headings.

Figures without parentheses indicate where the disease should be registered; figures within parentheses indicate pages where the disease is entered for the sake of classification only, and not for registration.

MEM

Membrana tympani, New growth, Malignant or non-malignant, of, (83), 13.

- -- Perforation of, Operation, 322.
- --- from disease, 83.
- — Rupture of 13 293.
- Syphilis of, (83), 7.
- - Wound of, 13, 293.

Membrana tympani and adjacent bone. Removal of, Operation, 322.

Membranes of brain, Diseases of, 21.

- -- Cyst of, (23), 13.
- -- Hæmorrhage of, 23.
- ____ Traumatic, 289.
- --- Inflammation of, and varieties, 21.
- ————— Septic, 21.
- ---- Syphilitic, (21, 23), 7.
- ____ Tuberculous, (21), 7.
- ____ Suppurative, 21.
- --- Laceration of, 289.
- — Malformations of, (23), 13.
- — New growth of, Malignant and non-malignant, (23), 13.

Membranes, Puncture of fætal, Operation, 332.

Membranes of spinal cord, Diseases of, 17.

- — Hæmorrhage of, 17.
- --- Inflammation of, 17.
- ——— New growth of, Malignant and non-malignant, (17), 13.
- --- Malformations of, (17), 13.

Membranous croup, not to be used as synonym for diphtheria, see Note, p. 3.

Membranous conjunctivitis, 41.

- dysmenorrhæa, 215.
- inflammation of soft parts of nose, 215.
- laryngitis, 105.

Menière's disease, see Aural vertigo, 31, (85).

Meningeal hæmorrhage, Traumatic, and varieties, 289.

Meningitis, see Inflammation of membranes of brain, 21, of spinal cord, 17.

- Epidemic cerebrospinal, see Cerebrospinal fever, (17), (23), 3.
- Posterior basal, 21.
- Septic, of brain, 21.
- Suppurative, 21.
- Syphilitic, (17), (21), 7.
- Tuberculous, (17), (21), 7.

MIC

Meningocele, Cerebral, Malformation, (23), 13, 347.

- Spinal, (17), 13, 319.

Meningococcus, Parasite, 395.

Meningomyelocele, Malformation, 349.

Menorrhagia, 215.

Menstruation, Absent. see Amenorrhoa, 215.

Menstruation during pregnancy, 219.

- Excessive, see Menorrhagia, 215.
- latent from mechanical causes, 215.
- Membranous, 215.
- Painful, see Dysmenorrhæa, 215.
- Scanty, 215.
- Suppression of, 215.

Mental diseases, 35.

- -- from errors of development, 35.
- — disorders of function, 35.
- --- infective, toxic and other general conditions, 37.
- — Degenerations, 37.
- stupor, 37.
- — Anergic, 37.
- — Delusional, 37.

Mercurial insanity, 369 9.

- tremor, 369, 9.
- teeth, 125, 9.

Mercury, Poison, 369.

- Chronic poisoning by, 9.
- Condition of gums, dental periosteum, &c., due to, (123), 9.

Metacarpus, Dislocation of, 307.

- Fracture of, 305.

Metals and their salts, Poisons, 369.

Metamorphopsia, 67.

Metatarsus, Fractures of, 309.

- and phalanges, dislocations of, 311.

Meteorism, see Tympanites, 145.

Metritis, see Inflammation of uterus, 205, 219.

- consequent on parturition, 229.

Metrorrhagia, 217.

Microcephaly, Operation for, 318.

Micrococcus, Parasite, and various species, see among the Synonyms on pp. 395, 396.

- melitensis, Parasite, 396.
- tetragenus, Parasite, 396.

Micropsia, 67.

Microsporon Audouini, Parasite, 399.

- furfur, Parasite, 399.

TYPES.—The names for common use are printed in Egyptian type, and Synonyms, which are not to be employed in the registration of diseases, in *Halics*.

FIGURES.—The figures refer to the pages of the book, not to the numbers of the various headings.

Figures without parentheses indicate where the disease should be registered; figures within parentheses indicate pages where the disease is entered for the sake of classification only, and not for registration.

MIC

Microsporon minutissimum, Parasite, 399. Middle ear, Diseases of, 83.

- Caries of, 83.
- -- Inflammation of, and varieties, 83.
- Injuries of, (83), 13.
- -- Necrosis of, 83.
- -- New growth of, Malignant and Non-malignant, (83), 13.
- -- Operations on, 322.
- -- Syphilis of, (83), 7.
- Tuberculosis of, (83), 7.

Midges, Parasites, 391.

Migraine, see Sick headache, 31.

Migraine blindness, (67), 31.

Miliaria papulosa, see Prickly heat, 273.

Miliary aneurysm, 101.

- sclerosis of brain, 25.
- tuberculosis, acute, of skin 267.

Milium of skin, 273.

Milium colloid, see Colloid degeneration of skin, 267.

Milk, Absence of secretion of, after parturition, 237.

- Defect or alteration in quality of, 237.
- Excessive secretion of, 237.
- Secretion of, apart from pregnancy, 237.

Miners' asthma, 113.

Miners' nystagmus, see Nystagmus from occupation, 71.

Miscarriage, see Abortion, 219.

Missed labour, 221.

Mites and ticks, Parasites, 384, 392.

Mitral valve, Disease of, 93.

Mixed tumour of parotid, palate &c., 343.

——— testicle, 343.

Mole, see Pigmented nævus of skin, 269.

Mole (connected with pregnancy), 219.

Mollities ossium, 241.

Molluscum contagiosum, (233), 267.

- fibrosum, 335.

Monas pyophila, Parasite, 385.

Monkshood, Poison, 379.

Monilithrix, see Beaded hairs 275.

Monomania, Intellectual, see Delusional insanity, 37.

Monoplegia, 27.

Monostomum lentis, Parasite. 386.

MUC

Mooren's ulcer, 45.

Moral insanity, 37.

MORBID CONDITIONS INCIDENT TO VARIOUS PARTS, 13.

Morbilli. see Measles, 5.

Morphia habit, see Morphinism, 9.

Morphine, Poison, 379.

Morphinomania, (37), 9.

Morphinism, 9.

Morphwa, see Sclerodermia, Circumscribed, 255.

Mother's mark, 337.

Mould fungi, 394, 398.

Mouldy bread, Poison, 377.

Mouth, Actinomycosis of, (119), 3.

- Burn or scald of, 291.
- Contusion of, 291.
- Cyst of, (119), 13.
- Diphtheria of, (119), 3.
- Diseases of, 119.
- Gangrene of, 119.
- Herpes of, 119.
- Inflammation of 119.
- New growth of, Malignant and non-malignant, (119), 13
- Noma of, see Gangrene of, 119.
- Operations on, 320, 321.
- Parasitic disease of (Thrush), (119), 13.
- Syphilis of, (119), 7.
- Tuberculosis of, (119), 7.
- Ulceration of, 119.
- Wound of, 291.

Movable kidney, 179, 365.

Murocele, see Dacryocystitis, 73.

Muco-purulent conjunctivitis, see Purulent conjunctivitis, 41.

Mucous cyst, 343.

Mucous or myxoid degeneration (Appendix, 401).

Mucous membrane and submucous tissue, Injuries of, 287.

- ---- Burn or scald of, 287.
- ————— Contusion of, 287.
 - ---- Effects of irritants or corrosives on,

237.

--- Wound of, 287.

Mucor mucedo, Parasite, 399.

Mucous tissue, Tumours of, see Myxoma, 339.

Types.—The names for common use are printed in Egyptian type, and Synonyms, which are not to be employed in the registration of diseases, in *Italics*.

FIGURES.—The figures refer to the pages of the book, not to the numbers of the various headings.

Figures without parentheses indicate where the disease should be registered; figures within parentheses indicate pages where the disease is entered for the sake of classification only, and not for registration.

MUL

Müller's duct persistent, Malformation, 361.

Multilocular hydatid of liver, (153), 13.

Mumps, (131), 5.

Musca, Parasite, and species, 390.

Muscarine, Poison, 377.

Muscæ volitantes, 67.

Muscles, Abscess of, 251.

- Absent, Small, &c., Malformation, 359.
- Atrophy of, 251.
- Contracture of, 253.
- Contusion of, 285.
- Cramp of, see Spasm of, (253), 19.
- Cyst of, (253), 13.
- Degeneration of, and varieties, 251.
- Diseases of, 251.
- Fatty degeneration of, 251.
- - infiltration of, 251.
- Fibrous degeneration of, 251.
- Hyaline or vitreous degeneration of, 251.
- Hypertrophy of, 253.
- Idiopathic muscular atrophy of, (21), 251.
- Inflammation of, 251.
- Injuries of, (253), 13, 285.
- Laceration of, 285.
- New growth of, Malignant and non-malignant. (253), 13.
- Myalgia of, 253.
- Operations on, 317.
- Paralysis of, (253), 27.
- Parasitic disease of, (251), 13.
- Progressive atrophy of, (251), 19.
- Pseudohypertrophic paralysis of, (21), 251.
- Rupture of, 253.
- ——— from injury, 285.
- Spasm of, (253), 29.
- Strain of, 285.
- Suppuration of, 251.
- Syphilis of, (253), 7.
- Tremor, (253), 29.
- Union of healthy muscle or tendon with tendon of paralysed muscle, Operation, 317.
- Wound of, 285.

Muscle tissue tumour, see Myoma, 337.

Muscular atrophy, Progressive, see Degeneration of spinal cord, 19, (251).

- dystrophy, see Idiopathic muscular atrophy, (21), 251.

MYX

Muscular rheumatism, see Myalgia, 253.

— substance of heart, see Myocardium, Diseases of.

Mutilation of genitals, 303.

Myalgia, 253.

- Intercostal, 253.

Myasthenia gravis, (253), 29.

Mycetoma, see Madura disease, 5.

Mycosis fungoides, 269.

Mydriasis, and varieties, 51.

Myelitis, see Inflammation of spinal cord, 17.

- Disseminated, 19.
- Transverse, 17.

Myeloid sarcoma, Tumour, 341.

Myelomatosis, 243.

Myelopathic albumosuria, 187.

Myocarditis, see Inflammation of Myocardium, 95.

Myocardium, Atrophy of, 95.

- Degeneration of, and varieties, 95.
- -- Calcareous, 95.
- --- Fatty, 95.
- ——— Fibrous, 95.
- --- -- Hyaline, 95.
- --- Pigmentary, 95.
- Hypertrophy of, 95.

Myoclonus, (253), 29.

Myoma, Tumour, and varieties, 337.

- of skin, 269.
- of uterus, Removal of, Operation, 329.
- --- Submucous, Enucleation of, Operation, 329.

Myopathy, primary, see Idiopathic muscular atrophy, (21), 251.

Myopia, 67.

Myosis and varieties, 51.

Myositis, see Inflammation of muscles, 251.

Myositis fibrosa, 251.

- Infective, 251.
- Ossificans, 251.

Myotomy, Operation, 317.

Myotomia congenita, 29.

Myxœdema, 11, (171), (259), (269).

- Insanity of, 39.

Myxoma, Tumour, 337.

Myxochondroma, Tumour, 335.

Myxofibroma, Tumour, 335.

Myxosarcoma, Tumour, 341.

Types.—The names for common use are printed in Egyptian type, and Synonyms, which are not to be employed in the registration of diseasos, in Italics.

FIGURES.—The figures refer to the pages of the book, not to the numbers of the various headings. Figures without paronthoses indicate where the diseaso should be registered; figures within parentheses indicate pages where the disease is entered for the sake of classification only, and not for registration.

MYZ

Myzomyia, Parasites, and varieties, 391, 392. Myzorhynchus, Parasites, and varieties, 392.

Nævolipoma, 335.

Nævus of Skin and varieties, 269.

Nævus, Arterial, 101.

- Capillary, 103.
- Lymphatic, 269.
- Pigmented, 269.
- Vascular, 269.
- Venous, 103.

Nails, Diseases of, 275.

Nail, Ingrown, see Onychia, 275.

Nares, Imperfect or closed, Malformation, 351.

- Plugging for epistaxis, Operation, 321.

Narrowing and obliteration of arteries 99.

- of larynx, 107.
- of vagina, Operation, 330.

Nasal cartilages, Dislocation of, 291.

- catarrh, see Inflammation of nose, 91.
- cavities, Operations on, 321.
- duct, Obstruction of, 73.
- polypus or growth, Removal of, Operation, 321.
- septum, Abscess of, 91.
- -- Deviations of, 91.
- -- Diseases of, 91.
- -- Hæmatoma of, 91.
- Perforation of, 91.

Nasopharyngeal eatarrh, see Inflammation of Nasopharynx, 91.

- growth, Removal of, Operation, 321.

Nasopharynx, Inflammation of, and varieties, 91.

- Diseases of, 91.
- New growth of, Malignant and non-malignant, 91.
- Syphilis of, 91.
- Tuberculosis of, 91.
- Vegetations of (Adenoids), 91..

Nausea, 139.

Nebula, see Cornea, Opacity of, 47.

Neck, Contusions of soft parts of, 295.

- Injuries of, 295.
- Stiff, 253.
- Wound of, 295.

NER

Neck of femur, Fracture of, Impacted, 309.

---- Unimpacted 309

Necrosis (Appendix, 401).

- of alveoli, 123.
- -- adrenals, 175.
- -- cartilages of larynx, 107.
- -- cement, 123.
- — external meatus, 81.
- -- internal ear, 85.
- —— jaws, 119.
- —— kidney, 179.
- - lymphatic glands, 163.
- -- middle ear, 83.
- -- nose, 87.
- —— orbit, 77.
- - ossicles of ear, 83.
- —— spleen, 161.
- -- spine, 249.
- trachea, 109.
- thymus, 169.

Needling for solution of lens, Operation 320.

Negro lethary, see Sleeping sickness 7.

Nematoda, Parasites, 384, 387.

Nephralgia, 181.

Nephrectomy, Operation, 326.

Nephritis, Acute 177.

- Chronic, 177.
- Glomerular, 177.
- Disseminated suppurative, 177.

Nephritis, Acute desquamative, parenchymatous, tubal. or diffuse, see Acute nephritis, 177.

- Chronic parenchymatous, tubal, or diffuse, see-Chronic nephritis, 177.

- Chronic interstitial, see Granular kidney, 177.

Nephrolithotomy, Operation, 326.

Nephroptosis, see Movable kidney, 179.

Nephrorrhaphy, Operation, 326.

Nephrotomy, Operation, 326.

Nerves, Compression of, 281.

- Contusion of, 281.
- Degeneration of, 15.
- Diseases of, 15.
- Division of, 315.
- Effects of injuries to, (17) 13. - Excision of portion of, Operation, 315.
- Inflammation, 15.
- Injuries of, 13, 281.

Types.—The names for common use are printed in Egyptian type, and Synonyms, which are not to be employed in the registration of diseases, in *Italics*.

FIGURES.—The figures refer to the pages of the book, not to the numbers of the various headings.

Figures without parentheses indicate where the disease should be registered; figures within parentheses indicate pages where the disease is entered for the sake of classification only, and not for registration.

NER Nerves, New growth of, Malignant and Nonmalignant, (17), 13. - Operations on, 315. - Removal of ganglion of, Operation, 316. - Reunion of divided, Operation, 315. - Rupture of, 281. - Section of, Operation, 315. - Stretching of, 281. _ _ _ Operation, 316. - Syphilis of, (17), 7. - Union of divided, Operation, 315. - Uniting separate nerve trunks, Operation, 316. - Wound of, 281. Nerve, Optic, diseases of, 57. Nervous affections of nose, 89. - disorders and diseases of undetermined nature, - caused by metallic poisons, (33), 13, 9. - exhaustion, Sudden death from, after delivery, NERVOUS SYSTEM DISEASES OF, 15. Nettle rash, see Urticaria, 261. Neuralgia, 33. - Abdominal, see Enteralgia, 145. - of bladder, (185), 33 — — breast, female, 237. —— eyeball, 67. —— larynx, 109. -- pregnant uterus, 219. — — spermatic cord, (197), 33. — testicle, (201), 33. — — tongue, (129), 33. Neurasthenia, 35. — Traumatic, 35. Neurectomy, Operation, 315. Neuritis, 15. — Arsenical, (33), 15, 369. — Consequent on parturition, 231. - Multiple, 15. — Optic, 57. - Peripheral, see Multiple neuritis, 15. - Retro-ocular, 57.

— from known chemical poisons, 15.

Neuroglia, Tumours of, see Glioma, 337.

— — infective or other disease, 15.

Neurofibromatosis, (17), 13, 335.

Neurofibroma of skin, 269.

NEW Neuroma and varieties, Tumours, 337. — of skin, 269. Neuromimesis (of joint), (247), 33. Neuroparalytic keratitis, 45. Neuropathic joint disease, (247). Neurorrhaphy, Operation, 315. Neurotomy, Operation, 315. - Optico-ciliary, Operation, 320. New growth, Malignant, (Appendix 401), 13. - - of accessory sinuses, (89), 13. --- adrenals, (175), 13. --- areola, (233), 13. ---- auricle and external meatus, (81), 13. --- bladder, (183), 13. --- bones, (243), 13. __ _ _ - brain, (25), 13. --- breast, (237, 239), 13. — — — choroid, (53), 13. ———— conjunctiva, (43), 13. --- connective tissue, (259), 13. --- cornea, (47), 13. --- cranial nerves, (27), 13. — — — dental periosteum, (125), 13. --- eyelids, (75), 13. --- Fallopian tube (203), 13. --- fauces, (129), 13. --- gall bladder or ducts, (157), 13. -- - heart, (97), 13. --- internal ear, (85), 13. --- intestines, (141), 13. ---- iris, (51), 13. ---- jaws, (121), 13. --- joints, (247), 13. --- kidneys, (179), 13. -- - lacrymal apparatus, (73), 13. --- larynx, (107), 13. - — — liver, (153), 13. ---- lung, (111), 13. ---- vessels, (165), 13. ——— male breast, (239), 13. ———— mammary gland, (237), 13. --- membranes of brain, (23), 13.

---- spinal cord, (17), 13.

– — — middle ear, (83), 13.

--- muscles, (253), 13.

-- mouth, (119), 13.

Types.—The names for common use are printed in Egyptian type, and Synonyms, which are not to t employed in the registration of diseases, in Italics.

FIGURES.—The figures refer to the pages of the book, not to the numbers of the various heading Figures without parentheses indicate where the disease should be registered; figure within parentheses indicate pages where the disease is entered for the sake of classific tion only, and not for registration.

239

NEW	NEW
New growth, Malignant, of nasopharynx, (91), 13.	
nerves, (17), 13.	New growth, Non-malignant, of breast, (237), 13.
nipple, (233), 13.	cement, (123), 13.
nose (87), 13.	
——————————————————————————————————————	——————————————————————————————————————
optic nerve, (57), 13.	———— connective tissue, (259), 13.
orbit, (79), 13.	cornea, (47), 13.
ovary, (201), 13.	
——————————————————————————————————————	
pancreas, (151), 13.	———— dentine, (123), 13.
———— penis, (195), 13.	———— dental pulp, (121), 13.
———— peritoneum, (159), 13.	———— eyelids, (75), 13.
pharynx, (133), 13.	
pleura, (115), 13.	——————————————————————————————————————
———— prepuce, (193), 13.	——— gall-bladder or ducts, (157), 13.
———— prostate, (191), 13.	gums, (125), 13.
————rectum, (147), 13.	heart, (97), 13.
retina, (61), 13.	intestines, (141), 13.
salivary glands, (131), 13.	iris, (49), 13.
sclerotic, (49), 13.	jaws, (121), 13.
——————————————————————————————————————	joints, (247), 13.
——————————————————————————————————————	———— kidneys, (179), 13.
spermatic cord, (197), 13.	——————————————————————————————————————
———— spinal cord, (21), 13.	larynx, (107), 13.
———— spine, (251), 13.	lips, (117), 13.
———— spleen, (161), 13.	liver, (153), 13.
———— stomach, (135), 13.	lung, (113), 13.
———— tendons, (255), 13.	——————————————————————————————————————
———— testicle, (199), 13.	———— vessels, (165), 13.
——————————————————————————————————————	male breast, (239), 13.
——————————————————————————————————————	mammary gland, (237), 13.
tongue, (127), 13.	——— membranes of brain, (23), 13.
trachea, (109), 13.	————— spinal cord, (17), 13.
———— ureter, (181), 13.	mouth, (119), 13.
urethra, male, (191), 13.	———— muscles, (253), 13.
———— uterus, (207), (221), 13.	——— nasopharynx, (91), 13.
uterine ligaments, (205), 13.	nerves, (17), 13.
——————————————————————————————————————	———— nipple, (233), 13.
——— – vulva (213), 13.	———— nose, (87), 13.
—— Non-malignant, 13, 335, (Appendix 401).	——————————————————————————————————————
——————————————————————————————————————	———— optic nerve, (57), 13.
——————————————————————————————————————	———— orbit, (79), 13.
———— areola, (233), 13.	———— ovary, (201), 13.
auricle and external meatus, (81), 13.	——————————————————————————————————————
——————————————————————————————————————	——————————————————————————————————————
———— bones, (243), 13.	penis, (195), 13.
brain, (25), 13.	peritoneum, (159), 13.

brain, (25), 13.

YPES.—The names for common use are printed in Egyptian type, and Synonyms, which are not to beemployed in the registration of diseases, in Italies.

IGURES.—The figures refer to the pages of the book, not to the numbers of the various headings. Figures without parentheses indicate where the disease should be registered; figures within parentheses indicate pages where the disease is entered for the sake of classification only, and not for registration.

lew growth, Non-malignant, of pharynx, (133), 13. —— pleura, (115), 13.

- prepuce, (193), 13.

- prostate (191), 13.

- rectum, (147), 13. - retina, (61), 13.

- salivary glands (131), 12.

- sclerotic, (49), 13.

— scrotum, (197), 13.

- skin, (269), 13.

- spermatic cord, (197), 13.

— spine, (251), 13.

— spinal cord, (21), 13.

- spleen, (161), 13.

- stomach, (135), 13.

tendons, (255), 13.

testicle, (199), 13. - thymus, (169), 13.

- thyroid gland, (171), 13.

- tongue, (127), 13.

- trachea, (109), 13.

- ureter, (181), 13.

- urethra (male), (191), 13.

— uterine ligaments, (205), 13.

— uterus, (207), (221), 13.

— — vagina, (211), 13.

— — vulva, (213), 13.

New growths (Tumours), Classification of, 335.

New tissue in the vitreous humour, 63.

Nicotine, Poison, 379.

Night-blindness, Functional, 65.

Nigrities, see Black tongue, 127.

Nipple, Absent, flat, or deformed, Malformation,

- Cracked, 233.
- Diseases of, 233.
- -- Eczema of, (233), 261.
- Inflammation of, 233.
- Injuries of, (233), 13.
- New growth of, malignant and non-malignant, (233), 13.
- Paget's disease of, 233.
- Parasitic disease of, (233), 13.
- Supernumerary, Malformation, 363.
- Syphilis of, and varieties. (233), 7.
- Ulceration of, 233.

Nitric acid, Poison, 371.

Nitric vapours, Poison, 383.

Nitrite of amyl, Poison, 381.

Nitrobenzol or nitrobenzene, Poison, 373.

Nitroglycerin, Poison, 373.

Nitrous oxide, Poison, 383.

Node, see Circumscribed periostitis, 241.

Noma, see Gangrene of mouth, and of vulva, 119;

Non-malignant new growth, see under New growth, Non-malignant.

Non-union of fractured bone, 245.

NOSE, DISEASES OF, 87.

Nose, Application of electric cautery to, Operation,

- Abscess of, see Suppurative inflammation of, 87.
- Absent or imperfect, Malformation, 351.
- Diphtheria of, (89), 5.
- Foreign bodies in, (89), 13, 291.
- Glanders of, (89), 5.
- Hypertrophy of mucous membrane of, 87.
- -- skin and sebaceous glands of, 87.
- Malformations of, (87), 13, 351.
- Inflammation of, and varieties, 87.
- Injuries of, (89), 13, 291.
- Lupus of, (89).
- Nervous affections of, and varieties, 89.
- New growth of, Malignant and non-malignant, (87), 13.
- Operations on, 321.
- — for restoration of, 319.
- Parasitic disease of, (89), 13.
- Perforation of septum of, 87.
- Syphilis of, (89), 7.
- Tuberculosis of (89), 7.

Noxious vapours or effluvia (including those produced by explosives), 383.

Nuck, Canal of, Congenital cyst in, 345.

— — Persistent, Malformation, 361.

Nutmeg liver, see Passive hyperæmia of liver, 153.

Nux vomica, Poison, 379.

Nyctalopia, see Functional night-blindness, 65.

Nyctotherus faba, Parasite, 385.

Nymphæ, Hypertrophied, Removal of, Operation,

Nyssorhynchus fuliginosus, Parasite, 392.

Nystagmus, and varieties, 71

Types.—The names for common use are printed in Egyptian type, and Synonyms, which are not to be employed in the rogistration of diseases, in Italies.

FIGURES.—The figures refer to the pages of the book, not to the numbers of the various headings. Figures without parenthesos indicato where the disease should be registered; figures within parentheses indicate pages where the disease is entered for the sake of classification only, and not for registration.

OBE

Obesity, 11.

Oblique inguinal hernia, 143.

Obliteration of arteries, 99.

- - lymphatic vessels, 167.

-- veins, 103.

Obsessive insanity, 37.

Obstetric operations, 331.

Obstruction of arteries by clots, 101.

-- Eustachian tube, 83.

- - intestines, 145.

- masal duct, 73.

-- pancreatic duct, 151.

-- portal vein, (155), 103.

-- veins, 103.

Obturator hernia, 143.

Occlusion of arteries by compression, 99.

--- clot, 101.

— — Fallopian tube, 205.

— — external os of uterus, 209.

— — internal os of uterus, 209.

— — canal of uterus, 209.

—— uterus, 209.

— — vagina, 211.

— — vessels by pressure forceps. Operation, 315.

— — vulva, 215.

Occupation, Neuroses produced by, 29, and Note. Ochromyia anthropophaga, Parasite, 390.

Odontoma, (125), 13.

- Classification of varieties of, 335, 337.

Œdema glottidis, see Œdema (Passive) of larynx, 107.

Edema, Acute inflammatory, of larynx, see Edematous laryngitis, 105.

·Œdema neonatorum, 265.

Edema of conjunctiva, 43.

— — connective tissue, 259.

- - eyelids and varieties, 75.

- - larynx, Passive, 107.

—— lungs, 111.

—— penis, 195.

—— prepuce, 193.

—— retina, 59.

—— scrotum, 195.

— — vulva, 213.

Œdematous laryngitis, 105.

Esophageal bougie, Passage of, Operation, 323.

- diverticulum, Excision of, Operation, 323.

OPA

Esophageal stricture, Dilatation of, Operation, 323.

- tubes, Introduction of, Operation, 323.

Esophagostomy, Operation, 323.

Esophagotomy, Operation, 323.

Esophagus, Atresia of, Malformation, 353.

- Burn or scald of, 295.

- Dilatation of, 131.

-- of stricture of, Operation, 323.

- Diphtheria of, (133), 3.

- Excision of diverticulum of, Operation, 323.

- Foreign bodies in, (133), 13, 297.

- Inflammation of, and varieties, 131.

— Injuries of, (135), 13.

- Introduction of tubes into, Operation, 323.

- Lupus of, (133).

— Malformations of, (133), 13, 353.

- Paralysis of, (133), 27.

- Perforation of, 131.

— Spasm of, (133), 29.

- Stricture of, 131.

— Syphilis of, (133), 7.

- Tuberculosis of, (133), 7.

— Ulceration of, 131.

— Varix of, (133), 103.

Estrus hominis, Parasite, 389.

- Guildingii, Parasite, 390.

- Livingstonii, Parasite, 390.

Oidium albicans, Parasite, see Blastomyces albicans, 398.

Oil of bitter almonds, Poison, 373.

— - vitriol, Poison, see Sulphuric acid, 373.

Omental hernia, 159.

Onithodorus Savignyi, Parasite, 393.

- turicata, Parasite, 393.

Onychia, 275.

Onyx (of Cornea), 45.

Oophorectomy, Operation, 329.

Oophoritis, see Inflammation of ovary, 201.

Opacities of vitreous, 63.

Opacity of cornea, 47.

--- Nodular, 47.

-- Reticular, 47.

-- Transverse, 47.

Opaque capsule, Extraction of, Operation, 329.

- Laceration of, Operation, 320.

Opaque nerve fibres, see Medullated nerve fibres (Malformation of retina), (61), 13.

TYPES.—The names for common use are printed in Egyptian type, and Synonyms, which are not to be employed in the registration of diseases, in *Italies*.

FIGURES.—The figures refer to the pages of the book, not to the numbers of the various headings.

Figures without parentheses indicate where the disease should be registered; figures within parentheses indicate pages where the disease is entered for the sake of classification only, and not for registration.

OPE OPE Operations for fistula in ano, 326. Opening of mastoid antrum, Operation, 322. — — Recto-urethral, 327. OPERATIONS, SURGICAL, 313. — — Recto-vaginal, 327. Operations on abdomen, 324. ——— Urethral, 328. - involving abdominal section, 324, 329. — — Uterovesical, 327. - for abscess, 313. -- - into uterus or vagina, 321. -- of liver, 326. — — fractures, recent or ununited, 316. --- orbit, 320. - on gastric or duodenal ulcer, 325. - anal fissure or ulcer, 327. — — gall-bladder and ducts, 326. -- fistula, 326. ————— perforated, 325. - - aneurysm, 314. — — generative organs, male, 328. — — ankyloblepharon, 319 ———— female, 329. — on anus, 326. - for hæmatemesis, 325. - - appendix vermiformis, 325. - hæmatocele, 329. —— arteries, 314. - - hæmorrhage, Arrest of, 315. - for artificial pupil, 320. - hæmorrhoids, 327. — - auricular fissure, 322. -- hernia, external, 325. — on bladder, 327. - — strangulated, 325. - bones, 316. - radical cure of, 325. — — brain and meninges, 318. — — hydatid cyst of liver, 325. —— breast, 323. ---- lung, 324. - for cicatrices, 316. — — hydrocele, 329. — — cirrhosis of liver, 326. — hypospadias, 328. — — cleft palate, 321. - intestinal obstruction, 325. — — coccyx, removal of, 319. — — corneal section or cauterisation, 320. - on intestines, 325. — — conical cornea, 320. - joints, 317. -- - for congenital dislocation, 317. —— cysts, 313. ———— reduction of dislocation, 317. — — deformity (acquired) of nose, 321. — Dental, 321. - - kidney, 326. - for detached retina, 320. -- labyrinthine suppuration, 522. — — deviation of nasal septum, 321. — — lacrymal sac, diseases of, 319. -- diseases of lacrymal sac, and for lacrymal -- gland, diseases of, 310. -- obstruction, 319. obstruction, 319. - ectropion, 319. —— larynx, 322. - - entropion, 319. — for lengthening palpebral fissure, 319. — on ear, 322. — on liver, $3 \angle 5$. - for epiphora, 319. — — lymphatics, 315. - - epispadias, 328. — — lymphatic nævus, 315. - epistaxis, 321. - mouth, 310. — — extraction of teeth, 321. - muscles, 317. — extravasation of urine, 328. - for narrowing vagina, 330. — — extroversion of bladder, 327. - on nasal cavities, 321. — on eye and appendages, 319. -- nasopharynx, 321. - eyeball, 320. —— nerves, 315. —— eyelids, 319. - - new grewth of eyelids, 319.

—— nose and accessory sinuses, [21.

- for obliteration of conjunctival sac, 319.

—— face, 319.

—— fasciæ, 317.

Types.—The names for common use are printed in Egyptian type, and Synonyms, which are not to be employed in the registration of diseases, in *Italies*.

FIGURES.—The figures refor to the pages of the book, not to the numbers of the various headings.

Figures without parentheses indicate where the disease should be registered; figures within parentheses indicate pages where the disease is entered for the sake of classification only, and not for registration.

OPE

Operations, Obstetric, 331.

- -- involving destruction of child 332.
- --- surgical injury to mother, 332.
- not involving injury to mother or child, 331.
- -- of other kinds, 332.
- on esophagus, 323.
- -- orbit, 320.
- for otitis media (acute suppuration), 322.
- --- (chronic suppuration), 322.
- — paraphimosis, 328.
- on penis, 323.
- -- pharynx, 328.
- for phimosis, 328.
- -- polypus of rectum, 327.
- - prolapse of rectum, 327.
- -- prominent auricle, 322.
- on prostate, 327.
- for pterygium, 319.
- —— ptosis, 319.
- on rectum, 326.
- for relief of acquired deformities of face, 319.
- -- removal of various organs, see under Removal.
- for restoration of eyelid, 319.
- --- lip, 319.
- --- nose, 319.
- — retained or displaced testis, 328.
- — ruptured perincum, 331, 333.
- -- salivary fistula, 319.
- ——— calculus, 320.
- -- septal ecchondrosis, or spur, (of nose), 321.
- —— shortening palpebral fissure, 319.
- -- on skin, 316
- —— skull, 318.
- —— spine and spinal cord and meninges, 318.
- for spina bifida, 319.
- on spleen, 326.
- for staphyloma, 320.
- on stomach, 324.
- for strabismus, 319.
- — stricture of rectum, 327.
- — urethra, 328.
- — symblepharon, 319.
- — synechia, anterior or posterior, 320.
- on tendons, 317.
- - thyroid body, 323.
- — thorax, 324.

ORB

Operations for torsion of spermatic cord, 328.

- -- trachoma, 319.
- on trachea, 322.
- for trichiasis, 319.
- on tumours, 313, 323.
- for undescended or displaced testis, 323.
- -- uniting eyelids, 319.
- on ureters, 326.
- —— urethra, 328.
- for urethral fistula, 328.
- by vagina, 330.
- on varices, for obliteration 315.
- for varicocele, 323.
- on veins, 314.

(The other operations will be found seattered throughout the Index, under their appropriate headings.)

Ophthalmia, see Conjunctivitis, 41.

- Egyptian, see Granular conjunctivitis, 41.
- migratoria, see Sympathetic iritis, 49.

Ophthalmia nodosa, 41.

Ophthalmia tarsi, see Blepharitis marginalis, 73. Ophthalmitis, sympathetic, see Sympathetic iritis, 49.

Ophthalmoplegia, 25, 27, (71).

- Externa, 25.
- Interna, 25.

Opisthorchis felineus, Parasite, 386.

Opium, Poison, 379.

Optic disc, Fibrous tissue on, (59), 13.

- Pigment in, (59), 13.
- nerve, Atrophy and degeneration of, and varieties, 57.
- Diseases of, 57.
- —— Malformation of, (57), 13.
- -- New growth of, Malignant and non-malignant, (57), 13.

Optic neuritis, and varieties, 57.

Optico-ciliary neurotomy, Operation, 320.

Orbit, Abscess of, 77.

- Caries of, 77.
- Cellulitis of, and varieties, see Inflammation of connective tissue of, (77), 259.
- Diseases of, 77.
- Distension of sinuses of, (77).
- Emphysema of, (77), 259.
- Erysipelas of, (77), 3.
- Excision of contents of, Operation, 320.

TYPES.—The names for common use are printed in Egyptian type, and Synonyms, which are not to be employed in the registration of diseases, in *Italics*.

FIGURES.—The figures refer to the pages of the book, not to the numbers of the various headings.

Figures without parentheses indicate where the disease should be registered; figures within parentheses indicate pages where the disease is entered for the sake of classification only, and not for registration.

ORB

Orbit, Foreign bodies in, 293.

- Hæmorrhage of, 77.

- Injuries of parts within, (77), 13, 293.

- Necrosis of, 77.

- New growth of, Malignant or non-malignant, (79), 13.

- Operations for abscess, aneurysm, or tumour of. 320.

- Syphilis of, 293.

- Wounds and injuries of parts within, 293.

Orchitis, 199.

- Acute, 199.

- Chronic, 199.

Organic substances, Poisons, 373.

ORGANS OF LOCOMOTION, DISEASES OF, 241.

Organic dementia, sec Dementia from organic brain disease, 39.

Oriental sore, 267.

Orifices of heart obstructed or imperfect, Malformation. 351.

Origins of aorta and pulmonary artery transposed.

Malformation, 353.

---- common, Malformation, 353.

Os calcis, Dislocation of, 311.

Os uteri, Occlusion of, 209.

— — Stricture of, 209.

Osmic acid, Poison, 383.

Osseous ankylosis of joint, see Synostosis of joint, 247.

Ossicles, Ankylosis of, 83.

— Caries of, 83.

- Necrosis of, 83.

Ossiculectomy, Operation, 322.

Ossification of cartilages of ribs, 243.

- of choroid, 53.

- of trachea and bronchi, 109.

Ossifying sarcoma, see Osteosarcoma, Tumour,

Osteitis, see Inflammation of bone, 241.

- deformans, (119), 243.

Osteoarthropathy, Pulmonary, 243.

Osteoarthritis, 11, (121), (245).

Osteoclasis, Operation, 316.

Osteochondroma, 335.

Osteoma and varieties, 335.

Osteomalacia, see Mollities ossium, 241.

Osteomyelitis, chronic, 241.

PAC

Osteomyelitis, Acute infective, 5, (241).

Osteosarcoma, 341.

Osteotomy, Operation, 316.

Otitis externa, see under Inflammation of external ear, 81.

- interna, see under Inflammation of internal ear, 83.

— media, see under Inflammation of middle ear, 83.

Otitis media, Acute suppurative, Operation for 322.

— — Chronic suppurative, Operation for, 322.

Out-knee, 247.

Ovary, Abnormal position of, Malformation, 367.

- Absent, Maltermation, 357.

- Abscess of, 201.

- Atrophy of, 201.

— Cyst of, (201), 13.

— Diseases of, 201.

- Displacement of, 203.

— Hæmorrhage of, 201.

- Hernia of, 203.

- Hypertrophy of, 201.

— Inflammation of, 201.

— Malformations of, (203), 13, 357.

- New growth of, Malignant and Non-malignant, (201), 13.

- Parasitic disease of, (203), 13.

- Prolapse of, 203.

- Rotation of, 203.

- Small or absent, Malformation, 357.

- Tuberculosis of, (201), 7.

— Tubo-ovarian cyst of, (203), 13.

Ovariotomy, Operation, 329.

Overdistension of uterus, 223.

Overlaying, Suffocation from, 277.

Oxalic acid, Poison, 371.

Oxaluria, 187.

Oxyuris vermicularis, Parasite, 389.

Ozæna 87.

Pachymeningitis, see Inflammation of dura mater, 17, 21.

- Hæmorrhagic, of brain, 21.

Pachydermia verrucosa, 105.

TYPES.—The names for common use are printed in Egyptian type, and Synonyms, which are not to be employed in the registration of diseases, in *Italics*.

FIGURES.—The figures refer to the pages of the book, not to the numbers of the various headings.

Figures without parentheses indicate where the disease should be registered; figures within parentheses indicate pages where the disease is entered for the sake of elassification only, and not for registration.

PAG

Paget's disease of nipple, 233.

Painful menstruation, see Dysmenorrhœa, 215.

Pains, Spurious labour, and cramp during pregnancy, 207.

Painter's colic, see Lead colic, 369.

Palate and fauces, Diseases of, 129.

- Cleft, Malformation, (129), 13.
- - Operation for, 321.
- Fissure of, Malformation, (129), 347, 13.
- Lupus of, 129.
- Malformations of, (129), 13.
- New growth of, Malignant and Non-malignant, (129), 13.
- Paralysis of, (129), 27.
- Syphilis of, (129), 7.
- Tuberculosis of, (129), 7.

Palpebral fissure, Operations for lengthening or shortening, 319.

Palsy, see Paralysis, 27.

Palsy, lead, (33), 369, 9.

- Scrivener's, see Writer's cramp, 29.
- Shaking, see Paralysis agitans, 29.

Pancreas, Abscess of, 149.

- Absent, Malformation. 355.
- Atrophy of, 151.
- Calculus of, 151.
- Cyst of, (151), 13.
- Degeneration of, 151.
- Dilatation of duct of, 151.
- Diseases of, 149.
- Effect of injuries of, (151), 13.
- Effect of poisons on, (151), 13.
- Encircling duodenum, Malformation, 355.
- Gangrene of, 149.
- Hæmorrhage of, 149.
- Inflammation of, and varieties, 149.
- Malformations of, (15), 13.
- New growth of, Malignant and Non-malignant, (151), 13.
- Obstruction of duct of, 151.
- Parasites of, (151), 13.
- Tuberculosis of, (151), 7.

Pancreatitis, see Inflammation of pancreas, 149.

Pangonia Brucei, Parasite, 392.

Pannus (of cornea), 45.

Panophthalmitis, 65.

Papilliferous cystic carcinoma, 341.

PAR

Papillitis, 57.

Papilloma and varieties, Tumour, 339.

Papillo-retinitis, 57.

Paracentesis, (Operation), of abdomen, 324.

- of cerebral ventricles, 318.
- -- cysts in broad ligaments, 329.
- -- eyeball, 320.
- —— fœtus, 332.
- -- ovarian cysts, 329.
- -- pericardium, 324.
- —— pleura, 324.

(See also under Tapping and Puncture.)

Paraffin, Injection of, Operation, 316.

- Liquid, Poison, 373.

Parakeratosis variegatus, see Lichen variegatus, 263.

Paralysis, and varieties, 27.

- Acute ascending, 19.
- Acute atrophic spinal, see Poliomyelitis, acute anterior, 19.
- of accommodation, 69.
- agitans, 29.
- Alcoholic, see under Multiple neuritis, 15.
- Associated nuclear, 25.
- of bladder, (185), 27.
- Bulbar, 25.
- Diphtheritic, see under Multiple neuritis, 15.
- General of insane, 39.
- infantile, see Poliomyelitis, acute anterior, 19.
- Inferior nuclear, see Bulbar paralysis, 25,
- Labioglossal, see Bulbar paralysis, 25.
- Landry's, see Acute ascending paralysis, 21.
- of intestines, see Paresis of intestines, 145.

Paralysis of iris, see Iridoplegia, 51.

Paralysis of larynx, 107.

- lips, (117), 27.
- Local, 27.
- of muscles, (253), 27.
- — esophagus, (133), 27.
- palate, (129), 27.
- Periodic, 29.
- Pharynx, (133), 27.
- Pseudohypertrophic, (21), 251.
- Superior nuclear, see Ophthalmoplegia, 25.
- of tongue, (127), 27.

Parametric abscess, 205.

Parametritis, seo Pelvic cellulitis, 205, 229.

Paramœcium coli, Paraiite, 385.

TYPES.—The names for common use are printed in Egyptian type, and Synonyms, which are not to be employed in the registration of diseases, in Italics.

FIGURES.—The figures refer to the pages of the book, not to the numbers of the various headings. Figures without parentheses indicate where the disease should be registered; figures within parentheses indicate pages where the disease is entered for the sake of classification only, and not for registration.

PAR

Paramyoclonus multiplex, 29.

Paranephric tumours, (179), 13.

Paranoia, see Delusional insanity, 37.

Paraphimosis, 193, 355.

- Operation for, 328.

Paraplegia, 27.

- ataxic, see Degeneration of posterior and lateral columns of spinal cord, 19.
- primary spastic, see Primary lateral sclerosis of spinal cord, 19.
- secondary spastic, see under Secondary lateral sclerosis of spinal cord, 19.

Parasites, Effects of, 13.

PARASITES, LIST OF, 384.

Parasites, Animal, 384.

- Vegetable, 394.

Parasitic disease of auricle and external ear, (81),

- $-\dot{-}$ bladder, (185), 13.
- -- bone, (243), 13.
- ——— brain, (25), 13.
- --- breast, female, (237), 13.
- ——— bronchi, (109), 13.
- — canaliculus, (73), 13.
- -- connective tissue (259), 13.
- - conjunctiva, (43), 13.
- - external ear, (81), 13.
- -- eyelids, (77), 13.
- -- gall-bladder or ducts, (157), 13.
- -- heart, (97), 13.
- -- intestines, (143), 13.
- --- jaws, (121), 3.
- -- kidney, (179), 13.
- ——— lacrymal sac, (73), 13.
- ——— liver, (153), 13.
- --- lung, (113), 13.
- -- lymphatic vessels, (167), 13.
- -- mouth, (119), 13.
- -- muscles, (253), 13.
- -- nipple and areola, (233), 13.
- — nose, (89), 13.
- --- ovary, (203), 13.
- -- pancreas, (151), 13.
- -- peritoneum, (159), 13.
- -- rectum, (149), 13.
- --- skin, (271), 13.
- -- spine, (251), 13.

PAT

Parasitic disease of spleen, (163), 13.

- —— stomach, (137), 13.
- -- trachea and bronchi, (109), 13.
- --- thyroid gland, (173), 13.
- -- ureter, (181), 13.
- —— veins, (103), 13.
- --- vitreous humour, (63), 13.
- invasion (Appendix 403).

Paresis of intestines, 145.

— — stomach, 139.

Parietes of abdomen, Wound of, 301.

-- chest, Wound of, 297.

Parkinson's disease, see Paralysis agitans, 29.

Paronychia, see Whitlow, 275.

Parosmia, see Perversion of sense of smell, 89.

Parovarian cyst, 345.

Paroxysmal hæmoglobinuria, 187.

Paroxysmal hæmaturia, or hæmatinuria, Paroxysmal hæmoglobinuria, 187.

CONNECTED AFFECTIONS PARTURITION, WITH, 223.

PARTURITION, AFFECTIONS CONSEQUENT ON, 229.

Parturition, Absence of milk after, 237.

- Asphyxia of infant during, 227.
- Atomy of uterus during, 223.
- Convulsions during, (227), 31.
- Excessive secretion of milk after, 237.
- Fistula from, 231.
- Hæmorrhage during, and varieties, 235.
- Injury to child during, 227.
- Inversion of uterus during, (227), 209.
- Mechanical obstacle to expulsion of fœtus during,
- Over-distension of uterus during, 223.
- Pelvic inflammation from, 229.
- Retention of placenta during, 227.
- --- placental fragments, membranes, or clots after, 229.
- Rupture or laceration of perineum during, 227.
- - of urinary bladder during, 227.
- ——— uterus during, 225.
- —— vagina during, 225.
- -- vulva during, 227.

Passing of catheter or sound, Operation, 328.

Passive movement of joints, Operation, 317.

Patella, Dislocation of, 309.

TYPES.—The names for common use are printed in Egyptian type, and Synonyms, which are not to be omployed in the registration of diseases, in *Italics*.

FIGURES.—The figures refer to the pages of the book, not to the numbers of the various headings.

Figures without parentheses indicate where the disease should be registered; figures within parentheses indicate pages where the disease is entered for the sake of classification only, and not for registration.

PAT

Patella, fracture of, 309.

Pediculosis and varieties, 271.

- capitis, 271.
- corporis, 271.
- pubis, 271.

Pediculus capitis, Parasite, 390.

- pubis, see Phthirius inguinalis, 391.
- vestimenti, 390.

Peliosis rheumatica, 269.

- Pellagra, (267), 9.
- — Insanity of, 39.

Pelvic abscess, from parturition, and varieties, 229.

- cellulitis, 205.
- -- rom parturition, 229.
- inflammation from parturition and varieties 229.
- hæmatocele, 205.
- lymphangitis, 205.
- peritonitis, 205.
- -- from parturition, 229.

Pelvis, Contusion of, 301.

- Fracture or dislocation of, 303.
- Gunshot wound of, 303.
- Injuries of, 301.
- Small, oblique, or imperfect, Malformation, 359. Pemphigus, 263.
- foliaceus, 263.
- vegetans, 263.

Penis, Abscess of, 193.

- Absent, Malformation, (195), 13.
- Amputation of, Operation, 328.
- Condyloma of, 195.
- Diminutive, Malformation, 355.
- Diseases of, 193.
- Elephantiasis of, (195), 167.
- Gangrene of, 193.
- Gouty induration of corpora cavernosa, 195.
- Herpes of, (193), 263.
- Injuries of, (195), 13.
- Inflammation of, 193.
- Malformations of, (195), 13.
- New growth of, Malignant and non-malignant, (195), 13.
- Edema of, 195.
- Operations on, 328.
- Phagedæna of, (195), 5.
- Soft chancre of, 195.

PER

Penis, Syphilis of, (195), 7.

- Torsion of (Malformation), (195), 13.
- Ulcer of, 195.
- Wound of, 301.

Penny Royal, Poison, 379.

Pentastomum constrictum, Parasite, 392.

- denticulatum, Parasite, 392.

Peptic ulcer, 135.

Perforating ulcer of stomach, 135.

Perforation, (Appendix, 403).

Perforation of head of child, Operation, 332.

- of gall-bladder and ducts, 157.
- of intestines, 145.
- of mastoid cells, Operation, 322.
- of membrana tympani, 83.
- ---- Operation, 322.
- of nasal septum, 87.
- of esophagus, 131.
- of pharynx, 131.
- of stomach, 137.

Periarteritis and varieties, 99.

Pericarditis, 93.

- hæmorrhagic, 93.
- suppurative, 93.

Pericardium, Absent or defective, Malformation, 351.

- Adherent, 93.
- -- Calcification of, 93.
- Diseases of, 93.
- Effusion into, see Hydropericardium, 93.
- Hæmorrhage into, see Hæmopericardium, 93.
- Inflammation of, see Pericarditis, 93.
- Incision and drainage of, Operation, 324.
- Injuries of, (97), 13.
- New growth of, Malignant and non-malignant. (97), 13.
- Paracentesis of, Operation, 324.
- Tuberculosis of, (97), 7.
- Wound of, 297.

Perichondritis, 241.

- of larynx, 107.
- of nose, 87.

Perihepatitis, 153.

Perimetric abscess, 205.

Perimetritis, see Pelvic peritonitis. 205, 229.

Perineal hernia, 143.

- section, Operation, 328.

Types.—The names for common use are printed in Egyptian type, and Synonyms, which are not to be employed in the registration of diseases, in *Italics*.

FIGURES.—The figures refer to the pages of the book, not to the numbers of the various headings.

Figures without parentheses indicate where the disease should be registered; figures within parentheses indicate pages where the disease is entered for the sake of classification only, and not for registration.

PER

Perineal body absent, Malformation, 357.

Perinephric tumours, (179), 13.

Perineum, Rupture or laceration of, during parturition, 227.

- --- Operation for, 331, 333.
- —— Sloughing of, from parturition, 229.
- Wound of, 301.

Periodic paralysis, 29.

Periorchitis, see Inflammation of tunica vaginalis, 199.

Periosteum, Incision of, Operation, 316.

Periositis, 241.

- Acute infective, (241), 5.
- Alveolo-dental, 123.
- Chronic diffuse, 241.
- Circumscribed, 241.
- of nose, 87.

Peripheral neuritis, see Multiple neuritis, 15.

Periproctitis, 147.

Perisplenitis, 161.

Peritomy, Operation, 320.

Peritoneal cavity, Foreign bodies in (159), 13.

Peritoneum, Adhesions of, 159.

- Cyst of, (159), 13.
- Diseases of, 157.
- Dropsy of, 159.
- Effects of injuries upon, (159), 13.
- Foreign bodies in, (159), 13.
- Inflammation of, and varieties, 157.
- Malformations of, (159), 13.
- New growth of, Malignant and Non-malignant, (157), (159), 13.
- Parasitic disease of, (159), 13.
- Tuberculosis of; (157), 13.

Peritonitis and varieties, see under Inflammation of peritoneum, 157.

Pernicious anæmia, 11.

Pernicious tertian, see Æstivo-autumnal malaria, 5.

Pernio (erythema pernio), 261.

Persistence of structures which should normally disappear, 359.

- of thymus, 169.

Persistent cranio-pharyngeal canal, Malformation, 361.

- foramen ovale, Malformation, 351.
- Gärtner's duct, Malformation, 361.
- hyaloid artery Malformation, 359.

PHA

Persistent Müller's ducts, Malformation, 361.

- lanugo, Malformation, 361.
- left superior cava, Malformation, 361.
- post-anal duct, Malformation, 361.
- processus vaginalis, Malformation, 361.
- thyroglossal duct, Malformation, 351.
- urachus, Malformation, 361.
- vitelline duct, Malformation. 359.

Pertussis, see Whooping cough, 7.

Perversions of appetite, 139.

Perverted visual sensations, 67.

Petit mal, see Epilepsy. 31.

Petrous bone, Removal of infected portion of, Operation, 322.

Petroleum, Poison, 373.

Phagedæna, 5.

- of penis, (193), 5.
- tropical, 263.
- of vulva, (213), 5.

Phalanges of fingers, Dislocation of, 307.

- --- Fracture of, 305.
- -- thumb, Dislocation of, 307.
- — toes, Dislocation of, 311.
- Fracture of, 309.

Pharyngeal growths, Removal of, Operation, 313.

- pouch, Malformation, 361.
- tonsil, Hypertrophy of, 91.

Pharyngotomy, Operation, 323.

- subhyoid, Operation, 322.

Pharynx, Burn or scald of, 295.

- Dilatation of, 131.
- Diphtheria of, (133), 3.
- Diseases of, 131.
- Excision of part of, Operation, 323.
- Foreign bodies impacted in, 297, 13, (133).
- Granular, 131.
- Imperforate, Malformation, 353.
- Introduction of tubes into, 323.
- Injury of, (133), 13.
- Leprosy of, (133), 5.
- Lupus of, (133).
- Malformations of, (133), 13.
- New growth of, Malignant and Non-malignant, (133), 13.
- Operations on, 323.
- Paralysis of, (133), 27.
- Perforation of, 131.

TYPES.—The names for common use are printed in Egyptian type, and Synonyms, which are not to be employed in the registration of diseases, in *Italics*.

FIGURES,—The figures refer to the pages of the book, not to the numbers of the various headings.

Figures without parentheses indicate where the disease should be registered; figures within parentheses indicate pages where the disease is entered for the sake of classification only, and not for registration.

!PHA

Pharynx, Post-pharyngeal abscess of, 131.

- Spasm of, (133), 29.
- Stricture of, 131.
- Tuberculosis of, (133), 7.
- Ulceration of, 131.
- Varix of, (133), 103

Phenazone, Poison, and allied drugs, 373.

Phenol, see Carbolic acid, Poison, 373.

Phimosis, Acquired, 193.

- Congenital, 193, 355.
- Operation for, 328.

Phlebitis, 101.

- consequent on parturition, 229.

Phleboliths, 103.

Phlebotomy, Operation, 314.

Phlegmasia dolens, 103.

- consequent on parturition, 229.

Phlegmonous laryngitis, see Suppurative laryngitis, 105.

Phlyctenular conjunctivitis, 41.

Phosphate of calcium calculus, 185.

Phosphaturia, 187.

Phosphoretted hydrogen, Poison, 383.

Phosphoric acid, Poison, 373.

- necrosis of alveoli and jawbone, 371.

Phosphorous acid, Poison, 373.

Phosphorus, Poison, 371.

- Chronic poisoning by, 9.
- Conditions of dental alveoli due to, (123), 371, 9.
- Fatty degeneration of liver from, 371, 9.

Photopsia, 67.

Phthirius inguinalis, Parasite, 391.

Phthisis, 111.

Phthisis, fibroid, see Chronic interstitial inflammation of lung, 111.

Physostigma venenosum, see Calabar bean, Poison, 375.

Physostigmine, Poison, 375.

Pia mater, Inflammation of, 17, 21.

Pianist's cramp, see under Craft-neuroses, 29.

Pica, see Perversions of appetite, 139.

Picric acid, Poison, 373.

Picrotoxin, Poison, 375.

Piedra, 275.

Pigment in optic disc, and at its border, (59), 13.

- patch of conjunctiva, (43), 13.
- --- retina, (61), 13.

PLE

Pigmentary degeneration (Appendix 401).

- -- of liver, 153.
- infiltration of lymphatic glands, 165.

Pigmented nævus of skin, 269.

Piles, 147.

- External, 147.
- Internal, 147.
- Mixed, 147.

Pilocarpine, Poison, 377.

Pinguecula, 43,

Pinna, Contusion of, 293.

- Hæmatoma of, 293.
- Separation of from skull (incomplete), 293.
- Wound of, 293.

Pinta, 271.

Piroplasma hominis, Parasite, 385.

Pityriasis rosea, 263.

- vubra, see Dermatitis exfoliativa, 263.
- rubra pilaris, see Lichen acuminatus, 263.
- versicolor, see Tinea versicolor, 271.

Placenta, Double, succenturiate, or bilobed, Malformation, 359.

- Hæmorrhage from detachment of, 225.
- Retention of, 227.
- ——— from irregular or hour-glass contractions of uterus, 227.
- --- from abnormal adhesions, 227.
- Separation of, Operation, 333.
- and membranes, Separation and extraction of, Operation, 333.

Placental fragments, membrane, or clots, retention of, 229.

Plague, (165), 7.

Plasmodium malariæ, Parasite, 384.

- precox, see Laverania malariæ, Parasite, 384.
- vivax, Parasite, 384.

Plastic operations on bladder for extroversion, 327.

- ——— skin, 316.
- bronchitis, 109.

Pleura, Adhesions of, 113.

- Calcification of, see under Adhesions, 113.
- Diseases of, 113.
- Exploration of, Operation, 324.
- Incision and drainage of, Operation, 324.
- Inflammation of, see Pleurisy, 113.
- Injuries of, (115), 13, 297.

TYPES.—The names for common use are printed in Egyptian type, and Synonyms, which are not to be employed in the registration of diseases, in *Italics*.

FIGURES.—The figures refer to the pages of the book, not to the numbers of the various headings.

Figures without parentheses indicate where the disease should be registered; figures within parentheses indicate pages where the disease is entered for the sake of classification only, and not for registration.

PLE

Pleura, New growth of, Malignant and Non-malignant, (115), 13.

- paracentesis of, Operation, 324.
- Syphilis of, (115), 7.
- Thickening of, see nnder Adhesions 113.
- Tuberculosis of, (115), 7.
- Wound penetrating, 297.

Pleurisy, 113.

- Acute, 113.
- Chronic, 113.

Plexiform sarcoma, 343.

Plugging, mechanical affection, (Appendix, 403).

- of air passages, suffocation from, 277.
- — gall-bladder and ducts, 157.
- —— nares, see Operations for epistaxis, 321.
- — cervix uteri, Operation, 333.
- -- uterus, Operation, 330.
- -- vagina, Operation, 331, 333.

Plumbism, (33), 9, 369.

Pneumococcus, Parasite, 395.

Pneumoconiosis, 113.

Pneumonia, 5, (111).

- Epidemic, 5.
- Catarrhal, see Bronchopneumonia, 111.

Pneumopericardium, 93.

Pneumothorax, 115.

Podalic version, Operation, 331.

Poisoned wounds, 281.

Poisonous food, 381.

- fungi, 377.
- gases and vapours, 381.
- maize, 377.

POISONS, LIST OF, 369.

Poisons, Acids and acid salts, 371.

- Animal, 381.
- Caustic alkalis, 371.
- Effects of, (Appendix, 403), 13, and see also under the various organs.
- Gases and vapours, 381.
- Irritant drugs, 383.
- Mechanical irritants, 383.
- Metals and their salts, 369.
- Non-metals and their compounds, 371.
- Organic substances, 373.
- Vegetable, 375.

Polioencephalitis inferior, see Bulbar paralysis, 25.

- superior, sec Ophthalmoplegia, 25.

PRE

Poliomyelitis, acute anterior, 19.

Polyneuritis, see Multiple neuritis, (33), 15.

Polypus, bleeding, of nose, see Angioma of nose, (87), 13.

Polypus of dental pulp, (121), 13.

- of ear, removal of, Operation, 322.
- —— external meatus, (81), 13.
- middle ear, (83), 13.
- -- rectum, Removal of, Operation, 327.
- — uterus, (207), 13.

Polyuria, see Diabetes insipidus, 187.

Porokeratosis, 265.

Porro's operation, see Excision of pregnant uterus.

Portal cirrhosis of liver, 153.

Portal vein, Inflammation of, see Pylephlebitis, (155), 101.

- — Obstruction of, (155), 103.
- —— Thrombosis of, (]55), 103.

Port-wine stain, 337.

Post-anal gut persistent, Malformation, 361.

Posterior basal meningitis, 21.

- curvature of spine, 249.
- selerosis, see Degeneration of posterior columns, 19.

Postero-lateral sclerosis, see Degeneration of lateral and posterior columns, 19.

Post-febrile insanity, 37.

Post-hemiplegic disorders of movement, 29.

Posthitis. see Inflammation of prepuce, 193.

Post-partum hæmorrhage, 229.

Post-pharyngeal abscess of pharynx and œso-phagus, 131, 249.

Potash, Poison, 371.

Potassium, Poison, 369.

- bichromate, Poison, 369.
- bisulphate, Poison, 373.cyanide of, Poison, 373.

Pounded glass, Poison, 383.

PREGNANCY, AFFECTIONS CONNECTED WITH, 219.

Pregnancy in abnormally formed uterus, 221.

- Carneous mole connected with, 219.
- Extra-uterine, and varieties, 221.
- Hæmorrhage during, 219.
- Hæmorrhagic mole connected with. 219.
- Inflammation of uterus connected with. 219.

TYPES.—The names for common use are printed in Egyptian type, and Synonyms, which are not to be employed in the registration of diseases, in *Italics*.

FIGURES.—The figures refer to the pages of the book, not to the numbers of the various headings.

Figures without parentheses indicate where the disease should be registered; figures within parentheses indicate pages where the disease is entered for the sake of classification only, and not for registration.

PRE

Pregnancy, Menstruation during, 219.

- Vesicular mole connected with, 219.

Premature birth, 227.

- labour, Induction of, Operation, 332.

Prepuce, Absent, Malformation, 355.

- Concretions of, 193.

- Diseases of, 193.

- Herpes of, (193), 263.

- Hypertrophy of, 193.

- Inflammation of, 193.

- Malformations of, (193), 13.

- New growth of, Malignant and non-malignant, (193), 13.

- Œdema of, 193.

- Paraphimosis of, 193.

- Phimosis of 193.

- posthitis, see Inflammation of, 193.

— Syphilis of, (193), 7.

- Tuberculosis of, (193), 7.

Presbyopia, 69.

Pressure-atrophy of spine, see Absorption from Pressure, 249.

Pressure, Myelitis from, 17.

Priapism, 195.

Prickly heat, 273.

Primary lateral sclerosis, 19.

- myopathy, see Idiopathic muscular atrophy, (21), 251.

spastic paraplegia, see Primary lateral sclerosis,
 119.

Primary syphilis, 7.

Privet, Poison, 379.

Processus vaginalis persistent, Malformation, 361.

Procidentia of uterus, 209.

Proctitis, see Inflammation of rectum, 147.

Proctocele, see Rectocele, 149.

Progressive muscular atrophy, see Degeneration of anterior cornua of spinal cord, (251), 19.

Prolapse of anterior wall of vagina, 211.

— - lower end of ureter, 181.

-- ovary, 203.

— — posterior wall of vagina, 211.

-- rectum, 149.

-- Operation for, 327.

— — vagina, 211.

— — uterus and varieties, 209.

Prolapsus uteri, | Malformation, 367.

PUE

Proptosis, see Exophthalmos, 77.

Prostatectomy, Operation, 327.

Prostate, Absent or small, Malformation, 357.

- Abscess of, 191.

- Calculus of, 191.

--- Removal of, Operation, 327.

- Chronic enlargement of, see Hypertrophy of, 191.

- Cyst of, (191), 13.

- Diseases of, 191.

- Hypertrophy of, 191.

- Inflammation of, and varieties, 191.

- New growth of, Malignant and non-malignant (191), 13.

- Operations on, 327.

- Removal of, Operation, 327.

- Tuberculosis of, (191), 7.

Protozoa, Parasites, 384.

Prurigo, 261.

Pruritus ani, 149.

- of scrotum, 197.

— of vulva, 217, (219).

Prussic acid, see Hydrocyanic acid, Poison, 373.

Psammoma, Tumour, 339.

Pseudoglioma, 65.

Pseudohypertrophic paralysis (21), 251.

Psilosis, see Sprue, 141.

Psoas, lumbar, and other abscesses of spine, 249.

Psoriasis, 263.

Pterygium, (43), 13.

— Operation for, 319.

Ptosis, and varieties, 75.

- Congenital, (75), 13, 351.

- Operation for, 319.

- Paralytic, (75), 27.

Ptyalism, sec Salivation, 131.

Pubic symphysis, Fissure of, Malformation, 349.

— and anterior wall of bladder, fissure of, with extroversion of bladder, Malformation, 349.

Puerpera convulsions, (227), 31.

— fever, see note, pp. 7, 229.

- insanity, 231, 35.

— mania, 35.

peritonitis, 157.

- pyæmia, (229), 5.

— sapramia, see Puerperal septic intoxication 229.

- septic intoxication, 229.

TYPES.—The names for common use are printed in Egyptian type, and Synonyms, which are not to be employed in the registration of diseases, in Italics.

FIGURES.—The figures refer to the pages of the book, not to the numbers of the various headings. Figures without parentheses indicate where the disease should be registered; figures within parentheses indicate pages where the disease is entered for the sake of classification only, and not for registration.

PUE

Puerperal septicæmia, 229.

Pulex irritans, Parasite, 391.

- penetrans, Parasite, 391.

Pulmonary apoplexy, see Hæmorrhage into lung, 111.

- infarction, see Hæmorrhage into lung, 111.
- lobes deficient in number, Malformation, 353.
- osteo-arthropathy, (247), 243.
- valves, Disease of, 93.

Pulpy degeneration of synovial membrane, see Tuberculous synovitis, (245), 7.

Puncta, Eversion of, 71.

- Strictures and obliteration of, and of canaliculi,

Puncture, Foreign body in, (71), 13.

- of bladder, Supra pubic, Operation, 327.
- — kidney, Operation, 326.
- —— membranes, Operation, 332.
- – nerve, 281.

Punctured wound, (279),

Pupil, Artificial, Operation, 320.

- Congenital Malposition of, (51), 13.

Pupils, Unequal, (51), 13.

Purpura, (269), 11.

Purulent conjunctivitis, 41.

- ophthalmia of new-born infants, see note, p. 41.

Pustular conjunctivitis, see Phlyctenular conjunctivitis, 41.

Pustule, Malignant, see Anthrax, 3.

Putrid exhalations, Poisons, 383.

Pyæmia, 5.

- of lung, (111), 5.
- Puerperal, (229), 33.

Pyæmic abscess of kidney, (177), 5.

——— liver, (151), 5. — synovitis, (245), 5.

Pyelitis, 177.

Pylephlebitis, (155), 101.

Pylorectomy, Operation, 325.

Pyloroplasty, Operation, 324.

Pyometra, see Distension of uterus with purulent fluid, 209.

Pyonephrosis, 177.

Pyo-pericardium, 93.

Pyo-pneumothorax, 115.

Pyorrhaa alveolaris, see Suppuration of gums, 123.

REC

Pyosalpinx, see Distension of Fallopian tube with purulent fluid, 203.

Pyretophorus costalis, Parasite, 391.

Pyrexia of uncertain origin, 5.

Pyrosis, 139.

Quartan malaria, 5.

Quinsy. see Suppurative inflammation of tonsils, 129.

Rabies, 5.

Radical case of hernia, Operation for, 325.

Radicular odontoma, Tumour, 335.

Radium, or other radio-active bodies, Effects of, (279),

---- on skin, 287.

Radius, Dislocation of, 305.

- Fracture of, 305.
- and ulna, Dislocation of, 307.
- ——— Fracture of, 305.

Ranula, (119), (131), 13, 343.

- Operation for, 320.

Ray fungus, see Streptothrix, Parasite, 398.

Raynaud's disease, (81), (261), 101.

Rectification of misplaced feetal head, 331.

Rectocele, 149.

- see Prolapse of vagina, 211.

Recto-urethral fistula, 147.

Recto-vesical fistula, (183), 147.

Rectum, Abscess of, 147.

- Absent, or imperforate, Malformation, 355.
- Diseases of, 147.
- Effects of poisons on, 149.
- Excision of, partial or complete, Operation, 327.
- Fistula of, 147.
- Foreign bodies in, (147) 13, 303.
- Hæmorrhage from, 147.
- Inflammation of, 147.
- Injuries of, (149), 13.
- Laceration of, 149.

- Malformations of, (149), 13, 355.

- TYPES.—The names for common use are printed in Egyptian type, and Synonyms, which are not to be employed in the registration of diseases, in *Italics*.
- FIGURES.—The figures refer to the pages of the book, not to the numbers of the various headings.

 Figures without parentheses indicate where the disease should be registered; figures within parentheses indicate pages where the disease is entered for the sake of elassification only, and not for registration.

REC

Rectum, Malformations of, Operations for, 326.

- New growth of, Malignant and Non-malignant, (147), 13.
- Operations on, 326.
- — for polypus of, 327.
- ——— prolapse of, 327.
- ——— stricture of, 327.
- ——— ulceration of, 327.
- Prolapse of, 149.
- Sloughing of, see Gangrene of. 147.
- Sloughing of, Consequent on parturition, 229.
- Syphilis of, (147), 7.
- Tuberculosis of, (147), 7.
- Ulceration of, 147.
- Wound of, 303.

Reduction of dislocations, Operation, 317.

Reduvius amœnus, Parasite, 391.

- cruentus, Parasite, 391.
- personatus, Parasite, 391.
- serratus, Parasite, 391.

Regurgitation from stomach, 139.

- through valves of heart, see under Valvular disease, 93, 95.

Relapsing fever, 5.

Relaxation of ligaments, 247.

Remittent malaria, see Aestivo-autumnal malaria, 5.

Removal of adenoid growths, Operation, 321.

- -- Bartholin's gland, Operation, 331.
- — calculus from prostate, Operation, 327.
- ——— or foreign body from urethra, Operation, 328.
- - cervix uteri, Operation, 330.
- --- vaginal portion of, Operation, 330.
- -- clots from brain, Operation, 318.
- ——— foreign bodies, or sequestra from spinal cord, Operation, 318.
- - coccyx, Operation, 319.
- -- cyst, Operation, 319.
- ——— in broad ligament, Operation, 329.
- — epididymis, Operation, 329.
- -- epiglottis, Operation, 323.
- — exostosis from ear, Operation, 322.
- feetus in ectopic gestation, Operation, 329.
- foreign bodies, Operation, 314.
- --- from brain, Operation, 318.
- ____ spinal cord, Operation, 318.

REM

Removal of foreign bodies from external meatus of ear, Operation, 322.

- ganglion of a nerve, Operation, 316.
- -- hymen, Operation, 331.
- -- hypertrophied nymphæ or labia, Operation, 331.
- ——— mucous membrane from inferior turbinated bones, Operation, 321.
- -- hyperostosis from ear, Operation, 322.
- —— interarticular cartilages from joints, Operation, 317.
- —— laryngeal growths, Operation, 323.
- — lobe of thyroid body, Operation, 323.
- -- lymphatic glands, Operation, 315.
- --- nævus, Operation, 315.
- — mastoid cells, Operation, 322.
- —— membrana tympani and adjacent bone, Operation, 322.
- -- movable bodies from joints, Operation, 317.
- masal or nasopharyngeal growths, Operation, 321.
- — polypus, Operation, 321.
- -- nerve ganglion, Operation, 316.
- — neural arches of spine, Operation, 318.
- new growth of vagina, Operation, 33).
- ————— vulva, Operation, 331.
- -- ovary, Operation, 329.
- ——— enlarged by new growth, Operation, 329.
- —— petrous bone, infected part of, Operation, 322.
- —— polypus from ear, Operation, 322.
- ———— uterus, Operation, 330.
- — septum of double vagina, Operation, 330.
- — sequestra of bone, Operation, 316.
- — testis, Operation, 329.
- —— thoracic wall (part of) for empyema, Operation, 324.
- - thrombi from lateral sinus, Operation, 322.
- — tongue (part or whole of), Operation, 321.
- — tonsils, Operation, 321.
- —— tumours, by excision, or by other means, Operation, 313.
- -- turbinated bodies (of nose), Operation, 321.
- — uterine appendages, Operation, 329, 330.
- -- uterus, Operation, 329.
- — uvula, Operation, 329.
- — varicose lymphatic vessels, Operation 315.

- TYPES.—The names for common use are printed in Egyptian type, and Synonyms, which are not to be employed in the registration of diseases, in *Italics*.
- FIGURES.—The figures refer to the pages of the book, not to the numbers of the various headings.

 Figures without parentheses indicate where the disease should be registered; figures within parentheses indicate pages where the disease is entered for the sake of classification only, and not for registration.

REM

Removal of vas deferens, Operation, 329.

- -- vascular caruncle of urethra, Operation, 331.
- — vault of fætal skull, Operation, 332.
- —— wax from external meatus of ear, Operation,
 - [For other operations of this nature, see under the headings Excision, Operation, and under the various organs concerned.]

Renal calculus, 179.

- colic, 181.
- dropsy, acute, see Acute nephritis, 177.

Repair of fæcal fistula into uterus or vagina, Operation, 331.

- — lacerated cervix uteri, Operation, 330.
- - ruptured perineum, Operation, 331.
- —— urinary fistula into uterus or vagina, Operation, 331.

Replacement of inverted uterus, Operation, 330, 333.

Resorcin, Poison, 373.

RESPIRATORY SYSTEM, DISEASES OF, 105.

Respiratory system, Diseases of, not strictly local, 353.

— — Malformations of, 353.

Restoration of eyelid, Operation for, 319.

- —— lips, Operation for, 319.
- -- nose, Operation for, 319.

Results of infective, toxic, or other general conditions on adrenals, (175).

- _____ thymus, (169).
- -- tight lacing on liver, 155.

Retained menses, see Latent menstruation, 215.

Retching, 139.

Retention of deciduous teeth, 125.

- -- dead ovum see Mixed abortion, 219.
- -- placenta (and causes thereof), 227.
- placental fragments, membrane, or clots, 187.
- — urine, 187.

Retina, Anæmia of, 59.

- Atrophy of, 59.
- Degeneration of, 59.
- Detachment of, 61, 293.
- --- Operation for, 320.
- Diseases of, 59.
- Hæmorrhage of, 59.
- Injuries of, (61), 13, 293.
- Malformations of, and varieties, (61), 13, 347.

RIN

Retina, New growth of, Malignant or Non-malignant. (61), 13.

Retinitis, 59.

- Albuminuric, sec Renal, (59), 177.
- Diabetic, (59), 11.
- Embolic (including arterial thrombosis), (59),
- Hæmorrhagic (including venous thrombosis), 59.
- Leucocythæmic, (59), 11.
- Malarial, (59), 5.
- Pigmentosa, 59.
- Proliferans, 63.
- Renal, (59), 177.
- from sunlight or electric light, 59.
- Syphilitic, (59), 7.

Retroflexion of uterus, 209.

Retro-ocular neuritis, and varieties, 57.

Retroversion of uterus, 209.

Rhabditis genitalis, Parasite, 389.

— Niellyi, Parasite, 389.

Rhabdomena strongyloides, Parasite, 389.

Rhabdomyoma, sec Striped myoma, Tumour, 337.

Rhabdomyo-sarcoma of kidney, Tumour, 343.

Rheumatic fever, (245), 5.

- nodule, (259), 5.

Rheumatism, Acute, see Rheumatic fever, 5.

- Gonorrhaal, see Gonorrhaal arthritis, (245), 5.
- Subacute, see Rheumatic fever, (245), 5.

Rheumatoid arthritis, Osteo-arthritis, (245), 11.

Rhinitis, see Inflammation of soft parts of nose, 87.

Rhinoliths, 89.

Rhinorrhœa, Cerebrospinal, 89.

Rhinoplasty, Operation, 319.

Rhinoscleroma, (89), 267.

Rhipicephalus sanguineus Parasite, 393.

Ribs, Dislocation of costal cartilages from, 295.

- Fracture of, 297.
- — with injury to abdominal viscera, 297.
- ---- blood vessels, 297.
- —————— diaphragm, 297.
- ---- heart, 297.
- ----lung, 297.

—————— pleura, 297.
Ribs, Ossification of cartilages of, 243.

Rickets, (243), 11.

Riggs' disease, see Suppuration of gums, 123.

Ringworm, see Tinea trichophytina, 271, 399.

TYPES.—The names for common use are printed in Egyptian type, and Synonyms, which are not to be employed in the registration of diseases, in *Italics*.

FIGURES.—The figures refer to the pages of the book, not to the numbers of the various headings.

Figures without parentheses indicate where the disease should be registered; figures within parentheses indicate pages where the disease is entered for the sake of classification only, and not for registration.

ROD

Rodent ulcer, 269, 341.

Rose rash, epidemic see German measles, 3.

Rotation of Fallopian tube, 203.

-- ovary, 203.

- axial of testicle, see Torsion of testicle, 201.

Round ligament, shortening of, Operation, 329.

— ulcer of stomach, see Perforating ulcer of stomach, 135.

Round worms, Parasites, 384, 387.

Rumination, 139.

Rupture, mechanical affection, (Appendix, 403).

Rupture see Hernia, 143.

Rupture of abdominal viscera, 299, 301.

-- abdominal muscles, 299.

— artery from injury, 101, 281, 13.

--- from disease, 101.

-- bladder, 188, 203.

--- from fracture of pelvis, 303.

--- during parturition, 227.

- capillaries, 103.

— — ducts of secreting glands, 283.

— — gall bladder or ducts, 157.

— — heart, 95.

——— or lung or trachea without wound or fracture, 297.

— — lymphatic vessels, 167, 283.

— — membrana tympani, 293.

—— muscle, 253, 285.

— — nerve, 281.

— perineum during parturition, 227.

—— sclerotic, 291.

- - secreting glands, 283.

—— a soft part, (281).

— - spleen, 163.

—— stomach, 137.

— — tendon, 255, 285.

-- trachea, 295.

—— urethra, 303.

— — uterus during parturition, 225.

— — vagina during parturition, 225.

- - valves of heart, 95.

— — vas deferens, 283.

- - viscera of abdomen, 301.

— — vulva during parturition, 227.

Ruptured globe, see Contusion of eyeball with rupture of sclerotic, 291.

Rye, Ergot!of, 377.

SCA

Sabadilla, Poison, 375.

Saccharomyces albicans, see Blastomyces albicans, Parasite, 398.

Saccular aneurysm, 101.

Sacculation of bladder, 183.

Sacrococcygeal tumour, 343.

Sacroiliac articulation, Separation of, 303.

Sacrum, Fracture of, 299.

Sago spleen, see Lardaceous spleen, 161.

Saint Vitus' dance, see Chorea, 29.

Salivary calculus, 131.

-- Removal of, Operation for, 320.

— fistula, 131.

-- Operation for, 319.

— glands, Cyst of, (131), 13.

- Diseases of, 131.

-- Inflammation of, 131.

— New growth of, Malignant and non-malignant, (131), 13.

Salivation, 131.

Salpingitis, see Inflammation of the Fallopian tube, 203.

Salt of lemon, see Acid oxalate of potassium, Poison, 371.

Sanguineous apoplexy, see Hæmorrhage of brain, 23. Santonin, Poison, 379.

Sapræmia, Puerperal, see Puerperal septic intoxication, 229.

Sarcina ventriculi, Parasite, 396.

Sarcocystis immitis, Parasite, 385.

- Lindemanni, Parasite, 384.

Sarcoma, Tumour, and varieties, 339.

— of skin, see New growth, Malignant, of skin 269.

Sarcophaga carnaria, Parasite, 390.

- magnifica, Parasite, 390.

- ruficornis, Parasite, 390.

Sarcoptes scabiei, Parasite, 392.

Savin, Poison, 379.

Scabies, (271), 13.

Scalds, 277.

- of larynx, 295.

-- mouth or face, 291.

-- mucous membrane, 287.

— — skin, 287.

Scald or burn of pharynx, esophagus, or larynx, 295.

TYPES.—The names for common use are printed in Egyptian type, and Synonyms, which are not to be employed in the registration of diseases, in *Italics*.

FIGURES.—The figures refer to the pages of the book, not to the numbers of the various headings.

Figures without parentheses indicate where the disease should be registered; figures within parentheses indicate pages where the disease is entered for the sake of classification only, and not for registration.

SCA

Scalp, Contusion of, and sub-divisions, 287.

— Wound of, and varieties, 289.

Scanty menstruation, 215.

Scapula, Dislocation of, 305.

- Fracture of, 305.

Scarification of larynx, Operation, 323.

- Linear, of skin, Operation, 316.

Scarlatina, see Scarlet fever, 5.

Scarlet fever, 5.

Schizomycetes or bacteria, see Fission-fungi, Parasites, 394, 395.

Schistosomum japonicum, Parasite, 386.

Sciatica, see Neuralgia, 33, and Neuritis, 15.

Scirrhus, Tumour, 341.

Sclerema neonatorum, 265.

Scleritis, and varieties, 47.

Sclerodermia, 265.

- Diffuse, 265.
- Circumscribed, 265.

Sclerosis of brain, 25.

- — spinal cord, 19.
- --- Combined, 19.
- Amyotrophic lateral, see under Degeneration of spinal cord, 19, and of brain, 25.
- Disseminated or insular, 19, 25.
- General, of brain, 25.
- Lateral, of cord, 19.
- Local, of brain, 25.
- Posterior, of cord, 19.
- Postero-lateral, of cord, 19.

Sclerostoma duodenale, see Ankylostomum duodenale, Parasite, 388.

Sclerotic, Diseases of, 47.

- Degeneration, 49.
- Injuries of, (49), 13.
- Leprosy of, (49), 13.
- New growth of, Malignant and non-malignant, (49), 13.
- Rupture of, 271.
- Staphyloma of, 49.
- Syphilis of, (49), 7.
- Tuberculosis of, (49), 7.

Sclerotitis, see Scleritis, 47.

Sclerotomy, Operation, 320.

Scorpions, Venom of, 381.

Scrivener's palsy, see Writer's cramp, 29.

Scrofulodermia, 267.

SEP

Scrotal hernia, 143.

Scrotum, Abscess of, 195.

- Diseases of, 195.
- Elephantiasis of, (195), 167.
- Fissure of, Malformation, 349.
- Fistula of, 195.
- Hæmatocele (Extravaginal) of, 195.
- Inflammation of, 195.
- Lymphangiectasis of, (197), 167.
- Malformations of, (197), 13.
- New growth of, Malignant and non-malignant (197), 13.
- Œdema of, 195.
- Pruritus of, (197), 13.
- Sloughing of, 195.
- Soft chancre of, 197.
- Syphilis of, (197), 7.
- Wound of, 301.

Scurvy, (125), (243), 11.

- Infantile, 11.

Sea-sickness, 139.

Sebaceous cyst, 273, 343.

- glands, Diseases of, 273.

Seborrhæa, 273.

- oleosa, 273.
- sicca, 273.

Seborrhœic dermatis, 273.

Secondary degeneration of nerves, 15.

- or descending lateral sclerosis, 19.
- Syphilis, 7.

Secreting glands, Contusion of, 283.

- —— Impaction of foreign bodies or calculi inducts of, 283.
- —— Injuries of, 283.
- — Wound of, 283.
- — or rupture of ducts of, 283.

Secretion of milk apart from pregnancy, 237.

Section, Abdominal, Operation, 324.

- Cæsarian, Operation, 332.

Selenium, Poison, 371.

Semilunar cartilage slipped, 307.

Senile atrophy of uterus, 207.

- involution of breast, 235.
- mania, 35.

Separation of epiphysis, 285.

- -- of lower extremity, 307.
- --- upper extremity, 305.

- TYPES.—The names for common use are printed in Egyptian type, and Synonyms, which are not to be employed in the registration of diseases, in *Italics*.
- FIGURES.—The figures refor to the pages of the book, not to the numbers of the various headings.

 Figures without parentheses indicate where the disease should be registered; figures within parentheses indicate pages where the disease is entered for the sake of classification only, and not for registration.

SEP

Separation (incomplete) of pinna from skull, 293.

- of placenta, Operation, 333.
- and extraction of placenta and membranes, Operation, 333.
- of symphysis pubis or sacro-iliac articulation, 303.

Septa of heart, incomplete, Malformation, 351.

- Septic endocarditis, see Infective endocarditis, (93), 3.
- intoxication, puerperal, 229.
- laryngitis, see under Infective laryngitis and note, 105.

Septicæmia, 7.

- puerperal, (229), 7.
- Septum of nose, Deviation of, 87.
- --- Perforation of, 87.
- - double vagina, Removal of, Operation, 330.
- Sequestra, Removal of, Operation, 316.
- Sequestration dermoid cyst, Tumour, 345.
- Serous cysts, see Cysts arising in lymphatic spaces, 343.
- Serum intoxication, 381.
- Serums, Poison, 381.
- Seton, Introduction of, Operation, 316.
- Sewer air, Poison, 383.
- Shaking palsy, see Paralysis agitans, 29.
- Sheaths of tendons, Diseases of, 255.
- ———Inflammation of, 255.
- Shingles, 263.
- Shock, 277.
- or nervous exhaustion, Sudden death from, after delivery, 231.
- Shortening of round ligament, Operation, 329.
- : Shrunken eyeball, 65.
- Sick headache, 31.
- Sight, Various defects of, see under Disorders of vision, 65.
- Silicosis, see Stonemason's lung, 113.
- Silver, Poison, 371.
- Simple continued fever, see Note, p. 5
- Simulium reptans, Parasite, 392.
- Sinuses, Accessory, Diseases of, 89
- - Operations on, 321.
- 'Sireniform fœtus, Malformation 359.
- SKIN, DISEASES OF, 261.
- Skin, Atrophy of, 265.
- --- linear and macular, 265.

SMA

Skin, Effects upon, of drugs, (269), 13.

- ---- light, X-rays, radium, or other radioactive bodies, 287.
- ---- lightning or electricity, 287.
- ---- injuries, (269), 13.
- Gangrene of, 261.
- Glossy, 265.
- Grafting, Operation, 316.
- Leprosy of, (267), 5.
- New growth of, Malignant and Non-malignant, (267), 13.
- Operations on, 316.
- Parasitic diseases of, (271), 13.
- and subcutaneous tissue, Abrasion of, 285.
- --- Bruise of, see Contusion of, 285.
- --- Burn and scald of, 287.
- ———— Contusion of, 285.
- --- Effects of irritants or corrosives on, 287.
- ———— Frostbite of, 263, 287.
- ———— Injuries of, 285.
- ———— Wound of, 287.

Skin, Syphilis of, (267), 7.

— **T**uberculosis of, (267), 7.

Skoliosis, see Lateral curvature of spine, 249.

Skull. Contusion of, 289.

- Excision of part of, for microcephaly, 318.
- Defective closure of, Malformation, 347.
- Fracture of base of, and varieties, 289.
- --- vault of, and varieties, 289.
- Operations on, 318.
- for depressed bone of, 318.
- trephining or removing portions of, 318.
- Wound of, 289.

Sleeping sickness, 7.

Sloughing of bladder, 183.

- — from parturition, 229.
- — cervix uteri from parturition, 229.
- perineum from parturition, 229.
- — rectum from parturition, 229.
- —— scrotum, 195.
- — vagina from parturition, 229.
- see Gangrene of different parts.
- — connective tissue, 259.
- ———— intestine, 141.
- ---- rectum, 147.
- ———— stomach, 135.
- Small-pox 7, (and see Note).

Types.—The names for common use are printed in Egyptian type, and Synonyms, which are not to be employed in the registration of diseases, in *Italics*.

FIGURES.—The figures refer to the pages of the book, not to the numbers of the various headings.

Figures without parentheses indicate where the disease should be registered; figures within parentheses indicate pages where the disease is entered for the sake of classification only, and not for registration.

SME

Smell, Loss or perversion of sense of, 89.

Snakes, Venom of, Poison, 381.

Soda, Poison, 371.

Sodium bisulphate, Poison, 371.

Soft cataract, 63.

Soft chancre of penis, 195.

——— scrotum, 197.

——— vulva, 215.

Soft sore, see Soft chancre, 195, 197.

Softening of brain, 23.

—— from pressure, 23.

--- Inflammatory, see Inflammation of brain,

23.

— — Necrotic, 23.

— of spinal cord, 19.

Somnambulism, 33.

Sore throat, 129.

Sounding of bladder, Operation, 327.

Spanish fly, see Cantharides, Poison, 381.

Spasm, 29.

- of accommodation, 69.

— of bladder (185), 29.

- Clonic, 29.

— Facial, 29.

— of glottis, see Laryngismus stridulus, 31.

- of larynx, 107.

— of muscle, (253), 29.

- pharynx and osophagus, (133), 29.

- of stomach, 139.

— of tongue (127), 29.

- tonic, 29.

Spasmodic asthma, see Asthma, 105.

Spastic family paralysis, 25.

Spastic paraplegia, see under Degeneration of lateral columns of cord, 19.

Spermatic cord, Abscess of, 197.

— — Diffused hæmatocele of, injury, 303.

- Diseases of, 197.

— — Hæmatocele of, 197.

— — Hydrocele of, 197.

--- Congenital, (197), 13.

———— Diffused, 197.

———— Encysted, 197.

— — Inflammation of, 197.

—— Injuries of (197), 13.

—— New growth of, Malignant and Non-malignant, (197), 13.

SPI

Spermatic cord, Syphilis of, (197), 7.

— — Torsion of, Operation for, 328.

— — Tuberculosis of, (197), 7.

- - Varicocele of, 197.

Spermatocele, (199), 13, 343.

Spermatorrhœa, 201.

Spheroidal-celled carcinoma, 341.

Sphincter ani, Dilatation of, Operation, 327.

Spina bifida and varieties, Malformation, 349.

- Operation for, 319.

— — occulta, Malformation, 349.

Spinal abscesses, 249.

Spinal column, Division of, Operation, 332.

Spinal cord, Absent or imperfect, Malformation, 349.

— — Compression of, (29), 13.

--- without fracture or dislocation, 299.

— — Concussion of, 299.

—— Degeneration of, 19.

———— anterior cornua, 19.

— — — anterior cornua and lateral columns, 19.

--- lateral columns, 19.

————lateral and posterior columns, 19.

—— Diseases of, 17.

—— Hæmorrhage of, 17.

— — Inflammation of, 17.

—— Injuries of, (21), 13.

—— Laceration of, (21), 13.

—— New growth of, Malignant and Non-malignant, (21), 13.

-- Sclerosis of, see under Degeneration of, 21.

— — Softening of, 19.

— — Thrombosis of, 19.

- Wound of, 299.

Spinal membranes, Diseases of, 17.

— — Hæmorrhage of, 17.

—— Inflammation of, 17.

— — Malformations of, (17), 13.

— New growth of, Malignant and Non-malignant, (17), 13.

— — Operations on, 318.

—— Syphilis of, (17), 7.

— — Tuberculosis of, (17), 7.

Spinal meningitis and varieties, 17.

— Meningocele, Malformations, (17), 349, 13. Spindle-celled surcoma, Tumour, 339.

Spine, Abscess of, 249.

TYPES.—The names for common use are printed in Egyptian type, and Synonyms, which are not to be employed in the registration of diseases, in *Italics*.

FIGURES.—The figures refer to the pages of the book, not to the numbers of the various headings.

Figures without parentheses indicate where the disease should be registered; figures within parentheses indicate pages where the disease is entered for the sake of elassification only, and not for registration.

SPI

Spine, Absorption of, from pressure, 249.

- Angular curvature of, 249.
- Ankylosis of, 249.
- Anterior curvature of, 249.
- Atrophy of, 249.
- Caries of, 249.
- Compound fracture of, 299.
- Curvature of, 249.
- --- Anterior, 249.
- -- Lateral, 249.
- --- Posterior, 249.
- Diseases of, 249.
- Dislocation of, from disease, 249.
- —— from injury, with or without fracture, 299.
- Fracture of, and varieties, 299.
- Fracture dislocation of, 249.
- Inflammation of, and varieties, 249.
- Lateral curvature of, 249.
- Malformations of, (251), 13.
- Necrosis of, 249.
- New growth of, Malignant and Non-Malignant, (251), 13.
- Operations on, 318.
- Parasitic disease of, (251), 13.
- Posterior curvature of, 249.
- Removal of neural arches of, Operation, 318.
- Spontaneous fracture of, 251.

Spirillum cholcræ, see Bacillus choleræ, Parasite, 397

Spirillum vel spirochæta obermeyeri, Parasite, 385

Spirits of salts, see Hydrochloric acid, Poison, 371.

Spleen, Abscess of, 161.

- Absent or small, Malformation, 357.
- Accessory, 163.
- Amyloid, see Lardaceous disease of, 161.
- Atrophy of, 161.
- Congestion of, 161.
- Cyst of, (161), 13.
- Diseases of, 161.
- Displacements of, 163:
- Embolism of, 161.
- Erosion of, 163.
- Fibrosis of, 161.
- Fixation of, Operation, 326.
- Hæmorrhage of 161.
- Hernia of, 163.

STA

Spleen, Hydatid cyst of, (163), 13.

- Infarction of, 161.
- Inflammation of capsule of, see Perisplenitis, 161.
- Inflammation of, see Splenitis, 161.
- Injuries of, (163), 13.
- Lardaceous disease of, 161.
- Leucocythæmia of, (161), 11.
- Lymphadenoma of, 163.
- Malaria of, (161), 5.
- Malformations of, (163), 13.
- New growth of, Malignant and Non-Malignant, (161), 13.
- Necrosis of, 163.
- Operations on, 326.
- Removal of, soe Splenectomy, Operation, 326.
- Results of infective, toxic, or other general conditions on, (163).
- Rupture of, 163.
- Sago, see Lardaceous disease of, 161.
- Syphilis of, (161), 7.
- Thrombosis of vessels of, 161.
- Waxy, see Lardaceous disease of, 161.
- Wandering, 163.

Splenic anæmia, chronic, (163), 11.

Splenic fever, see Anthrax, 3.

Splenitis, 161.

Spondylolisthesis, 249.

Spondylitis, see Inflammation of spine, 249.

Spondylitis deformans, 249.

Spondylotomy, see Division of spinal column, 1332.

Spontaneous fracture of bones, 243.

——— spine, 251.

Sporothrix schenckii, Parasite, 399.

Sprain of back, 297.

- —— joint, 285.
- — lower extremity, 307.
- upper extremity, 305.

Spring catarrh, 41.

Sprue, 141.

Spurious labour pains, 219.

- talipes equinus, see Flat-foot, 257.

Squamous-celled carcinoma, 341.

Squill, Poison, 379.

Squint and its varieties, 69.

Stammering, 35.

Staphylococcus pyogenes albus, Parasite. 395...

-- aureus, Parasite, 395.

Types.—The names for common use are printed in Egyptian type, and Synonyms, which are not to be employed in the registration of diseases, in *Italies*.

FIGURES.—The figures refer to the pages of the book, not to the numbers of the various headings.

Figures without parentheses indicate where the disease should be registered; figures within parentheses indicate pages where the disease is entered for the sake of classification only, and not for registration.

STA

Staphyloma of cornea, 47.

-- sclerotic, 49.

- Operation for, 320.

Staphylorrhaphy, Operation, 321.

Starvation, 277.

Status thymicus, 169.

Steel filings, Poison, 383.

Stegomyia fasciata, Parasite, 391.

Stenosis of aortic arch, Malformation, 353.

— — cardiac orifices, 95.

- General, of ureters, 181.

- of intestine, see Stricture of intestine, 145.

Sterility, 217.

Sternum, Dislocation of parts of, 297.

- Fracture of, 297.

- Fissure of, Malformation, 347.

Stiff joint, 347.

— neck, 253.

Still birth, 227.

Stinging insects, venom of, 381.

Stomach, Anthrax of, (137), 3.

- Atrophy of, 135.

- Concretions of, 135.

- Congestion of, see Hyperæmia of, 135.

- Contraction of, 137.

— Cyst of, (135), 13.

- Degenerations of, 135.

— Dilatation of, 137.

- - of orifices of, Operation, 324.

- Diseases of, 135.

- Displacement of, 137.

- Divided by constrictions, Malformation, 353.

- Effects of injuries on, (137), 13.

-- poisons on, (137), 13.

- Fistula of, 135.

- Gangrene of, 135.

- Hæmorrhage of, 135.

- Hernia of, Diaphragmatic, 137.

- Hypertrophy of, 135.

- Inflammation of, 135.

- Injuries of, (137), 13.

- Lardaceous disease of, see Degenerations, 135.

Laceration of, 137.

— Malformations of, (137), 13, 343.

- Mechanical affections of, 137.

- New growth of, Malignant and non-malignant, (135), 13.

STR

Stomach, Operations on, 324.

— Parasitic disease of, (137), 13.

- Perforation of, 137.

- Rupture of, 137.

— Spasm of, 139.

- Stricture of, 137.

— Syphilis of, (137), 7.

- Tuberculosis of, (137), 7.

- Ulceration of, and varieties, 135.

--- Perforating, 135.

- Washing out of, Operation, 324.

Stomatitis, see Inflammation of mouth, 119.

Stomatitis, Epizootic, see Foot and mouth disease, 3.

Stomoxys calcitrans, Parasite, 391.

Stone in bladder, see Calculus, 185.

Stonemason's lung, 113.

Strabismus, see Squint, 69.

— Operation for, 319.

Strain, (281).

- Effects of, on heart, 97.

— of joint, 285.

- of muscles, 285.

- of tendons, 285.

Stramonium, Poison, 379.

Strangulated hernia, Operation for, 325.

Strangulation of a part, (281).

- Suffocation from, 275.

Streptococcus pyogenes, Parasite (and see note),

Streptomycosis, see Actinomycosis, 3.

Streptothrix actinomycotica, see Streptothrix bovis communis, Parasite, 398.

- asteroides, Parasite, 399.

- bovis communis, Parasite, 398.

- Carteri, see S. maduræ, Parasite, 399.

- maduræ, Parasite, 399.

Stretching of nerve, 281.

——— Operation, 316.

Stricture of canal of cervix uteri, 209.

— — cardia of stomach, 137.

— — external os of uterus, 209.

— — Fallopian tube, 203.

— gall bladder or ducts, 157.

— — internal os of uterus, 209.

- intestines, 145.

— — œsophagus, 131.

——— Dilatation of, Operation, 323.

TYPES.—The names for common use are printed in Egyptian type, and Synonyms, which are not to be omployed in the registration of diseases, in *Italics*.

FIGURES.—The figures refer to the pages of the book, not to the numbers of the various headings.

Figures without parentheses indicate where the disease should be registered; figures within parentheses indicate pages where the disease is entered for the sake of classification only, and not for registration.

STR

Stricture of pharynx, 131.

- - puncta and canaliculi (lacrymal), 71.
- — pylorus, 137.
- -- rectum, 149.
- --- Operation for, 327.
- -- stomach, 137.
- -- trachea, 109.
- -- ureter, 181.
- — urethra, 189.
- --- Organic, 189.
- --- Traumatic, 189.
- --- Dilatation of, Operation, 328.
- --- Excision of, Operation, 328.
- -- uterus, 209.
- -- vagina, 211.

Striped muscle tumour, see under Myoma, 337.

Stroke, see Apoplexy, 27.

Strongylus bronchialis, Parasite, 388.

- duodenalis, Parasite, see Ankylostomum duodenale, 388.
- subtilis, Parasite, 388.

Strophanthus, Poison, 379.

Strychnine, Poison, 379.

Stupor, Mental, 37.

Sty, 73.

Styptics, Application of, Operation, 315.

Sub-acute rheumatism, see Rheumatic fever, 5.

Sub-astragalar dislocation, 309.

Sub-conjunctival hæmorrhage, 291.

Subcutaneous tissue, Injuries of, 285.

Subinvolution of uterus, 207.

Submammary abscess, 235.

Submersion, Suffocation from, 277.

Subretinal dropsy, see Detachment of retina, 61.

Sudamina, 273.

Sudden death after delivery, 231.

Suffocation, and its causes, 277.

- of fætus during parturition, 277.

Sulphate of indigo, Poison, 373.

Sulphonal and other hypnotic drugs, Poisons, 373.

Sulphuretted hydrogen, Poison, 383.

Sulphuric acid, Poison, 373.

Sulphurous acid, Poison, 383.

Sunstroke, 277.

Superinvolution of uterus, 207.

Superior nuclear paralysis, see Ophthalmoplegia, 25.

SUP

Superior vena cava, Left, Persistent, Malformation, 361.

Supernumerary adrenals, Malformation, 363.

- auriculo-ventricular apertures, Malformation, 363.
- bladder, Malformation, 363.
- breasts, Malformation, (237), 13.
- bronchi, Malformation, 363.
- clitoris, Malformation, 363.
- digits, Malformation, 361.
- epiglottis, Malformation, 363.
- Fallopian tube, Malformation, 363.
- kidneys or renal pelvis, Malformation, 363.
- lobes of liver, Malformation, 363.
- --- lungs, Malformation, 363.
- mammæ, Malformation, (237), 363, 13.
- nails, Malformation, 361.
- nipples, Malformation, 363.
- nymphæ, Malformation, 363.
- ovaries, Malformation, 363.
- pancreas, Malformation, 363.
- penis, Malformation, 363.
- phalanx in thumb, Malformation, 363.
- puncta lacrymalia, Malformation, 363.
- pupils, Malformation, 363.
- renal pelvis, Malformation, 363.
- ribs, Malformation, 361.
- spleen, Malformation, (163), 13, 363.
- segments of cardiac valves, Malformation, 363.
- teeth, Malformation, (125), 13, 363.
- testicle, Malformation, 363.
- thyroid, Malformation, 363.
- ureters, Malformation, 363.
- 4200015, 120010111101011, 000.
- uterus and vagina, Malformation, 363.
- valves of heart, Malformation, 363.
- vertebræ, Malformation, 361.

Suppression of teeth, total or partial, (125), 13.

- — menstruation, 215.
- — urine and varieties, 187.

Suppurating hydatid cyst of liver, (151), 13.

Suppuration, (Appendix 401).

- of alveoli, 123.
- — adrenals, 175.
- — bladder, 183.
- -- dental periosteum, 123.
- ——— pulp, 121.
- — Fallopian tube, 203.

Types.—The names for common use are printed in Egyptian type, and Synonyms, which are not to be employed in the registration of diseases, in *Italics*.

FIGURES.—The figures refer to the pages of the book, not to the numbers of the various headings.

Figures without parentheses indicate where the disease should be registered; figures within parentheses indicate pages where the disease is entered for the sake of classification only, and not for registration.

SUP

Suppuration of gums, 123.

- — hernial sac, 145.
- - lymphatic glands, 163.
- ——— vessels, 165.
- -- mammary gland and varieties, 235.
- — pancreas, 149.
- — salivary glands, 131.
- — thymus, 169.
- - thyroid gland, 171.

Suppurative inflammation of heart, 95.

- ———liver, 151.
- ——— nose, 87.
- ketratitis, 45.
- laryngitis, 105.
- meningitis, 21.
- nephritis, disseminated, 177.
- pericarditis, 93.
- peritonitis, 157.
- phlebitis, 101.
- tonsilitis, 129.

Suprarenals, see Adrenals, 175.

Suprapubic puncture of bladder, Operation, 327.

Supra-thyroid laryngotomy, Operation, 322.

Supra-vaginal hysterectomy, see under Removal of uterus, Operation, 329.

- amputation of cervix, seo Removal of whole cervix uteri, Operation, 330.

SURGICAL OPERATIONS, 313.

Suture of artery, Operation, 315.

- - bladder, Operation, 327.
- - cardiac wall, Operation, 324.
- -- liver, Operation, 325.
- - intestine, Operation, 325.
- -- ruptured perineum, Operation, 333.
- -- urethra, Operation, 328.
- -- spleen, Operation, 326.

Sweat-coils and ducts, Diseases of, 273.

Swollen disc, see Papillitis, 57.

Sycosis and varieties, 275.

Symblepharon, 73.

- Operation for, 319.

Symmetrical gangrene, see Raynaud's disease, (261),

Symmetrical osteoma or exostosis, (125), 13.

Sympathetic iritis, 49.

— irritation of eye, 67.

Sympathetic ophthalmitis, see Sympathetic iritis, 49.

SYP

Symphysiotomy, Operation, 332.

Symphysis pubis, Separation of, 303.

Syncytioma, see Deciduoma malignam, (221), 341, 13.

Synechia, 51.

- Operation for, 320.

Synchysis scintillans, 63.

Syncope, 97.

Synostosis of joint, 247.

Synostosis of spine, see Ankylosis of spine, 249.

Synovial membrane, Pulpy degeneration of, see

Tuberculous synovitis, (245), 7. Synovitis, Acute, 245.

- Chronic, 245.
- Infective, 245.
- Pyæmic, 245.
- Tuberculous, (245), 7.
- Villous, 245.

Syphilis, 7.

- of adrenals, (175), 7.
- alveoli, (125), 7.
- - areola, (233), 7.
- —— arteries, (99), 7.
- -- bones, (243), 7.
- brain, (25), 7.
- choroid, (53), 7.
- Congenital, see Inherited, 7.
- of conjunctiva, (43), 7.
- cranial nerves, (27), 7.
- external ear, (81), 7.
- eyelids, (75), 7.
- fauces, (129), 7.
- — female breast, (235), 7.
- -- gums, (125), 7.
- —— heart, (97), 7.
- - kidney, (179), 7.
- Inherited, 7.
- of internal ear, (85), 7.
- intestines, (141), 7.
- — joints (245), 7.
- -- larynx, (107), 7.
- -- lips, (117), 7.
- —— liver, (153), 7.
- — lymphatic glands, (165), 7.
- — mammary gland, (235),
- —— mastoid cells (87), 7.
- middle ear, (83), 7.
- -- mouth, (119), 7.

TYPES.—The names for common use are printed in Egyptian type, and Synonyms, which are not to be omployed in the registration of diseases, in *Italics*.

FIGURES.—The figures refer to the pages of the book, not to the numbers of the various headings.

Figures without parentheses indicate where the disease should be registered; figures within parentheses indicate pages where the disease is entered for the sake of classification only, and not for registration.

SYP

Syphilis of muscles, (253), 7.

- —— nasopharynx, (91), 7.
- -- nerves, (17), 7.
- -- nipple, (233), 7.
- mose, (89), 13.
- —— esophagus, (133), 7.
- -- orbit, (77), 7.
- -- palate, (129), 7.
- -- penis, (195), 7.
- —— pharynx, (133), 7.
- —— pleura, (115), 7.
- —— prepuce, (193), 7.
- primary, 7.
- of rectum, (147), 7.
- -- sclerotic, (49), 7.
- —— scrotum, (197), 7.
- secondary, 7.
- of skin, (267), 7.
- —— spermatic cord, (197), 7.
- -- spinal membranes, (17), 7.
- -- spleen, (161), 7.
- —— stomach, (137), 7.
- —— teeth, (125), 7.
- tertiary, see note p. 7.
- of testicle, (201), 7.
- —— thymus, (169), 7.
- - thyroid gland, (171), 7.
- tongue, (127), 7.
- trachea, (109), 7.
- tympanum, (83), 7.
- —— uterus, (207), 7.
- vagina, (211), 7.
- vulva, (215), 7.

Syphilitic endarteritis, (99), 7.

- gumma of connective tissue, (259), 7.
- iritis, (49), 7.
- meningitis, (17), 7.
- teeth, (125), 7.

Syringomyelia, 21.

Syringomyelocele, see Hydromyelocele, Malformation, 349.

Tabes dorsalis, see Degeneration of posterior columns of spinal cord, 19.

TEE

Tachycardia, paroxysmal, see under Disordered action of heart, 97.

Tænia Parasite; the species are given on pp. 386, 387.

Talipes, see Clubfoot, 257.

Talipes, Malformation, 367.

- calcaneus, 257.
- calcaneovalgus, 257.
- cavus, 257.
- equinovalgas, 257.
- equinovaras, 257.
- valgus, 257.
- varus, 257.

Tansy, Poison, 379.

Tapeworms, Parasites, 384, 386.

Tapping the abdomen, Operation, 324.

- or aspiration of cysts, Operation, 313.
- ---- in thyroid body, Operation, 323.
- ----joints, Operation, 317.
- of urinary bladder, Operation, 327.

Tarsal bones, Dislocation of, 311.

- cyst, see chalazion, (75), 13.

Tarsus, Fracture of, 309.

Tartaric acid, Poison, 373.

Taste, Loss or perversion of sense of, 129.

Tattooing cornea, Operation, 320.

Teeth, Abnormal form of, 125.

- Deficient or imperfectly formed, Malformation, 353.
- Diseases of, 121.
- Extraction of, Operation, 321.
- Filling, Operation, 321.
- Fracture of, see under Injuries of teeth, (127), 291, 13.
- Fusion of, 125.
- Honeycombed, 125.
- Hypoplastic, 125.
- Infraction of, 125.
- Injuries of, (127), 291, 13.
- Malformations, (125), 13, 353, 363.
- Malposition of, 125.
- mercurial, (125), 9.
- Operations on, 321.
- Retention of the deciduous, 125.
- Stopping, see Filling, Operation, 321.
- Supernumerary, (125), 13, 363.
- Suppression of, (125), 13.
- Syphilitic, (125), 7.

TYPES.—The names for common use are printed in Egyptian type, and Synonyms, which are not to be employed in the registration of diseases, in *Italics*.

FIGURES.—The figures refer to the pages of the book, not to the numbers of the various headings.

Figures without parentheses indicate where the disease should be registered; figures within parentheses indicate pages where the disease is entered for the sake of classification only, and not for registration.

TEE

Teething, see Disorders of dentition, 121.

Teleangiectasis, see Dilatation of capillaries, 103.

Tendons, Adhesions of, 255.

- Contraction of, 255.
- Diseases of, 255.
- displacement of, 255, 285.
- Gangrene of, 255,
- Grafting, Operation, 317.
- Inflammation of, 255.
- Injuries of, (255), 13, 285.
- Laceration of, 285.
- Lengthening or shortening of, Operation, 317.
- New growth of, Malignant or Non-malignant, (255), 13.
- Operations on, 317.
- Rupture of, 255, 285.
- and their sheaths, Injuries of, 285.
- Strain of, 285.
- Union of divided, Operation, 317.
- ———— tendon of paralysed muscle with healthy muscle or tendon, Operation, 317.
- Wound of, 285.

Teno-synovitis, see Inflammation of sheaths of tendons, 255.

Tenotomy, Operation, 317.

Teratoma and varieties, 343.

Tertian malaria, 5.

Tertiary syphilis, see Note p. 7.

Testicle absent, Malformation, 355.

- Abscess of, 199.
- Atrophy of, 199.
- Contusion of, 303.
- --- with formation of hæmatocele, 303.
- Cyst of, (199), 13.
- diminutive, Malformation, 355
- Diseases of, 199.
- Fungus of, see Hernia of, 199.
- Gangrene of, 199.
- Hernia of, 199.
- Inflammation of, 199.
- Injuries of, (201), 13.
- Inversion of, (201), 13, 357.
- Malformations of, (201), 13.
- Malposition of, (201), 13.
- Neuralgia of, (201), 33.
- New growth of, Malignant and Non-malignant, (199), 13.

THR

Testicle, Removal of, Operation, 329.

- Syphilis of, (201), 7.
- Torsion of, 201.
- Tuberculosis of, (201), 7
- undescended or in abnormal position, Malformation, 367.
- Undescended or displaced, Operation, 328.
- Wound of, 301.

Tetanilla, see Tetany, 31.

Tetanus, 7.

— consequent on parturition, 231.

Tetany, 31.

Thecal abscess, 255.

Thickening, contraction, or retraction of valves of heart, 95.

Thickening of pleura, see Adhesions of pleura, 115. Thomsen's disease, see Myotonia congenita, 29.

Thoracic duct, diseases of, see under Diseases of lymphatic vessels, 165.

- — absent, Malformation, 353.
- — Wound of, 283.

Thoracic wall, fissure of, Malformation, 349.

— — Removal of portion of, for closure of empyemic cavity, Operation, 324.

Thoracoplasty, Operation, 324.

Thorax, Operations on, 324.

- Injuries of, see Injuries of chest, 295.

Thorn apple, Poison, 379.

Thornheaded worms, Parasites, 384, 389.

Threadworm, see Oxyuris vermicularis, Parasite,

Throat, Cut, see Wound of neck, 295.

- Sore, 129.

Thrombosis and embolism (Appendix, 401).

Thrombosis or Embolism, Sudden death from, after delivery, 231.

Thrombosis of arteries, 101.

- — intestine, 141.
- - kidney, 179.
- -- splenic vessels, 161.
- — spinal cord, 19.
- veins, 103.
- vein, portal, (155).
- veins, uterine, (205), 103.

Thrombus of heart, 97.

— - vulva, see Hæmatoma of vulva, 213.

Thrush, (119), (233), 13, 398.

Types.—The names for common use are printed in Egyptian type, and Synonyms, which are not to be employed in the registration of diseases, in *Italies*.

FIGURES.—The figures refer to the pages of the book, not to the numbers of the various headings.

Figures without parentheses indicate where the disease should be registored; figures within parentheses indicate pages where the disease is entered for the sake of elassification only, and not for registration.

THU

Thumb, Dislocation of phalanges of, 307.

Thymus, Absence of, 169.

- Atrophy of, 169.
- Cyst of, (169), 13.
- Diseases of, 169.
- Fatty degeneration of, 169.
- Fibrosis of, 169.
- Hæmorrhage of, 169.
- Hypertrophy of, 169.
- Inflammation of, 169.
- New growth of, Malignant and Non-malignant, (169), 13.
- Persistence of, 169.
- Suppuration of, 169.
- Syphilis of, (169), 7.
- Tuberculosis of, (169), 7.

Thyroglossal duct, persistent, Malformation, 361.

Thyroid absent or small, Malformation, 357.

Thyroid extract, Poison, 381.

Thyroid gland, Atrophy of, 171.

- Cyst of, (171), 13.
- —— Diseases of, 171.
- Division of isthmus of, Operation, 323.
- -- Enucleation of cysts or adenomata of, Operation, 323.
- - Gangrene of, 171.
- Goitre of, and varieties, 171.
- ---- Exophthalmic, (171), 11.
- -- Hæmorrhage of, 171.
- Inflammation of, and varieties, 171.
- —— Injuries, (173), 13.
- — Lardaceous disease of, 171.
- -- Myxædema of, (171), 11.
- —— New growth of, Malignant and Non-malignant, (171), 13.
- Operations on, 323.
- Parasitic disease of, (173), 13.
- — Removal of growths from, Operation, 323.
- -- Suppuration of, 171.
- — Syphilis of, (171), 7.
- -- Tapping of cysts of, 323.
- Tuberculosis of, (171), 7.

Thyroidism, 173.

Thyrolingual cyst, Tumour, 345.

Thyrotomy, Operation, 323.

Tibia, Dislocation of, 309.

- Fracture of, 309.

TON

Tibia and fibula, Fracture of, 309.

Tic douloureux, 33.

Tinea barbæ, (275), 271.

- circinata, 271.
- cruris, 271.
- favosa, 271.
- imbricata, 271.

Tinea tarsi, see Blepharitis, 73.

Tinea tonsurans, 271.

- tricophytina, 271.
- unguium, 271.
- versicolor, 271.

Tinnitus, 85.

Tobacco, Poison, 379.

Tobacco poisoning, 9.

Toes, Deformities of, 257.

Toes, Malformations of, see under Digits, Malformations of, 359, 361.

Tokelan ringworm, see Tinea imbricata, 271.

Tongue, Abscess of, 127.

- Anæsthesia of, (129), 31.
- Atrophy of, 127.
- Black, 127.
- Cyst of, (127), 13.
- Diseases of, 127.
- Division of frænum of, Operation, 320.
- Dry, see Dry mouth, 131.
- Fissure of, Malformation, 347.
- Hyperæsthesia of, (127), 31.
- Inflammation of, and varieties, 127.
- Leprosy of, (127), 5.
- Malformations of, (127), 13.
- Neuralgia of, (129), 33.
- New growth of, Malignant and Non-malignant (127), 13.
- Paralysis, (127), 27.
- Removal of, Operation, 321.
- Spasm of, (127), 29.
- Syphilis of, (127), 7.

Tongue-tie, Malformation, (127), 13. 353.

Tongue, Tuberculosis of, (127), 7.

- Ulceration of, 127.
- Wandering rash of, 127.

Tonsil, Enlargement of lingual, 127.

Tonsillitis, see Inflammation of tonsils, 129.

Tonsillitis, Follicular, 129.

- Suppurative, 129.

Types.—The names for common use are printed in Egyptian type, and Synonyms, which are not to be employed in the registration of diseases, in *Italics*.

FIGURES.—The figures refer to the pages of the book, not to the numbers of the various headings.

Figures without parentheses indicate where the disease should be registered; figures within parentheses indicate pages where the disease is entered for the sake of elassifleation only, and not for registration.

TON

Tonsils, Enlarged, see Hypertrophy of, 129.

- Diphtheria of, (129), 3.
- Hypertrophy of, 129.
- Inflammation of, 129.
- New growth of, Malignant and Non-malignant, (129), 13.
- Removal of, Operation, 321.
- Suppuration of, 129.
- Syphilis of, (129), 7.
- Tuberculosis of, (129), 7.

Toothache, 127.

Tophus, see Gouty deposit in auricle, (81), 11.

Torsion of artery for hæmorrhage, Operation, 315.

Torsion of penis, (195), 13.

- of spermatic cord, Operation for, 328.
- of testicle, 201.

Torticollis, 29.

- Permanent, 29.
- Spasmodic, 29.

Tortuosity of arteries, 99.

Trachea absent or imperfect, Malformation, 353.

- and bronchi, Diseases of, 109.
- ——— Diphtheria of, (109), 3.
- ———Foreign bodies in, (109), 13, 297.
- ——— Inflammation of, see Tracheitis and bronchitis, 109.
- -- Injuries of, (109), 13.
- ——— Malformations of, (109), 13, 353.
- ——— Necrosis of cartilages of, 109.
- — New growth of, Malignant and Non-malignant, (109), 13.
- — Ossification and calcification of cartilages of, 109.
- -- Parasitic disease of, (109), 13.
- ——— Rupture of, 295, 297.
- --- Stricture of, 109.
- --- Syphilis of, (109), 7.
- ——— Tuberculosis of, (109) 7.
- -- Ulceration of, 109.

Tracheitis, 109.

- Catarrhal, 109.
- Plastic, 109.

Tracheotomy, Operation, 322.

Trachoma, see Granular conjunctivitis, 41.

— Operation for, 319

Trance, 33.

Transfusion into veins, Operation, 314.

TUB

Transitional-celled carcinoma, Tumour, 341.

Transposition of viscera, Malformation, 367.

Transthoracic incision, Operation, 324.

Transverse myelitis, 17.

Traumatic abscess of liver, 151.

- aneurysm, 101.
- cataract, 63.
- iritis, (49), 13.
- meningeal hæmorrhage and varieties, 289.
- Neurasthenia, 35.

Trematoda, Parasites, 384, 385.

Tremor, 29, (253).

- Mercurial, (33), 9.
- Senile, 29.

Tremulous iris, 51.

Trephining or removing portions of skull, Operation, 318.

Trichiasis, 73.

- Operation for, 319.

Trichina spiralis, Parasite, 388.

Trichinosis, (253), 13.

Trichocephalis dispar, Parasite, 388.

Trichomonas intestinalis, Parasite, 385.

- vaginalis, Parasite, 385.

Trichophyton megalosporon ectothrix, Parasite, 339.

— — endothrix, Parasite, 399.

Trichorrhexis nodosa, 275.

Tricuspid valve, Disease of, 93.

Trigeminal neuralgia, 33.

Trigger-finger, 257.

Trinitrin, see Nitroglycerin, Poison, 373.

Triple malformations, 367.

- phosphate calculus, 185.

Tropical abscess of liver, 151.

- phagedæna, 263.

— tertian, see æstivo-autumnal malaria, 5.

Trunk absent, Malformation, 359.

Trypanosoma Gambiense, Parasite, 385.

- Ugandense, Parasite, 385.

Trypanosomiasis of skin, (273), 13.

Tsetse fly, Parasite, 391.

Tubercle bacillus see Bacillus tuberculosis,

Parasite, 398.

Tuberculosis, 7.

— of adrenals, (175), 7.

- arteries, (99), 7.

Types.—The names for common use are printed in Egyptian type, and Synonyms, which are not to be employed in the registration of diseases, in Italies.

FIGURES.-The figures refer to the pages of the book, not to the numbers of the various headings. Figures without parontheses indicate where the disease should be registered; figures within parentheses indicate pages where the disease is entered for the sake of classification only, and not for registration.

TUB Tuberculosis of bladder, (183), 7. -- bones, (243), 7. —— brain, (25), 7. -- bronchi, (109), 7. -- choroid, (53), 7. —— conjunctiva, (43), 7. -- cornea (47), 7. — Fallopian tube, (203), 7. —— fauces, (129), 7. -- gums, (125), 7. -- intestines, (141), 7. - kidney, (179), 7. — joints, (245), 7. -- larynx, (107), 7. —— liver, (113), 7. —— lung, (113), 7. -- lymphatic glands, (165), 7. ——— vessels, (167), 7. — — mammary gland, (285), 7. -- mesenteric glands, see under Lymphatic glands, (165), 7. —— middle ear, (83), 7. —— mouth, (119), 7. —— nasopharynx, (91), 7. —— nerves, (15), 11. -- nose, (89), 7. -- esophagus, (133), 7. -- ovary, (201), 7. -- pancreas, (151), 7. — — pericardium, (97), 7. -- peritoneum, (157), 7. -- pharynx, (133), 7. -- pleura, (115), 7. -- prepuce, (193), 7. — prostate gland, (191), 7. -- rectum, (147), 7. -- sclerotic, (49), 7. -- skin, (267), 7. — — spermatic cord, (197), 7. -- spinal membranes, (17), 7. - - spleen, (161), 7. — - stomach, (137), 7.

—— testicles, (201), 7.

— — tongue, (127), 7.

-- thymus, (169), 7.

-- thyroid gland, (171), 7.

-- trachea and bronchi, (109), 7.

TYP

Tuberculosis of ureters, (181), 7.

-- urethra, (189), 7.

-- uterus, (207), 7.

-- vagina, (211), 7.

-- vesiculæ seminales, (191), 7.

— vulva, (213), 7.

Tuberculous abscess of breast, (235), 7.

- inflammation of spine, (249), 7.

- meningitis, (17), (21), 7.

- peritonitis, (157), 5.

Tubo-ovarian cyst, (203), 13.

Tumours (Appendix 401).

TUMOURS, CLASSIFICATION OF, 335.

Tumours of various organs, see under New growths Malignant, New growths Non-malignant, and cysts.

— ureter, (181), 13.

- Operations on, 313.

- Removal of (by various means), 313.

- Destruction of (by various means), 313.

Tumour, Intracranial, excision of, Operation, 318.

- Intraspinal, excision of, Operation, 318.

- Vascular, of meatus urinarius, (213), 13.

Tunica vaginalis, Diseases of, 199.

-- Hæmatocele of, 199.

- Hydrocele of, 199.

---- chylous, 199.

---- congenital, (199), 13.

———— encysted, 199.

---- infantile, 199.

— — Inflammation of, 199.

— Loose bodies in, 199.

Turbinated bones, Removal of, Operation, 321.

---- hypertrophic mucous membrane from, Operation, 321.

Turning, see Version, Operation, 331.

Turpentine, Poison, 379.

Tylosis, see Chronic inflammation of tongue, 127.

Tympanic membrane, see under Membrana tympani, 83.

Tympanites, 145.

Tympanum, Diseases of, see under Diseases of middle ear, 83.

- Foreign bodies in, 293.

Inflation of, Operation, 322.

Typhoid fever, see Enteric fever, (141), 7.

Types.—The names for common use are printed in Egyptian type, and Synonyms, which are not to be employed in the registration of diseases, in *Italies*.

FIGURES.—The figures refer to the pages of the book, not to the numbers of the various headings.

Figures without parentheses indicate where the disease should be registered; figures within parentheses indicate pages where the disease is entered for the sake of classification only, and not for registration.

TYP

Typhus, 7.

Tyroglyphus Mericourti, Parasite, 392.

Ulcer, Duodenal, 139.

- Jejunal, following gastro-enterostomy, 139.
- Peptic, see Perforating ulcer of stomach, 135.
- of penis, 193.
- — rectum, Operation for, 327.
- Round, see Perforating ulcer of stomach, 135.
- of urethra, male, 189.
- -- uterus, 207.
- vulva, 213.

Ulceration, (Appendix 401)

- of anus, 147.
- —— bladder, 183.
- — cornea and varieties, 139.
- —— fauces, 129.
- gall-bladder or ducts, 155.
- gums, 123.
- —— intestines and varieties, 139.
- -- larynx, 107.
- —— lips, 117.
- -- mouth, 119.
- -- nipple, 233.
- —— palate 129.
- -- pharynx and œsophagus, 131.
- —— rectum, 147.
- -- stomach and varieties, 135.
- —— tongue, 127.
- — trachea, 109.
- -- valves of heart, 93.

Ulcerative endocarditis, see Infective endocarditis, (93), 3.

- keratitis, see Ulceration of cornea, 45.

Ulcrythema, see Lupus erythematosus, 267.

Ulna, Dislocation of, 305.

- Fracture of, 305.

Umbilical cord, Malformations of, 359.

— hernia, 143.

Union of healthy muscle or tendon with tendon of paralysed muscle, Operation, 317.

Uniting divided nerve, Operation, 315.

- — tendon, Operation, 317.
- separate nerve trunks, Operation, 316.

URE

Un-united fracture of bone, and varieties, 243.

--- Operation for, 316.

Upas antiar, Poison, 466.

- tieuté, Poison, 466.

Upper extremity, avulsion of whole or part of, 307.

- — Contusion of, 305.
- — Dislocations of, 305, 307.
- — Fracture of, 305, 307.
- ---- greenstick, 305.
- — Gunshot wound of, 307.
- Injuries of, 305.
- — Separation of epiphyses of, 305.
- —— Sprain of, 305.
- Wound of, 305.
- --- joint of, 305.

Urachal cyst, 345.

Urachus persistent, Malformation, 361.

Uræmic convulsions, 31.

Uranium, Poison, 371.

Uranoplasty, Operation, 321.

Urari, Poison, see Curare, 375.

Urates, Calculus of, 185.

Urates, Excess of, or deposits of, in urine, see

Lithuria, 187.

Ureter, Calculus in, 181.

- Catheterisation of, Operation, 326.
- Compression of, 181.
- Diseases of, 181.
- Diversion of, Operation, 326.
- Fistula of, 181.
- Foreign bodies in, 181.
- General stenosis, 181.
- Injuries of, (181), 13.
- Malformations of, (181), 13.
- Parasitic disease of, (181), 13.
- Prolapse of lower end of, 181.
- Operations on, 326.
- Stricture of, 181.
- Supernumerary, Malformation, 363.
- Tuberculosis of, (181), 7.
- Tumours of, (181), 13.

Ureteritis and periureteritis, 181.

Uretero-lithotomy, Operation, 326.

Ureteroplasty, Operation, 326.

Ureterotomy, Operation, 326.

Ureters absent or impervious, Malformation, 355.

Urethra, Male, Abscess of, 189.

Types.—The names for common use are printed in Egyptian type, and Synonyms, which are not to be employed in the registration of diseases, in *Italics*.

FIGURES.—The figures refer to the pages of the book, not to the numbers of the various headings.

Figures without parentheses indicate pages where the disease should be registered; figures within parentheses indicate pages where the disease is entered for the sake of classification only, and not for registration.

URE

Urethra, Male, Calculus impacted in, 189.

- -- Congenital atresia of, (191), 13.
- Diseases of, 189.
- -- Foreign bodies in, (189), 13, 303.
- — Gleet of, 189.
- -- Hæmorrhage of, 189.
- Hypospadias of, (191), 13.
- — Injuries to, (191), 13.
- -- Laceration of, 303.
- —— Malformations of, (189), 13, 349, 355.
- -- Narrowed or closed, Malformation, 355.
- —— New growth of, Malignant or Non-malignant, (191), 13.
- -- Operations on, 328.
- -- Rupture or laceration of, 303.
- -- ruptured, Suture of, Operation, 328.
- -- Stricture of, 189.
- --- Operations for, 328.
- --- Organic, 189.
- ---- Traumatic, 189.
- Tuberculosis of, (189), 7.
- -- Ulcer of, 189.
- -- Wound of, 301.
- Female, Dilatation of, Operation, 328.
- — Foreign bodies in, 303.

Urethral calculi, Removal of, Operation, 328.

Urethral caruncle, see Vascular tumour of the meatus urinarius, 213.

Urethral caruncle, Removal of, Operation, 331.

- fever, 189.
- fistula, 189.

Urethritis 189.

Urethrotomy, External, Operation, 328.

— Internal, Operation, 328.

Urethroscopy, Operation, 328.

Uric acid calculus, 185.

Uric acid, execss of, or deposits of, in urine, see Lithuria. 187.

Uric oxide calculus, see Xanthin calculus, 185.

Urinary bladder, Diseases of, see under Diseases of bladder, 183.

- disorders, 187.
- fistula (into uterus or vagina), Repair of, Operation, 331.

URINARY SYSTEM, DISEASES OF, 177.

Urinary system, Malformations of, (181), (185), 355, 13.

UTE

Urine, Extravasation of, 189.

- Incontinence of, 187.
- Retention of 187.
- Suppression of, 187.

Urticaria and varieties, 261.

- edematosa, 261.
- papulosa, 261.
- pigmentosa, 261.

Uteri cervix, Dilatation of, Operation, 332.

- —— Division of, Operation, 330.
- — Ectropium of, 211.
- -- Elongation of, 207.
- Inflammation of, and varieties, 205, 207.
- -- Laceration of, 211.
- -- New growth of, as obstacle to parturition, 223.
- -- Plugging of, Operation, 333.
- -- Repair of, Operation, 330.
- —— Sloughing of, consequent on parturition, 229.

Uteri os, Occlusion of, 209.

Uteri os, occlusion of, as obstacle to parturition, 223.

- -- Rigidity of, as obstacle to parturition, 223.
- — Stricture of, 209.

Uterine appendages, Removal of, Operation, 329.

Uterine hamorrhage, see Metrorrhagia, 217.

Uterine ligaments, Abscess of, and varieties, 205..

- Cyst of, 205.
- -- Diseases of, 205.
- — Hæmatocele of, and varieties, 205.
- —— New growth of, (205), 13.
- — Varix of (205), 103.

Uterine veins, thrombosis of, (205), 103.

Utero-intestinal fistula, 209.

Utero-vesical fistula, (183), 209.

Uterus, Abscess of, 207.

- absent, Malformation, 357.
- Anteflexion of, 209.
- Anteversion of, 209.
- ——— Extreme, as obstacle to parturition, 225...
- Atony of, during parturition, 223.
- -- causing retention of placenta, 227.
- Atrophy of, 207.
- ——— Senile, 207.
- bicornis, unicollis, Malformation, 357.
- - duplex, Malformation, 357.
- Curetting of, Operation, 330.
- Discharge of watery fluid from pregnant, 219.

Types.—The names for common use are printed in Egyptian type, and Synonyms, which are not to be employed in the registration of diseases, in *Italics*.

FIGURES.—The figures refer to the pages of the book, not to the numbers of the various headings. Figures without parentheses indicate where the disease should be registered; figures within parentheses indicate pages where the disease is entered for the sake of classification only, and not for registration.

TTE Uterus, Diseases of, 205. — Displacement of, 209. -- pregnant, 219. - Distension of, and varieties, 209. —— — with bloody fluid, 209. --- mucous or watery fluid, 209. — — — purulent fluid, 209. - Distortions of, 209. - Elongation of cervix of, 207. - Ectropium of cervix of, 211, - Erosion, see Granular inflammation of cervix, 207. - Evacuation of, Operation, 333. - Fibroid tumour or fibromyoma of, (207), (221), 13, 337. — Fistula of, 209. -- utero-vesical, 209. - - utero-intestinal, 209. — — — cervico-vesical, 209. - Gangrene of, 207. — Gonorrhæa of, (207), 5. — Granular inflammation of cervix of, 207. — Hæmorrhage from, 207. -- pregnant, 219. - - - during parturition, and varieties, 225. ---- accidental, from detachment of placenta, 225. ———— from ruptured hæmatoma of vagina or vulva, 225. ---- unavoidable, from placenta præira, 225. — hernia of, 209. - hour-glass contraction of, causing retention of placenta, 227. - Hydrorrhwa of pregnant, see Discharge of watery fluid from, 219. Hyperplasia of, 207. Hypertrophy of, 207. - Hysteralgia of pregnant, see Neuralgia of, 219. — Inflammation of, and varieties, 205. ——— catarrhal, 205. -- granular (of cervix), 207. - Injuries of pregnant, 303. — Inversion of, 209. --- during parturition, (227). - inverted, replacement of, Operation, 330, 333.

- Laceration or rupture of, 211.

UTE

Uterus, Laceration or Rupture of body of, 211.
————— cervix of, 211.
from parturition, 225.
- Male, Malformation, 361.
— Malformations of, (211), 13, 357, 363.
- Mechanical obstacles to action of, during
parturition, 223.
from cicatrix or band of
vagina, 223.
cyst of vagina, 223.
extreme anteversion, 225.
excessive size, or from
morbid conditions, or malpositions of fœtus, 225.
malposition of cervix uteri,
223.
new growth of cervix uteri,
223.
vagina, 223.
occlusion of os uteri, 223.
pelvis deformed, contracted,
or fractured, 225.
plural births, 225.
prolapse of bladder, 223.
rectum being distended, 225.
rigidity of os uteri, 223.
perineum, 223.
vagina, 223. stone in bladder, 225.
tumours of pelvis or pelvic
organs, 225.
external parts, 225.
unusual shortness of funis,
225.
branes, 225.
- New growth of, Malignant or Non-malignant,
(207), 13.
- Occlusion of canal of, 209.
——— external os of, 209.
——— internal os of, 209.
— Operations on, see pp. 329-333.
- Parasitic disease of, (211), 13.
- Plugging of, Operation, 329. - Polymus of see under New growth Non-malig-

nant of, (207), 13.

Types.—The names for common use are printed in Egyptian type, and Synonyms, which are not to be employed in the registration of diseases, in *Italics*.

FIGURES.—The figures refer to the pages of the book, and not to the numbers of the various headings.

Figures without parentheses indicate where the disease should be registered; figures within parentheses indicate pages where the disease is entered for the sake of classification only, and not for registration.

UTE

Uterus, Polypus of, Removal of, Operation, 330.

- Pregnant, Discharge of watery fluid from, 219.
- —— Displacements of, (219), 209.
- -- Hæmorrhage from, and varieties, 225.
- - Hydrorrhæa of, see Discharge of watery fluid from, 219.
- -- Hysteralgia of, see Neuralgia of, 219.
- -- Injuries of, 303.
- -- Menstruation from, 219.
- — Neuralgia from, 219.
- Over-distension of, in parturition, 223.
- --- from excess of liquor amnii, 223.
- ——— from multiple gestation, 223.
- Prolapse of, see Displacements of, (219), 209.
- -- Retroversion of, see Displacements of, (219), 209.
- -- Spurious pains and cramp of, 219.
- Prolapse of, 209.
- Procidentia of, 209.
- Removal of, Operation, 329, 330.
- -- of whole, Operation, 329, 330.
- -- of whole cervix of, Operation, 330.
- Removal of myoma from, Operation, 329.
- Replacement of inverted, Operation, 330, 333.
- Retroflexion of, 209.
- Retroversion of, 209.
- Rupture or laceration of, 211.
- ---- during parturition, 225.
- septus, Malformation, 357.
- Sloughing of cervix of, after parturition, 229.
- Small or absent, Malformation, 357.
- Stricture of canal of, 209.
- --- external os of, 209.
- -- internal os of, 209.
- Subinvolution of, 207.
- Superinvolution of, 207.
- Syphilis of, (207), 7.
- Tuberculosis of, (207), 7.
- Ulcer of, 207.
- Unicornis, Malformation, 357.
- Vaginal fixation of, Operation, 330.
- Ventral fixation of, Operation, 329.

Vaccination, Operation, 316.

- Record of, in cases of small-pox, see Note, p. 7.

VAG

Vagina, Abscess of, 211.

- Absent, Malformation, 357.
- Atresia of, see Occlusion of, 211.
- Atrophy of, 211.
- Canalisation of imperforate, Operation, 330.
- Catarrhal inflammation of, 211, (219).
- Cicatrix or band of, 211.
- ---- as obstacle to parturition, 223.
- Constricted or imperforate, Malformation, 357.
- Cyst of, (211), 13.
- Dilatation of, Operation, 330, 333.
- Diseases of, 211.
- Fistula of, 211.
- ——— Recto-vaginal, (213), 147.
- — Uretero-vaginal, 213.
- --- Urethro-vaginal, 211.
- —— Vaginal, 213.
- ——— Vesico-vaginal, 211.
- Foreign bodies in, 303, 13.
- Gonorrhæa of, (211), 5.
- Inflammation of, 211.
- Injuries of, (213), 13.
- Laceration of, (213), 13.
- ——— during parturition, 225.
- Malformations of, (213), 13, 357, 363.
- New growth of, Malignant and Non-malignant (211), 13.
- ---- Removal of, Operation, 330
- Narrowness of, as obstacle to parturition, 223.
- Narrowing of, Operation, 330.
- Occlusion of, 211.
- Operations by, 330.
- Operations on, 330, 331, 333.
- Plugging of, Operation, 331, 333.
- Prolapse of, 211.
- ——— anterior wall of, 211.
- ——— posterior wall of, 211.
- ————— with rectocele, 211.
- Rigidity of, as obstacle to parturition, 223.
- Removal of new growth from, Operation, 330.
- Removal of septum of double, Operation, 330.
- Rupture of, during parturition, 225.
- Sloughing of, consequent on parturition, 229.
- Stricture of, 211.
- Supernumerary, Malformation, 211
- Syphilis of, (211), 7.
- Tuberculosis of, (211), 7.

Types.—The names for common use are printed in Egyptian type, and Synonyms, which are not to be employed in the registration of diseases, in *Italics*.

FIGURES.—The figures refer to the pages of the book, not to the numbers of the various headings, Figures without parentheses indicate where the disease should be registered; figures within parentheses indicate pages where the disease is entered for the sake of classification only, and not for registration.

VAG

Vagina, Wound of, 303.

Vaginal cyst, as obstacle to parturition, 223.

- fistula, 213.
- fixation of uterus, Operation, 330.
- prolapse, and varieties, 211.

Vaginal hysterectomy, see Removal of whole uterus by vagina, 330.

Vaginismus, 217.

Valves of heart, Aneurysm of, 95.

- -- Atheroma of, 95.
- ——— Dilatation or stenosis of orifices of, 95.
- -- Imperfect, Malformation, 353.
- ——— Laceration or rupture of, or of chordæ, 95.
- ——— Malformations, (95), 13, 353, 363.
- ——— Aortic orifice obstructed or imperfect, Malformation, 351.
- ——— pulmonary orifice obstructed or imperfect, Malformation, 351.
- —— right auriculo-ventricular orifice obstructed or imperfect, Malformation, 351.
- ——— left auriculo-ventricular orifice obstructed or imperfect, Malformation, 351.
- --- Supernumerary segments of, Malformation, 351.
- ——— Obstructive disease of, note, p. 95.
- --- Regurgitant disease of, note, p. 95.
- -- Thickening, contraction, or retraction of,95.
- ——— Ulceration of, 93.
- -- Vegetations of, 93.

Valvular disease of heart, and varieties, 93.

- ———— Aortic, 93.
- ---- Mitral, 93.
- ---- Pulmonary 93.
- ———— Tricuspid, 93.

Vapours, Poisonous, 381.

Varicella, see Chicken pox, 3.

Varices, Operations for, 315.

- -- by excision, 315.
- ———— ligature of vein on proximal side, 315.

Varicocele of spermatic cord, 197.

- Operation for, 328.

Varicose aneurysm, 103.

- veins, see Varix, 103.
- — Operations on, 315.

Varix, 103.

- Aneurysmal, 103.
- Operations on, 315.

VEN

Varix of esophagus, (133), 103.

- — pharynx, (133), 103.
- — vulva, (215), 103.
- uterine ligaments, (205), 103.

Vas deferens, Rupture of, 303.

—— Removal of, Operation, 329.

Vascular nævus of skin, 269.

- tumour of meatus urinarius, (213), 13.
- — — Removal of, Operation, 331.
- system, Malformations of, 351.

Vasomotor rhinitis, 87.

Vectiv, see Application of lever, Operation, 331.

Vegetable parasites, 394.

- poisons, 375.

Vegetations on valves of heart, 93.

Vein, Portal, inflammation of, see Pylephlebitis, (155), 101.

- —— obstruction of, (155), 103.
- thrombosis of, (155), 103.

Veins, Abnormalities of, Malformation, 353.

- Contusion of, 283.
- Diseases of, 101.
- Division of, 283.
- Entrance of air into, (103), 13, 283.
- Excision of thrombosed, 315.
- Inflammation of, see Phlebitis, 101.
- Infusion of fluid into, Operation, 314.
- Injuries of, (103), 13, 283.
- Ligature of, Operation, 314, 315.
- Obliteration of, 103.
- Obstruction of, 103.
- Operations on, 314.
- Parasitic disease of, (103), 13.
- Puncture of, 283.
- Rupture of, 283.
- Thrombosis of, 103.
- Transfusion into, 314.
- Varicose, see Varix, 103.
- Wound of, and varieties, 283.
- --- with entrance of air, 283.

Veldt sore, 267.

Venoms of animals, 381.

Venous nævus, 103.

- thrombosis, 103.
- -- consequent on parturition, 229.

Ventral hernia, 143.

Ventral fixation of uterus, Operation, 329.

TYPES.—The names for common use are printed in Egyptian type, and Synonyms, which are not to be employed in the registration of diseases, in *Italies*.

FIGURES.—The figures refer to the pages of the book, not to the numbers of the various headings.

Figures without parentheses indicate where the disease should be registered; figures within parentheses indicate pages where the disease is entered for the sake of classification only, and not for registration.

VEN

Ventricles, Cerebral, drainage of, Operation, 318.

-- paracentesis of, Operation, 318.

- of heart, Malformations of, 351.

Veratrine, Poison, 375.

Vermiform appendix, Excision of, Operation, 325.

- Inflammation of, see Appendicitis, 139.

— Unusually placed, Malformation, 365.

Verruga, (267), 7.

Version, Operation, 331.

Vertigo, 31.

- Aural or auditory, 31.

- Epileptic, 31.

- Gastric, 31.

- Ocular, 31.

Vesico-vaginal fistula, (183), 211

Vesiculæ seminales, Concretion of, 191.

— — Diseases of, 191.

— — Inflammation of, 191.

-- Removal of, Operation, 329.

- - tuberculosis of, (191), 7.

Vesicular mole, connected with pregnancy, 219.

- inflammation of lips, 117.

-- mouth, 119.

——— tongue, 127.

Vessels (Blood) diseases of, 99.

— — Injuries of, 281.

— — Malformations of, 353.

— — Operations on, 314.

Vessels (Lymphatic), Diseases of, 165.

— — Injuries of, 283.

— — Malformations of, 353.

- — Operations on, 315.

Villous type of papilloma, Tumour, 339.

- carcinema of bladder, Tumour, 341.

Viscera, injuries of, see under Injuries of thorax, abdomen, pelvis, &c.

- Abdominal, Rupture or contusion of, 299, 301.

— - Wound of, 301.

Vision, Disorders of (without visible changes in eyes), 65.

Vitelline duct persistent, Malformation, 359.

Vitreous degeneration, see hyaline degeneration of muscle, 251,195.

Vitreous humour, Diseases of, 63.

— — Hæmorrhage of, 63.

- Inflammation of, see Hyalitis, 63.

—— Injuries of, (65), 13.

WAN

Vitreous humour, Malformations of, (65), 13.

-- New tissue in, 63.

-- Opacities of, 63.

— Parasitic disease of, (63), 13.

Volvulus of intestine, 145.

Vomica of lung, 111.

Vomiting, 139.

Vulva, Abscess of, 213.

- absent or arrested in growth, Malformation, 357.

- Adhesion of labia of, 213, 357.

- Atrophy of, 213.

- Condyloma of, 215.

- Cyst of, (213), 13.

— Diseases of, 213.

- Elephantiasis of, (213), 197.

- Gangrene of, 213.

— Gonorrhæa of, (215), 5.

- Hæmatoma of, 213.

--- Ruptured in parturition, 225.

- Hypertrophy of, 213.

- Inflammation of, 213.

- Injuries to, (215), 13.

— Malformations of, (215), 13, 357.

 New growth of, Malignant and Non-malignant, (213), 13.

--- Removal of, Operation, 331.

- Noma of, see Gangrene of, 213.

- Occlusion of, 215.

- Œdema of labia of, 213.

- Operations by, 330.

— on, 330, 331, 332, 333.

- Phagedæna of, (213), 5.

— Pruritus of, 217.

- Removal of new growth from, Operation, 331.

- Rupture or laceration of, in parturition, 227.

- Soft chancre of, 215.

— Syphilis of, (215), 7.

- Thrombus, see Hæmatoma of, 213.

- Tuberculosis of, (213), 7.

- Varix of, (215), 103.

- Wound of, 301.

- Ulcer of, 213.

— Warts of, (213), 13.

Vulvar orifice, Division of, Operation, 332.

Wallerian degeneration, see Secondary degeneration of nerves, 15.

Wandering rash of tongue, 127.

TYPES.—The names for common use are printed in Egyptian type, and Synonyms, which are not to be employed in the registration of diseases, in *Italics*.

FIGURES.—The figures refer to the pages of the book, not to the numbers of the various headings.

Figures without parentheses indicate where the disease should be registered; figures within parentheses indicate pages where the disease is entered for the sake of classification only, and not for registration.

WAN

Wandering spleen, 163.

Wart, 265, 339.

- of vulva, (213), 13.

Washing out stomach, Operation, 324.

Water, Deprivation of, 277.

Water-brash, see pyrosis, 139.

Water gas, Poison, 383.

Water hemlock, Poison, 381.

Wax in the ear, 81.

--- Removal of, Operation, 322.

Waxy degeneration, see Lardaceous degeneration, (Appendix, 401).

Waxy kidney, see Lardaceous kidney, 177.

- liver, see Lardaceous liver, 153.
- spleen, see Lardaceous spleen, 161.

Webbing of digits, Malformation, 359.

- of limbs, Malformation, 359.

Wen, see Sebaceous cyst, 273, 343.

White hellebore, Poison, 377.

Whites, see Leucorrhœa 217.

Whitlow, 275.

Whooping cough, 7, (105).

Wiring fractured bone, Operation, 316.

Woolsorter's disease, see Anthrax, 3.

Worms, see under Animal parasites, 384.

Wound, and varieties, (279).

Wound of abdomen, Penetrating, or non-penetrating, and complications thereof, 301.

- abdominal viscera without wound of parietes, and varieties, 301.
- -- anus, 303.
- — arteries, and varieties, 283.
- -- back, 299.
- — bladder, 303.
- —— bone, 283.
- -- brain, 289.
- — chest, parietes of, 297.
- — conjunctiva, 291.
- Contused, (279).
- of ducts of secreting glands, 283.
- eyeball, and complications thereof, 293.
- — eyelid, 291.
- — female perineum or vulva, 301.
- — female organs (internal), or vagina, 333.
- Flap, (279).
- Gunshot, (279).
- —— of various parts, 289, 295, 297, 301, 303, 307, 311.

WOU

Wound of heart, 297.

- Incised, 279.
- Infected, 281.
- of joint, 285.
- Lacerated, (279).
- of lower extremity, 307.
- --- involving joint, bursa, or theca, 307.
- -- lung or pleura, Penetrating, 297.
- — membrana tympani, 293.
- - mucous membrane, 287.
- —— muscles, 285.
- neck, 295.
- — nervous system, and varieties, 281.
- --- with lodgment of foreign bodies, 281.
- -- parietes of abdomen, 301.
- --- chest, 297.
- —— parts within orbit, 293.
- —— penis, 301.
- pericardium and heart, 297.
- — perineum, female, 301.
- -- male, 301.
- — pharynx or esophagus from within, 295.
- —— pinna 293.
- -- pleura or lung, penetrating, 297.
- Poisoned, (281).
- Punctured, (279).
- of rectum, 303.
- - scalp and varieties, 289.
- —— scrotum, 301.
- -- secreting glands, 283.
- — skin, 287.
- -- skull, 289.
- — spinal cord or membranes, 299.
- —— spine, 299.
- — tendon, 285.
- —— testis, 301.
- — thoracic duct, 283.
- -- upper extremity, 305.
- --- involving joint. bursa, or theca, 305.
- -- urethra, male, 301.
- —— vagina, 303.
- - veins and varieties, 283.
- -- viscera of abdomen, 301.
- ---- chest, 297.
- with loss of substance, or complete separation of a part of the body, (281).
- with lodgment of foreign bodies (279).

TYPES.—The names for common use are printed in Egyptian type, and Synonyms, which are not to be omployed in the registration of diseases in *Italics*.

FIGURES.—The figures refer to the pages of the book, not to the numbers of the various headings.

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WOU

Wourali, Poison, see Curara, 375.

Wrist, Dislocation of, see Dislocation of carpus, 307.

Writer's cramp, 29.

— neuralgia, 29.

Wry neck, see Torticollis, 29.

ZON.

Yaws, (233), (267), 7. Yeast fungi, 394, 398. Yellow fever, 7. Yew, Poison, 381.

Zenker's degeneration, see Hyaline, or vitreous degeneration of muscle, 251.

Zinc, Poison, 371.

Zona, see Shingles, 263.

Zonular cataract, see Lamellar cataract, 61.





